The Sydney Morning Herald.

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Births.

ALLEN.—October 11, 1885, at her residence, The Lodge, Toxteth Park, the wife of W. Boyce Allen, of a daughter.

CULLEN.—October 8, at her residence, Bayswater, Glenmore-road, Mrs. M. F. Cullen, of a son.

DEFRIES.—At her residence, Ashfield, the wife of Alexander W. Defries, of a son.

M'KENZIE.—October 8, at Bundanon, Shoalhaven, Mrs. McKenzie, of a son.

WILSON.—October 11, at Manchester House, Burwood, N. S. W., the wife of C. H. Wilson, of a son.

WITHERS.—October 12, 1885, at her residence, Milton House, George-street, Parramatta, the wife of Joseph W. Withers, of a daughter.

Marriages.

EMERY—BRADSHAW.—October 7, at the Primitive Methodist Church, Chapple-street, Marrickville, by the Rev. W. Sparling, Alfred, third son of Isaac Emery, of England, to Mary Ann Jeminer Bradshaw, second daughter of the late William Bradshaw, of St. Peters.

HUTCHINSON—HAWORTH.—September 1, at St. Andrew's Church, Summer Hill, by the Rev. J. Barnier, Joseph, eldest son of the late Joseph Hutchinson, Lincolnshire, England, to Frances Susannah, youngest daughter of the late Robert Haworth, Kembla Grange, Illawarra.

M'DONALD—KIERNAN.—October 5, by special license, at the Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, by the Rev. T. Long, James M'Donald, of Southampton, England, to Kate, eldest daughter of Mr. M. Kiernan, of Redfern.

WILLIAMS—HUGHES.—August 27, at St. Philip's Church Sydney, by the Rev. J. D. Langley, Thomas Williams to Amy Hughes, both of Aberystwith, Cardiganshire, South Wales.

Deaths.

BALDWIN.—October 11, at Liverpool, N. S. W., aged 4 months, Oswald Godfrey Pearce, son of George Pearce and Florence Helen Baldwin, late of Rugeley, Staffordshire.

DRUMMOND.—June 28, at Dunfermline, Scotland, Mrs. Helen Drummond, aged 89, aunt of Mrs. Helen Harwin, of Burwood, and grand-aunt of John Harwin, telegraph operator, Cootamundra.

HOLMAN.—October 12, at her parent's residence, Beatrice Louisa, aged six months.

HUGHES.—October 12, at his residence, Windsor-street, Richmond, Robert Bartley Hughes, son of John Hughes, J.P., North Wales. Melbourne and home papers please copy.

KNIGHT.—October 10, at his parents' residence, Post-office, Macdonaldtown, Percy John, the dearly beloved youngest child of Henry and Mary Jane Knight, aged three years and two months. Thy will, O Lord, we must submit to.

MOON.—October 11, 1885, at her mother's residence, George-street, Waterloo, Ann, the dearly beloved daughter of the late David Moon, aged 22 years. "There is sweet rest in heaven."

NICOLL.—October 12, 1885, at his parents' residence, Forbes-street, Newtown, David, the youngest son of George R. and Sarah Nicoll, aged 18 years 4 months.

PARKINSON.—October 11, suddenly, at Carcoar, Mr. Thomas Parkinson, of sconeboy, for many years Government Inspector of railways, aged 63 years.

PEARCE.—October 13, 1884, at her residence, Liverpool, Catherine Elizabeth, wife of W. H. Pearce.

ROWLSTONE.—October 9, at 152, Wilson-street, Newtown, Harry Rowlstone, aged 33, of congestion of the lungs and Bright's disease of the kidneys, leaving an affectionate wife and five children.

SHIELL.—October 11, 1885, at No. 30, Upper Fort-street, after a long illness, Mary Anne, wife of Henry Shiell, aged 58 years.

SMITH.—October 12, at 137, Macquarie-street, the Hon. Professor John Smith, C.M.G., aged 63.

WALLIS.—October 12, at his residence, Moncur Lodge, Potts Point, Mr. William Wallis, in his 74th year.

WEEKS.—October 12, at Hunter's Hill, Dorothy Larmer, infant daughter of Alfred and Florence Weeks, aged 11 months.

WOTZASIK.—At the residence of her grand-parents, Queen-street, Woollahra, Nina Eugenie, only daughter of Emil and Marion Wotzasik, aged 1 year and 6 months. "Not lost but gone before."

In Memoriam.

GAFFNEY.—In loving memory of our mother, Mrs. B. Gaffney, who died at her residence, 102, Market-street, 13th October, 1880. May she rest in peace.

GOODRICH.—In loving memory of our darling little daughter Mabel, who died at Kogarah Park on 13th October, 1884, aged 3 years and 6 weeks. Jesus said, "Give me this little rosebud to blossom in my heavenly garden."

MORONEY.—In loving remembrance of our dear mother, Mary Moroney, who departed this life on October 13, 1883, aged 61 years, native of county Clare, Ireland. Sweet Jesus have mercy on her. [Inserted by her daughter, Sarah Moroney.]

TAYLOR.—In loving remembrance of Emily Taylor, who died October 12, 1881, dearly beloved mother of Mrs. C. O. Denys, 30, Pine-street, Darlington. "Not my will, but Thine, O Lord, be done."

TAYLOR.—In loving remembrance of Emily Taylor, who died October 12, 1881, aged 66 years, dearly beloved sister of Mrs. A. Russell, Manly Beach. Waiting for God's time to meet her in a happier home.

Shipping.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

The Company's Steamships (under contract with the Victorian Government for the Conveyance of H.M. Mails) will be despatched as under from the Company's Wharf, at Circular Quay.

FOR PLYMOUTH and LONDON.

Steamer.	Tns.	Commander.	Leave Sydney Noon.	Leave Melbourne 1 p.m.	Leave Glenelg.
*Clyde	4124	E. M. Edmond...	Oct. 16	Oct. 22	Oct. 24
†Shannon	4189	J. S. Murray	Oct. 30	Nov. 5	Nov. 7
†Ballarat	4732	P. S. Tomlin	Nov. 15	Nov. 19	Nov. 21
†Chusan	4490	F. H. Seymour...	Nov. 27	Dec. 3	Dec. 5

* Via Bombay. † Direct via Colombo, and thenceforth every alternate week.

Rates of Passage Money to Plymouth or London:—£70 first and £40 second-class.

Brindisi, Venice, Trieste, or Marseilles. £65 first and £35 second-class. No Egyptian transit or Canal dues.

SPECIAL RETURN TICKETS TO EUROPE.
Available 9 months—First-class, £105; second-class, £55.
Available 12 months—First-class, £115; second-class, £65.

RESERVED ACCOMMODATION can be obtained on most moderate terms.

Passengers, cargo, and parcels are booked through to India, China, and Japan, to which places return passage tickets are granted at very favourable rates, giving passengers the option of breaking their journey en route.

For all information apply at the Company's Office, 247, George-street.

J. WEIR, Agent.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMERS.

NEW SOUTH WALES AND SOUTH AUSTRALIAN CONTRACT MAIL SERVICE.

The following Royal Mail Steamships, belonging to the ORIENT COMPANY and the PACIFIC COMPANY, will leave SYDNEY at 4 p.m. on the undermentioned dates, for PLYMOUTH and LONDON, viâ Melbourne, Adelaide, Naples, Gibraltar (at company's option), the Suez Canal, calling at Naples:—

Ship.	Tons	Date.	Ship.	Tons	Date.
AUSTRAL	5588	Oct. 24	IBERIA	4702	Dec. 5
CUZCO	3849	Noov. 7	CHIMBORAZO	3847	Dec. 19
LIGURIA	4688	Nov. 21	PCTO81	4267	Jan. 2

and fortnightly thereafter.

SALOON PASSENGERS allowed to break their journey.

PASSENGERS FROM LONDON.—Special facilities afforded for bringing out friends and relatives by prepayment of the passage-money here.

ENTIRE CABINS reserved on most liberal terms.

PASSAGE MONEY, £18 to £70.

EXCURSION RETURN TICKETS—First Class, £105; Second Class, £65. Available for 12 months.

ORIENT PARCELS EXPRESS—REDUCED RATES.

Parcels are received at the Office of the Line, and are forwarded to any address in the United Kingdom at the following rates:—
Up to 28lb. weight, 6d per lb.; minimum, 2s 6d
Over 28lb. weight, 4d per lb.; minimum, 14s 6d

Steamer has the option of taking them by measurement, charging 2s 6d per cubic foot, or fraction of a foot.

MANAGERS—F. GREEN and CO., and ANDERSON, ANDERSON, and CO., Fenchurch Avenue, London, E.C.

Full particulars on application to

G. SKELTON YUILL,
General Manager in Australia.

267, George-street.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

DIRECT STEAM COMMUNICATION FROM SYDNEY to MARSEILLES, viâ MELBOURNE, ADELAIDE, MAURITIUS, and SUEZ CANAL.

BOOKING PASSENGERS THROUGH TO LONDON, OVERLAND, viâ MARSEILLES.

Steamers under postal contract with the Government of France.

The service will be carried on by powerful steamers of 4000 tons and 3000 effective h.p., built expressly for the Australian and New Caledonian line, which will be despatched as follows:—

Steamer.	Commander.	Leave Sydney at NOON.	Leave Melbourne at 1 p.m.
YARRA	Vimont	Nov. 3	Nov. 7
CALEDONIEN	De Maubeuge	Dec. 1	Dec. 5
OCEANIEN	Didier	Dec. 29	January 2

and thenceforth every 28 days.

Rates of passage money to Marseilles from £33 to £65, including table wines and the Suez Canal dues on passengers.

RETURN TICKETS issued at the following rates:—

	1st class.	2nd class.	3rd class.
Available 9 months	£105	£64	£40
Available 12 months	115	92	42

N.B.—Passengers' luggage conveyed free of cost from Marseilles to London. For freight, passage, and further particulars, apply at the Company's Office, 15, Macquarie-place.

A. CONIL, Principal Agent,
15, Macquarie-place.

STEAM TO LONDON FOR JANUARY WOOL SALES.

MONEY WIGRAM and SONS' (Limited) splendid new steamship
KENT,
3650 tons register, 500 horse-power,
W. H. MITCHELL, Commander,
is now fast loading, and will be despatched viâ MELBOURNE and ADELAIDE.

Wool taken at through rates for the Continent and America.

For rates of freight apply to

W. MACCALFE and CO.

Wool insured at Talbot's.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

TO PASSENGERS DESIROUS OF AVOIDING THE HEAT AND DISCOMFORT OF THE RED SEA.

OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN, THROUGH AMERICA,
under contract with the New South Wales and New Zealand Governments.

The magnificent steamships of this line leave Sydney for San Francisco, calling at Auckland and Honolulu, every fourth THURSDAY, at 3 p.m., as under:—

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of Departure.
CITY OF SYDNEY	3400	Nov. 5

Passengers are booked to San Francisco or through to European destinations with special advantages, and have at San Francisco choice of the unrivalled Atlantic Steamship Lines of the Cunard, Inman, White Star, and other companies.

Passengers destined to any part of the United States, or the provinces, procure their railroad ticket at San Francisco.

All first-class passengers are allowed 350 pounds of baggage to San Francisco, and 250lbs. "Overland" free of charge.

THROUGH FARE TO LONDON.
FIRST-CLASS ... £98
and upwards, according to the selection to be made at San Francisco.

Time cards, railway maps, and guide books, showing all routes to any point in the United States, may be had on application.

Passengers proceeding eastward can connect with the steamers of the Pacific Mail S.S. Company leaving ports in China and Japan for San Francisco.

For rates of passage and freight, and all other information, apply to

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.,
General Agents, 1, Bent-street, Sydney.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SAN FRANCISCO SERVICE.

PASSENGERS holding RETURN TICKETS or LAY-OVER TICKETS are requested to take NOTICE that the steamers will cease running on the 5th NOVEMBER next, and to make use of their tickets on or before that date.

GILCHRIST, WATT and CO.,
General Agents.
No. 1, Bent-street.

STEAM TO LONDON.

VIA MELBOURNE.

FOR THE JANUARY WOOL SALES.

TO SAIL IN OCTOBER.

The new powerful steamship
GLENMORVEN,
2777 tons gross, classed 100 A1,
Captain Wright.

WOOL, &c., RECEIVED at FLOOD and CO.'S.

For freight and all particulars apply to
JOHN SANDERSON and CO., Agents,
Waltham-buildings, Bond-street.

STEAM TO LONDON, ANTWERP, and HAMBURG,
via MELBOURNE, ADELAIDE, and SUEZ CANAL.

The splendid full-powered steamship
PROCIDA,
100 A1 at Lloyd's, 2300 tons,
D. LEESE, Commander,
will be despatched as above early in OCTOBER.

Shippers of wool, &c., to the Continent will have the advantage of their shipments being delivered without transhipment.

Intending passengers are invited to inspect this vessel. First-class accommodation is provided for a limited number of saloon and steerage passengers.

A duly qualified surgeon accompanies the steamer.

For freight or passage apply to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.

WOOL, &c., RECEIVED AT CENTRAL WHARF STORES.

STEAM TO ENGLAND.

QUEENSLAND ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

The British-India Company, being under postal contract with the Queensland Government for the Conveyance of Mails monthly between Queensland and England, the following magnificent steamships will be despatched from Brisbane for London, viâ North Queensland ports, Batavia, Aden, and the Suez Canal:—

DUKE OF BUCCLEUCH, 3100 tons, Captain W. Winter, TUESDAY, 20th OCTOBER.
CHYEBASSA, 2644 tons, Captain F. A. Wilson, TUESDAY, 3rd November.
QUETTA, 3302 tons, Captain J. E. Withers, TUESDAY, 1st December.

Passengers by this route have the advantage of visiting the Queensland ports, and can leave Sydney by any of the steamers of the Queensland Steam Shipping Company, embarking on board the British-India steamer at Brisbane, Townsville, Cooktown, or Thursday Island.

The magnificent scenery, smooth-water passage, and the frequent opportunities afforded to travellers to break the monotony of a long sea voyage by visiting Batavia and other interesting ports of call, offer great inducements to passengers.

The steamers are fitted with all the latest improvements, and the accommodation and table attendance is unrivalled.

The agents now issue passenger tickets on the following moderate scale:—

Saloon, Sydney to London	...	...	£53 0 0
*Second Class	...	...	36 10 0
*Third Class	...	...	20 0 0
Saloon, return (available for 12 months)	...	...	85 0 0

Through passages issued to Padang, Samarang, Sourabaya, Macassar, Singapore, and other ports in the Eastern Archipelago, exchanging at Batavia to the fine steamers of the Netherlands-India S. N. Company.

* Should sufficient inducement offer.

For full particulars apply to
BURNS, PHILP, and CO., Limited,
Agents, Bridge-street.

QUEENSLAND STEAM SHIPPING COMPANY, Limited.

The STEAMERS of this Company will be despatched from the Company's Wharf, foot of Margaret-street, to the undermentioned Ports, as follows:—

BRISBANE	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
a MARYBOROUGH	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
a BUNDABERG	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
b ROCKHAMPTON	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
b MACKAY	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
BOWEN	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
TOWNSVILLE	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
c DUNGENESS	Archer	Weddesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
c CARDWELL	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
c MOURILYAN	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
c JOHNSTONE RIV.	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
CAIRNS	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
PORT DOUGLAS	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
COOKTOWN	Archer	Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 a.m.
THURSDAY ISLND	Maranoa	October 28.
NORMANTON	Maranoa	October 28.

a Passengers for Maryborough and Bundaberg transhipped at Brisbane.

b Passengers and perishable Cargo taken for Rockhampton for transhipment at Keppel Bay.

b Passengers for Mackay transhipped at Flat Top Island.

c Passengers and cargo for Dungeness, Cardwell, Mourilyan Harbour, and Johnstone River transhipped at Townsville.

Cargo received daily and up to 6 o'clock Tuesday afternoon.

Steerage passengers victualled and supplied with bedding.

For all particulars of freight and passage, apply to
BURNS, PHILP, and CO., Limited, Agents,
10, Bridge-street.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN S.S. COMPANY, Limited.

Steam to
JAVA, SINGAPORE, and HONGKONG,
TAKING CARGO for PORTS in STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, and calling at
THURSDAY ISLAND and PORT DARWIN.

The favourite Steamship
CATTERTHUN, 2179 tons,
will be despatched from the Company's Wharf,
Miller's Point, on
SATURDAY, 31st OCTOBER, at NOON.

SPLENDID PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION.

Favourable opportunities for shippers of Live Stock.

For terms of freight, passage, &c., apply to
GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., Agents,
93, Pitt-street.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, Limited.

STEAM TO
THURSDAY ISLAND and HONGKONG.

The splendid steel Steamer
WHAMPOA
will be despatched, as above, from the Company's Jetty, Smith's Wharf, Miller's Point, on
THURSDAY, 15th OCTOBER,

For rates of freight or passage apply to
LORIMER, ROMP, and CO., Agents,
94, O'CONNELL-STREET.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND, Limited.

REGULAR COMMUNICATION TO ALL NEW ZEALAND PORTS.

FROM SYDNEY:
ROTOMAHANA, 1727 tons, THURSDAY, October 15, for Auckland, Gisborne, Napier, Wellington, Lyttelton, Port Chalmers, Bluff, and Melbourne. Passengers and cargo for Russell are transhipped at Auckland.
HAUROTO, 1985 tons, TUESDAY, October 20, for Wellington, Lyttelton, and Port Chalmers, transhipping to outports.

FROM MELBOURNE:
RINGAROOMA, 1096 tons, WEDNESDAY, October 14, viâ Bluff and Northern ports.
WAIRARAPA, 1786 tons, TUESDAY, October 20, viâ Hobart.

Tourists' Handbooks and Pocket Guides, for information and guidance of passengers, may be had on application at Company's offices, New Zealand Wharf, Margaret and Sussex streets.

FRED. W. JACKSON, Manager.

TASMANIAN S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS will leave the COMPANY'S JETTY at GRAFTON WHARF—
For HOBART, viâ EDEN:
S. FLORA, MONDAY, 19th October, at 4 p.m.
For LAUNCESTON, viâ EDEN:
S. CORINNA, THURSDAY, 22nd October, at 10 a.m.
No cargo received within one hour of sailing.

T. and W. WILLIS, Agents,
15, Pitt-street.

FOR MORUYA.—MOSES FLETCHER, now receiving cargo. Henry Clarke, Victoria Wharf.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY intend despatching their steamers to the following ports, viz.:—

MELBOURNE	Cintra	...	This day, 3 p.m.
Ditto	Gunga	...	Saturday, 1 p.m.
ADELAIDE (direct)	Tenterden	...	Early
NOUMEA	Steamer	...	Early
SUVA (FIJI)	Steamer	...	Early
LEVUKA (FIJI)	Steamer	...	Early
BRISBANE	Eurimbla	...	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Eurimbla	...	Wednesday, 3 p.m.
Ditto	Egmont	...	Friday, 3 p.m.
Ditto	Quiraing	...	Saturday, 2 p.m.
MARYBOROUGH	Eurimbla	...	Wednesday, 3 p.m.
BUNDABERG	Egmont	...	Friday, 3 p.m.
GLADSTONE	Egmont	...	Friday, 3 p.m.
ROCKHAMPTON	Ly-ee-Moon	...	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Eurimbla	...	Wednesday, 3 p.m.
Ditto	Egmont	...	Friday, 3 p.m.
PORT MACKAY	Quiraing	...	Saturday, 2 p.m.
Ditto	Ly-ee-Moon	...	This day, 4 p.m.
BOWEN	Ly-ee-Moon	...	Saturday, 2 p.m.
TOWNSVILLE	Ly-ee-Moon	...	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Quiraing	...	This day, 4 p.m.
DUNGENESS	Ly-ee-Moon	...	Saturday, 2 p.m.
CARDWELL	Ly-ee-Moon	...	This day, 4 p.m.
MOURILYAN	Ly-ee-Moon	...	This day, 4 p.m.
JOHNSTONE RIVR	Ly-ee-Moon	...	This day, 4 p.m.
CAIRNS	Ly-ee-Moon	...	This day, 4 p.m.
CAIRNS WHARF	Quiraing	...	Saturday, 2 p.m.
PORT DOUGLAS	Ly-ee-Moon	...	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Quiraing	...	Saturday, 2 p.m.
COOKTOWN	Ly-ee-Moon	...	This day, 4 p.m.
THURSDAY ISL.	Quiraing, taking cargo and passengers to connect with City of Melbourne leaving Brisbane 22nd instant	...	Saturday, 2 p.m.
NORMANTON			
BURKETOWN			

N.B.—Steerage passengers are provided with bedding and victualled.

FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS' (Ltd.) LINE OF FAST INTERCOLONIAL STEAMSHIPS.

The undersigned will despatch their STEAMERS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF and the NEW WHARF, foot of KING-STREET:—

FOR MELBOURNE.

CHEVIOT	F. W. Strickland	THIS DAY, Oct. 13, 3 p.m.
GABO	W. Donaldson	FRIDAY, Oct. 16, 2 p.m.
BARRABOOL	H. S. Bristow	SATURDAY, Oct. 17, 11 a.m.
KONOWARRA	J. Toser	TUESDAY, Oct. 20, 4 p.m.

FOR CIRCULAR HEAD, EMU BAY, and RIVER MERSEY, Tasmania.

BARRABOOL	H. S. Bristow	SATURDAY, Oct. 17, 11 a.m.

FOR BRISBANE.

RODONDO	E. J. Boult	THIS DAY, Oct. 13, 4 p.m.
DERWENT	W. Ellis	FRIDAY, Oct. 16.
LEURA	J. Pain	SATURDAY, Oct. 17, 1 p.m.
BURWAH	J. H. South	TUESDAY, Oct. 20, 4 p.m.

FOR MARYBOROUGH.

RODONDO	E. J. Boult	THIS DAY, Oct. 13, 4 p.m.
DERWENT	W. Ellis	FRIDAY, Oct. 16.
LEURA	J. Pain	SATURDAY, Oct. 17, 1 p.m.
BURWAH	J. H. South	TUESDAY, Oct. 20, 4 p.m.

FOR ROCKHAMPTON.

RODONDO	E. J. Boult	THIS DAY, Oct. 13, 4 p.m.
DERWENT	W. Ellis	FRIDAY, Oct. 16.
LEURA	J. Pain	SATURDAY, Oct. 17, 1 p.m.
BURWAH	J. H. South	TUESDAY, Oct. 20, 4 p.m.

FOR MACKAY and TOWNSVILLE.

DERWENT	W. Ellis	FRIDAY, Oct. 16.
LEURA	J. Pain	SATURDAY, Oct. 17, 1 p.m.

Cargo received for above ports every day. Fore-cabin passengers supplied with bedding and victualled free.

For further particulars apply to
WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Limited,
79, York-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.

The fast and favourite
S. S. CHEVIOT
Commander F. STRICKLAND,
will be despatched
from the NEW WHARF, FOOT of KING-STREET,
THIS DAY, at 3 p.m.

For freight and passage apply
WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Limited,
79, York-street.

STEAM TO QUEENSLAND PORTS.

The fast and favourite
S.S. RODONDO,
Commander E. J. BOLT,
will be despatched
from the NEW WHARF, FOOT of KING-STREET,
THIS DAY, at 6 p.m.,
for the following ports:—
BRISBANE
MARYBOROUGH
ROCKHAMPTON.

No goods received for shipment after 3 p.m.

For freight and passage apply to
WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Limited,
79, York-street.

STEAM TO QUEENSLAND PORTS.

STEAM TO BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, ROCKHAMPTON, MACKAY, and TOWNSVILLE
(Direct without transhipment).

The fast and favourite
S.S. DERWENT,
Commander W. Ellis,
will be despatched
from the NEW WHARF, FOOT of KING-STREET,
FRIDAY, October 16.

For freight and passage apply to
WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Limited,
79, York-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE and ADELAIDE.—The Undersigned will despatch their steamers from their wharf as under (when practicable):—

FOR MELBOURNE.

BURRUMBEET	W. H. Emmerson	SATURDAY, October 17, at noon.
NEMESIS	W. F. Deary	TUESDAY, October 20, at noon.
CORANGAMITE	P. Le Neveu	SATURDAY, October 24, at noon.

For ADELAIDE, viâ MELBOURNE.

WENDOUREE	J. A. Roberts	MONDAY, 19th Instant, at 4 p.m.

Cargo received daily.

Fares by s.s. Burrumbeet:
Saloon—Two Pounds.
Steerage—Fifteen Shillings.

HUDDART, PARKER, and CO.,
Foot of Margaret-street.

STEAM TO ADELAIDE, VIA MELBOURNE.

S.S. WENDOUREE,
2500 tons,
will be despatched from
HUDDART PARKER'S WHARF,
foot of
MARGARET-STREET,
MONDAY, 19th INSTANT,
at 4 p.m.

FARES AND FREIGHT AT REDUCED RATES.

HUDDART, PARKER, and CO.
Offices and Wharf—Foot of Margaret-street.

STEAM TO PORT ADELAIDE.

The splendid steamship
KARAWEERA,
920 tons register,
W. B. BLOWS, Commander,
will be despatched WEDNESDAY, 14th instant, at 5 p.m.

Cargo now being received at the A. S. N. Company's Wharf. Shipping orders, and all information respecting freights, obtainable from the undersigned,

JOHN FRAZER and CO., Agents.

STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, and MORPETH.

WEDNESDAY, 14th instant, at 9 p.m.
the favourite steamship
COLLAROY.

All Cargo received at the Grafton Wharf.

JOHN ROBERTSON, Owner.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Limited.

STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, AND RAYMOND TERRACE.

From Lime-street Wharf, foot of Erskine-street:
THIS NIGHT, Tuesday, at 11, the SYDNEY.
TO-MORROW (Wednesday) NIGHT, at 11, the NEWCASTLE.

Clarence Town cargo received daily. Freight payable Sydney. No cargo received after 4 p.m.

Passengers can procure tickets and secure deck cabin and ordinary berths at the Office, Lime-street, and Branch Office, York-street, next Opera House, from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. daily. Parcels will be received and small packages luggage may be left at the Branch Office up to 5 p.m.

H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.

HUNTER RIVER NEW S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS from Wharf, foot of Market-street, Sydney.

THIS NIGHT, Tuesday, at 11, the NAMOI.
THIS NIGHT, Tuesday, taking cargo only, the LUBRA.
TO-MORROW NIGHT, Wednesday, at 11, the MAITLAND.

Cargo for Newcastle, Morpeth, Raymond Terrace, and Clarence Town received and forwarded EVERY DAY.

Goods will not be received after 4 p.m.

Cabins and berths can be secured at the Company's Office, 147, Sussex-street, also at the Branch Office, 356, George-street, from 9 a.m. until 10 p.m. Parcels will be received and booked, and small packages of luggage may be left at the Branch Office up to 5 p.m.

F. J. THOMAS, Manager.

Offices { 353, George-street. / 147, Sussex-street.

S. N. CO.'S S.S. DAIRYMAID, for Shellharbour and Gerringong direct TO-NIGHT, at 6, from Caledonian Wharf. No cargo received after 5.

JOHN RITCHIE, Agent.

ILLAWARRA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMERS

WOLLONGONG—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, at 11 p.m.; Friday, at 10 a.m.; Wednesday and Saturday, at noon. Passengers only.
KIAMA—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, at 11 p.m.
SHOALHAVEN—Tuesday and Friday, at 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA—Friday, 10 a.m. Cargo, 8 a.m.
CLYDE RIVER—Friday, 10 a.m. Cargo, 8 a.m.
BATEMAN'S BAY—Friday, 10 a.m. Cargo, 8 a.m.
MORUYA—Friday, 10 a.m. Cargo, 8 a.m.
MERIMBULA—Wednesday and Saturday, noon. Cargo, 11 a.m.
TATHRA, for Bega—Wednesday and Saturday, noon. Cargo, 11.
EDEN—Wednesday and Saturday, noon. Cargo, 11.
BERWAGUI—Saturday, at noon. Passengers only.

MACLEAY RIVER.

S.S. QUEEN OF THE SOUTH,
THURSDAY NIGHT, at 9.

The steamers of this Company sail for Macleay River every two or three days.

FARES and FREIGHTS at lowest rates.

RICHARD COOKE, Secretary.

C. and R. R. S. N. Company,
Clarence Wharf, 3, Sussex-street North.

RICHMOND RIVER.

TOMKI,
THIS NIGHT, at 9.

The steamers of this company sail for the Richmond River about every five days.

Shippers are requested to send goods down early.

RICHARD COOKE, Secretary.

C. and R. R. S. N. Company, 3, Sussex-street North.

GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER.

S.S. CITY OF GRAFTON,
DIRECT,
THIS NIGHT, at 9.

Superior accommodation for passengers.

Return tickets available by any of the Company's steamers at any port.

RICHARD COOKE, Secretary.

C. and R. R. S. N. Company,
Clarence Wharf, 3, Sussex-street North.

PORT MACQUARIE.

S.S. MURRAY, EARLY.

JOHN SEE and CO.,
129, Sussex-street.

GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER.

S.S. AUSTRALIAN
will leave Market Wharf, Market-street,
THIS (TUESDAY) NIGHT, at 9.

S.S. HELEN NICOLL
SATURDAY, at 9 p.m.

TO PASSENGERS.

The accommodation of these steamers is excellent. Being victualled by the owners, passengers will find every comfort.

Return tickets available by either steamer.
Horse boxes provided if required.

JOHN SEE and CO.,
129, Sussex-street.

MANNING RIVER.

S.S. MURRAY,
from Market Wharf, Market-street,
TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY (weather permitting).

JOHN SEE and CO.,
129, Sussex-street.

BELLINGER RIVER.

DIRECT.

S.S. FERNMOUNT, 12 hours after arrival.

JOHN SEE and CO.,
129, Sussex-street.

RICHMOND RIVER.

THE REGULAR WEEKLY SERVICE.

The magnificent Steamship RICHMOND
will be despatched on
SATURDAY NEXT, at 7 p.m.

Has magnificent Passenger Accommodation.

The RICHMOND leaves regularly every SATURDAY EVENING

B. B. NICOLL, 9, Sussex-street.

SHOALHAVEN and BROUGHTON CREEK.

The fast passenger S.S. MEEINDERRY will be despatched every MONDAY and FRIDAY.

Cargo received up to 5 p.m.

B. B. NICOLL, 9, Sussex-street.

GOSFORD, BRISBANE WATER.

STEAM BETWEEN SYDNEY AND GOSFORD.

The S.S. CHARLOTTE FENWICK
leaves Patent Slip Wharf at 7.40 a.m., and No. 2 Jetty, Circular Quay, at 8 a.m. daily, leaving Gosford on the return trip at 1 p.m., giving passengers about two hours in Gosford, and landing them in Sydney at about 4 p.m.

SPECIAL TRIPS on SUNDAYS at excursion rates.

The superior accommodation and sea-going qualities of the above steamer, as well as the speed and regularity of her trips, offer special inducements to passengers.

LYALL SCOTT.
Patent Slip Wharf.

GOSFORD, BRISBANE WATER.

Steamers DEFIANCE, PSYCHE, or ALBATROSS leave Sydney, King-street Wharf, 8.30 a.m., 1.30 p.m.; No. 4 Jetty, 9 a.m., 2 p.m.

Leave Gosford 8.30 a.m., 2 p.m.

REDUCED FARES:
Cabin, 3s single, 4s 6d return; Steerage, 2s single, 3s return.
Ladies' Cabin on deck.
Steward, Stewardess, and Refreshments.

GOSFORD.

Overland Route.

Cut through Rates, 7s 6d return, Single 5s.

DAILY,
allowing Visitors
6 HOURS IN GOSFORD.

Tickets can be obtained at the Offices of
BOYD and KING,
96, Pitt-street,
or J. Mortimer, Times Office, Gosford.

FOR PEAT'S FERRY.—The fast and commodious steamship BARRAMARRA leaves Patent Slip Wharf at 9.30 a.m. Cargo received all day. Freights payable in Sydney.

MELVEY and FORD.

HUNTER'S HILL and LANE COVE RIVER.
STEAMERS LEAVE
LIME-STREET, at 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 9.15, 11.15.
FIG TREE, HUNTER'S HILL, 7, 8, 8.50, 10, 11, 12, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15.
SUNDAYS.—LIME-STREET, 9, 10, 11, 12, 1, 2.15, 3, 6.15, 7.15.
FIG TREE, 9, 10, 11, 12, 1, 2, 5.15, 6, 7.15.

Extra fare after 8 p.m.—1s, single or return.

MANLY BEACH,
The most beautiful Watering-Place near Sydney.

Saloon Steamers BRIGHTON, FAIRLIGHT, and EMU (weather permitting, and as far as practicable)
Leave Sydney 7.15, 8*, 9, 10.15, 11.30, 12.30, 2.15, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.15, 7.30, 11.15;
Leave Manly 7.15, 8.10, 8.45, 10, 12, 2, 3, 4.30, 5.15, 6, 7, 10.
* Mondays only.

In consequence of Government alterations at the wharf, Woolloomooloo, no steamers will call there until further notice.

Special Time-table for Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.

Return fares, 1s 6d; children, 1s. Dogs, 6d; return, 9d.

Freight must be delivered at the wharf 15 minutes before the departure of the steamer, and not later than 3.15 p.m.

No freight received on Saturdays after 10 a.m.

Loose hay and straw cannot be shipped.

FOR Nambucca River.—Schooner Eliza Allen, from Fagan's Wharf, THURSDAY. P. Hogan, agent.

NAMBUCCRA RIVER.—Lady Lorne, Wednesday. Cargo now being received, Fagan's Wf. Road, 94, Sussex-st.

FOR LONDON.

The magnificent new Al Aberdeen clipper ship
YALLAROI,
1400 tons register,
JOHN BROWN, Commander.

Having large wool engagements, will have quick despatch. This fine vessel has also room for a few saloon passengers. For freight or passage apply to

DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.,
Agents.

Wool received at Flood and Co.'s.

THE ABERDEEN LINE FOR LONDON.

FOR THE JANUARY WOOL SALES.

The well-known 100 A1 iron clipper ship
SAMUEL PLIMSOLL,
1480 tons register, J. HENDERSON, Commander.

This regular trader is loading at the Circular Quay, and has now only space for a limited quantity of wool, and will sail in a few days.

For rates of freight, &c., apply to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH,

Amusements

GAIETY THEATRE.
Lessee ... ... Mr. John Solomon
Business Manager ... ... Mr. B. N. Jones.

THE PRONOUNCED SUCCESS
of
Mr. ALFRED DAMPIER
exceeds all anticipation.

The Theatre is Nightly Crowded.

A most enthusiastic audience witnesses the marvellous and realistic performance of
"IT'S NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND."
which must shortly be withdrawn for another great production.

LAST NIGHTS LAST NIGHTS
LAST NIGHTS LAST NIGHTS
LAST NIGHTS LAST NIGHTS.

THIS and every EVENING, until further notice,
Charles Reade's Drama,
IT'S NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND,
supported by a splendid Dramatic Company.

In active preparation, the latest London sensation, the great Drama,
BROUGHT TO JUSTICE.
TO BE PRODUCED ON SATURDAY NEXT.
Splendid cast of characters, new scenery, properties, and special appointments.
Box Office: Nicholson and Co.'s, George-street.
Tickets for all parts of the Theatre may be had at Green's Hotel, next Theatre.
Manager for Mr. Dampier ... ... Fred. Gunther

SEEDS, Plants, and Flowers.—Searl and Sons, 3 and 5, George-st. Western Branch, 3, Sydney Arcade, George-street.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Proprietor and Manager ... ... F. E. Hiscocks.

THE FASHIONABLE and FASHIONABLE RESORT.
HISCOCKS' ORIGINAL MINSTRELS AND SPECIALTY COMPANY ALONE.

Revival with Great Success of the Original and Refined Style of Negro Minstrelsy,
W. H. Bent and Sam Keenan stand at each end in our Unequalled First Part, Finishing with THE FRENCH CONDUCTOR.
Bent as the French Conductor, Keenan as the Big Drummist, Carroll as Mdlle. Albani,
Causing Screams of Laughter and Tumultuous Applause.

PART II.—OLIO.
Keenan and Moynham in their Musical and Terpsichorean Sketch, THE BRIARS.
Professor Horace Bent, Royal Ass-tronomer, will now discourse on
ASTRONOMY with new locals).
The Wonderful Double-Voiced Vocalist, H. CARROLL, in New Selections.
Comic Sketch, AM-U-LET.
E. C. DUNBAR, "The Village Blacksmith" and "The Mountebank."
Terminating with the New Minstrel Burlesque Sensational Play, entitled,
A PLUCKY YOUTH; or, THE LIGHTS O' SYDNEY.
By the whole strength of the Company.
FIVE HUGE SENSATIONS.
Prices—Reserved orchestra chairs, 4s; stalls, 3s; parquette, 2s; gallery, 1s. Box plan at Paling's Music Warehouse. Tickets for all parts at Mrs. Harrison's, tobacconist, Castlereagh-street, near the Academy. Carriages at 10.15.

TO LET.—The Academy of Music for Five Nights, commencing October 26th; also Sunday, for evenings.

ALHAMBRA MUSIC HALL,
George-street, Haymarket.
Lessee and Director ... ... Mr. Frank Smith.
TO-NIGHT AND EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK.
THE HOME OF MINSTRELSY and MIRTH.
The Popular and Fashionable Resort.
MINSTRELSY, OLIO, and FARCE.
UNPARALLELED SUCCESS.
Unparalleled success of the
ALHAMBRA VARIETY COMPANY,
Refinement without Vulgarity.
Popular prices—Orchestra chairs, 3s; stalls, 1s; balcony, 1s.
CHAS. AUSTIN, Business Manager.

THE OLYMPIC.
Stage Manager ... ... Mr. H. Trevorah.
Second Week and pronounced success of the OLYMPIC COMEDY and BURLESQUE COMPANY.
TO-NIGHT—Amy Horton in Songs and Dances.
TO-NIGHT—Mr. Fred. Dark, in Juvenile Party.
TO-NIGHT—Mr. Darcy Stanford as the Showman.
TO-NIGHT—Sisters Martin in new Clog and Spanish dances.
TO-NIGHT—Miss Shroeder in new Ballad.
TO-NIGHT—Our splendid Orchestra of 10 first-class Musicians. Director, W. G. Rivers Allpress.
EVERYTHING NEW and ORIGINAL.
Popular Prices: Stalls, 2s; Balcony, 1s; a few reserved stalls at Nicholson's, 3s.
On SATURDAY NEXT, October 17,
the Great London latest successful Burlesque,
ACIS and GALATEA.
M. L. RAPHAEL, General Manager.

WANTED, LEADING LADY BURLESQUE ARTISTE; also, Handsome LADIES. Apply this morning.
H. TREVORAH, Olympic, York-street.

SYDNEY LIEDERTAFEL.
COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT to
HERR MAX VOGRICH,
on his retirement from Conductorship,
at the PROTESTANT HALL,
THURSDAY, 22nd INSTANT.
Further particulars in future issues.
GEO. HAMILTON, Hon. Sec.

PROTESTANT HALL, CASTLEREAGH-STREET.
AN EVENING CONCERT
under the direction of Miss PEDLEY,
will be given
on WEDNESDAY, 14th October, 1885,
in aid of the
SYDNEY CITY MISSION.
See Yesterday's Herald for Programme.

LYNCH FAMILY BELLRINGERS.
(Organised 1867.)
Manager ... ... Harry Lynch
FIFTH MONTH IN SYDNEY.
GREAT SUCCESS of the SUBURBAN CONCERTS.
TO-NIGHT, Tuesday, 13th October, Oddfellows' Hall, Manly.
WEDNESDAY, 14th October, Town Hall, Randwick.
FRIDAY, 16th October, School of Arts, Botany.
SATURDAY, 17th October, Oddfellows' Hall, Newtown.
MONDAY, 19th October, School of Arts, Burwood.
Ashfield, Petersham, &c., to follow.

AUSTRALIAN WAXWORKS,
opposite the Cathedral.
ANOTHER EXTRAORDINARY NOVELTY,
FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY,
THE FAT BOY,
weighing 3 stone 12lb.,
or 54lb.,
and only 9 months old.
Admission, 1s; children, 6d. Open from 10 a.m. till 10 p.m.

BETHEL.—CONCERT, To-night, 1s; school Anniversary, next Sunday; Picnic, Wednesday, 21st. Tickets, 1s 6d.

SYDNEY GYMNASIUM, LIVERPOOL-STREET.
WRESTLING MATCH FOR £50.
H. M. CANSDELL, instructor of the Sydney Gymnasium, v. MARTIN M'CAFFERY, of America.
THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, OCTOBER 13, at 8 p.m.
Tickets, 5s, can be had at L. Foley's Hotel; Jack Thompson's, King-street; J. Deeble, King-street; Lees and Kelly, King-street; and Sydney Gymnasium.

HUNTER'S HILL and GLADESVILLE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.
SHOW of ROSES, PELARGONIUMS,
and other cut flowers and plants,
will be held (by kind permission of Dr. Sinclair) in the
LARGE HALL of the GLADESVILLE HOSPITAL
On SATURDAY, 17th OCTOBER,
from 3 to 6 p.m.
Admission by ticket only, to be obtained from the members or secretary.
All exhibits for competition must be staged by 1 o'clock.

MASONIC BALL,
Under the patronage of Wor. Bro. Dr. W. G. Sedgwick, R. Wor. District Grand Master, Scottish Constitution.
The Annual BALL of Lodge Kilwinning, No. 378, will be held THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at Nithsdale, Needs' Rooms, Liverpool-street, Hyde Park.
JOHN J. SHIPLEY, Hon. Secretary.

ROYAL DANCING ACADEMY, 367, Pitt-street.
Mr. A. READ'S Dancing Class,
Ladies and Gentlemen—Beginners' practice, 7 p.m.
Select Assembly—Pupils and Visitors, 8 p.m.,
every TUESDAY and FRIDAY.
Private Lessons by arrangement.

DANCING.—Vacancies occur for ladies and gentlemen of good social position in a Cinderella Impromptu Fortnightly Dance, held at best hall in the city; references exchanged. Apply Secretary, Bruce, Piano Warehouse, Pitt-street.

ECOLE DE DANSE ET DES EXERCICES CALISTHENIQUES.—Mr. A. READ, Professor of Dancing. First lesson this quarter, Wednesday next, 8.30 and 7.30 p.m. Modern High School Hall, Liverpool-street.

SELECT DANCING, Wednesdays and Saturdays. Pupils, Mon. and Wed. Rooms, Toogood-st., Macdonaldtown.

AMAZON SAILING CLUB.—Second Annual QUADRILLE PARTY will be held at Mr. Giltinan's (late Hall's) Academy, Sussex-street, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING. Double tickets, 2s 6d. J. Stell, M.C. W. Riedel, hon. sec.

SELECT Social Evening, Tattersall's Hall, THIS EVENING. Dancing, 8 till 12. Tickets, 2s 6d. Refreshments.

NEW MUSIC.—First Copies, per Austral.—My Pet Waltz, Grenouille's Polka Songs, It Came with the Merry Mine To-day, A Song for a Soldier, Remember Me.
ELVY and CO.

TATTERSALL'S HALL, Tattersall's buildings, Hunter-street.—To LET, for Balls, Meetings, Banquets, &c.; free use of gas, piano, &c.; 400 seats; hall is splendidly decorated. Apply Manager, Tattersall's Bazaar.

UNRESERVED CLEARANCE SALE.—EDROP ESTATE, Burwood, THIS DAY, at 11.30 a.m., at the Rooms, 88, Pitt-street. Splendid LAND adjoining the Park. Plans from BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

LYNDHURST ESTATE, next Wentworth Park. 120 LOTS Next MONDAY. Richardson and Wrench.

RAILWAY and BRIDGE for North Shore. The Sale of Railway Junction Estate, North Willoughby, is NEXT SATURDAY. Easy terms. Free 'Buses. Refreshments. Lithos.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

MECHANICAL and Engineering BOOKS, at wholesale rates. Cole's Book Arcade, 362, George-street.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
Under the Lesseeship and Management of Messrs. E. MAJERONI and W. J. WILSON.
Under the patronage of his Excellency Lord AUGUSTUS LOFTUS, Lady LOFTUS, and Suite.
ADVANCE AUSTRALIA!
DARRELL'S AUSTRALIAN COMPANY.
UNABATED SUCCESS. UNABATED SUCCESS.
UNABATED SUCCESS,
of the finest Australian Drama ever written,

THE SUNNY SOUTH	THE SUNNY SOUTH
THE SUNNY SOUTH	THE SUNNY SOUTH
THE SUNNY SOUTH	THE SUNNY SOUTH
THE SUNNY SOUTH	THE SUNNY SOUTH
THE SUNNY SOUTH	THE SUNNY SOUTH

which, notwithstanding the political excitement attendant upon the forthcoming General Elections, is
NIGHTLY PERFORMED
in the presence of
CROWDED and ENTHUSIASTIC AUDIENCES,
CROWDED and ENTHUSIASTIC AUDIENCES,
who lavish upon the celebrated Actor Author,
Mr. GEORGE DARRELL
Mr. GEORGE DARRELL
Mr. GEORGE DARRELL
and the Splendid Company supporting him
UNSTINTED and ENTHUSIASTIC APPLAUSE.
The next production will be the splendid emotional Drama,
THE NAKED TRUTH.
THE NAKED TRUTH.
Prices as usual. Box Office at Huenerbein's Music Warehouse, 318, George-street. Tickets at Roberts', tobacconist, next Theatre.
Business Manager for Mr. Darrell, JOE BROWN.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
Under the Lesseeship and Management of E. MAJERONI and W. J. WILSON.
The BOX OFFICE open daily at A. and C. HUENERBEIN'S MUSIC WAREHOUSE, 318, George-street, where seats can be secured six days in advance.
A. and C. HUENERBEIN.

THE MEMBERS OF THE MAJERONI AND WILSON OPERA CO.
are requested to have THEIR LUGGAGE (with the exception of that used on the passage) at the OPERA HOUSE, at 11 o'clock a.m., on WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14th, to be properly labelled and forwarded to the steamer.

CANTERBURY PARK RACES.
CANTERBURY PARK RACES.
SATURDAY, 17th OCTOBER, 1885
SATURDAY, 17th OCTOBER, 1885.
FIRST RACE.—To start at 1.30 p.m.—The OPENING STAKES.
The SELLING RACE.
OCTOBER HANDICAP.
PRINCE OF WALES STAKES.
WELTER HANDICAP.
SPECIAL AND ORDINARY TRAINS.
'BUSES MEET ALL TRAINS.
W. L. DAVIS,
Hon. Secretary.

BALMAIN REGATTA.
PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY,
9th November, 1885.
PROGRAMME.
1st Race.—Junior Eights; bona fide amateurs. Course: From Rodd Island to Flagship. Prize, £20. Entrance, 40s.
2nd Race.—Canvas Dingeys, under canvas, 11 feet and under; no boat to rank less than 11 feet; time allowance 2 minutes per foot. Course: From Sugarworks Bay round two buoys off Iron Cove Bridge, round Goat Island, round two buoys off Iron Cove Bridge, and back to flagship. First prize, £8; second prize, £4; third prize, £1 10s. Entrance, 10s.
3rd Race.—Maiden Fours, in string-test gigs; bona fide amateurs. Course: From flagship, round Schnapper Island, and back to flagship. First prize, £12; second prize, £4. Entrance, 20s.
4th Race.—Dingeys, under canvas, not exceeding 16 feet in length, 5 feet beam, and 20 inches deep; to be manned and sailed by amateurs only. Course: same as No. 2. First prize, £7; second prize, £3. Entrance, 10s.
5th Race.—Senior Scullers, in wager boats; bona fide amateurs. Course same as No. 3. Prize, £12 12s. Entrance, 21s.
6th Race.—Dingeys, under canvas, not exceeding 14 feet in length; canvas dingeys excluded. Course: same as No. 2. First prize, £7; second prize, £3. Entrance, 10s.
7th Race.—Champion Race. All comers in wager boats. Course: From flagship round Schnapper Island, round flagship, round Schnapper Island, and back to flagship. First prize, £15; second prize, £5. Entrance, 20s.
8th Race.—Yachts, exceeding 8 tons, handicapped. Course: Flying start off Cockatoo Island, round Fort Denison, round flagship, round R. S. Y. S. buoy off Manly, and back to flagship. Prize, £25. Entrance, 63s.
9th Race.—Yachts not exceeding 8 tons, handicapped. Course: Same as No. 8. Prize, £15. Entrance, 42s.
10th Race.—Novel Race, open boats under canvas under 24 feet in length, handicapped; crew limited to three ladies and three gentlemen. Course: From Sugarworks Bay round two buoys off Iron Cove Bridge, round Fort Denison, and back to flagship. First prize, £6; second prize, £2. Entrance, 20s.
11th Race.—Junior Scullers in wager boats; bona fide amateurs. Course: Same as No. 3. First prize, £6; second prize, £2; entrance, 20s.
12th Race.—Half-decked Boats, handicapped, exceeding 20 feet overall; crew limited to six amateurs. Course: From Sugarworks Bay, round flagship, round Fort Denison, round flagship, round lightship, Sow and Pigs, and back to flagship. Prize, £15. Entrance 30s.
13th Race.—Seniour Fours in clinker outriggers; bona fide amateurs. Course: Same as No. 1. Prize, £12. Entrance, 20s.
14th Race.—Half-decked Boats, 20 feet overall, to be manned and sailed by amateurs. Course: From Sugarworks Bay, round flagship, round Fort Denison, round flagship, round Shark Island, and back to flagship. First prize, £12; second prize, £4. Entrance, 20s.
15th Race.—Schools' Fours, in string-test gigs. Course: Same as No. 3. Prize, £10. Entrance, 20s.
16th Race.—Open Boats under canvas, not exceeding 24 feet in length and not less than 7 feet beam and 8 feet deep, to be manned and sailed by amateurs. Course: Same as No. 12 Prize, £15. Entrance, 20s.
17th Race.—All comers in light skiffs, handicapped. Course: Same as No. 7. First prize, £10; second prize, £3. Entrance, 20s.
18th Race.—Dingeys under canvas, not exceeding 16 feet in length, 5 feet beam, and 20 inches deep. Course: Same as No. 2. First prize, £10; second prize, £3. Entrance, 10s.
19th Race.—For all those who have never competed for a money prize, and do not earn their living on the water, nor in or about boats, pulling double sculls in club skiffs, with coxswain. Course: Same as No. 3. First prize, £8; second prize, £3. Entrance, 20s.
20th Race.—Vernon Cutters. Course: From flagship round Vernon, round flagship, round Vernon, and back to flagship. Prize, £10. Entrance, free.
21st Race.—Maiden Double Sculls, for bona fide amateurs with coxswain. Course: Same as No. 3. First prize, £8; second prize, £3. Entrance, 20s.
22nd Race.—Race for Men-of-War, Naval Brigade, and Naval Volunteer Artillery, in 8-oared (sash) boats, single banked. Course: Same as No. 7. Prize, £10. Entrance free.
23rd Race.—Gig and Dingy. Prize, £3. Entrance, 2s 6d.
ENTRIES for the above will close at the School of Arts, Darling-street, Balmain, on MONDAY EVENING, the 2nd November, but will be received at any time up to that date by the Hon. Secretary at 143, King-street.
ENTRIES for the Pulling Races must be sent in under cover on or before MONDAY EVENING, 2nd November.
Should sufficient inducement offer, the Committee will put on a PROFESSIONAL FOUR-OARED RACE.
J. MACDONALD, Hon. Sec.,
143, King-street.

PITT-STREET PRESBYTERIAN SABBATH SCHOOL.—Annual EXCURSION to PEARL BAY THIS DAY, October 13. Steamer INVINCIBLE leaves Circular Quay, Phillip-street Jetty, at 8, 10, and 12 o'clock. Hot and cold water provided free. Tickets—Adults, 2s; Children, 1s.
J. MILLER, Sec.

UNITARIAN CHURCH.
PICNIC to Rev. E. R. GRANT,
On SATURDAY NEXT, 17th instant,
to PEARL BAY.
Steamers will leave No. 2 Jetty, Circular Quay, at 10, noon, and 2 p.m. Tickets—Adults, 2s; children, 1s. To be had of Messrs. Peapes and Shaw, George-st., and Mr. A. J. Ivimey, 511, George-st.

ROVER CRICKET CLUB.—Fourth Annual EXCURSION to Tennyson, SATURDAY, October 24. Steamer leaves North Shore Ferry Jetty, at 2.15 p.m. sharp.

RANDWICK C. C., with ground, disengaged 17th instant. Levien Solomon, hon. sec., Box 732, G. P. O.

IVANHOE C. C., with ground, disengaged 17th and 24th October. Thomas J. Charlton, Record Room, G. P. O.

GOOD TEMPLAR C. C. (with ground) Disengaged next Sat. G. H. Wigley, care C. J. Bowtell, Devonshire-st.

WANTED to Rent, Ground for cricket near Leichhardt. Apply H. Shaw, Marlborough-street, Leichhardt.

SELECT PICNIC PARTIES.—Best Day's Outing—Steamer to Manly, thence per Black and Co.'s 'bus to Narrabeen Lake; fishing, boating, bathing. Black and Co.'s Livery Stables, Pier Hotel. Vehicles of all descriptions on hire.

FISH RIVER CAVES.
One of the wonders of the world. Parties can start any day, but must book at least a day in advance. The TOURIST BUREAU, 51, Market-street. ALL STRANGERS in town should pay an early Visit to the Bureau, 51, Market-street. Information, references, books, maps, and photographs.

TRAVELLERS BY SEA AND LAND.
Portmanteaus, Trunks, and Bags, Ladies' Reticules, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fitted Bags, Dressing Cases, Tourist Bags, Writing Folios, Post Bags, Purses, and Wallets. A large variety to select from.
JOHN BRUSH, SON, and COMPANY,
408, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

LYNDHURST ESTATE, next Wentworth Park. 120 LOTS Next MONDAY. Richardson and Wrench.

EDROP ESTATE, Burwood.—Unreserved Clearance SALE THIS DAY at 11.30, at the Rooms. Every lot must be sold. 15 per cent. deposit; nearly three years' terms. BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

UNRESERVED CLEARANCE SALE.—EDROP ESTATE, Burwood, THIS DAY, at 11.30 a.m., at the Rooms, 88, Pitt-street. Splendid LAND, adjoining the Park. Plans from BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

ARNCLIFFE.—GREAT LAND SALE next SATURDAY. Free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

GRANVILLE.—Stimson's Subdivision, next Saturday. Free Tickets. No Interest. Richardson and Wrench.

GRANVILLE.—Stimson's Subdivision, next Saturday. Free Tickets. No Interest. Richardson and Wrench.

HURSTVILLE.—Waitara Park, on SATURDAY, October 24. Easiest terms. Richardson and Wrench.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE SALE.
EVERYTHING on VIEW, in the Ballroom, THIS DAY, from 11 to 4.
GLASS, CHINA, PLATE, PICTURES
TABLE APPOINTMENTS, and EFFECTS.
Admission by catalogue, of the Auctioneers.
MILLS and PILE,
180, Pitt-street, Sydney.

LEDGERS, Journals, Day-books and Cash-books, at wholesale prices. Cole's Book Arcade, 362, George-street.

SILVER WATER and your choice of terms next Saturday, the 17th. Campbell, Mitchell, and Co.

THEATRE ROYAL.
Under the direction of
Messrs. WILLIAMSON, GARNER, and MUSGROVE.
Lessee ... Mr. S. Lazar. Treasurer ... Geo. L. Goodman.
Stage Manager ... ... Mr. John Wallace.
Doors open at 7.30, overture at 8, carriages 10.20.
Return of
WILLIAMSON, GARNER, and MUSGROVE'S ROYAL
COMIC OPERA COMPANY.
GRAND RECEPTION and ARTISTIC TRIUMPH
of
MISS ALICE REES
and
MISS ALICE BARNETT,
who have achieved a pronounced success.
LAST FOUR NIGHTS
LAST FOUR NIGHTS
LAST FOUR NIGHTS
of the

PIRATES OF PENZANCE	Characters by—
PIRATES OF PENZANCE	Mr. Howard Vernon
PIRATES OF PENZANCE	Mr. Albert Brennir
PIRATES OF PENZANCE	Mr. Frank Boyle
PIRATES OF PENZANCE	Mr. John Forde
PIRATES OF PENZANCE	Mr. H. Benham
PIRATES OF PENZANCE	Miss Alice Rees
PIRATES OF PENZANCE	Miss Aggie Kelton
PIRATES OF PENZANCE	Miss Ida Osborne
PIRATES OF PENZANCE	Miss Lilly Forde
PIRATES OF PENZANCE	Miss Alice Barnett

NEW SCENERY by GEO. GORDON.
Musical Director ... ... Mr. W. H. Harrison
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17.
Special revival of the charming opera,
PATIENCE,

Patience	Miss Alice Rees
Lady Jane	Miss Alice Barnett

(the original representative of the role in London).
Admission: Dress Circle, 5s; Stalls, 3s; Family Circle, 2s.
Tickets for all parts of the house at Eastway's Hotel. Box Plan open at the Theatre from 10 till 5.
NO FREE LIST.

PIANO FORTE.
Wanted to purchase, a few LIBRETTI of the above opera.
G. L. GOODMAN, Theatre Royal.

Religious Announcements.

UNIVERSAL PRAYER FOR SUNDAY SCHOOLS.
SUNDAY and MONDAY, October 18 and 19, 1885.
"Wait, I say, on the Lord."
The Committee of the Sunday School Union once more ask the attention of their friends and fellow-workers to the season of Universal Prayer for Sunday Schools. The hearty response accorded to their appeal in former years gives them encouragement in again calling attention to these special days. With grateful remembrance of the rich blessings God has been pleased to bestow, and the hallowed influence which has rested on teachers and scholars in the past, let all approach Him with the voice of thanksgiving.
It is suggested:—
That on LORD'S DAY MORNING, October 18, from 7 to 8 o'clock,
PRIVATE INTERCESSORY PRAYER be offered on behalf of Sunday Schools.
That the opening engagements of the Morning School be preceded by a
MEETING OF THE TEACHERS for prayer.
That Ministers be asked to preach
SPECIAL SERMONS on the claims of the Sunday School, and the necessity for increased intelligence and consecration on the part of teachers.
That in the afternoon the ordinary engagements of each school be shortened, and the
SCHOLARS UNITE in a Devotional Service, interspersed with singing and appropriate addresses. To this service the parents of the scholars might be invited.
That at the close of the Afternoon or Evening Service the TEACHERS, IN UNION WITH OTHER CHRISTIANS, meet for thanksgiving and prayer.
That on MONDAY MORNING, October 19,
TEACHERS AGAIN BRING THEIR SCHOLARS, one by one, in private prayer before God.
That in the course of the day the
FEMALE TEACHERS of each school hold a meeting for united prayer and thanksgiving.
That in the Evening each
CHURCH or CONGREGATION be invited to hold a meeting, at which the interests of the Sunday School shall form the theme of the prayers and addresses.
FOUNTAIN J. HARTLEY
JOHN E. TRESIDDER
EDWARD TOWERS } Hon. Secs.
A. J. SCRUTTON

ST. BARNABAS SCHOOL.—Excursion to Clontarf, WEDNESDAY, October 14. Steamers will leave Circular Quay 8.30, 9, 10.30, 11, 12.30. Admission to steamer by ticket only. Tickets, 2s each.

BLUE RIBBON GOSPEL TEMPERANCE MISSION.—ODDFELLOWS' HALL, BRISBANE-ST.
An interesting ADDRESS will be delivered in the above Hall, TO-NIGHT, TUESDAY, at 8 o'clock, by Mr. W. C. LAWSON.
Subject: "The Child, what will he become?" Illustrated with pictures. Melodies, recitations, &c. Admission FREE.
W. PIDGEON, Sec. D. W. ROBERTSON, Chairman.

Musical Instruments.

LIPP'S CELEBRATED PIANOFORTES.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB
desire to call attention to their
LARGE STOCK
of
R. LIPP and SON'S celebrated PIANOFORTES,
direct from the makers, comprising
TALL GRANDS, LITTLE UPRIGHT GRANDS, SALOON GRANDS, VERY HANDSOME,
and of the
HIGHEST-CLASS FINISH,
in
WALNUT and BLACK and GOLD.
WE HAVE NOW THE LARGEST STOCK
IN AUSTRALIA
of
LIPP'S PIANOS
to
SELECT FROM.
WE INVITE INSPECTION.
FOR PRIVATE SALE,
at
EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB,
Pianoforte Importers,
O'CONNELL and SPRING STREETS.

EXCELLENT WALNUT PIANOFORTE, new, price £90, very low. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, Spring-street.

PIANOFORTES by STEINWAY and CO., NEW YORK.—BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Spring and O'Connell streets, invite the public to inspect these world-renowned PIANOS; prices very low.

HAPSBURG PIANOS.—SOLE Importers, Beale and Company, 612, George-street.

W. BRUCE, 197, PITT-STREET.
SMITH AMERICAN ORGANS.
Ex Felicina Ferrari.
IMMENSE SHIPMENT JUST RECEIVED,
beautiful models at CHEAPER PRICES,
owing to improved machinery.
PIANOS BY EVERY MAKER OF REPUTE,
at LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES,
consistent with durability.
DISCOUNT FOR CASH,
or on
EASY TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM.
MUSIC by every mail. Large Stock to select from.
CATALOGUES FREE, posted to any address.
WILLIAM BRUCE,
Piano, Organ, and Music Warehouse,
197, Pitt-street, Sydney.

ELEGANT PIANO, £16 10s, nearly new, cost £50, immediate cash wanted. 52, Fitzroy-street, Surry Hills.

PIANO for SALE, cash bargain, German trichord cottage, little used, guaranteed. 369, Crown-st., Surry Hills.

RONISCH, LIPP, and ECKE PIANOS, at wholesale prices, for easy terms or cash.
Every piano of the highest quality, and guaranteed seven years.
Pianos from £30, at least £10 lower than other houses.
C. E. CRAMPTON, 60½, York-street, next Lasscttcr's, Agent for the famous Ronisch Piano.

MAGNIFICENT Walnut PIANO, £25, cost £50; party leaving. 7, Johnston-ter., Surry-st., Darlinghurst.

A SPLENDID Walnut PIANO, by Nenmeyer, iron framed, nearly new; cost £50 10s; cash price, £30. Must be sold, as the owner has no further use for it. Brixton, Hay-street, Randwick.

PIANO, and an American ORGAN, 9 stops, for SALE, by renowned German and American makers, full iron frame, nickel tuning-plate, &c., nearly new, a very few weeks played upon, all modern improvements; great bargains, as the owner must dispose of them this week; guaranteed in perfect order. Address 29, Botany-street, near Oxford-street.

PIANOFORTE Tuning and Repairing.—Tuning, town, 7s 6d, subs. 10s 6d. Collins and Lucas, 78, William-street.

Miscellaneous.

ENAMEL BATHS, Shank's Patent, with hot, cold, and waste plates fitted; Shank's spray, shower, and douche bath, with copper canopy and nickel-plated fittings; Enamel Sinks, all sizes. Sole agent, JOHN DANKS, 383, Pitt-st, Sydney.

TANKS.—200 and 400-gallons, Ship's Iron Water TANKS, cheap. W. Robison, 67, Sussex-street.

FOR SALE, Fancy POULTRY, Brahma, Spanish, Dorking, and Cochin; also Eggs, English and Scotch Terriers; Yorkshire and Norwich Canaries, with eggs and young ones. Neaves, 65, Bourke-street, and Markets.

THE HIGHEST PRICE given for all kinds of Wearing Apparel. Mrs. H. N., 26, Botany-street, Surry Hills.

EMPTY Zinc-lined CASES for SALE, cheap. E. Way, 213 to 219, Pitt-street.

EMPTY CASES for SALE. 27, Jamison-street.

SHOP FITTINGS and large Glass Case for SALE, Drapery, Millinery, and Dressmaking Shop to LET. 128, Queen-street, Woollahra.

FOR SALE, new ICE-CHEST, cheap. Apply Henry Palmer, Croydon-avenue, Croydon, or Liverpool-road.

FOR SALE, 2 Butcher's BLOCKS, on view in Woolfe's yard. Apply 127, Liverpool-street.

CEMENT CASKS wanted, must be sound, and with heads complete. Sam Rogers, old Caxton Printing Office, opposite Hoffmann's, Pitt-street.

CANARIES.—CANARIES.—CANARIES.—Hartz Mountain Rollers, the best singers in the world, 15s each, thousands to select from; also, Yorkshire, Belgium, and Norwich. HY. BILLS, Markets.

Government Notices.

Department of Public Works,
Railway Branch,
Sydney, 7th October, 1885.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.
MELBOURNE RACES.
31st OCTOBER, and 3rd, 5th, and 7th NOVEMBER, 1885.
EXCURSION TICKETS
to Melbourne, available for return for two months, will be issued at Sydney from MONDAY, the 26th instant, until THURSDAY, the 5th proximo, inclusive, at the following reduced rates:—

FIRST-CLASS ...	£3 6 6
SECOND-CLASS ...	4 1 0

These cheap Excursion Tickets will NOT be available by Express Trains.
A Special Passenger Train will leave Sydney for Albury on THURSDAY, the 29th instant, stopping at stations as under:—

	a.m.		p.m.
Sydney, dep.	8.30	Harden, dep.	5.25
Picton, dep. ...	10.35	Cootamundra, dep.	6.10
Mittagong, dep. ...	11.50	Junee Junction, dep.	7.35
	p.m.	Wagga Wagga, dep.	8.15
Goulburn, dep. ...	2.10	Albury, arrive ...	10.30
Yass, dep. ...	4. 0		

Passengers travelling by this train to Melbourne will have the advantage of making the journey by day, and of seeing the country. After resting for the night at Albury, where there is good hotel accommodation, the journey can be resumed by the passenger train, leaving Albury at 6.25 a.m. on Friday, the 30th instant.
On SUNDAY, the 1st November, a train will leave Sydney at 9.0 p.m. Passengers by this train will reach Melbourne at 10.15 a.m. on Monday, thus enabling them to see the race for the Melbourne Cup.
RETURN JOURNEY—MELBOURNE TO SYDNEY.
On SATURDAY, 7th November, a Special Train will leave Melbourne for Sydney at 10.0 p.m., arriving in Sydney at 7.30 p.m. on Sunday, the 8th proximo.
Cheap Excursion tickets will be available by the special trains.
CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Railways,
Sydney, May 30, 1885.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.
TENDERS will be received at this Office up to 11 a.m., on the dates mentioned hereunder, for the public works, &c., specified in the following schedule:—

Nature of Works or Supplies.	Date for Receipt of Tenders.
Construction of Foundations, Walls, Superstructure, &c., of Annexes to Workshops, Nos. 1 to 4, and Smoke Shaft, Eveleigh, Contract No. 4c	Tuesday, 13th October.
The Erection of Station Buildings, Molong	
The following Annual Supply of Railway and Tramway Stores required during the year 1886:—	

Estimated Annual Consumption.

Article	Southern and Western Lines, including Tram Lines.	Northern Lines.	
*Oil, Castor	100,000 gallons	28,000 gallons	Per lb.
Ditto, Salad	250 dozen	80 dozen	Per bottle (quarts.)
Ditto, Kerosene	60,000 gallons	10,000 gallons	Per gallon
Ditto, Colza	25,000 ditto	7,000 ditto	Ditto
Tallow	80 tons	30 tons	Per ton
Cotton Waste	150 ditto	50 ditto	Per lb.
Canvas	No. 1, 3,500 yards		
Ditto, Extra All Long Flax, equal to store sample	No. 5, 31,000 ditto.	None required for 1886.	
Ditto, 48-inch, No. 5, To weigh 70lb. per bolt of 42 yards	No. 6, 2,000 ditto.		
Colonial Iron (to be cut in lengths as required	75 tons	12 tons	Per ton
Cement	5,000 casks	1,000 casks	Per cask
Pipe, earthenware, 3-inch	450 feet	600 feet	Per foot
Ditto, ditto, 4-inch	5,000 ditto	480 ditto	Ditto
Ditto, ditto, 6-inch	10,000 ditto	1,000 ditto	Ditto
Ditto, ditto, 9-inch	11,000 ditto	264 ditto	Ditto
Ditto, ditto, 12-inch	10,000 ditto	480 ditto	Ditto
Ditto, ditto, 16-inch	1,500 ditto	Nil.	—
Ditto, ditto, 18-inch	2,000 ditto	200 feet	Ditto
Ditto, ditto, 21-inch	Nil.	Nil.	—
Ditto, ditto, 24-inch	3,000 feet	200 feet	Ditto
Ditto, ditto-bends, all sizes	150 ditto	80 ditto	Ditto
Ditto, ditto-junctions, do.	300 ditto	40 ditto	Ditto
Iron, bar, B.B.H	100 tons	50 tons	Per ton
Ditto, ditto, otherapproved brands	200 ditto	50 ditto	Ditto
Ditto, angle	30 ditto	10 ditto	Ditto
Ditto, tee	8 ditto	2 ditto	Ditto
Ditto, halfround	5 ditto	2 ditto	Ditto

Great Northern Line only.

Cedar, undressed	
Ditto, single dressed	8", 9", 11", 2", 3", 1," and over—per 100 feet sup.
Ditto, ditto, T. & G.	
Ditto, double dressed	
Do. do. T. & G.	

The supply of the following small stores required during the year 1886:—	Tuesday, 20th October.
Ironmongery	
Iron Machine and Boiler Fittings	
Ship Chandlery	
Building Materials	
Furniture	
Clocks and Watches	
India-rubber Goods	
Steel	
Drapery	
Leather and Grindery	
American Leather Belting	
English ditto	
Telegraph Instruments	
Smiths' Coals	
Iron Castings (cylinders excepted)	
Iron Castings, Cylinders	
Hardwood Timber, south and west lines	
Ditto ditto, northern line	
Softwood Timber, south and west lines	
Ditto ditto, northern line	
Oils and Colors	
Brushware	
Roof, Girders, and Columns for Shops, No. 16 to 25, Eveleigh, Contract No. 9a.	
The erection of station buildings, &c., at Cargo-road and Borenore, Orange to Molong Railway	Tuesday, 3rd November.
The erection of station buildings, &c., at Clifton and Bulli, No. 3 Section, Illawarra Railway	
The erection of station buildings, &c., at Amaroo, and four gate houses on the Orange to Molong Railway	
The supplying, laying, and finishing, complete, of wooden pavement in Crown-street	Tuesday, 10th November.
Supply of 12 Passenger Engines	Tuesday, 1st December.

NOTE.—For further particulars see Government Gazette, a file of which is k

Professions, Trades, &c.

A GOOD HAIRDRESSER and SHAVER wanted; constant. A. W. Kuna, 86, Castlereagh-street.

APPRENTICES required. A. Shadler, machine bread manufacturer, 73, Hunter-street.

A STONE CARVER, for Oamaru Stone, piece work. Hugh Allen, builder, Emily-street, Stanmore.

A FIRST-CLASS JUDGE of DRAPERY wanted as TOWN BUYER for retail drapery house. State experience, &c., to A. B., Box 227, General Post Office.

ADVERTISER, having money to invest, may be advantageously consulted concerning any kind of transactions involving finance, with a view to business. Reliable and secret. Box 760, General Post Office.

ASSISTANTS wanted for HABERDASHERY and FANCY DEPARTMENTS.
EDWARD HORDERN and SONS,
668 and 668, George-street.

A GENTLEMAN of ability and wide connections required to thoroughly organise Tontine Life Assurance business in Sydney; the employment of sub-agents allowed; liberal terms to a first-class experienced man. B. Z., Herald Office.

ASSISTANT MASTER required in small Boys' School, Sydney, for general elementary work every day, and evening work, three weekly, non-resident. Applicants must give full particulars about themselves, and state emoluments expected at commencement, to R.B., Post-office, St. Leonards. Proficiency in athletics desirable.

BARBER and HAIRDRESSER wanted. 189, Cleveland-street, Redfern.

BOOTMAKERS.—Wanted, good General WORKMAN. 117, William-street.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, good FITTER, also a MACHINIST; good wages. J. Swinbourne, St. Peters.

BRICKLAYERS to put down Foundations and lay 5000 bricks. Dog and Duck Hotel, George-street, S a.m.

BRICKLAYERS wanted. Apply Shaw and Monie, new Gas Works, Mortlake, Parramatta River.

BRICKMAKERS wanted by A. JOHNSTON and CO., Runcorndore, at once. Apply
R. A. HERVEY,
16, Bond-street.

CARPENTERS, 3 first-class, young, active, wanted. Darling-street Ferry, Balmain, 10 a.m.

CARPET SEWERS wanted. Good wages. Saturday half holiday. Hordern Brothers, 211, Pitt-street.

CLERKS.—Wanted, smart young Man as CLERK. S. Curnow, St. Leonards.

COMPOSITORS.—Wanted, good Jobbing HANDS. John Sands, 374, George-street.

COMPOSITORS wanted. Geo. Loxton and Co., 16A, Bridge-street.

CUTTER wanted. Price and Co., 114, King-street.

COACH-TRIMMER wanted, for first-class country establishment; must be well up to the work, and steady. Apply Roberts, Chalmers, and Co., 54, York-street.

CLERK.—Wanted, as JUNIOR CLERK, a smart, well-educated, intelligent Youth; good writer, quick at figures, &c. A youth fresh from school not objected to. A capital opening for a youth of some talent. Apply by letter to Indent, Box 224, G. P. O.

COLONIAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

TRAVELLING AGENT.

A VACANCY now open for a First-class CANVASSING AGENT for Life Assurance to represent the above Society.

Very liberal terms, and every facility will be conceded to a really competent agent who can push business.

Must be temperate and reliable.

ALFRED CHANDLER,
Secretary.
Offices—141 and 143, Pitt-street, Sydney.

DRESSMAKERS.—Competent Body Hand wanted, capable managing table, 11b. salary. W. W. Cater, Pitt-st.

DRESSMAKERS.—Good Bodice HANDS, also Apprentices. Mrs. Williamson, 664, George-street.

DRESSMAKING.—Good HANDS, Skirts, and Improvers wanted. Mme. Vergilliat, 79, Crown-st., Wmloo.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, IMPROVERS and Apprentices. Comerons, 82, King-street.

DRESSMAKER wanted for country; fully competent to take charge of workroom. Apply Arnott House, Wynyard-square, between 11 and 12 Wednesday.

DULY Qualified MEDICAL MAN required, to travel with first-class agent; salary and fees. Aust. Widows' Fund, 263, George-street.

DULY Qualified MEDICAL MAN required, to travel with first-class agent; salary and fees. Australian Widows' Fund, 263, George-street.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, MACHINIST, accustomed to first-class work; also ASSISTANTS and IMPROVERS. Mrs. Gent, Liberty-street, opposite Harrow-road, Newtown. Half holiday.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, good HANDS; also, clever MACHINIST, Wertheim or Singer's; good wages, constant employment; half day Saturdays. Head Dressmaker, 93, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

EXPERIENCED Marble MASON wanted to fix mantelpieces, &c. Odling Bros., Queen's-place.

FRENCH POLISHER. Apply F. Hosking, W. W. Campbell's cabinet factory, 111, 113, Castlereagh-street.

GOOD JOINERS wanted, long job. Russell's old shop, bottom of Bathurst-street.

GOOD PLASTERERS. Railway-road, near Marrickville Station, and Parkes-street, Camperdown.

GROCERS.—Wanted a smart Counter HAND. S. Curnow, St. Leonards.

GOOD PENMAN, with gentlemanly address, wanted for six weeks. Apply 353, George-street, 9 to 10 and 2 to 3 this day.

GOVERNESS, French or German, required, good music, drawing, or dancing, 75 to 80 guineas. Tutor also, one pupil, city schools, wanted. Mrs. Mead, 55, Hunter-street.

GOVERNESSES' and TUTORS' INSTITUTE.—Nursery GOVERNESS wanted for Ford's Creek, R. C. 138, Phillip-street.

HAIRDRESSER.—Sober young MAN; 30s to smart hand, constant. 58, Erskine-street.

HAIRDRESSER.—Wanted, good HAND. 2, Wexford-street, off Goulburn-street.

HATTERS.—First-class Silk FINISHER wanted; constant employment. Priddy and Co., 438, George-st.

JEWELLERY and Watch Trade.—Wanted, by young Man of good experience, SITUATION in Wholesale House, either as Town Traveller or Assistant; good references. H. H., Herald Office.

LITHO. DRAUGHTSMEN for map work or stone; two vacancies. John Sands, 374, George-street.

MILLINER.—A good stylish one wanted at once. 68, Queen-street, Woollahra.

MILLINERY.—MILLINER wanted. 88, William-street.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.—Vacancy for a first-class SALESWOMAN.
DAVID JONES and CO.

MUSICAL PROFESSION.—The Sydney Owl Club require the SERVICES of a gentleman as Musical Conductor. Particulars can be obtained from the hon. sec., Mr. Morris Plenser, 63, Market-street.

MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS.

Good opening for duly qualified MAN at Jericho and district, Queensland.

Particulars apply
GORDON and GOTCH,
Brisbane or Sydney.

ONE set of RIVETERS wanted at the iron bridges, Parramatta. Apply at once.

PAINTERS.—Three first-class DECORATORS. W. E. Mortensen, 130, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo.

PAINTERS.—Good IMPROVERS. W. E. Mortensen, 130, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo.

PARENTS.—Girls wanted as APPRENTICES to the tailoring. Summerfield and Co., 235, Pitt-street.

PARTNER required for established private Financial Business; principals only. Confidence. Box 1028, G. P. O.

PARTNER, sleeping or otherwise; speculative gentleman of means. Thalia, Glebe P. O.

PARTNERSHIP.—Wanted, gentlemanly energetic Partner, with capital. Hogg & Co., Mount-st., St. Leonards.

PIANIST wanted to go to India on Friday. Apply immediately, 223, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

PLASTERER'S IMPROVER wanted. Apply Dixon's job, close to Tempe Station.

PLASTERERS.—A few IMPROVERS wanted. Apply opposite Charing Cross Hotel, Waverley, new buildings.

PRINTING.—Good BOYS wanted. Renn, Kent and Market streets.

PARTNER WANTED in a Lucrative Business, from £600 to £1000; personal interview only; no agents. F. Hough, 401, George-street, first floor.

PARTNERSHIP.—Wanted, a PARTNER, with £600 cash. Also one with £900, in good paying cash business. No previous knowledge of the business need be required. Full particulars, Benson Brothers, 128, Elizabeth-street.

PARTNERSHIP.—A grand opportunity for a business man with small capital, to join in an established business of 10 years' standing. Retiring partner leaving the colony. R. D., Herald.

PRINTERS.—Good Jobbing COMPOSITOR wanted, active reliable man, able to manage new office in large town; good wages and part profits. Address Tryinta, Herald Office.

SMART BOY wanted, learn hairdressing. 55, Erskine-street.

SMART YOUTH wanted in office; ledger experience; references. Box 578.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, New South Wales Offices, 19, Macquarie-place, Sydney.—A good CANVASSER is required by the above office. Liberal terms to a PUSHER.
Apply ERNEST W. MOON,
Secretary.

SINGLETON and PATRICK'S PLAINS BENEVOLENT ASYLUM.
Wanted, a WARDSMAN and MATRON for the Singleton and Patrick's Plains Benevolent Asylum, a married couple without encumbrance; salary, £80 per annum, with quarters.
Applications, enclosing testimonials and references, to be addressed to the undersigned, not later than the 30th October, 1885,
J. A. KEY, Secretary.

TAILORS.—Wanted, steady young man, as PRESSER. Permanent; good wages. W. Howes, 135, King-st.

TAILORS.—Good Coat Hands wanted; constant work, good wages. Summerfield and Co., 235, Pitt-street.

TAILORS.—First-class Coat HANDS wanted, best workrooms in Sydney. Summerfield and Co., 235, Pitt-st.

TAILORS and Tailoresses wanted for bound seats; large quantities, good prices. R. C. Baulch, 29, Clarence-street.

TAILORESSES.—Wanted, APPRENTICES at once. N. Berardi, No. 3, off 162, Phillip-street.

TAILORESSES.—Wanted, 100 good HANDS, trousers, vests, outdoor. James B Finlayson, 809A, Pitt-street.

TAILORESSES.—Good Coat Hands wanted; constant work, in or out door. Summerfield and Co., 235, Pitt-st.

TAILORESSES.—Good Vest Hands wanted, constant work, in or out doors. Summerfield and Co., 235, Pitt-st.

TAILORESSES.—Good Trousers HANDS wanted, constant work. in or out door. Summerfield, 235, Pitt-st.

TAILORESSES.—Good Trousers HANDS wanted, constant work, best workrooms in Sydney. 235, Pitt-street.

TAILORESSES.—Good Vest HANDS wanted, constant work, best workrooms in Sydney. Summerfield, 235, Pitt-st.

TAILORESSES.—Good Coat HANDS wanted, constant work, best workrooms in Sydney. Summerfield, 235, Pitt-st.

TOBACCONISTS.—Young Man, thoroughly acquainted tobac. trade; refs. Apply Craig and Aitken, 652, George-st.

TO FELLMONGERS.—Wanted, a PULLER; 45s weekly. Simmonds' Registry, 222, Castlereagh-street.

TO HAIRDRESSERS.—Wanted, good Hairdresser and Shaver. Queensland Hairdressing Saloon, 34, Erskine-st.

TO LIME BURNERS.—Wanted, Practical Lime BURNERS. Apply to 121, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

TO PAINTERS.—Wanted, a Brush HAND. Apply Marlonville, M'Kenzie-street, Waverley, 8 a.m. sharp.

TO PAINTERS.—6 Brush HANDS wanted; no loafers. 309, Riley-street, S. H.; long job.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, weekly HAND, for Repairs, &c. Peapes and Shaw, George-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, first-class Coat MAKERS. Peapes and Shaw, George-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, good COAT-MAKERS. 311, George-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, good COAT-MAKERS. 265, George-street.

TO TAILORS.—Coat, Trousers, and Vest HANDS wanted. R. Douglas, 18, Bond-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, a MAN to baste and do repairs. R. C. Hagon, 129, King-street.

TO TAILORS.—First-class COATMAKERS wanted. R. C. Hagon, 129, King-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, Junior Trimmer. Schwartzberg and Reidy, 3rd floor, Wright-Heaton's-bgs., 343, Pitt-st.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, first-class Buttonhole HANDS. Schwartzberg and Reidy, 3rd floor, 343, Pitt-st.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, Coat Hands; also, Improvers, Apprentices. Schwartzberg and Reidy, 343, Pitt-st.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, in or outdoor Vest HANDS. R. C. Hagon, 129, King-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, a MACHINIST; also Boy, as apprentice. J. Penman, 341, George-st. West.

TO TAILORESSES.—Good Vest HANDS wanted. Farmer and Company.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, good Sac Coat and Trousers Assistants. C. Bond, 297 and 299, George-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, First-class Vest Hands, in or out door; highest prices. Hagon Bros., 162, Pitt-st.

TROUSERS and Vest MAKERS wanted. Hordern Brothers, 174, Pitt-street.

TAILORESSES.—Wanted, good Trouser Hands; highest prices; good workrooms. Thomson, Oates, and Co., 149, Pitt-street, 2 doors off King-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, first-class MACHINIST; the highest wages to first-class hand. Apply J. Nolan, 788, George-street.

TO WHEELWRIGHTS.—Wanted, good General HAND. Apply, personally or by letter, to P. Dolan, Chatswood, North Shore.

TAILORS.—Wanted, first-class HANDS for country; good prices and plenty of work to steady men. H. Hagon and Co., 85, Pitt-street.

TO CONFECTIONERS.—Wanted, Candy Roller and Lozenge Maker, at once. Apply S. and B. T. Freshman, wholesale confectioners, Harris-street, Ultimo, or Box 485, G. P. O.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, for Brisbane, good Trousers, Vest, and Coat HANDS, for orders; constant work and good wages. Apply between 9 and 10, A. Walker, 88, Pitt-street.

THE UNITED INSURANCE COMPANY—FIRE AND MARINE.
283, George-street, Sydney.

Wanted, active AGENTS, for town and suburbs.

VACANCIES.

We have VACANCIES for
SENIOR ASSISTANTS
in our
MOURNING DEPARTMENT
DRESS DEPARTMENT
COSTUME DEPARTMENT.

Apply at Head Office Upstairs This Morning.

ANTHONY HORDERN and SONS,
PALACE EMPORIUM,
HAYMARKET.

WANTED, a DRESSMAKER, by day or week. Apply 194, Liverpool and Yurong streets.

WANTED, a competent DRESSMAKER, by the day. 7, Richmond-terrace, Domain.

WANTED, three good STONE-CUTTERS. Apply new Town Hall, Alford-street, North shore.

WANTED, two good Rubble MASONS. Apply on job, Herbert-street, Wardell-hill, Marrickville. Early.

WANTED, a PARTNER, with £75, for a new spec.; safe investment; married man preferred. P. S. B., Herald.

WANTED, BOOKKEEPER for country store. Apply 10 a.m., Wednesday 108, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a BUTCHER for Restaurant. Apply Oldham's Dining-rooms, 149, Pitt-street.

WANTED, good PAPERHANGER at once. Apply George Hotel, Elizabeth-street, Waterloo.

WANTED, LADS, learn hand-sewn slipper making; constant. 101, Cleveland-street, off Crown-street.

WANTED, two good JOINERS. Apply J. Nutman, King-street Wharf.

WANTED, IMPROVERS; also, BOYS. Furnell Bros., plumbers and gasfitters, Parramatta-rd., Petersham.

WANTED, a smart Office BOY, must write well. Apply 10 a.m., Bobsy, 80A, Pitt-street.

WANTED, smart Lad as CLERK. Globe Delivery Company, 105, Clarence-street.

WANTED, 2 good Coachpainters' HELPERS, constant work. H. Vickers, Bus Co.'s Works, Glebe.

WANTED, trustworthy Canvassing Clerk, for Debt Company, salary and commission. Ref... P. O., Sydney.

WANTED, a Foreman BRICKLAYER, Society Man. Hugh Allen, builder, Emily-street, Stanmore.

WANTED, 4 good CARPENTERS. Apply to W. Thew, Parramatta-road, Burwood.

WANTED, experienced HANDS at Paper Box Making, constant work. Fuerth and Hall, 285, Pitt-street.

WANTED, young GIRLS to learn Paper Box Making, wages while taught. Fuerth and Hall, 285, Pitt-st.

WANTED, TAILERS-OUT. R. Chadwick, Liverpool-street Sawmills.

WANTED, a stylish DRESSMAKER, by the week, Singer's machine. Clyde, Botany-street, Waverley.

WANTED, BRICKLAYERS and Labourers. Apply to Kilgariff, on job, Buckingham-street, Redfern.

WANTED, MACHINIST for T. and G. and moulding machine. Goodlet and Smith, Pyrmont.

WANTED, a TILELAYER. Apply after 9 a.m., George Barr, Haymarket Arcade.

WANTED, a YOUTH, used to grocery and horses. Jesson Bros., Darling-street, Balmain.

WANTED, a CARPENTER, for shop fronts. Apply T. Smyth, Keating's Half-way House, Botany-road.

WANTED, an UPHOLSTERER. Apply Haymarket Hotel.

WANTED, Youth, for butcher; Milkmen, Kitchenmen, Cooks; several Boys indoor work. 88, Market-st.

WANTED, Minstrel and Variety Artistes, lady and gentlemen, to travel. Address Thespian, Herald Office.

WANTED, six PLASTERERS, opposite Public School, Double Bay.

WANTED, young MAN, Pawnbroker's Assistant, knowledge business, reference. Cohen, King-st., N'town.

WANTED, immediately, MACHINIST, Singer's, plain work. 1, San Jose-terrace, Stanley-street, Newtown.

WANTED, a smart YOUTH, accustomed to the butchering. Apply Geo. Pike, butcher, Pyrmont.

WANTED, smart young MAN used to butchering. Apply early, Duffy, Albion-st., S. Hills.

WANTED, rough CARPENTER, small job. Apply Ashley Lodge, Charles-street, South Kingston.

WANTED, young Woman, good Dressmaker, live in the house. State salary, M. L., Edgecliff P.O.

WANTED, IMPROVERS to tailoring, for best work. J. Rose, 515, George-street, upstairs.

WANTED, IMPROVERS and Apprentices to the Coat-making; good machinist. 76, Mary-street, S. H.

WANTED, Smart LAD. One accustomed shipping preferred. Apply Craig and Aitken, 652, George-street.

WANTED, a good DRESSMAKER by the day. 207, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, MASONS. Apply J. Grant, builder, John-street, Ashfield.

WANTED, BRICKLAYER. Apply Hawdance and Penman, Lambert-street, Macdonaldtown, off George-st.

WANTED, first-class BRICKLAYERS and Labourers. Apply Wm. Burns, Johnstone-street, Annandale.

WANTED, young MAN accustomed to butchering. J. A. Palmer, Beattie-street, Balmain.

WANTED, CARPENTERS, to put up fixtures in a shop. Apply after 5 o'clock, No. 4, Erskine-street.

WANTED, a CABINET-MAKER. 85, Westmoreland-street, Forest Lodge.

WANTED, a MILLINER. A. J. Frost and Co., Regent-street, Redfern.

WANTED, PLASTERER and 2 Labourers. A. Shepherd, Ivy-street, Darlington.

WANTED, a good DRESSMAKER. Miss Wilson, 97, Devonshire-street.

WANTED, two good BRICKLAYERS. Apply Pitaroy-street, Newtown. Ashton and Marr.

WANTED, a PAPERHANGER. Apply Phelps, 484, Bourke-street. Apply early.

WANTED, Baker and Pastrycook for the country. Glue's Labour Agency, 44, Hunter-street.

WANTED 100 set of Colonial Oven MOUNTING made. Hughes, Oxford-street, opposite Brewery.

WANTED, PLASTERER and Improver, also Labourer. Meek's-road, near Marrickville Station.

WOOD-CARVER wanted. H. Marolot, 44, Edward-street, Pyrmont.

WANTED, for country, thorough IRONMONGER; also, IRONMONGER with knowledge of crockery. Apply Box 314, G. P. O.

WANTED, BAKER, single hand, place a few miles from Sydney; also, Baker's CART. Apply, by letter, 331, Post-office, Park-street, Sydney.

WANTED, a first-class Buggy TRIMMER; none other need apply. Nowland and Mather, coach, carriage, and buggy builders, High-street, Penrith.

WANTED, REPRESENTATIVE for leading Life Assurance Society; one accustomed to travelling preferred. To suitable man good terms (salary and commission) will be given. Apply by letter to Manager, Box 503, G. P. O.

WANTED, a DRESSMAKER, work by the day, to cut and fit. Apply 8, Thomson-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, two good COACHPAINTERS. Apply early to T. Flood, 165, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, good BARBER and HAIRDRESSER. Apply in the evening. Best wages; or sub-let; none other need apply. Black Swan Hotel, George-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, for Sydney, a competent and experienced SALESMAN, salary £300; open for eight days. Burns, Philp, and Co., Limited, Bridge-street.

WANTED, for a country hospital, a Married Couple, without encumbrance, as WARDSMAN and MATRON. Miss M'Kay, Sydney hospital.

WANTED, a LEADER for the orchestra, Alhambra Music Hall. Apply by letter, in the first instance, to Mr. Frank Smith, Alhambra Music Hall.

WANTED, an Office YOUTH, accustomed to collect for a wholesale house. State salary and send copies of references, Box 165, P. O.

WANTED, Grocer's ASSISTANT, for country stores. Address stating age, salary, references, and experience, G. C., Box 401, G. P. O.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, a competent DRESSMAKER, for country, must cut and fit well, good salary. Apply Miss M'Canley, 289, Kent-street, near Erskine-street.

WANTED, a Junior CLERK, for a shipping office; salary, £1 per week. Apply until Saturday, noon, by letter, stating age, qualifications, and reference, to Box No. 8, King-street Post-office.

WANTED, at once, a duly qualified Medical MAN, to travel with a Life Insurance agent. Apply by letter to Box 264, General Post Office, Sydney. One accustomed to travelling preferred.

WANTED, first-class PIANIST; must be sober; three months' engagement; start October 17th; wire terms to Mr. Edwin Palmer, Masks and Faces Company, Penrith, until Tuesday night. Money sure.

WANTED, a Gentleman thoroughly conversant with the hardware trade and capable of taking the management of a leading Ironmongery House in town. Apply, in the first instance, to Hardware, Box 610, Post Office.

WANTED, a PARTNER, with from £300 to £700, to join a thoroughly-established Business, plenty of travel, enjoyment and active life, young man preferred, must be fairly educated; principals only, by letter. J. F. C., M'Sullas' Turf Club Hotel, Castlereagh-street.

WARNE AND REID,
WANT
COMPETENT MANAGER for their MANCHESTER DEPARTMENT.
Thorough experience indispensable.
Apply, by letter only, 20, York-street.

WANTED.
A competent SALESMAN and Window Dresser for our BOOT DEPARTMENT.

Apply at Head Office, at 10 o'clock.

ANTHONY HORDERN and SONS,
PALACE EMPORIUM,
HAYMARKET
(ONLY).

YOUTH as WIRER wanted, for Newcastle Aerated Water Works. E. Kitchner and Co., No. 4, Wynyard-st.

YOUTH wanted for auctioneer's office. By letter in own hand-writing Box 665, G. P. O.

YOUNG Gentleman, who has received sound education, and is desirous of qualifying for teacher, barrister's or University examination, could obtain small salary and assistance in studies in return his tuition in the daily class work of a small school. Address, in the first instance, stating attainments and hours expected, Princess, Park-street Post-office.

Situations Wanted.

A DVICE to Employers.—Get your Men and Female Servants from Simmonds' Registry, 222, Castlereagh-street.

A T 150, Clarence-street.—Waiting, Clerk, Grocer, Kitchenman, Male Cooks, Tanner Singer, Driver.

A T 150, Clarence-street.—Waiting, 2 Working Housekeepers, Stewardess, and all classes Male and Female Servs.

A T 103, Bathurst-st., G. Institute.—Waiting, M. Couples, Grooms and Coachmen, wp.; good Waiter, Cooks.

ARCHITECTURAL Draftsman and Surveyor's Assistant requires EMPLOYMENT. W., Williams' Boarding House, Metcalfe-street, Wallsend.

A DOMESTICATED Lady desires RE-ENGAGEMENT as useful Companion, Help, or N. Governess; thorough English, no music, very good needlewoman, fond of children; country preferred. Apply Post-office, Glebe.

A T 103, Bathurst-st., G. Institute.—Waiting, superior Finishing Governess, Bodiest, and Nursery; L. Helps, L. Housekeeper, Barmaid, 3 Waitresses, exp. Cooks, exp. Laundress, exp. Nurse and N., young Nurse, superior Parlour Maid, &c.

BILLIARD-MARKER, or Rent Table, town or country; late arrival, Atlas, Herald Office.

BUILDERS.—An Improver to carpentry wants JOB, otherwise useful. S. O. B., Herald.

BY GROOM and Gardener, competent driver, milk, &c., reference. D. C. B., General Post Office.

BY young B. and P., Cooks, C. and L., Laundress, Waitresses, Barmaids. Simmonds' Reg., 222, Castlereagh-st.

BY good Cooks, Gardeners, Coachmen, Carters, Milkers, Farming Men, &c. Simmonds' Reg., 222, Castlereagh-st.

COLLECTOR or Bookkeeper open to Engagement; first-class references. Apply G. Wade, 140, Sussex-street.

COMMERCIAL Traveller, doing Queensland, open for one or two good COMMISSIONS. Bis, Herald.

CORRESPONDENT (shorthand writer) wants Situation; commercial experience. F. O. Hillman, 163, Wm.-st.

ENGLISH Person wants SITUATION as Housekeeper, would travel, good reader. Address S., G. P. O.

ENGLISH LADY requires daily ENGAGEMENT; English, French, music, dancing, and painting. S. L., Herald.

GROOM, Coachman, garden, milk, useful man, with references. A. M., 31, Cleveland-street, Darlington.

HARNESSMAKER'S SITUATION wanted, by respectable young man, town or country; good reference. State wage. S. S. A., 6, Sackville-street.

LEGAL.—Advertiser, recently engaged as Managing Clerk in good firm, desires a RE-ENGAGEMENT. Apply J. H. C. R., Post Office, St. Leonards.

MEDICAL.—Dispenser and General Assistant (late Army Medical Staff) is open for ENGAGEMENT. Autopsy, dentistry. Testimonials exemplary. Address, Arachnoid, G.P.O.

PHOTOGRAPHER.—SITUATION wanted by young Man, operator and retoucher, 7 years' London experience; salary £4. Address T. Robbins, Manhewson and Co., photographers, Brisbane.

PENSIONER.—Staff Sergeant, new arrival, seeks EMPLOYMENT as Storekeeper, Timekeeper, Caretaker, or any way useful; thorough knowledge of stores in general, including electric telegraph stores, &c.; has had charge of large plant and men. Address Friend, G. P. O., Sydney.

SITUATION wanted by respectable, thoroughly trustworthy young Man in any place of trust, not afraid of work; good references; security if required. Address A. B. C., Post-office, Woollahra.

TO MASTER BAKERS and Confectioners.—As First Hand, well up in small goods. W., Herald Office.

TO BAKERS.—Thoroughly competent and sober man, well up in bread and small goods in all its branches; good town and country references; single or fore hand. Baker, Acacia Cottage, Allen-street, Leichhardt.

TO STOREKEEPERS and DRAPERS.—Disengaged next week, first-class DRAPER, undoubted ability and references. Address C. W. J., care J. Mullally and Co., Church-street, Parramatta.

TUTOR teaching English thoroughly, Latin, Greek French, drawing, painting, stenography, requires ENGAGEMENT in family or college; good disciplinarian, first-class testimonials, good salary expected. Beta, 67, Hunter-street.

WANTED, by Girl, SITUATION, as H. and P. maid, good refs.; private family. L. F., 88, Bellevue-st., S. H.

WANTED, a SITUATION as Groom and Gardener; references. E. G., Herald Office.

WANTED, by a competent Dressmaker, WORK by day or week. M. A., Post-office, Redfern.

WANTED, by a trustworthy, sober Man, SITUATION as Packer, Store or Cellar Man; refs. W. T., Herald.

WANTED by a respectable Woman, Offices to clean, or sharing. Address M. B., William-st. Post-office.

WANTED, by respectable young Woman, Situation General Serv., small fam. A., Post-office, North Shore.

WANTED, by young Girl, a SITUATION as Servant in small family. 17, Margaret-lane, off Margaret-street.

WANTED, SITUATION, General Servant; small family. C., Redfern Post-office.

WANTED by widow with child, SITUATION as H. K. to widower or bachelor. Housekeeper, P.O., M'ville.

WANTED, by respectable Girl, SITUATION as Nurse. N. C., No. 1, Young-street, Pyrmont.

WANTED, by married person, SITUATION housekeeper to gentleman, has one child. A.J.P., P.O., Glebe.

WANTED by respectable Person, WORK by the day. 60, Druitt-street.

WANTED, a Family's WASHING. Apply Mrs. Keller, 1, Greek-street, off Bay-street, Glebe.

WANTED, by respectable person, few hours domestic WORK daily. 7, M., 109, Gippe-st., Surry Hills.

WASHING wanted by good Laundress, shirts glazed. Laundry, 5, Albert-street, Paddington.

WIDOW Lady, SITUATION as housekeeper to one or two gentlemen; refs. M. C., Post-office, Ultimo.

WORKING Housekeeper.—SITUATION wanted by respectable person. Cartmell, 78, Eveleigh-st., Redfern.

WANTED, by a respectable sober young Man, married, SITUATION in store or warehouse; able to drive. Address R. B. D., G. P. O.

WANTED by a respectable man, German, new arrival, EMPLOYMENT in a warehouse, store, or elsewhere; no objection to leave the city; good references; total abstainer. Address W. R., Chisholm Cottage, Westbourne-st., Petersham.

WANTED, by respectable Man, SITUATION, in store or by any place of trust, first-class refs.; not afraid of work of any description, good penman. Address M. E., 1, Duke-street, Balmain.

WANTED, by a strictly honest, trustworthy person, CHARGE of a gentleman's residence during absence of the family, or go halves in dairy; very best personal references. Address M. M. C., Post-office, Darlington.

YOUNG Lady, fair scholar, wishes SITUATION in confectionery or fruit business. A. B., 61, Gippe-st., S. H.

YOUNG Person desires Situation as Cook and Laundress in gentleman's family. H. T., 19, Bloomfield-st., S. H.

YOUNG Girl wants SITUATION, to do general work, sleep home. 488, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

YOUNG Lady, just from England, waiting, as useful Companion, and others. London Reg., 308, Bourke-street.

Servants Wanted.

A GENERAL SERVANT wanted. Apply at Lewisville, corner Crystal-street and York Crescent, Petersham.

A GENERAL SERVANT (no children). Mrs. Carter, Green Trees, Albert Parade, Ashfield.

A GENERAL SERVANT wanted; highest wages. Apply at 71A, George-street, Haymarket.

A COOK and Laundress, 30s, family 4, Marulan; family A., 2, North Shore, 15s; House, Parlourmaids, Burwood, North Shore, 14s; General Servants, town, country, suburbs, highest wages. Miss Trine, 217, Castlereagh-street.

A GOOD General SERVANT wanted. Apply to Mrs. Peters, 110, William-street.

A GOOD General SERVANT wanted; Scotch preferred; wages 12s. 4, Magnolia-terrace, Forest Lodge.

AN experienced General SERVANT required. Broughtonville, Palace-st., Ashfield, off Holden-st. Good wages.

A RESPECTABLE BOY wanted, generally useful. Downes' Dispensary, 86, Park-street, 9.30 a.m.

A RESPECTABLE GIRL wanted to assist in housework. Apply 3, Bligh-street.

A RESPECTABLE BOY, about 14, wanted. Apply, with references, at 689, George-street, Haymarket.

A STRONG LAD wanted. J. Wilson, clothier and men's mercer, 626, George-street.

A STRONG BOY wanted. G. Brown, engraver, &c. 113, Pitt-street.

A T 150, Clarence-street.—Wanted, 2 Housemaids, 12s, hotel and restaurant; several young G. Servants.

A TIDY little GIRL wanted to assist with children. 344, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

A WILLING girl as General SERVANT. Mrs. Reuben Wood, Liedenville, High-street, North Shore.

A WILLING LAD wanted. 194, George-street, or Felton and Co., ironmongers, Walker-street, North Shore.

A WORKING HOUSEKEEPER required, 2 ladies. Apply 114, Dowling-st., Moore Park, opposite Palace Hotel.

A RESPECTABLE young Man wanted as BOOTS; good references. Apply 10 a.m. Tuesday, Steward, Reform Club.

A T Craggs', Castlereagh-st., nr. Bathurst-st.—Wanted, 2 Married Couples, gent.'s small families, suburbs and country, wages £70 and £80 per year, references required; also Female Cook, wages £1, city.

A T the Servants' Home, 83, Market-street, WANTED Young Person for bar and assist light housework, Newcastle; woman, with a child, as G. S., for Gosford; Parlour Maid, country; Laundress, hotel, £1; also H. Maid, 15s, country, good place.

A T 108, Bathurst-street, G. Institute.—Wanted, M. Couple—gardener, useful, wife C. and L.; man cook, wife housekeeper, country hotel; 2 Chinese Cooks; smart Buttons, for doctor's house; Youth, for country farm.

A T 108, Bathurst-street, G. Institute.—Wanted, 2 A. Cooks for hotel, 30s, city; Co. and Le., Redmyre, Burwood, Stanmore, 16s; superior Housemaid, Woollahra; 2 Housemaids, hotel, George-street; Laundress and Housemaid, Waitress; exp. Nurse and B., Darlinghurst; superior Widow, about 40, as Nurse, for Inverell; G. Servant and Housemaid, country hotel; N. Girls.

A FEW VACANCIES existing in the New South Wales Artillery for GUNNERS. Application may be made at the Artillery Brigade Office, Dawes Battery, daily between the hours of 10 and 11 a.m. Height, 5 feet 7 inches.
N.B.—References must be produced.
By order,
(Signed) A. H. P. SAVAGE,
Lieut. and Acting Adjutant,
N. S. W. A.
Artillery Brigade Office,
September 3rd, 1885.

BILLPOSTERS, good hands. Sydney and Suburban Bill-posting Company, 112, Pitt-street.

BOY wanted. 88, William-street.

BOYS wanted, to make themselves useful. 20, Francis-street, Hyde Park.

BOYS.—Wanted, a smart useful BOY. James Johnson and Co., 343 and 345, George-street.

BOYS wanted. Apply, at 9 o'clock this morning, Mark Foy, Oxford-street, Hyde Park.

COOK.—Good MAN wanted, for country; 12 o'clock. J. L. Castner and Co., Limited, 140, Pitt-street.

DOMESTICATED Mother's Help required, small family; wages 10s. A. B., Post-office, Double Bay.

DARLING POINT.—Wanted LAUNDRESS, assist housework. Apply Marivale, Annery, Brook Nook-road, Darling Point.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted, to attend on a widower and his son. Apply D. Kerrigan, 76, Eveleigh-st., Redfern.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted; references. 443, Riley-street, S. H.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted; also, Housemaid, to assist with children. Apply, after 9 o'clock, Mr. Wetherill, draper, Pitt-street.

HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID. Also, for summer residence in country, a GENERAL SERVANT, young. Apply at Heather Brae, M'Mahon's Point, North Shore.

LAUNDRESS, country; H. Maids, Laundress, Lady Helps, B. Maids, Gen. Servants, Mrs. Sheppards, Bellevue.

NURSE.—Wanted, a respectable GIRL, about 16. Oatley Castle Hotel, Edwardstown-st., Golden Grove.

PARLOUR MAID wanted, references. Mrs. Hinton, 31, Carlton-terrace, Wynyard-square.

RESPECTABLE BOY wanted, for office. Abbott and Allen, 611, Wentworth-court.

SMART YOUTH wanted. Vienna Confectionery, 56, William-street.

STRONG YOUTH wanted. Parry and Co., 694, George-street.

TEN or twelve Pick and Shovel MEN wanted. Duplication Line, Parramatta.

THOROUGH General SERVANT wanted. Minnesota, Johnston-street, Annandale.

TO FENCERS.—Wanted, a MAN to erect hardwood fence. New Buildings, Lower Fort-street.

USEFUL Man, 20s, found; young Man to drive, 15s, found, wanted. Colonial Labour Office, 104, Elizabeth-street, between King and Hunter streets.

WAITER wanted; first class man, with personal references. Langham Hotel, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a MAN as Cook. Apply 167, Lower George-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Mrs. Funnell, opposite Post-office, Darling-street, Balmain.

WANTED, General SERVANT, 4 in family, another kept. Edith Villa, Cameron's avenue, Darling-st., Balmain.

WANTED, BOY. Apply Royal Stadio, 71, William-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT, in small family. 6, Boman's-terrace, Waverley-road, Woollahra.

WANTED, a good General Servant; after 9. Willow Tree Inn, Liverpool and Castlereagh streets.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, to assist in housework. Mrs. Hopson, Chevy Chase, Boulevard, Petersham.

WANTED, young MAN used to kitchen work. Apply after 12 o'clock. Coffee Stall, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, respectable GIRL, to make herself generally useful. 38, Begg-street, Paddington.

WANTED, GIRL about 14, to Nurse. G. Angelini, 576, Har

Meetings.

CITY OF SYDNEY IMPROVEMENT BOARD.

A MEETING of the Board will be held on TUESDAY, the 13th Instant, at 3 o'clock p.m.

Business: Re-hearing, granted upon the application of Messrs. Creagh and Williams, solicitors for the owner, G. P. Slade, who is absent from the colony, of reference No. 104, received from the City Building Surveyor, in respect of buildings situated at the rear of No. 397, Kent-street, known as Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6.

FREDERIC C. ROOKE, Secretary.

Board Rooms, No. 35, Castlereagh-street, Sydney, 9th October, 1885.

Metropolitan Transit Commissioners' Office, 97, Phillip-street, Sydney, October 12, 1885.

THE usual Weekly MEETING of the Metropolitan Transit Commissioners will be held at 12 o'clock noon TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, 14th instant.

W. J. MERRIMAN, Registrar.

SYDNEY CLUB.—A Special General MEETING of the Members will be held on WEDNESDAY, 21st October, 1885, at 8 o'clock p.m.

A. BRYCE BAIN, Secretary.

SYDNEY UNIVERSITY UNION.—A special General MEETING will be held at Church Society's House, Phillip-st., on FRIDAY, Oct. 16th, at 8 p.m. Business: (1) To discuss advisability of appointing Special Correspondent for Mel. Univ. Review. (2.) To receive report of special entertainment committee, and take such action in matter as may be deemed necessary.

LOCAL OPTION LEAGUE.

A MEETING of persons favourable to the formation of a Branch in Petersham and Leichhardt will be held in Albert Hall, Parramatta-road, Petersham, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, October 13, at 8 o'clock.

Friends of Local Option please attend.

A Deputation from the Central League will be present.

E. J. H. KNAPP, Hon. Secretary.

THE COMMITTEES of the LOCAL OPTION LEAGUE and the POLITICAL COUNCIL of the UNITED TEMPERANCE ORGANISATIONS of New South Wales are respectfully requested to meet on URGENT POLITICAL BUSINESS at the Central Committee Rooms, Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, at 8 o'clock sharp on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, the 14th instant. A FULL MEETING is desired.

Business VERY IMPORTANT.

EDWARD J. H. KNAPP, Hon. Sec. Local Option League.

LOCAL OPTION LEAGUE AND ALL TEMPERANCE ORGANISATIONS.

A MASS MEETING of all TEMPERANCE WORKERS and FRIENDS of LOCAL OPTION are earnestly invited to attend at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, the 15th instant, at 4 o'clock, for the purpose of co-operating with the Committees and receiving instructions to carry out the work allotted to them at the City and Suburban Elections.

Do not fail to attend.

EDWARD J. H. KNAPP, Hon. Sec. Local Option League.

TO MASTER BAKERS.—A Special MEETING of the Bakers of Sydney and Suburbs will be held within the Gardeners' Arms Hotel, York-street, at half-past 8 o'clock on the evening of SATURDAY the 17th instant.

Business of vital interest to the trade. By request.

ROBERT LECKIE, Regent-street.

THE EIGHT HOURS' DEMONSTRATION.—Committee meet at Punch's Swan with Two Necks Hotel, TUESDAY EVENING, 7.30. Full attendance requested.

W. FERRIER, General Secretary.

A GENERAL MEETING of all Orangemen residing in the Canterbury Electorate will be held in the School of Arts, Ashfield, THIS EVENING, at 8 sharp.

By order of the Committee.

SYDNEY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

MONS. KOWALSKI, Conductor.

An Adjourned MEETING, for the Election of Officers and Committee for the ensuing nine months, will be held at the High School, Castlereagh-street, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock precisely.

JOHN LIGGINS, Acting Hon. Sec.

LOYAL ORANGE INSTITUTION OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

A General MEETING of the Members of the Institution will be held in the Protestant Hall THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7.30 o'clock sharp. In consequence of the General Meeting, the Regular Monthly Meeting of the Grand Lodge will not be held on Tuesday night.

T. JESSEP, Grand Secretary.

MASONIC.—LODGE OXFORD, No. 22, N.S.W.—Usual Monthly MEETING TO-NIGHT, in the New Masonic Hall, Castlereagh-street, at 7.30 o'clock.

MASONIC.—Zetland Lodge, 655, E.C.—Monthly Meeting THIS EVENING, 7.30. C. STEWART, Secretary.

I. O. O. F. DEMONSTRATION and Opening of New Hall.—Lodge Delegates meet in old Hall on WEDNESDAY, 14th, at 7.30 sharp.

A. McGUIRE, R. CASHIN, Secs.

NO. 5 STARR-BOWKETT BUILDING SOCIETY.

The Fifth Annual MEETING will be held at the Office, Pitt-street, on MONDAY EVENING, October 26, at 7.30 p.m., to receive Report and balance-sheet, elect Directors and Auditors, and such other business as may be brought forward in accordance with rules.

Candidates for office must be nominated in writing to the secretary seven clear days before the date of election.

W. J. CLARKE, Secretary.

NO. 6 STARR BOWKETT BUILDING SOCIETY.

A BALLOT for the advance of £300 THIS EVENING, at 9 o'clock.

Shares applied for prior to same will participate.

Applications received daily, and on TUESDAY EVENINGS, from 7 to 9 p.m.

W. J. CLARKE, Sec., 277, Pitt-street.

NO. 5 STARR BOWKETT BUILDING SOCIETY.

A SALE of the Right to an Advance of £600 THIS EVENING, at 9 o'clock.

W. J. CLARKE, Sec.

THE SYDNEY MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fortieth Half-yearly MEETING of the Proprietors of the Sydney Marine Assurance Company will be held on THURSDAY, the 15th day of October, at the Company's Office, 247, George-street, Sydney, at 11.30 a.m., to receive the Report of the Directors for the half-year ending the 30th September; to elect a Director in the room of Richard Jones, Esq., who retires in conformity with clause 38 of the Deed of Settlement, but is eligible for re-election; to elect an Auditor in the room of George Durham, Esq., who retires by rotation; and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting in terms of the Deed of Settlement.

By order of the Board.

P. J. CLARK, Manager.

Sydney, 23rd September, 1885.

By the 40th clause of the Deed of Settlement, Proprietors becoming Candidates for the Office of Director are required to give fourteen clear days' notice thereof to the Board of Directors in writing, to be left with the Manager, at the Company's Office.

SYDNEY MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

A Special General MEETING of the Shareholders of the Sydney Marine Assurance Company will be held at the Company's Office, 247, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 15th day of October, 1885, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of considering a proposition which will then be submitted, of which due notice has been given, by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, for dissolving and winding-up the Company, re-insuring outstanding risks and transferring the Goodwill and Business thereof to another Company.

By order of the Board,

P. J. CLARK, Manager.

Sydney, 22nd September, 1885.

BROKEN HILL SOUTH SILVER-MINING COMPANY, Limited.

An Adjourned General MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Chamber of Commerce on TUESDAY NEXT, the 13th instant, at 3 p.m.

1. To confirm minutes of meeting held the 6th instant.
2. To adopt Articles of Association.
3. To transact any other business that may be needful for the due formation and registration of the Company.

By order,

J. MULLENS, Broker to the Company.

Eldon-chambers, 92, Pitt-street, Sydney, 7th, October 1885.

RAVENSWOOD SILVER-MINING COMPANY Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Adjourned Annual General MEETING of this Company will be held at NOON on TUESDAY, October 13th, at the Chamber of Commerce, Exchange, Sydney, when the following business will be submitted for consideration:—

1. Payment of 10 per cent. interest to shareholders.
2. Election of two Directors in lieu of Messrs. W. W. Richardson and Russell Barton, M.L.A., both of whom retire, but are eligible for re-election.
3. Election of two Auditors in lieu of Messrs. J. C. Taylor and A. C. Johnson, both of whom retire, but are eligible for re-election.
4. Notice of Motion anent the erection of smelting furnaces by the Company.

By order of the Board.

GEORGE HARDIE, Manager.

Sydney, September 16, 1885.

The undermentioned duly-qualified shareholders have given the requisite notice that they are Candidates for Election as Directors at the above meeting:—

RUSSELL BARTON, M.L.A.
W. W. RICHARDSON.
HENRY KING.

GEORGE HARDIE, Manager.

RAVENSWOOD SILVER MINING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby Given that a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of this Company will be held on TUESDAY, October 13th proximo, at 12.30 p.m. (or immediately after the Adjourned Annual General Meeting), at the Chamber of Commerce, Exchange, Sydney, to consider the following business them to be submitted, notice of which has been given:—

1. That a Local Board of Directors be appointed to sit and manage the affairs of the Company in Ravenswood.
2. The advisability of securing a site for smelting works and dressing machinery on the creek at the north of the Company's property, as shown on sketch handed to Captain Dunstan, as it is impossible to dress the slimes without having a proper got-away for the refuse.
3. The advisability of securing more mining property on the north and west of the freehold.

By order of the Board.

GEORGE HARDIE, Manager.

Sydney, September 16, 1885.

UNRESERVED CLEARANCE SALE.—EDROP ESTATE, Burwood, THIS DAY, at 11.30 a.m., at the Rooms, 88, Pitt-street. Splendid LAND, adjoining the Park. Plans from BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

LYNDHURST ESTATE, next Wentworth Park. 120 LOTS Next MONDAY. Richardson and Wrench.

ARNCLIFFE.—Mansions are going up herein. Waltara Heights next SATURDAY. Richardson and Wrench.

DOLROYDE ESTATE, Ashfield, THIS DAY, at 3 p.m. WIDE ROADS, DEEP LOTS, HIRE (LAND; title to be TORRENS' Act; 10 per cent. deposit, 7 years' terms; size of lots, 60 x 150. BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

Parliamentary Elections.

TO THE ELECTORS OF PARRAMATTA.

Gentlemen,—Parliament having been dissolved, I beg to offer myself as a candidate for the representation of Parramatta.

Personally I require no introduction to you, as there are few persons in the electorate to whom I am not known; and from a life-long residence amongst you, I am thoroughly conversant with the requirements of the borough.

The confusion in politics which the retirement of Sir A. Stuart and Mr. Dalley has brought about is in itself a sufficient warrant for anyone wishing well of his country to come forward and offer to bear a part in placing its affairs on a sounder footing, and it is on this account that I feel justified in soliciting your suffrages.

I am favourable to the leading principles of the Local Government, Health, and Noxious Trades Bills which were before the last Parliament.

The Civil Service Act, in my opinion, requires considerable amendments in order to satisfy the equitable claims of a great number of officers, who under the terms of the present measure are, as I consider, justified in conceiving they are labouring under a grievance.

I am of opinion that the practice of hurriedly sanctioning the expenditure of enormous sums of money for railway construction is dangerous and unconstitutional, and should be discontinued. I am therefore in favour of exhaustively examining all projects for the construction of new lines before the country is committed to the expenditure involved, especially as it is evident that some of the lines proposed are warranted neither by the present requirements nor by the future prospects of the districts which they are alleged to serve. The question of removing anomalies in the tariff is one which should engage the attention of Parliament, since the taxing of raw materials used by manufacturers in the colony, while the manufactured article made from the same material comes in duty-free, cannot be justified either on the grounds of Free Trade, Protection, or common sense. Should I meet with your confidence, I would strenuously urge on the Government the advisability of rendering the upper waters of the Parramatta navigable, either by dredging the channel or locking the stream at some suitable spot.

If you do me the honour of electing me as representative of my native town, I pledge myself to endeavour to promote your interests, and at the same time give that attention to the general business of the country that the present crisis in its affairs demands.

I have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
WILLIAM J. FERRIS.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF REDFERN.

A Public MEETING of the Electors will take place at noon THIS DAY, the 13th day of October, at the Town Hall, Pitt-street, Redfern, for the Nomination of three members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the Electoral District of Redfern. In the event of more than three Candidates being Nominated, and a Poll demanded, the Polling will take place on FRIDAY, the 16th, at the Town Hall, Redfern; Town Hall, Waterloo; Town Hall, Alexandria; and the Mechanics' Hall, Botany.

GEO. RENWICK, Returning Officer.

TO THE ELECTORS OF REDFERN.

Gentlemen,—I have the honour to inform you that I am a Candidate for re-election as one of your representatives in the new Parliament.

You are aware that in the numerous and ineffectual assaults made upon my late colleagues and myself in the last session, I was singled out for special abuse and misrepresentation. I regarded these attacks with indifference, because I knew I could afford to treat them with the contempt they deserved. They were intended not only to prejudice my public actions, but my private character. I met them, I trust, in a proper spirit, and Parliament, by a large majority, defeated the objects of those who sought to take our places by blackening our characters.

I have accepted in the new Administration a different office to that which I held in the last. I have done this in order to put an end to attacks which were made against me on the ground that my private business relations were incompatible with the occupation of my late office. I am not conscious that there is anything in these relations that justify the slanderous attacks made against me. I defied my opponents to point to a single instance in the administration of the Works Department to support their charges. But as I desire only to be useful to the country, it is a matter of unimportance to me which office of the Government I fill.

I have nothing to say to you in justification of my public life. "It has been open and before you" since you last honoured me with your confidence. From that time to the last day of the existence of the late Parliament, the Government of which I was a member possessed the confidence of a large majority in Parliament. My opinions are known to you, and have remained unchanged. I shall have the honour and pleasure of meeting you in all parts of the electorate before the day of nomination, and will give the fullest explanation upon all subjects that engage public attention.

I remain,
Yours faithfully,
F. A. WRIGHT.

Carisbrook, Pitt-street, Redfern.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

The Hon.
F. A. WRIGHT
will Address the Electors
THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING,
at the
SCHOOL OF ARTS, BOTANY, at 7.30 p.m.,
H. Westcott, Esq., J.P., in the chair.

A Local Committee will be formed after the meeting.

A. H. BRAY } Hon.
W. SMITH } Secs.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

The Hon. F. A. WRIGHT'S COMMITTEE
will please meet at the
TOWN HALL, REDFERN,
THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp.

BUSINESS VERY IMPORTANT.

EVERY MEMBER PLEASE ATTEND.

A. H. BRAY } Hon.
W. SMITH } Secs.

TO THE ELECTORS OF REDFERN.

Dr. ARTHUR RENWICK
will
ADDRESS THE ELECTORS OF REDFERN,
on
WEDNESDAY, October the 14th,
at the
TENNYSON HOTEL, BOTANY,
at 7.30 p.m.

Also,
at the
WATERWORKS HOTEL, BOTANY,
at 8.30 p.m.

EVERY ELECTOR INVITED TO BE PRESENT.

J. T. INGLIS } Hon.
G. C. TAYLOR } Secretaries.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

DR. RENWICK'S
CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS,
REDFERN CONGREGATIONAL SCHOOLROOM,
GEORGE and CLEVELAND STREETS,
REDFERN.

SECRETARIES in ATTENDANCE
from
9 a.m. till 10 p.m. daily,
to
GIVE INFORMATION.

J. T. INGLIS, } Hon.
G. C. TAYLOR, } Secretaries.

ELECTORS OF REDFERN.

RECOGNISE INTELLIGENCE
and
ABILITY,
and
VOTE
for
Dr. ARTHUR RENWICK.

ELECTORS OF REDFERN.

VOTE
for
Dr. ARTHUR RENWICK,
WHO STANDS
on
HIS OWN MERITS.

ELECTORS OF REDFERN.

VOTE
for
Dr. ARTHUR RENWICK,
the
INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

WORKING MEN,
RALLY ROUND YOUR TRUE FRIEND,
DR. ARTHUR RENWICK,
and
VOTE
for him.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

A SPECIAL MEETING
of
Dr. ARTHUR RENWICK'S COMMITTEE
will
BE HELD
at
THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS,
George-street,
REDFERN,
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING,
at 7 o'clock.

A FULL ATTENDANCE REQUESTED.

BUSINESS OF IMPORTANCE.

J. T. INGLIS } Hon. Secretaries.
G. C. TAYLOR }

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

Dr. RENWICK'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS,
Redfern Congregational Schoolrooms,
George and Cleveland streets,
Redfern.

J. T. INGLIS } Hon.
G. C. TAYLOR } Secs.

ELECTORATE OF REDFERN.

Dr. ARTHUR RENWICK will address the Electors at the following places:—

On WEDNESDAY, October 14, at Botany, at 7.70 p.m., Tennyson Hotel; at 8.30 p.m., Waterworks Hotel.

For the Committee.

J. T. INGLIS } Hon.
G. C. TAYLOR } Secs.

ELECTORS OF REDFERN.

At G. Amos's Botany Bay Inn, THIS DAY, the 13th, at 7 p.m., and on the same date at Wood's Captain Cook Hotel, at 8.30 p.m.

At the Town Hall, Redfern, on THURSDAY, the 15th, at 8 p.m., on which occasion his Worship the Mayor of Redfern will preside.

DARCY LEIGH, Hon. Sec.

FIVE QUIRES NOTEPAPER for sixpence. Cole's Book Arcade, 266, George-street.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

Mr. THOS. M. WILLIAMSON
will
ADDRESS YOU
at the
Wellington Hotel, George-street, Waterloo,
on
WEDNESDAY, the 14th
at 7.30 p.m. sharp.

At the
Man of Kent Hotel,
Redfern and Morehead streets
Redfern,
THE SAME DATE,
at 8.30 p.m.

Mr. THOS. M. WILLIAMSON'S COMMITTEE
will MEET at the
Central Committee Rooms,
Hodge's Forester's Arms Hotel,
corner
Turner and Bullanaming streets,
on
TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY EVENING.,
13th and 14th, at 7.30 o'clock.

The Committee will make final arrangements on WEDNESDAY EVENING, therefore Cab Owners, Scrutineers, &c., must attend to receive their Tickets on that evening.

DARCY LEIGH } Hon. Secs.
W. C. COLEMAN }

TO THE ELECTORS OF REDFERN.

MR. J. A. MARTIN
will address you as follows:—

TO-NIGHT, Tuesday,
Foresters' Hall, Botany-street, Waterloo, 8 sharp.

TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY:
Man of Kent Hotel, corner Morehead and Redfern streets, 7 p.m.
Guerin's Half Way Hotel, Botany-road, 8.30 p.m.

Local Committees will be formed after each meeting.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

Mr. JOHN P. MARTIN'S GENERAL COMMITTEE
will meet
EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK
in upstairs room,
FORESTERS' HALL, BOTANY-STREET.

I will be in attendance all day, to give any information required.

Electors wishing to join committee please attend at room.

W. FARRAR, Hon. Sec.

TO THE ELECTORS
of
REDFERN.

W. STEPHEN
will
ADDRESS the ELECTORS of REDFERN
as follows:—

TUESDAY:
Heslip's Balcony,
at 7.15.
Near Half-way House, Gardener's-lane, Botany-road.
M'Inerney's Hotel, Botany and Redfern streets,
8.15 p.m.

WEDNESDAY:
Glengarry Hotel, Wells-street and Abercrombie-street,
at 7.15.
Australian Eleven Hotel,
Elizabeth-street, Redfern,
at 8.15 p.m.

THURSDAY:
Man of Kent Hotel,
Morehead-street and Redfern-street,
at 7.15.
Prince of Wales Hotel,
Raglan and Cooper streets,
at 8.15.

EVERY ELECTOR INVITED.

C. MOORE } Hon. Secs.
A. BRAGG }

ELECTORATE OF REDFERN.

STEPHEN, and the WORKING MAN.
STEPHEN, and NO HUMBUG.
STEPHEN, who will represent you.

ELECTORATE OF REDFERN.

STEPHEN, WHO WILL HELP THE WORKING MAN.
VOTE FOR HIM.

ELECTORATE OF REDFERN.

STEPHEN, and FAIR PLAY.
VOTE FOR HIM.

ELECTORATE OF REDFERN.

STEPHEN'S Central Committee Room is at the Foresters' Hall, Botany-street.

C. MOORE } Hon.
A. BRAGG } Secs.

STEPHEN FOR THE REDFERN ELECTORATE and the EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

THE HON. JOHN SUTHERLAND FOR REDFERN.

A General MEETING of his Committee will be held at the Central Committee Rooms, Congregational Schoolroom, George and Cleveland streets, Redfern, WEDNESDAY EVENING, 14th instant, at 8 o'clock sharp.

Business: To make arrangements for Polling Day.

A. TORNING } Hon. Secs.
T. J. CHAPMAN }

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

Hon. JOHN SUTHERLAND
will
ADDRESS THE ELECTORS
as follows:—

TOWN HALL, ALEXANDRIA,
THIS DAY, TUESDAY, 13th,
8 o'clock p.m.

Charles Jesson, Esq., Mayor of Alexandria,
will take the chair.

THURSDAY, 15th,
at
TOWN HALL, WATERLOO.

The Mayor of Waterloo will take the chair.

A. TORNING } Hon.
T. J. CHAPMAN } Secs.

REDFERN ELECTORATE.

Hon. JOHN SUTHERLAND'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS.
Redfern Congregational Schoolroom,
George and Cleveland streets,
Redfern.

THOS. J. CHAPMAN } Hon.
A. TORNING } Secs.

ELECTORATE OF REDFERN.

The Hon. JOHN SUTHERLAND
will Address the Electors at the following places, viz.:—

THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, TOWN HALL, ALEXANDRIA, at 8 o'clock.

THURSDAY, TOWN HALL, WATERLOO, at 8 o'clock.

ANDREW TORNING } Hon.
THOMAS J. CHAPMAN } Secs.

SILVER WATER.—The great day for the Workingman will be next Saturday, the 17th. See page 16.

Books, Publications, &c

SCHOOL BOOKS,

Sold in all cases at
ENGLISH PRICES,
are kept in endless variety, and in quantity sufficient to meet all demands, no matter how large.

Public Examination and University Text Books can always be supplied.

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CLASSIFIED CATALOGUES for 1885 POST FREE.

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CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS;

or,

DECLINE AND ITS SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT,

showing that formidable disease to be curable in all its stages, with observations on
COUGHS, ASTHMA, CHRONIC BRONCHITIS, &c.,

By
GEORGE THOMAS CONGREVE,
of Peckham, London, S.E.

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SYDNEY,

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N.B.—230,000 Sold in England.

JUST PUBLISHED.

GREENLAND'S LAND INVESTORS' GUIDE.

Tables showing at one view the value of land per acre, from 50 feet to 215 feet depth, and from 1d to £6 per foot.

Price 2s 6d, post free 2s 8d.

Extract from the Sydney Morning Herald, October 2:—

"We have received from Mr. E. Cole, bookseller, a copy of Greenland's Land Investors' Guide, a handy little work for the use of persons purchasing land. The guide consists of a number of tables showing at one view the value of land per acre, from 50 feet to 215 feet in depth, and from 1d to £6 per foot for frontages ranging from 200 feet to 871 feet."

EDWARD E. COLE, Book Arcade, 354, George-street, between King-street and the Post Office.

WINSOR AND NEWTON'S ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

A complete stock at C. E. FULLER and COMPANY'S Stationery Hall, 365 and 367, George-street.

WAYTON, House Painter, Paperhanger, Glazier, Church Window Maker, &c., 491, George-street.

W. R. PALING and CO., Limited, 356, George-street.—The best assorted stock of MUSIC in Australia.

MADDOCK'S Select Library, 381, George-street.—The Newest Books by every mail. Terms on application.

COPYING, COPYING.—Manuscripts rapidly and accurately copied with the Writing-machine. 55, Royal Arcade.

WASTE PAPER for SALE. Apply Mr. Judson, Herald Office.

Houses and Land for Sale.

WALTARA HEIGHTS, ARNCLIFFE.

CHOICE SUBDIVISION, 200 LOTS.

ONLY 300 YARDS FROM STATION.

GOOD FRONTAGES. LIBERAL DEPTHS.

ARNCLIFFE IS ONLY FIVE MILES.

ARNCLIFFE FOR ELEVATION and VIEWS.

MANSIONS ARE BEING FINISHED.

TERMS—SMALL DEPOSIT, balance over 3 years.

SALE NEXT SATURDAY, at 3 p.m.

TITLE WILL BE TORRENS'.

FREE SPECIAL TRAIN. Get Ticket and Litho.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Auctioneers.

REMEMBER,—£200,000 to be spent close to Manly Water Frontages.

LYNDHURST, WENTWORTH PARK.

120 BUILDING ALLOTMENTS,
fronting
PYRMONT BRIDGE-ROAD
BELLEVUE-STREET
and the
PARK.

FREEHOLD LOTS.

Easy terms. Lithos. ready.

TRUSTEES' SALE.

At their Rooms, at 11.30 a.m.

NEXT MONDAY, 19th OCTOBER.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

ARNCLIFFE.—GREAT LAND SALE next SATURDAY. Free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

GRANVILLE.—Stimson's Subdivision, next Saturday. Free Tickets. No Interest. Richardson and Wrench.

NO INTEREST charged on 90 per cent. of the purchase-money at GRANVILLE LAND SALE (Stimson's Subdivision), on the hill, Woodville-road, at 3 p.m. NEXT SATURDAY, 17th instant. Deposit only 10 per cent. Get Lithos. and free tickets.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

RAILWAY TO NORTH WILLOUGHBY.

The TENDERS will SOON be called for.

SALE of the RAILWAY JUNCTION ESTATE (the pick of all Willoughby Park) is on the Ground at 3 p.m., NEXT SATURDAY, 17th instant.

On 10 per cent. deposit, balance over three years at 6 per cent. Torrens' Title.

Free 'buses at 2.30, from Milson's Point.

Refreshments provided.

*** Large Allotments, good soil, level land, and only five minutes' from the JUNCTION of RAILWAY LINES.

No doubt the Bridge to connect the city with North Shore will be erected in a few years. What will land at North Willoughby be worth then!

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

CALL for PLAN and Ticket for OXFORD PARK Sale. HARDIE and GORMAN, 133, Pitt-street.

GOSFORD.

MODEL FARMS.

A 5-ACRE BLOCK
for
40s MONTHLY.

Now that the OVERLAND ROUTE is opened up, intending purchasers can inspect this rich agricultural property without going round by sea.

Plans and pamphlets from

BOYD and KING, Auctioneers, 98, Pitt-street.

REMEMBER,—Manly Water Frontages SALE, 17th October. Litho. and free ticket, 80a, Pitt-street.

UNRESERVED CLEARANCE SALE.—EDROP ESTATE, Burwood, THIS DAY, at 11.30 a.m., at the Rooms, 88, Pitt-street. Splendid LAND, adjoining the Park. Plans from BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

CALL for PLAN and Ticket for OXFORD PARK Sale. HARDIE and GORMAN, 133, Pitt-street.

MANLY, MANLY, MANLY.—Only Water Frontages for SALE.

AUBURN-ROAD, Auburn.—For SALE, 2 semi-detached COTTAGES, let at 15s a week each; to be sold cheap; terms or cash.

W. HALFNIGHT, Mullin-street, Balmain.

LANE COVE-ROAD.—100 Acres, Fedden's Wharf-road. The cheapest block in the market
Ditto. 40 Acres, just beyond the Public School, right on the railway line
LANE COVE RIVER (Onions Point). Splendid Building Site, 800 feet frontage to water.
Ditto. Cottage Residence, water frontage, 9 rooms, &c.; land, 120 x 270 feet
Ditto. Cottage, 6 rooms; land, 60 x 250 feet
ROCKDALE. Close to the station, splendid Business Site, 150 feet x 165 feet
Ditto. Building Site, 5 minutes from station, 100 feet x 150 feet
Ditto (Ocean View Estate). Block of Land, 132 feet x 200 feet deep, close to station and Saywell's tramway. Splendid views. Torrens' title.

H. M. MILLS and CO., 98, King-street.

FOR SALE, TERRACE of four superior Houses, at a reasonable price; the owner is about to leave the colony; 8 minutes by train from Redfern Station. J. H. M. Radford, Botany-street, Waverley.

CALL for PLAN and Ticket for OXFORD PARK Sale. HARDIE and GORMAN, 133, Pitt-street.

BURWOOD.

For SALE, or to LET, the Family RESIDENCE, with good area of ground, in CHARLES-STREET, BURWOOD, just erected for WILLIAM HUGHES, Esq. Apply to HARDIE and GORMAN, Pitt-street.

HEIGHTS PENNANT HILLS.

For SALE, excellent Family RESIDENCE, every convenience, stables, &c., together with 12 acres land, comprising excellent orange and summer fruit orchard.

Only 20 minutes' drive from Parramatta railway station.

Inspection invited.

W. A. BRODIE, Auctioneer, Parramatta.

PARRAMATTA.

ORCHARDFIELD.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

This splendid Property, situate on the boundary of Town of Parramatta, contains an area of 23 acres 37 perches, nearly all planted with a magnificent orchard, comprising all the choicest kinds of orange, mandarin, and summer fruits, from which is derived a large income.

On the property is a small Residence with convenient outbuildings.

This Estate almost adjoins Oatlands, the residence of Brindley Bettington, Esq., and commands extensive views of the town and district of Parramatta.

W. A. BRODIE, Auctioneer, Parramatta.

HURSTVILLE.—Waitara Park, on SATURDAY, October 24. Easiest terms. Richardson and Wrench.

MANLY WATER FRONTAGES.—Robey's Auction SALE, 17th October, 3.30.

GOSFORD.—The very best spot in this town is a BLOCK in front of the Station. There is only one Gosford, and you will regret next year when you think you could have bought main road frontage for £3 a foot, and the best unsold corners in the town for £4 a foot, 4 years' terms; four steamers.

C. J. FACHE, Montague-chambers, Elizabeth and Hunter streets.

NORTH SHORE.—Call on undersigned for splendid investments, central. Hogg and Co., Mount-street.

FOR SALE, 3 HOUSES, Woolloomooloo, rental £111 10s, £1100. W. S. White, Metropolitan-chamb., Market-st.

MILSON'S POINT, NORTH SHORE.

For SALE, MERRYMBEULA, a detached residence, containing 8 large rooms, with nearly ½ an acre of land; splendid position, within 5 minutes of ferry.

WALTER G. ROBEY, 11, Bridge-street.

FOR SALE, a four-roomed W. B. COTTAGE, nice garden, cheap; a bargain; land, 34.6 by 85. For particulars, apply to Mr. Childs, Evans-street, Balmain.

BELMORE.—Grand Subdivision BLOCK, 70 acres. Another, 30 acres. £30 per acre. Blizzard, Arcade.

BANKSTOWN.—20 Acres LAND, close to proposed station, £75 per acre. Blizzard, 57, Arcade.

NORTH SHORE.—Water Frontage, near Ferry, 86 x 115, reclamation rights secured; £13 per ft. Blizzard.

NORTH SHORE.—100 acres, 16 acres, 15 acres, 4 acres; all well situated. Blizzard, 57, Sydney Arcade.

TWO Acres of LAND for SALE, and COTTAGE, near station, £350. Redmyre, Herald Office.

ROCKWALL-ST., Potts' Point.—25 feet frontage, site for a city mansion, £300. S. Graham, Box 915.

TO MANUFACTURERS, WAREHOUSEMEN, and Others.—For SALE or to be LET on 50 years' Building Lease, that valuable SITE on North-terrace, opposite the Adelaide Railway Station Goods Shed—Land, 145 x 180 feet, and private road. The above situation is most eligible for wool warehouses, bulk stores, factories, &c. To be Let, on 50-years' Building Lease, 54 feet to Grenfell-street, by depth of 180 feet, with private roads to Grenfell and Rundle streets; also 90 feet to Grenfell-street x 90 feet to Twin-street. The above pieces of land adjoin the new Adelaide Arcade, and by their immediate proximity to the centre of the retail trade of the city, are the first positions available for warehousemen and others. Apply F. J. BECK and CO., Imperial-chambers, Adelaide.

HURSTVILLE.—For SALE, a first-class Brick COTTAGE, on stone, newly built, of the best materials, and well finished. Apply Wm. Minnette, Green Bank Nursery, Hurstville.

HOUSES and LAND, city, every suburb; choice Allotments, Manly, cheap; terms. Trotter, 78, King-st.

CITY LAND, No. 78, Bathurst-street, 29 feet by 71, Torrens' title, £75 foot. Gibson, 187, Castlereagh-street.

HURSTVILLE.—Waitara Park, on SATURDAY, October 24. Easiest terms. Richardson and Wrench.

FOR SALE, a really first-class property, HOUSE, containing 6 good rooms, laundry fitted with copper, washtrays, force-pump, bathroom with plunge and shower, 3 pantries, verandahs front and rear, gas laid on, plenty water, large area of land with garden in full bearing at rear; must be sold; a bargain; 3 minutes from station. Apply E. Hawkins, grocer, near Burwood station.

MANLY.—For SALE, 4 W. B. Cottages, each containing 4 rooms, fenced in, and always let to good tenants at 12s per week each; price, £1100.

R. EVANS, Manly.

MANLY.—For SALE, 17½ Acres, with Cottage, at Pittwater, with water frontage, price, £700. R. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, brick Cottage, Addison-rd., 5 minutes from pier, price £1300. R. Evans, Manly.

MANLY.—For SALE, best Water Frontage in Manly, 117 x 350, price £35 per foot, easy terms. R. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, grand Business Site, on Corso, the main thoroughfare, price £60 per foot. R. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, pretty NOOK, fronting the harbour, 55 x 140, only £15 foot. R. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, grand elevated corner LOT, Addison-road and Stuart-street, £15 foot. R. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, 100 x 140, fronting Wood-st., splendid view harbour, £10 10s foot. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, two of the finest Blocks on the Queenscliff Estate, cheap. R. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, 2 Lots, close to Hon. Dalley's mansion, each 50 x 107, only £3 15s foot. R. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, LEASE of 40 Acres under cultivation, 4 years to run; good house, low rent. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, 12 LOTS, each 22ft. frontage; only £15 each, £1 deposit, 3s week. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, 3 Lots, each 50 x 160; grand views; only £2 10s foot, easy terms. R. Evans, Manly.

MANLY.—Buyers of Land conveyed gratis by buggy to inspect before purchasing by Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, nearly 2 Acres, fenced, and creek running through it, £475, suit poultry farm. Evans.

MANLY.—Buy LAND in our village. It is rising rapidly. Call and see R. Evans, agent.

MANLY.—For SALE, good Lot, 27 x 120, fronting main Sydney road, worth £5 foot; price, only £3 10s. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, near the Spit, Middle Harbour, corner LOT, 99 x 150; price, £100 lot. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, W. B. 4-roomed Cottage, Thornton's Hill; price, £275, £50 down, balance rent. Evans.

MANLY.—LAND in 11-acre blocks for SALE, by lease, for 3 to 5 years, with Cottage. Apply early. R. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, grand elevated corner LOT, Addison-road and Stuart-street, £15 foot. R. Evans.

MANLY.—For SALE, 100 x 140, fronting Wood-st., splendid view harbour, £10 10s foot. Evans.

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MANLY.—For SALE, 3 Lots, each 50 x 160; grand views; only £2 10s foot, easy terms. R. Evans, Manly.

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MANLY.—Buy LAND in our village. It is rising rapidly. Call and see R. Evans, agent.

Stock, Shares, and Money.

LONDON MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT BANK,
109, ELIZABETH-STREET (next High School).
Oldest Established Office in the Colonies.
L. LIPMAN, J.P., Manager.
ADVANCES promptly made upon Bills of Sale (without possession), the security of one or two householders, Freehold and Leasehold Properties (without expense of mortgage), Legacies, and all available securities.
Bills discounted daily at lowest rates.
All communications and interviews strictly CONFIDENTIAL.
Forms gratis. Address—The Secretary.
Office hours: 9 to 6 p.m.; Saturday and Monday evenings, 6to8.

VICTORIAN MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT COMPANY,
724, GEORGE-STREET, HAYMARKET.
E. H. STOREY, Manager.
Those requiring assistance will consult their OWN INTERESTS by applying at the above office before going elsewhere. The LOWEST RATE of interest is charged. CASH ADVANCES within SIX hours on FURNITURE, P. Ns., FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES.
Repayments to SUIT CONVENIENCE of Borrowers.
Persons borrowing £5 receive £4 12s 6d, and so any amount.
Office hours: 9 to 8 p.m.; Monday and Saturday evenings, 6 to 8.

THE FEDERAL BUILDING SOCIETY
and SAVINGS INSTITUTE,
CORNER of KING and PITT STREETS.
MONEY TO ANY AMOUNT
at the CHEAPEST RATE,
on the SHORTEST NOTICE,
and EXCEPTIONALLY ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS.
ARTHUR R. NOTT,
Resident Secretary.

MONEY ADVANCED to persons entitled under wills, legacies, reversions, annuities, remittances from England, the colonies, or elsewhere; same collected through guaranteed London agent. GUSTAV HIRSCH, 80, Sussex-street.

BROKEN HILLS, Pinnacles, Day Dreams, Lubras, Union, Fed. Banks bought. Wilder, Griffiths, Collins-st., Mel.

MONEY TO LEND ON MORTGAGE of freeholds in large and small sums at 6 and 7 per cent. £1000 ready for investment as above.
GREVILLE J. LEWIS,
CONVEYANCER,
Fitz-Evan-chambers, 50, Castlereagh-street.

THE ADVERTISER, having a large capital at his disposal, is prepared to make immediate Cash ADVANCES to persons in want of accommodation, at an extremely low rate of interest, on all descriptions of securities, without the necessity of a bill of sale, or any publicity whatever. All communications strictly private. Confidence, Box 293, General Post Office.

CIVIL SERVICE BUILDING SOCIETY.
Offices: 184, Pitt-street, Sydney.
The Society is receiving Money on Fixed Deposit at the following rates:—
6 MONTHS at 6 PER CENT.
12 MONTHS at 7 PER CENT.
W. S. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

ANGLO-AUSTRALIAN INVESTMENT, FINANCE and LAND COMPANY, Limited.
Capital—£500,000.

Subscribed Capital	... ...	£150,000
Reserve Fund	... ...	20,000

HEAD OFFICE—163, PITT-STREET, SYDNEY.
Directors:
HENRY GORMAN, Esq., J.P., Chairman
Hon. F. A. WRIGHT, M.P., J.P., Vice-Chairman
BENJAMIN JAMES, Esq.
C. C. SKARRATT, Esq., J.P.
J. H. NEWMAN, Esq.
Hon. W. J. TRICKETT, M.P.
BANKERS:
Union Bank of Australia, Limited.
OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY:
To receive money on deposit
To invest in freehold and leasehold property
To make advances on freehold and leasehold securities
Money received on deposit to any amount.
RATES OF INTEREST:
Deposits at call, without notice, 5 per cent.
Ditto, at 3 months, 5½ per cent.
Ditto, at 6 months, 6 per cent.
Ditto, at 12 months, 7 per cent.
(Interest paid half-yearly).
CURRENT ACCOUNTS BEARING INTEREST.
Current or drawing accounts are also opened with trading firms and private persons, according to the usual practice of bankers, but with the important exception that interest is allowed on the daily balance at the rate of FIVE PER CENT. per annum.
These accounts are operated on by cheque books, obtainable at the office of the company.
TO DEPOSITORS.
The company offer the very best security, as the whole of the funds of the company are invested in or lent upon city and suburban freehold and leasehold properties, which undoubtedly form the most stable of all investments.
The Company's Prospectus, obtainable on application at the offices of the Company, near General Post Office, 163, Pitt-street, Sydney.
WILLIAM CLARKE, Manager.

ADVERTISER Advances large or small sums Money to all persons in temporary difficulties, on jewellery, bills of sale, freehold properties, &c., lowest rates. Address Silence, Box 1023, G.P.O.

MONEY to LEND on approved security. JONES and JONES, 77, Pitt-street, Sydney.

CITY AND COUNTY INVESTMENT, LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, Limited.
Capital, £100,000, in 100,000 Shares of £1 each.
Offices: 327, Pitt-street.
Directors:

Jacob Garrard, Esq., M.L.A., Chairman	Fred. R. Bretnall, Esq., Vice-Chairman
Thomas Lockwood, Esq., J.P.	Charles F. Wymer, Esq.
John C. Hamilton, Esq.	F. W. Middleton, Managing Director.

Deposits received at the following rates:—
For 12 months, 7 per cent. per annum
6 ditto, 6 ditto ditto ditto
3 ditto, 5 ditto ditto ditto.
AT CALL.
Withdrawable at any time,
WITHOUT NOTICE,
3 per cent. per annum.
F. W. MIDDLETON,
Managing Director.

METROPOLITAN LOAN AND DISCOUNT BANK,
Castlereagh-street, opposite Metropolitan Hotel.—Large or small sums advanced on any description of securities at lowest rates. All persons in temporary difficulties apply to above bank. £50,000 to lend on freehold at 6 per cent. Metropolitan Loan Bank, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, SHARES, Mercantile B. L. and Invest, Co. State lowest price to Commercial, P.O., West Kempsey.

CLIVE SMITH,
STOCK and SHARE BROKER, and FINANCIAL AGENT,
75, PITT-STREET, SYDNEY.
MONEY to LEND on City and Suburban Properties.

MONEY TO LEND, in large and small sums, on the security of approved Freehold and Station properties.
H. E. RUSSELL, Tattersall's-chambers.

SYDNEY AND PROVINCIAL LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, Limited,
285, Pitt-street, Sydney.
Registered under the Companies Act.
Directors:
F. W. WEBB, Esq., Chairman.
GEORGE CRAWSHAW, Esq., Vice-Chairman.

THOMAS MOORE, Esq.	B. H. CHAPMAN, Esq.
J. B. GIBBS, Esq.	W. R. NICKLESS, Esq.

Share Capital, authorised	... ...	£100,000
Ditto subscribed	... ...	30,000
Reserved Fund	... ...	5,000

EXTRACT FROM THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS
presented at last General Meeting:—
"Net amount available for present division, £5018, which the Directors appropriate as follows:—To payment of dividend at the rate of 12½ per cent. per annum, £2572; to the reserve fund, £2000. Balance carried forward to profit and loss new account, £440. The reserve fund of the Company is now £5000."
DEPOSITS RECEIVED TO ANY AMOUNT.
7 per cent. interest for 12 months,
6 per cent. 6 months, 5 per cent. at call.
THE SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT IS OPEN DAILY.
No notice required for withdrawals.
Interest, 5 per cent.
BALANCE-SHEET AND ALL INFORMATION
supplied promptly on application
to
ROBT. W. J. HARLEY,
Manager.

THE REAL AND PERSONAL MORTGAGE AND ADVANCE COMPANY,
FIRST FLOOR, 16, OXFORD-STREET.
Trams stop opposite the door.
Office hours, 9 to 5; and in the evening on Mondays only, from 7 to 9.
This Company advances from £10 to £1000 upon the following securities, viz.:—
MORTGAGE. SECOND MORTGAGE.
Deposit of Deeds, either Leasehold or Freehold.
BILLS OF SALE, PROMISSORY NOTES,
Bonded Certificates,
Merchandise,
REVERSIONARY INTERESTS, &c.,
at the following scale of repayments, if required:—

Loans of	By instalments of
£200	£1 0 0 weekly
100	0 10 0 "
50	0 5 0 "
30	0 3 0 "
20	0 2 0 "
10	0 1 0 "

Monthly or quarterly payments may be arranged.
Prompt attention to all communications may be depended upon, also the utmost privacy observed.

FORTY Investing SHARES for SALE, Permanent Mutual (Notts), 6½ years paid on them. W., care of J. H. Northam, Asylum, Newcastle.

SAYWELL'S TOBACCO COMPANY, Limited.
The SHARE REGISTER of the Company will be CLOSED for Transfers from 17th to 30th instant, inclusive.
JOHN L. SALIER,
Secretary.

WANTED to Borrow, £500 for six months, on first-class security, and 20 per cent. will be given for the loan. For full particulars apply W. G. West, solicitor, 124, Elizabeth-street.

LYNDHURST ESTATE, next Wentworth Park. 130 LOTS Next MONDAY. Richardson and Wrench.

ARNCLIFFE.—GREAT LAND SALE next SATURDAY. Free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

GRANVILLE.—Stimson's Subdivision, next Saturday. Free Tickets. No Interest. Richardson and Wrench.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL INVESTMENT and BUILDING COMPANY, Limited,
CAPITAL: £100,000, in 100,000 shares of £1 each.
RESERVE FUND: £35,000.
Head Offices—
309, PITT-STREET, SYDNEY.
Branch Offices—
AUBURN-STREET, GOULBURN.
Deposits received to any extent, and interest allowed thereon at the following rates:—
5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM, AT CALL.
6 PER CENT. PER ANNUM, AT 6 MONTHS
with right to withdraw the whole or any portion at any time, with interest at the current rate for period of deposit.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits for TWELVE MONTHS receive Interest at the RATE OF SEVEN PER CENT. per annum, and participation in the profits, in the shape of a BONUS at maturity.
EXTRACT FROM LAST REPORT.
The net profit for the year, after deducting all expenses, together with interim dividend to June 30th last, amounts to £32,841 12s 1d, which was appropriated as follows:—

To payment of dividend to shareholders, 25 per cent per annum	£1,828 13 0
To payment of bonus to depositors, 1¼ per cent. per annum	1,379 8 1
To payment of bonus to borrowers, 2 per cent. per annum	28,000 0 0
To payment of bonus to land buyers, 3 per cent. per annum	1,633 14 0
Amount transferred to reserve fund ...	£32,841 12 1
Leaving a balance to credit of profit and loss of ...	

H. G. SWYNY,
Managing Director.

THE UNION LOAN, DISCOUNT, MORTGAGE, and BUILDING COMPANY,
629, GEORGE-STREET SOUTH,
2 doors south of Goulburn-street.
This Company is formed for the purpose of advancing Money to Borrowers on Leasehold and Freehold Properties, Bills of Sale, Life Policies, Reversionary Interests, Mining and other Shares, Bonded Certificates, And every description of Merchandise.
PROMISSORY NOTES and BILLS DISCOUNTED.
Advances made on Bills of Lading, Machinery, and approved Endorsements.

Loan.	Weekly Repayment.	Monthly Repayment.
£100	£0 11 8	£2 6 0
75	0 8 4	1 16 0
50	0 5 10	1 4 6
40	0 4 4	0 17 6
30	0 3 1	0 13 6
20	0 2 2	0 10 0

This Company will also advance on deeds and other securities without registrations, and are prepared to finance with holders of all description of merchandise at bank rates. Further particulars on application to
WILLIAM P. SMAIL, Secretary.

MONEY to LEND upon Mortgage, in sums from £200 to £20,000, upon city and suburban freehold and leasehold properties and good farms and orchards at 6 and 7 per cent., for 3 or 5 years. Properties released from building societies, and the same amount lent for any term at 6 and 7 per cent. Progress payments made to builders, and persons assisted to build.
TRUST FUNDS.—I have several specific sums to lend at 6 per cent. upon first-class suburban properties.
From £10,000 to £50,000 to lend upon stock and station securities in New South Wales or Queensland.
MONEY ADVANCED upon merchandise, bills of lading, bonded certificates, plant, machinery, and any tangible security.
Money advanced under wills, legacies, &c.
BILLS DISCOUNTED.—Bills for discount should be submitted not later than noon on Monday and Thursday.
MONEY advanced upon country properties.
HARRY C. ELDERTON,
6, Victoria-chambers, Phillip-street.

MONEY TO LEND UPON MORTGAGE in sums from £200 to £30,000, upon city, suburban, and country properties, freehold or leasehold, at from 6 per cent. for terms of 3, 5, or 7 years. Properties released from Building Societies and the same amount lent at 6 and 7 per cent. Progress payments to builders and others as the work progresses. Persons desirous of purchasing properties can receive two-thirds of the value of the purchase. Cash advances made on the very description of tangible security, bonded certificates, merchandise, furniture, &c., Persons wishing to borrow money on any description of security are respectfully invited, before going elsewhere, to call on BREES and PEARCE, Agents, 53 and 54, Royal Arcade, Pitt-st. N.B.—No charge for consultation.

SYDNEY PERMANENT FREEHOLD LAND and BUILDING SOCIETY.
The Board is prepared to make liberal ADVANCES on good freehold property, or to build.
J. W. BIBBY, Secretary.
313, Pitt-street.

Public Companies.

PROSPECTUS
of
THE INTERCOLONIAL
INVESTMENT, LAND, AND BUILDING COMPANY,
Limited.
To be Registered under the Companies Act.
Capital £500,000,
in 500,000 Shares of £1 each, and payable as follows:—1s per share on application, 2s per share on allotment, and the balance in calls of 1s per share per month (if necessary).
Provisional Directors:
G. W. TATE, Esq., Chairman.
W. M'COURT, Esq., M.L.A., Vice-Chairman.
T. MELLIDAY, Esq. | J. T. LAWLER, Esq.
C. F. WYMER, Esq. | A. M'CLEMENTS, Esq.
Bankers:
THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
Solicitor:
G. F. R. BURCHER, Esq.
Manager, pro tem:
THOMAS TATE, Esq.
Head Offices:
BATHURST-STREET (YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION NEW BUILDINGS.)
THE OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY.
The acquisition by purchase, lease, or otherwise of lands, houses, and property within the boundaries of each or any of the Australian colonies.
The erection of houses and buildings on any land of the company; the enlargement, alteration and improvement of existing houses and buildings thereon; the converting and appropriating of any such land into and for building sites, roads, streets, gardens and pleasure grounds, and other reserves; and the general improvement of the property of the company.
The selling, leasing, mortgaging, and otherwise disposing of the lands, houses, and other property of the company.
The borrowing or lending of money, the receiving of money on deposit, and the issue of transferable and other bonds or mortgage debentures, or any securities founded or based upon all or any of the real or personal assets or the credits of the company.
The advancing of money upon shares of the company, the establishment or disestablishment of branches or agencies in any of the Australian colonies, and the transaction of any other description of remunerative business.
The prosperous state of all the land companies of Sydney and the great difficulty in obtaining any shares, even at a very high premium, is a proof in itself that their mode of accumulating funds, and investing of same, is a safe and profitable undertaking.
No other companies or societies have yet paid their shareholders such large dividends as the companies interested in land transactions, and although this business has been carried on to a very great extent, the demand for houses and land on easy terms is rapidly increasing, inasmuch as the advantages and privileges of these Companies are becoming better and more widely known.
Despite the recent tightness of the money market, and the late general depression, building companies are returning greater profits and affording more facilities to every subscriber than any other institutions. Original shares in most of the building and land companies in Sydney are at the present time selling at very high premiums, in consequence of the very satisfactory dividends that have been declared.
There can be *no safer* investment than becoming a Shareholder in such companies.
The promoters of this company anticipate a much larger scope of business than any other company as yet floated, inasmuch that arrangements have been made in the other colonies, where encouraging inducements have already been received, for the establishment of branches, and where cheap money can readily be obtained.
40,000 shares have already been applied for in this and the other colonies, and the directors anticipate closing the share list at an early date, and commencing operations forthwith; therefore, early application is essential, as original shareholders always reap the greater benefits.
Applications for shares to be addressed to the Manager, Bathurst-street (Y. M. C. A. New Buildings).

THE FEDERAL BANK OF AUSTRALIA, Limited.

Authorised Capital	... ...	£2,000,000
Subscribed Capital	... ...	655,000
Paid-up Capital	... ...	327,500
Reserve Fund	... ...	10,000

DIRECTORS:
Hon. W. A. Brodribb, M.L.C., Chairman
W. H. Eldred, Esq. | P. T. Humphery, Esq., M.L.A.
Robt. Hudson, Esq. | J. Y. Mills, Esq.
MANAGER:
F. S. Macdermott.
Agents in all the Australian colonies, New Zealand and London. All usual banking business transacted without delay to customers.

AUSTRALIAN GENERAL ASSURANCE COMPANY (MARINE).
HEAD OFFICE, 97, PITT-STREET, SYDNEY.
Established 1836.
Directors: Sir Alexander Stuart, M.L.A., Chairman; H. Austin, Esq.; John Gilchrist, Esq.; Charles Smith, Esq.; E. Vickery, Esq.; Hon. James Watson, M.L.A.
MARINE RISKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION ACCEPTED AT CURRENT RATES.
WOOL INSURED from time of shearing until reaching London.
HENRY T. FOX, Manager.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL FIRE SOCIETY.
Established 1872.
Capital—£100,000, with power to increase to £1,000,000.
BONUSES—20 per cent. paid annually since 1873.
Directors:
Hon. John Sutherland, M.L.A., Chairman.
W. Hezlett, Esq., J.P. | William Day, Esq., J.P.
John Wetherill, Esq., J.P. | James Green, Esq., J.P.
FIRST FIRE SOCIETY ESTABLISHED in the COLONY on the MUTUAL PRINCIPLE, GIVING POLICY-HOLDERS BACK PART of their PREMIUMS as a CASH BONUS out of PROFITS EVERY YEAR.
Policy-holders are perfectly free by law from all liability.
Fifteen days' grace allowed for the payment of renewal premiums.
DAMAGE BY LIGHTNING AND EXPLOSIONS BY GAS PAID.
Prompt and liberal settlement for fires.
Fire Insurance at LOWEST RATES.
WALTER CHURCH, Manager,
HEAD OFFICES—CORNER PITT and KING STREETS.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.
Established 1849.
FOR LIFE ASSURANCE on the MUTUAL PRINCIPLE.
The oldest Australian Mutual Life Office, and the only one distributing profits yearly.
HEAD OFFICE:
87, Pitt-street, Sydney.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon. John Smith, C.M.G., M.L.C., Chairman.
John H. Goodlet, Esq., Deputy-Chairman.
The Hon. Alex. Campbell, M.L.C.
Isaac Ellis Ives, Esq., M.L.A.
W. G. Murray, Esq.
Jas. R. Fairfax, Esq.
CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER:
Dr. W. F. Mackenzie, L.R.C.P. (Edin.)
ACTUARY: Morrice A. Black, F.I.A. | SECRETARY: Alex. J. Ralston.
NEW BUSINESS of 1884.
8866 Policies, assuring £2,902,402, with New Premiums of £106,364.

Divisible Surplus of the year 1884	£262,435
Policies in force	62,000
Assuring (with bonus additions)	£25,000,000
Annual income	£1,100,000
Accumulated Funds, FIVE AND A HALF MILLIONS Sterling.	

The distributions of profit take place yearly, and bonuses vest when policies have been two years in force.
SILVER WATER.—Apply early for lithographs and free steamer tickets for next Saturday.

Horses and Vehicles.

THE RELIABLE BUGGIES.
For City and Country Use,
EXPRESS WAGGONS, HARNESS, &c., &c., at
FLEMING'S AMERICAN CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,
corner Clarence and Margaret streets, Sydney.

VICTORIAS, MAIL PHAETONS, THE CARRINGTON, Park Phaetons, Extension-top Carriages, Sociables, Single and Double Seat Buggies, &c., &c.,
SUPERIOR FINISH,
at O'BRIEN'S Eagle Coach Factory,
121, Castlereagh-street, near Market-street.

JOHN BRUSH, SON, and CO.,
Manufacturers and Importers of every description of
HARNESS and SADDLERY,
direct special attention to their new shipment, ex Gulf of St. Vincent,
of
HANSOM CAB HARNESS
CHAISE HARNESS
LADIES' HUNTING SADDLES
RACE SADDLES and RACEHORSE APPOINTMENTS
and
GENERAL SADDLERY.
403, GEORGE-STREET,
opposite Royal Hotel.

ANGUS AND SON
for
CARRIAGES,
BUGGIES,
WAGGONS,
and
HARNESS,
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in
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in beaded grenadine,
65s, 67s 6d, 84s.
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Faille, Française, lace, and jet,
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in zephyr, beige, new canvas cloth, and washing silks,
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BROCHE Zephyrs, 30-inch wide, in new and various patterns, from 15½d per yard
Bordered Zephyrs, novelties just imported
D. J. and CO.
INVITE SPECIAL NOTICE
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DRESS MATERIALS
at
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES.
24-inch All Wool Plain and Twill Beige (50 mixtures), 12½d per yard
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have pleasure in announcing that this DEPARTMENT
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comprises the best qualities of Goods, of beautiful workmanship, well studied with regard to value, so as to provide the best articles at the lowest possible prices.
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Combination Garments—in Soft Cambric
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Fancy Zephyr Skirts, trimmed Flounces, 6s 9d
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LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S BATHING DRESSES.
Ladies Aprons in Holland and Muslin, from 2s 6d
Novelties in Tea Aprons, in Canvas Cloth, trimmed Lace and Ribbon, 3s 6d to 12s 6d.
FRENCH and ENGLISH CORSETS,
in the
LATEST
and
MO

OUR MELBOURNE LETTER.

MELBOURNE, Oct. 8.

The Licensing Bill is still engaging the attention of the Legislature. Nobody is able to say when it will cease to engage the attention of that body. Besides itself, the Legislature has not concerned itself with very much this session. Those who may happen to be looking on from a distance at this colony can hardly come to any conclusion other than that we concern ourselves, in this part of the world, chiefly with what we drink, how we drink it, when we drink it, and where we drink it; and that, after having settled the conditions of our drinking, we have nothing else left to legislate for and not much to live for. It would appear, also, as if none of us ever drank save at public-houses. The principal object of the bill has obviously been to make drinking as difficult as possible; to put as many hindrances as could well be designed in the way of thirsty people quenching their thirst; to punish, by fine or imprisonment, those who facilitated thirst quenching, and indirectly to persuade men and women to cease to be thirsty. Sanguine moral reformers are quite convinced that the bill will effect all that they have hoped from it; less sanguine and imaginative people believe that those who wish to drink will go on drinking just the same. The bill has yet to go before the Upper House, and as the Upper House is not the understood echo of the Lower House, it is not unlikely that the bill will be greatly modified, if not absolutely rejected by it.

The rejection on Tuesday of the bill to amalgamate the two orders of the legal profession may be taken as an evidence that the Council has not the fear of the Assembly before its eyes. Nothing could be more decided than the promptness and expedition with which that measure was passed by the Assembly. Nothing could be more marked than the rejection of it by the Council. It is clear, however, that this fusion of the two branches of the profession is in favour with the outer public. The press is nearly unanimous on the subject, and, so far as can be judged by the communications addressed to the newspapers by barristers and solicitors, the bulk of the legal profession is unanimous in its favour also. We are now assured that the principal opposition to it comes from some leading firms of solicitors, who, knowing that one immediate effect of the change would be to distribute the business which is now centred in a few hands, are necessarily very active in their endeavours to thwart its progress. It is felt, however, that the change must come eventually.

And in respect of amending bills, the Health Act is to form the subject of consideration before the session closes. The changes suggested come, so far, entirely from the Central Board of Health, and entreaties, almost in their nature piteous, had been made to members not to delay the passing of the measure by the endeavour to introduce vital changes, for fear of preventing the passing of the bill this session. These entreaties, however, it is pretty certain, will be disregarded, and it is, quite right they should be, for the Act is very faulty, and was two years ago passed in a hurry, and requires a revision very much beyond that of mere cobbling. I take it, therefore, that the Central Board will not be allowed to have things quite their own way.

Symes has brought upon himself a good deal of trouble; in fact, Symes has his hands just now full of law, but he is resolved, notwithstanding, to disregard the law. But, like another distinguished personage, he finds it hard to kick against the pricks. He has proclaimed himself a martyr, and announced his resolution to overturn Christianity, or die in the attempt. I think he will die. Even those who do not agree with them that Symes denounces have no sympathy with Symes. It is in very questionable taste that a journal in this city, understood to be in the confidence of the ruling powers of that church of which the Rev. Charles Strong was once a minister, has seen fit to confound the supporters of Mr. Strong with those of Symes. It is this kind of antagonism which of necessity mars the cause it espouses. Mr. Strong has a following so influential, both in numbers, intelligence, and social importance, that the project now a-foot to found an altogether new section of the Christian Church, of which Mr. Strong shall be the head, has come to be something very much beyond an idea. Land is already bought in Flinders-street, upon which it is proposed to build a chapel for Mr. Strong's ministrations, and the rest of the money necessary to complete the structure is understood to be all promised. It is not other than significant that within the last few days two other ministers, namely, the Rev. Mr. Scott, of Chalmers Church, and the Rev. Mr. Lewis, of Toorak Church, have both resigned their charges, and although in Mr. Lewis's case domestic reasons are said to be the motive of the relinquishment; in Mr. Scott's no secret is made of the circumstance that a sort of hierachical boycotting has driven him to the resignation. As is always the case in matters of this kind, the wrongdoers refuse to admit their wrongdoing, but assert their authority all the more determinedly. Their latest act in this direction has been a kind of final invitation to Mr. Strong's friends to shake themselves off from him, and come back contritely in sackcloth and ashes and accept as their minister whomsoever the Presbytery shall allot them. They remain contumacious.

Professor Pearson has been lecturing to the University Union in the Wilson Hall of the University. The main object of his address seemed to be that learned men could be good business men if they liked. It was entirely optional on their part they were not business men. He did not mention his South Australian experiment of trying to breed sheep from wethers. Necessarily, he put one in mind of the old story of the man who said he could write as good plays as Shakespeare's if he had a mind to.

Concerning the University, the Council have been considering again the question of making the vice-chancellorship a salaried office, and it has again been postponed. It is quite impossible to disconnect this question from personal matters. The object of the motion was to give Dr. Brownless £500 a year, and considering how badly he requires it, and how hard he has worked for the University, it would not have been an extraordinary extension of liberality to have agreed to this arrangement. It is easy to say that Dr. Brownless pleased himself in neglecting his professional duties, and devoting himself to those of his vice-chancellorship; but it is none the less true that he has done so, and now, with advancing years and failing health, that he finds younger men occupying the place in the profession that he might have secured and maintained, he can hardly feel other than sore at the discovery that all his sacrifices have brought him no substantial return. His ambition, no doubt, led him on to the hope of one day being Chancellor, and probably if he had been a professionally successful man, he would have been chosen as the successor of Sir Redmod Barry. But it has been other than fair weather with him, and now he verifies the very old proverb about what happens to the man who is down.

The law-offices and the law-officers have gone up to the other end of the town, so as to be near the law-courts. Once it was hoped that the houses of legislature, the law-courts, and all the Government offices would be in the eastern end of the city; but when the law-courts were built in William-street, that they might be near the lawyers, who had their offices in Chancery-lane, it followed almost of necessity that the law-offices should follow them. So now those who make the laws and those who administer the laws are a mile apart; but as the tramways are progressing towards completion the inconvenience of communication will presently be lessened.

They are talking also of making changes in the police courts, and the board appointed to report upon what had best be done counsel the abandonment of the present site in Swanston-street for that now occupied by the old law courts in Latrobe-street. It is considered that the proceeds of the sale of the Swanston-street site would cover all the cost of the new buildings in Latrobe-street. Moreover, the proximity of these latter to the gaol furnishes an additional reason for the adoption of the suggestion. Being a reasonable suggestion, however, the chances against its adoption are remote.

It is thought advisable that the Governor should have a country-house. Mount Macedon is strongly recommended, and so is Geelong, the latter especially by the Geelong people, who urge the salubrity and the picturesqueness of the Geelong district. Only the wonder is that they should consent to have Geelong regarded as a country town. Many years ago Geelong was claimed to be the true metropolis of Victoria, or, as they termed it, the "pivot" of the colony. Latterly, however, they have appeared to perceive, and reluctantly to admit, that Melbourne had some advantage over Geelong, and now this willingness that Geelong should be considered a country place implies a condition of meekness quite remarkable.

Alderman Stewart is to be Mayor of Melbourne next year. He is a good man, a worthy citizen, an able lawyer, and, better than all, he can afford the luxury of being mayor.

THE FLORA OF THE SEA.

(From the London Daily Telegraph.)

The latest contribution made by the leaders of the Challenger Expedition to the sum total of the world's knowledge relates to the plant life of the ocean, and is by no means an inconsiderable one. Mr. Wallace's charming work on "Island Life" has made the reading public generally aware to what important results the minute investigation of plant distribution may lead. Some of the more interesting problems in geology, for instance, will, it may be, depend for their ultimate solution on the manner in which the seeds of plants can be shown to have been wafted hither and thither in certain directions in past times, and how for strange reasons, now but dimly seen, they have not been conveyed to other regions; and at the present moment it is assuredly true that there is no one branch of speculative knowledge more attractive, nor perhaps any more fruitful in results, than to trace the changes which the crust and surface of this globe have undergone in the ecns of past time. Though man is comparatively young, mother earth is old, and her face has undergone many and many a change before it took the features presented to-day. The hills and vales are but the wrinkles of time. To these interesting studies the botanical report of the Challenger Expedition, just issued in a goodly quarto volume, under the editorship of Mr. John Murray, and containing contributions by the most learned specialists of the day—including, among others, Sir Joseph Hooker, Mr. W. Botting Hemsley, Mr. Thiselton Dyer, and many others—is a most copious and valuable addition. It is without question the most methodical and the most complete statement of the matter flows of the world's coast, and it is accompanied with that wealth of illustration which has marked the previous publications of the results of the Challenger's cruise, which will make the sum total an unrivalled monument of natural research. In the introduction to the present volume the editors glance briefly at the contributions hitherto made to the study of insular flora by Darwin, Hooker, H. C. Watson, E. Forbes, De Candolle, Wallace, Seemann, Grisebach, and Moseley. It is interesting to note that the more complete researches made for the present work have brought to light additional facts, confirming generally the views entertained by Darwin, Hooker, and Wallace—with one important exception. Mr. Wallace admitted the probability of New Zealand having been formerly connected with Eastern Australia, but he rejected Captain Hutton's idea of a former southern continent. The compilers of these reports think that the botanical evidence strongly favours Hutton's idea. Without going quite so far as he does, they say, "We cling to this 'forlorn hope of the botanical geographer,' as Hooker calls it; for all the various means by which plants are diffused seem to be inadequate otherwise to account for the existing distribution of plants in the coldest southern zone of vegetation." Added to other reasons, connected with animal life, for believing in the existence in geological times of a southern continent, now deeply submerged, these from the vegetable world are even, if not absolutely, conclusive important corroboration. In the closing chapter to this work the editors discuss the part performed by birds, and by ocean currents, in the dispersal of the seeds of plants. Mr. Darwin has shown that almost every year one or two land birds are blown across the whole Atlantic Ocean from North America to the western shores of Ireland and England, and these birds, it is suggested, must almost inevitably from time to time bring with them the seeds of trees and other plants from the New World to the Old. "In nine grains of earth taken from the leg of a woodcock was a seed of a common rush, which on trial germinated; while from the seeds contained in a ball of earth taken from the leg of a wounded partridge no fewer than 82 plants, belonging to five species, were reared." The abundance of vegetable life is indeed as wonderful as that of the universality of animal organisations. It is met with everywhere. The endurance, vigour, and vitality of the germs of plants are amongst the most surprising phenomena of the natural world. Of their almost infinite diffusion the authors of this report quote the striking proof afforded by one of Mr. Darwin's experimental researches. In order to ascertain the probability of seeds being contained in the mud on the edge of a pond, the indefatigable author of the "Origin of Species," collected three tablespoonfuls from different points. "This mud," he writes, "weighed when dry only 6½ ounces; I kept it covered up in my study for six months, puling up and counting each plant as it grew. The plants were of many kinds, and were altogether 537 in number, and yet the viscid mud was all contained in a breakfast cup." Hundreds of facts show that it is impossible for a bird to fly, or for human beings to emigrate from one part of the world to another, without taking with them the germs of plant life. Pigeons, above all other flying things, have been active in disseminating plants far and wide. "Cassowaries, too, are active agents in dissemination, for they swallow every kind of pulpy fruit, and with the swiftness of a horse convey them long distances undigested; they are also excellent swimmers, and traverse considerable expanses of water. Plants growing near the sea are spread throughout the Malayan Archipelago and New Guinea, and the fruits of nearly all are spongy or corky, and float from place to place on the surface of the water, and are cast ashore all round the coast." The way in which aerial and ocean currents and birds have in this way diffused plant life is a complex study requiring the careful examination of evidence, and certain to lead to the most valuable results. The latest addition to the Challenger literature furnishes the kind of material on which judgment must be founded, and supplies it in much abundance, and with proofs by that elaboration, artistic and scientific, which science demands but rarely finds to its hands.

THE LOAD-LINE COMMITTEE.

The *Times* recently published a summary of the information which reaches it regarding the report of the Load-Line Committee. The report is unanimous, which indicates a broad and impartial settlement of the question:—The questions referred to the committee were of the most general character. Roughly stated they were these:—Can any fixed rules or tables for determining the loading of merchant vessels now be adopted without unduly interfering with trade? If so, what rules or tables, and what amount of discretion will be requisite in applying them? The answers which have been given by the committee virtually are, that fixed rules or tables may be adopted and enforced without unduly interfering with trade; that the four sets of tables submitted by the committee—for flush-deck, spar-deck, and awning-deck steamers respectively, and for sailing-vessels—are suitable for adoption; and that in applying them discretion is chiefly necessary in dealing with ships of inferior quality or condition, and in dealing with extremely exceptional and novel types of ships. The tables submitted define the freeboards for vessels of the highest class in "Lloyd's Register," and it is intended that vessels of inferior strength, whether classed or unclassed, should be somewhat less loaded, the differences of loading conforming to a fixed principle—namely, that the material of which they are built shall not undergo more strain per square inch at the midship part than that which the material of the first-class vessels undergo. It is considered that this principle, while ensuring safe loading and setting up a definite standard of comparison, will not materially restrict the loading of well-built ships of a somewhat lower class than the highest in Lloyd's book. The committee have arrived at a happy settlement of the much-vexed questions, whether the principle of reserving out of water a definite percentage of the vessel's total buoyancy as a means of causing her to lift with waves sufficiently for safety should be enforced, or whether that of securing a safe height of the platform or deck upon which the seamen are exposed in heavy weather should in the main prevail. The committee recognise the merits of both views, and have so compiled their tables as to meet both requirements, which are in fact in most cases correlative. It is not possible to produce here and to discuss the voluminous tables submitted by the committee. Those who are acquainted with Lloyd's Freeboard Tables may be with advantage informed, however, that they in the main resemble, and are really based upon, them.

A second report of a highly vigorous character, dealing with certain consequences which should follow from the main report, and signed by all the members (except the two Board of Trade representatives), is addressed to the Duke of Richmond and Gordon:—"Foreseeing or conjecturing that a compulsory load-line is likely to ensue, they offer two suggestions, advocating with much earnestness the adoption of both. The first is the equal treatment of foreign and British ships in British and colonial ports, some foreign traders being among the gravest offenders in the matter of overloading in our town ports. The Load-Line Committee consider that it will prove practically impossible to impose restricted loading, even of a moderate and safe character, upon our own ships in our own ports, and at the same time leave foreigners to scandalise us by their open violation in those ports of our own rules and regulations. The second recommendation is one of even greater importance—namely, the necessity of constituting a new and influential public authority or council for the administration of the system of loading which they recommend. They take pains to explain that the exercise of great skill, care, and judgment will be essential to the efficient working of that system, and they consider that its working should not be intrusted solely to Government officials. They are of opinion that the public authority or council to be constituted for this purpose, although under a Minister of State, should be somewhat representative, and that its duty could not be properly performed, and to the full satisfaction of the public, unless ship-owners, ship-builders and naval architects, seamen, and perhaps underwriters, have each a representative upon it."

SOMETHING ABOUT SKIN DISEASES.—What cures of blood and skin diseases, and scalp affections with loss of hair, can compare with those of the Hon. Wm. Taylor, Boston, State Senator of Massachusetts; H. E. Carpenter, Henderson, N.Y.; Alderman Tucker, Boston; Will. M'Donald, 3941, Dearborn-street, Chicago; F. H. Drake, Esq., Detroit, and many others from infancy to old age, details of which may be found in future editions of this paper, and all of which were properly and permanently cured by the Cuticura Remedies? We will leave it to the editor of this paper to say whether stronger testimony has ever been published in favour of any other medicine.—(Advt.)

Oh, how refreshing, palatable, and reviving is a draught of cool water with American Hop Bitters in it, to a fever patient.—(Advt.)

DEATH OF PROFESSOR SMITH.

The death of Professor Smith, which happened yesterday, has taken no one by surprise. For many months past he had been gradually failing in health, and a few weeks since it was well understood by all who had any knowledge of the deceased gentleman that the inevitable result could not long be delayed. Professor Smith was one of the worthiest and most prominent of our citizens. He had thoroughly identified himself with the cause of Australian progress. In many of the local public movements of the last quarter of a century he took a leading part. An undemonstrative man, he was nevertheless full of energy, and his capacity for work was beyond that of most people. Many of the duties which he undertook were of an unselfish character, and he performed them primarily, or perhaps it would be right to say entirely, for the benefit of the community amongst whom his lot was cast. The services of some men are not appreciated by their fellow-citizens until the men themselves have passed away. But, to the credit of the people of Sydney, be it said that this was not the case in regard to the services of Professor Smith. Both the Government and the general public gave many tokens of recognition; the former called him to the Legislative Council, and procured for him the dignity of C.M.G., which, at the time it was conferred, was an honour of considerable value. The Government could do no more, and fortunately the circumstances did not require that more should be done.

Professor Smith was a Scotchman. The exact date of his birth we are unable to give, but he was 63 years of age when he died. He was educated at the University of Aberdeen, an institution which for a couple of generations has enjoyed a high reputation. He took the degree of M.A., and subsequently that of M.D. For five years he conducted the class of chemistry at Marischal College, as substitute for Professor Clarke, who was incapacitated by ill-health. In the year 1850, the Legislative Council of this colony passed an Act to incorporate and endow the University of Sydney. Soon afterwards the first Senate was constituted under the authority of the Governor-General. At once they addressed themselves with zeal to the performance of their important duties. To secure the services of able and accomplished teachers was an object of earnest solicitude on their part. After much and careful reflection, they resolved to entrust the selection of their first professors to a committee of gentlemen in England, consisting of Sir John Herschell, Bart.; Professor Airy, Astronomer Royal; Professor Malden, of University College, London; and Henry Denison, Esq., formerly Fellow of All Souls' College, Oxford. These accepted and satisfactorily discharged the trust and duty imposed upon them. After a most patient and laborious examination of the credentials of the various candidates who came forward (and whose number amounted to upwards of 60), the choice of the committee was finally fixed upon the Rev. J. Woolley, D.C.L., the headmaster of King Edward the Sixth's School at Norwich, and formerly Fellow of University College, Oxford, as Classical Professor; on M. B. Pell, Esq., Bachelor of Arts, and Fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge, as Professor of Mathematics; and on John Smith, Esq., Doctor of Medicine, as Professor of Chemistry and the Philosophy of Physics. In referring further to these gentlemen, Sir Charles Nicholson said that all of them had acquired high academic distinction, had had considerable experience in teaching, and possessed in the most eminent degree all those high moral qualities essential for the proper discharge of their several duties. The University was inaugurated on the 11th October, 1852, or 33 years ago, and the three newly-appointed Professors were present at the ceremony. That was the day of small things; and comparative feebleness continued to be the condition of the institution for many a year. We were only a handfull of people in 1852, and the time had perhaps hardly arrived for the establishment of a University. Moreover, the institution was modelled upon the universities in England, and the curriculum of studies was not sufficiently practical for the colonial community. For that, however, the professors were in no wise responsible. It may be said of them that the manner in which they discharged their several duties fully justified their selection by the English Committee. Both Professor Woolley and Professor Pell gained and held the confidence and esteem of the public. Professor Smith long outlived his two colleagues. Dr. Woolley perished many years ago in the wreck of the London, and Professor Pell died in Sydney. He also outlived nearly all the members of the first Senate of the University. Of its members there is only one in the colony, the Rev. W. B. Boyce, the father-in-law of the late Sir Wigram Allen. As a teacher, Dr. Smith was successful, and he acquired great influence over the students who attended his classes. His lectures were singularly clear in style and easy to understand. They were full of instruction, and were therefore helpful to those who were privileged to hear them. The professor was accustomed to hold weekly examinations, in which the substance of the several lectures that had been delivered was reviewed. By this means it was printed indelibly on the memory. To encourage application he gave a prize every year, of the value of £5, to the student who distinguished himself most in these examinations. It will not be considered out of place to mention here that the present Premier of Queensland (the Hon. S. W. Griffith), and Dr. Renwick, of Sydney, were amongst the first recipients of this prize. In 1881 Dr. Smith was relieved of the chemical branch of his professorship, which was handed over to Professor Liversidge, who became Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy.

In 1855, within two years after his arrival in the colony, Professor Smith was appointed a member of the Board of National Education, and he at once began to take an active part in all the deliberations of that body. His services in the cause of primary education in the colony, valuable as they were in themselves, were not of a description to be readily recounted. No opportunity was afforded during the existence of the board for startling innovations, or brilliant devices for achieving success. The board was too frequently embarrassed by the scantiness of the means at its command, even if circumstances had been otherwise favourable, to admit of its entering upon any great undertaking for the advancement of the system entrusted to its management; and its labours were in consequence restricted mainly to the development and perfecting of the organisation already existing. It is, therefore, in the quality of the work done that evidence must be sought of Dr. Smith's devotion to the cause; and on this point one or two of the prominent officials in the Department of Public Instruction, who worked under him for years, speak with enthusiasm and certainty. Professor Smith was distinguished for regular and assiduous attention to the business which came under the board's notice, and, as has been intimated, he took the deepest interest in the elaboration of the system of national education, as being the best means, in his judgment, of spreading and improving primary instruction throughout the country. He had fully grasped the conditions of the problem of primary education, and, in spite of numerous discouragements, he did his utmost to work them out. To many people such work would have been uncongenial, because it elicited no immediate recognition. It was not until the passing of the Public Schools Act that it was really appreciated; it was then found that the National system possessed an organisation, a method, and a capability of expansion which required no material change to fit it for the wider field and enlarged aims provided by the new legislation. Dr. Smith always manifested a warm interest in the pupil teacher system, in the importation of regularly-trained teachers from the old country, and in the founding of a Training School. He was unwearied in his efforts to improve the condition of the teachers; and if his achievements in this direction fell short of his wishes and intentions, the blame must rest upon the parsimony of the Government, which too frequently was antagonistic to an undenominational system.

When the Board of National Education was dissolved, in 1866, Dr. Smith was one of the first members appointed to the Council of Education, and here his work, especially after he became president (to which office, it may be mentioned, he was elected nine times in succession), was greatly increased. He spent several evenings in every week in the council's office reading through piles of papers, comparing reports, consulting with the officers, and transacting other business. And all this labour was performed gratuitously. Dr. Smith continued to serve on the council until its abolition on the passing of the Public Instruction Act of 1880.

Although there was nothing showy or brilliant connected with the work done by Professor Smith in connection with the Board of National Education, it had at least the effect of causing him to be deeply respected by the community. People knew nothing about the details; but they understood that the work was both arduous and unselfish, and therefore they conceived a quiet but earnest admiration for the worker. A proof of this was afforded by his election in 1864 to the position of a director of the Mutual Provident Society. When that event took place the society had been in existence about 15 years. It had surmounted all its early difficulties, and was moving with rapid steps towards the magnificent prosperity which it subsequently attained. There was hardly a person of intelligence in Sydney but would have deemed it a high privilege to assist in managing its affairs, and therefore Dr. Smith's election must be regarded as a great honour. It is when an institution has entered fairly into the strong current of prosperity that wisdom is needed to direct its operations. For prosperity stimulates competition, and competition provokes recklessness, and, in numerous instances, a resort to questionable devices to attract business. In regard to life assurance societies especially this is notoriously the case. But the men who were charged with the control of the Mutual Provident Society in 1864 were in every respect worthy of the great responsibility entrusted to them; and it is right to say that Dr. Smith was inferior to none of his colleagues, and was superior to several. The same high intelligence, painstaking, persevering industry, and love of order which he displayed in the performance of his University duties, and in connection with the Board of National Education, he brought to the directorate of the Mutual Provident Society. Then, as now, a certain sum was set apart every year to remunerate the directors for their services; but the portion that came to Dr. Smith was certainly not an adequate compensation for the work he performed. He never rested until he had obtained a complete mastery of the whole business of the society, both in its scientific and commercial departments. The amount of intellectual labour and of patience required to obtain that knowledge cannot be understood by the general public; the labour was performed because the nature of the man compelled him to do thoroughly whatever he took in hand, and also because of his sense of the incalculable blessings which the institution, if properly managed, would confer upon the people of Australia. Philanthropy and patriotism were always strong points in Dr. Smith's character, and the Mutual Provident Society and the Board of National Education afforded the kind of opportunities he desired for giving these qualities scope. In recognition of his superior knowledge of the business of the society, and of his sound judgment and unwearied application, Dr. Smith's fellow-directors in 1873 elected him chairman of the board, and he held that office, except during the periods when he was absent from Australia, until his death. They also carried a resolution voting him a large sum of money out of the society's funds for the valuable services he had rendered; that resolution, however, was *ultra vires*, and therefore it had to be rescinded. It is referred to here simply to indicate the high regard that was entertained by the directors for Dr. Smith. In January, 1877, Professor Smith laid the foundation-stone of the offices that are at present occupied by the Mutual Provident Society. On that occasion he delivered a thoughtful and instructive address, which was fully reported in the newspapers, and subsequently published in pamphlet form. The address gave a complete history of the institution, and also contained a number of strong arguments in favour of life assurance. When Dr. Smith became a director of the society there were 5000 policies in force, assuring about £2,300,000; in the year preceding that in which the foundation-stone of the new premises was laid 4558 policies were issued, being nearly as many for a single year as had been issued during the 15 years of the society's existence prior to Professor Smith's election to the directorate. And from 1877 until this, the year of Dr. Smith's death, the business has constantly and largely increased.

Reference has already been made to the fact that Dr. Smith was a member of the Legislative Council. He was appointed a member of that body in 1871. As might be expected, his speeches in the House were sensible and practical, and evinced large knowledge of the subjects discussed. Besides serving the State in the Legislative Council, he also sat on numerous Government boards and Royal commissions, and filled the office of president of the Commission on Water Supply.

Professor Smith paid three visits to the old country. The first visit was made in 1881, when he had been about 10 years in the colony. The journey was performed by way of Egypt and Palestine, and was greatly enjoyed. Upon his return, Dr. Smith delivered a number of lectures, and contributed a series of papers to the *Sydney Morning Herald* descriptive of what he saw on the tour. Everybody is now familiar with the scenes, for books and articles on Egypt and the Holy Land may be numbered by the thousand; but the subject was new to Australians generally when Dr. Smith wrote, and his papers were greatly appreciated. After they had appeared in the *Herald* they were collected into a volume, which the author printed for private distribution. Dr. Smith visited England again in 1871, and during that trip he married the lady who is now his widow. The third visit was made in 1882. The work that he had done was then beginning to tell upon him, and the trip was taken, not like the others principally for recreation, but for the benefit of his health. On his return to the colony it soon became apparent that the journey had not accomplished its object. The vigour of the old days was lacking, and there were other indications which convinced the friends of Professor Smith that his life duties were practically finished. A few months ago the decline became rapid. After struggling against his weakness for many weeks he was at last compelled to take to his bed, from which he never arose. In all the qualities of good citizenship Professor Smith excelled, and he has left an example that is well worthy of imitation.

We are requested to state that the members of the University will attend the funeral of the late Professor Smith in academical costume. The funeral will start from 237, Macquarie-street, for Waverley Cemetery at half-past 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

THE NEW GUINEA EXPEDITION.

The following correspondence has been received by Sir Edward Strickland from the Hon. John Douglas, Government Resident at Thursday Island:—

"Government Residency, Thursday Island, Torres Straits, 1st October, 1885.

"Dear Sir Edward,—I have to thank you for a very kind letter of the 21st of August, and I am happy to hear from you that my small services to the Geographical Society and to their expedition have been appreciated.

"Yesterday I received a note from Mr. J. H. Williams, of Daroo Island, which contains some slight information of the expedition. Williams was at Kewai on the 22nd, and at Soomloot on the following day (23rd September), just two months after Everill landed there. The natives told him that "the Bonito had arrived at the head of the river, and could get no further, and also that the natives on both sides of the river were going to attack his party.

"The natives accompanying the party (there were two) had got frightened, took their canoe, left in the night-time, and came back to Soomloot. But," he adds, "on my making further inquiry through an interpreter I think it was the two natives themselves who made up the story as an excuse for their running away."

"Such is Williams's account. All, I think, that we can infer from it is that two natives accompanied the party, and that they left in a canoe, being probably induced to do so by fear of some hostile natives. They evidently ran away. I don't think that there is any cause for anxiety on this account. It is highly probable that the party would be attacked, but we may reasonably anticipate that they would succeed in repelling the attack without much difficulty.

"Mr. Macfarlane will probably be in the Fly at the end of this month, and we may hope ere then to hear something definite about them.

"The story we now have amounts to nothing more than this: That two natives who had started with the party are known to have returned to Soomloot without bringing any letters from them. I am, &c.,

"JOHN DOUGLAS."

"Swimming manoeuvres are now practised by some of the French regiments in order to accustom the troops to ford a river in the face of the enemy. Thus at Limoges recently the dragoons in garrison crossed the Vienne on horseback, fully armed, and carrying the ammunition on their heads to keep it dry. On landing they immediately drew their sabres and charged an imaginary foe.

OCEAN VIEW ESTATE, KOGARAH.—The Vendors of this Estate purchased prior to the opening of the railway; they are therefore the folks to buy from. The lots are large, the terms are easy. Watkin and Watkin sell next Saturday.

LAW REPORT.

INSOLVENCY COURT.—MONDAY, OCTOBER 12.

(Before the CHIEF COMMISSIONER.)

CERTIFICATE APPLICATION.

In the matter of Benjamin Nelson, judgment was given on an application for a certificate. The certificate was suspended for eight months from September 14.

EXAMINATION.

In the matter of John Mills, deceased. Ellen Mary Mills, the widow and administratrix, was examined on behalf of the official assignee as to certain property at Randwick and Moore Park, which, she stated, had been purchased with her own money.

SCHEDULE FILED.

George Lord Carter, of George-street, Sydney, men's mercer. Liabilities, £12,163 8s. 11d.; assets, £13,593 10s. 5d.

SURRENDERS.

Denis Gavin, of Nubrygyn, near Warne, selector. Liabilities, £210 1s. 11d.; assets, £28 10s. Mr. Stephen, official assignee.

Samuel Ralph, of Aird-street, Parramatta, plumber and gasfitter. Liabilities, £227 18s. 7d.; assets, £94 3s. 8d. Mr. Lloyd, official assignee.

William Payne, of Carcoar, labourer. Liabilities, £79 14s. 1d.; assets, £7 11s. Mr. Lloyd, official assignee.

Henry Jenkins, of Hamilton Commonage, near Newcastle, miner. Liabilities, £27 17s. 10d.; assets, £2. Mr. Macnab, official assignee.

Christian Anderson, of Teatree Creek, South Grafton, labourer. Liabilities, £44 11s. 6d.; assets, £3. Mr. Stephen, official assignee.

Henry Cornelius Baker, of Ermington, Parramatta River, late of Narrabri, labourer. Liabilities, £48 13s. 6d.; assets, £3. Mr. Stephen, official assignee.

William Penhall, of Wagga, boot and shoemaker. Liabilities, £615 11s. 3d.; assets, £570 9s. 8d. Mr. Macnab, official assignee.

John Henson, of Booth and Bradford streets, Balmain, bootmaker. Liabilities, £66 6s.; assets, £7. Mr. Lloyd, official assignee.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.—MONDAY.

(Before Mr. District Court Judge DOWLING.)

FRIEDMAN V. O'BRIEN.

This case, which was part heard on Friday, was brought by the plaintiff to recover £200 damages, for that the defendant seized certain goods and wrongfully converted them to his own use. Mr. O'Connor, instructed by Mr. Lyons, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Teece, instructed by Mr. O'Brien, for the defence. His Honor reserved judgment.

KEAGHER V. CURRAN.

To recover £30 for expenses incurred by the plaintiff as witness for the defendant in a certain case. Mr. Clayton appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. M'Carthy for the defence. Verdict for £15.

METROPOLITAN QUARTER SESSIONS.

MONDAY.

(Before Mr. District Court Judge MURRAY.)

The hearing of appeals against magisterial decisions was continued yesterday, at the Metropolitan Court of Quarter Sessions, at Darlinghurst Courthouse, before Judge Murray. The following cases were proceeded with:—

IN RE MARY ANN GLOVER.

This was an appeal by one Mary Ann Glover against a conviction by Mr. James Buchanan, S.M., whereby the said accused had been convicted for an offence under the Vagrant Act, and had been sentenced to a term of three months' imprisonment, on the ground that she was without any lawful visible means of support. Mr. Moriarty, instructed by Mr. Sidney Stewart, appeared for the appellant; and Mr. Healy, instructed by the Crown Solicitor, represented the Crown. The evidence which was adduced in support of the conviction went to show that the appellant was the proprietress of a house of ill-fame, and that she had been in the habit of associating with Chinamen and immoral persons during the daytime. For the defence, the appellant stated that she was maintained by a man named Smith; and it was also elicited, in the course of evidence, that at the time of her conviction she had at her credit in a savings bank the sum of £134. His Honor directed that the conviction should be quashed, and he made an order against the police authorities for the payment of £5 5s. costs. He further directed that the adjudicating magistrate should not in any way be affected as to the responsibility for costs in connection with the decision.

IN RE FANNY LUCAS.

This was an appeal against a conviction under the Licensing Act. The appellant, Fanny Lucas, had, on May 4th, 1885, been convicted by Mr. Leopold Yates, D.S.M., at the Water Police Court, in connection with an alleged sale of "sly grog-selling;" and she had been mulct to the extent of £30. It had been alleged that she, on May 9th, at 11.20 p.m., not then being the agent or the servant of the holder of a license authorising the sale of liquor under the Licensing Act of 1882, did at No. 160, William-street, sell one bottle of whisky and two bottles of porter. The said conviction had been obtained upon the evidence of two professional "informers." His Honor, in quashing the conviction, remarked, in connection with the practice of employing professional informers under the Licensing Act, that when any man had offered to him an incentive to perform an action which was generally looked upon as a disgraceful one—and which was doubtless a mean one—his evidence with regard to the attainment of a conviction was certainly entitled to be looked upon with a reasonable amount of suspicion. The police had had probably very good grounds for their action, but it did not appear to his mind that their case had been fully proved. He could not clearly state that the conviction, surrounded as it undoubtedly had been with a certain degree of suspicion, had been fully justified, on the ground that no reasonable amount of doubt had been shown. The conviction was quashed, and all costs were disallowed. Mr. George Wallace appeared for the appellant.

IN RE KATE M'DONALD.

The appellant in this case appealed against a conviction under which Mr. Abbott, S.M., had, at the Central Police Court, sentenced her to a term of two months' imprisonment under the Vagrant Act for having no lawful visible means of support. Mr. Moriarty, instructed by Mr. Sidney Stewart, appeared for the appellant; Mr. Pitcairn for the respondent. After the hearing of evidence the conviction was upheld, and the appellant was remanded to gaol. Costs were disallowed. His Honor stated that, after having fully considered the evidence which had been adduced, he saw not the slightest ground for a variation of the decree. The accused had, on her own admission, been more than once convicted for drunkenness, and upon one occasion for another offence; and he considered that he would not be justified in releasing her from the conviction.

The sittings of the Court were then brought to a close.

PARRAMATTA QUARTER SESSIONS.

The Parramatta Quarter Sessions concluded on Saturday. *Charles Holmes* was found guilty of inflicting grievous bodily harm on Henry Barningham, at Granville, on the 23rd May last. On the evening of that date prosecutor and prisoner, while under the influence of liquor, were wrestling for a stake of a shilling, and during the progress of the contest Barningham received a stab about two inches deep on the hip. Prisoner, who had been in gaol ever since the occurrence, was sentenced to eight months' imprisonment in Darlinghurst gaol, with hard labour.

LAW NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13.

Master's Office.—At 9.30 a.m. Lunacy: At 12 noon: North Shore Steam Ferry Company v. Jeanneret, to settle minutes. At 12.30 p.m., re Country Milk Company, Limited, to settle minutes. At 3 p.m., at Laughlin and others v. Moore, to proceed on account.

Prothonotary's office.—Barnett v. Grogan, 10.30; Howlett v. Symondson, 10.30; Katligen v. Russell, 10.30; the Colonial Bank of Australasia, v. Knibbs, 10.30; Booth v. Minister for Works, 11; M'Culloch v. Pinkstone, 12; same v. same, 12; Johnson v. Lyons, 3; Ryan v. Brough, of Bathurst, half-past 2.

Chamber List.—At 10: Osborn v. Flanagan, E. S. and A. C. Bank v. Richardson, A. J. S. Bank v. Smith, Dodd v. Smith, M'Clue v. Body, Tait v. Wehlow, Fisher v. Wood.

INSOLVENCY BUSINESS.

Tuesday.—Jeremiah Saul, John William Wiley, John Wilson Sharpe, Leslie Powell Smith, John Johnson, Michael Quick, James Grady and George W. Sharpe ex parte George W. Sharpe, George Filling, William Joseph Trim, Charles Mossman, Joseph Landers, Frederick Jansen, certificate meetings.

Wednesday.—Duncan Butters, special meeting for proof and directions; Edward Payne, Hugh Williams, Thomas Saxon, Olly Deering, Isaac Simmons, Robert Wm. Langstaff, and Joseph Henschsberg, single meetings; Samuel Stead, John Joseph Farelly, second meetings; John Stokie, Elias Cohen, Adam Jong, special meetings for proof; Ah Won and Wah Hing, special for proof.

Thursday.—Hugh O'Neill, J. S. Whitney, Thomas Albert Willoughby, extension of time for account and plan; S. P. Stanley and George Murray, Daniel Innes, Henry Harry Cooke, John Henry Hansen, Samuel Elliott, Thomas Downie, James Smith, Joseph B. Cross, Ah Won and Wah Hing, James Molloy, Heinrich Frederick Heubein, Enoch Hughes, accounts and plans; Thomas Macgregor v. Malcolm Gillies, adjourned motion for compulsory sequestration; Edward O'Gallagher, ratification or otherwise of directions; Max Roth, Thomas Hanley, Chen Chow (otherwise known as James Thompson), ratification or otherwise of directions.

Friday.—Joseph D' Silva Amors, James O'Connell, Henry Christopher Lawson, Richard William Cox, third meetings; Charles Hayes, Joseph John Rippingale, Angus Cameron Grant, single meetings; Richard Hunter, Mills Brothers, John Miller, special meetings for proof; at 10 a.m., Thomas Robertson Lawrence Gillespie, George Lord Carter, first meetings.

THE GENERAL ELECTION.

Sir Patrick Jennings, who is a candidate for the Bogan, intends to leave Sydney for Dubbo either on Wednesday or Thursday night, and, in the latter case, will not be able to address his constituents before the day of nomination.

Sir Patrick Jennings's address is published in another column. The former half of it refers to the Land Act, and the latter half to the several bills prepared by the late Government, which, Sir Patrick says, will be proceeded with immediately on the opening of the new Parliament. Beyond these well-worn topics, there is no point of interest in the address.

In the first paragraph of his address to the electors of the Hunter, which is published in another column, Mr. Burns informs them that Parliament was dissolved "in consequence of the inability of the Stuart Ministry to refute charges of maladministration, or to defend the violation of their pledge to enter upon the session proper for the year in May."

Sir John Robertson wishes us to correct a mis-statement contained in his address to the electors of Mudgee. In the sixth paragraph he is represented as saying that "the Cormorants got at the press." What he intended to say was that "the Cormorants got the sympathy of the press."

Mr. Grange Campbell, one of the late members for Carcoar, has made a graceful retirement from public life. In his valedictory address to the electors he says—"I have ever been treated with the greatest kindness and courtesy by my fellow-members of the Assembly, and I am happy in the belief that I possess the good opinion and kindly feeling of by far the greater number of those with whom I have been in public life associated, and from whom I do not part without regret."

Mr. Charles L. Garland wishes to step into the position vacated by Mr. Campbell. Mr. Garland is not overburdened with modesty. Witness the following extract from his address:—"My object in seeking election is that I may have a wider field for useful labour and better facilities for fighting the battle of right against might—of honesty against corruption—battles that I glory and delight in. At a time like this, when the very air is laden with the suspicion of corrupt political practices, it behoves all men who value national character and national probity to waive all personal antipathies and prejudices and plump for straight men of equitable and sound moral and political principles. I am willing to stand or fall on that issue. If half the charges and counter charges that are made in the Assembly are true the present Parliament is a sink of corruption, and the electors would do well to return an almost entirely new body of representatives, and thus obviate the necessity of a choice of rulers from the 'sink.'"

Yesterday a well-known resident of one of the suburbs was occupied for several hours in trying to fulfil a commission entrusted to him by some influential people in Carcoar to select a suitable person to stand for the constituency. After the above address such a commission was inevitable.

On Friday afternoon Mr. E. W. O'Sullivan gave a political address in Queanbeyan. In the course of his speech he said:—"In reference to letters which had been sent out by another candidate, asserting that he (Mr. O'Sullivan) would not oppose him, the speaker said such a statement was untrue. He did not know that gentleman, but would not retire in favour of any man. Whatever happened he would go to the poll, and would sit for Queanbeyan if elected." On the following afternoon Mr. O'Sullivan accepted an invitation to contest the South Sydney election.

Messrs. Henson, M'Coy, and Hutchison have bunched for the Canterbury election. They have been promised the support of the Orange organisation and of the Local Option League.

The *Goulburn Herald* published the following paragraph last week:—"An absurd rumour is published by the *S. M. Herald* that Sir Henry Parkes is a probable candidate for East Sydney, with Argyle to fall back on. Any one who knows him will be sure he would not be a consenting party to any such foolish arrangement, and those who know the temper of the electors of Argyle would be equally sure that they would not suffer themselves to be made instruments of in this way. Such rumours may be disregarded without a second thought." What is here described as impossible has come to pass, with the insignificant exception that Sir Henry is a candidate for St. Leonards instead of for East Sydney.

Mr. Thomas Robertson, one of the candidates for Canterbury, has introduced a new element into political canvassing. In to-day's issue he publishes testimonials from several Riverina newspapers as to his character, &c.

The Hon. J. H. Want addressed a meeting of electors at Cootamundra on Saturday. He stated that in taking the position of Attorney-General, he was doing so at the special wish of the Hon. W. B. Dalley. The present Ministry was largely constituted by natives, and he would make one more, though he was doing so at a considerable pecuniary loss. The address was well delivered, and was listened to attentively. Mr. Healy proposed, and Mr. John Barnes seconded, that the Hon. J. H. Want was a fit and proper person to represent the electorate. Dr. Donovan is announced as a candidate in opposition, so that a very close contest is expected.

Mr. Francis Tait has been requested to become a candidate for Goulburn. It is not improbable that Mr. Tait, who is very popular in that city, where he has resided for a number of years, will consent.

Mr. Edmund Barton was to have addressed a meeting of electors last night from the colonnade at his committee rooms, Foster's Hotel, next the Theatre Royal. The weather, however, was so severe that it was deemed advisable not to subject an audience to the drenching rain, and the meeting will in consequence be held to-night (Tuesday) at the same hotel, Foster's, at a quarter-past 8.

Mr. H. Copeland addressed a meeting of the electors at Keary's Hotel last night. Mr. F. Bevill, M.A., occupied the chair. The candidate gave a spirited address, which evoked considerable applause. Mr. George Selfe proposed the usual vote, which was seconded by Mr. H. Dwyer, and was carried with acclamation.

The meeting of the Hon. J. Sutherland, advertised to be held at the Galway Castle, Abercrombie-street, lapsed on account of there being sickness in the hotel. At 8.30 p.m. Mr. Sutherland addressed a numerously-attended meeting at the All-England Hotel, Alderman M'Lachlan in the chair. A vote of confidence was passed.

Mr. A. Forsyth addressed the electors of South Sydney at Goff's Hotel, Buckingham and Belvoir streets, last evening. Mr. Thomas Rutland, who took the chair, said he had known Mr. Forsyth for many years, and had always taken an interest in him, because he had faith in his success in any undertaking. His success in establishing the rope-making industry was most remarkable. He believed in working with successful men, who would do their best for the country. We wanted strong-minded men like Mr. Forsyth who would legislate for the country and not for their own pockets. The candidate having addressed the meeting, Mr. Ben Rhodes proposed, and Mr. Nitness seconded, that Mr. Forsyth was a fit and proper person to represent South Sydney, which was carried with enthusiasm.

Last night Mr. Chapman addressed the electors of the Glebe at Kiley's Hotel, at Annandale. Captain Arguimbau was voted to the chair. At the conclusion of his address the usual vote of confidence was passed.

Mr. J. D. Young addressed the electors of West Sydney at the Quarryman's Arms, Pyrmont, last evening. Mr. J. Wright, president of the Seamen's Union, occupied the chair. On the motion of Mr. M'Culloch, seconded by Captain Mutt, Byrnes, and supported by Mr. J. M'Elhone and Mr. M. Doherty, a vote of confidence was carried. Subsequently a meeting was held at the Lord Wolseley Hotel, Ultimo, Mr. Palmer in the chair. On the motion of Mr. G. Roirdan, seconded by Mr. James Erwin, president of the Quarrymen's Union, and supported by Mr. John M'Elhone, a unanimous vote of confidence was carried.

Mr. A. J. Riley, one of the candidates for the representation of Canterbury, addressed a meeting of electors in the Petersham Town Hall last night, and was accorded a good hearing.

Mr. W. G. Judd addressed meetings at Kogarah and Hurstville on Saturday. At each place the candidate received a unanimous vote of confidence.

Mr. E. H. Buchanan, one of the candidates for Balmain, explained his opinions on Saturday evening. He is in favour of protection, the payment of members, and of local option, and opposed to assisted immigration.

EAST SYDNEY.

MR. G. H. REID'S MEETING.

Mr. G. H. Reid addressed a moderately large meeting of electors at the Oxford Hotel, King-street, yesterday evening. In consequence of a heavy downpour of rain the candidate delivered his remarks indoors. Dr. Goode occupied the chair.

Mr. Reid expressed a regret that, owing to unpropitious weather, very many of his friends and supporters were absent. During the period which he had been out of Parliament numerous applications had been made to him to stand for various constituencies; but these had ever had but the one answer, viz., that if he was to be once more set up in his place in Parliament, that place would be for the constituency by which he had been sent out of office in consequence of a technicality. (Cheers.) In referring to the course of Parliamentary affairs during the last session, he proceeded to show that the session had been, in every respect, an extremely stormy one. The House had set about its business with the intention of dealing with various matters which it had not possibly the time to attend to. He contended that the Opposition had adopted a thoroughly constitutional stand when its members held that so short a time should not have been afforded in which to advance matters of vital importance to the colony. (Hear, hear.) One great peculiarity of that session, he urged, was the remarkable degree of personal invective and recrimination which had been indulged in; but, so far as he had been able to judge, no tangible proof of the several charges could be, or at all events, had not been adduced. If any single member of the Government could be proved to have abused his public trust the sooner he was dismissed from his position so much the better. So far as he individually could detect, not one Minister could be charged with the offence. With regard to the retirement of Sir Alexander Stuart and of Mr. Dalley from public life, he contended that it would have been a shame if they had gone before the electors. What the public wanted to know was not what the Government had been, but what the Government of the future was to be. By the reconstruction of the Ministry the people were now enabled to decide whether the Administration was worthy of a trial or not. Had they adopted a different course of action, an appeal could only have been made to one or two constituencies, whereas, under the present circumstances, the whole colony would have an opportunity of expressing an opinion. He looked upon the step which had been taken as a thoroughly constitutional and just one in every respect. (Hear, hear.) The new Ministry was composed of men of ability, and of men who were at any rate thoroughly entitled to a fair general trial. One point he confessed he did not like at all, and that was the appointment of Mr. Budgery to the position of Minister for Public Works. (Cheers, and a voice: "Who does?") He always had a detestation of such a coalition sort of selections. (Hear, hear.) Who could, he asked, venture for one moment to say that this appointment had been received with public approval. (Hear, hear.) Precisely the same objections as had been raised against Mr. Wright could be fully urged in connection with Mr. Budgery, inasmuch as although he (Mr. Budgery) was a thoroughly honest, independent, practical, straightforward man, his position in connection with his transactions with Governmental departments was a close and direct one. It was, unfortunately, a fact that the most honest man was open to aspersion, obloquy, and to unmerited suspicion. (Hear, hear.) With regard to the Local Government Bill, he characterised it as one of the best measures that had been introduced. At the same time, he considered that a mistake had been made in bringing in provisions to deal with different districts; and he held that it would have been vastly better had the example which was shown by Queensland been adopted. Adverting to the Public Health Bill, the candidate urged too much neglect had been evinced for years past with regard to the wholesale and scandalously small subdivisions of lands in the environs, upon which the homes of the poor man were being erected. (Cheers.) His action in connection with this objectionable principle would be well-known; and there were those who knew well the steps which he had taken with regard to the specification of limits as to lanes, frontages, approaches, &c. (Hear, hear.) The recently passed Land Act he characterised as one of the most vital importance in a young colony such as this. (Hear, hear.) Three years ago he had pointed out that vast areas of land were being sold, and parted with, perhaps, for ever, under all sorts of pleas, simply, as he conceived, to make it as valuable as possible to the purchasers, and as valueless as possible to those who sold it. (Cheers, and laughter.) It would ever be to the credit of Sir Alexander Stuart and of his party that the pledges of 1882 had been fulfilled. (Hear, hear.) After having criticised the features of the bill at considerable length, the speaker claimed for it that, in a majority of instances, it would be found to work well in the public weal. (Applause.) One most remarkable fact in connection with it—or perhaps a not at all remarkable fact—was that whilst there were to be found innumerable critics, those very faultfinders most carefully shrank from pointing out its defects, and they were critically careful not to suggest any ameliorations. (Cheers.) Another most important Act could not be allowed to pass without notice, viz., the Civil Service Bill. (Cheers.) Prior to its passing it had been possible by the simple stroke of a pen to inflict the cruellest of injustices and of wrongs, and to ruin the oldest and most trustworthy servant of the Crown, solely for the sake of those who possessed political influence. (Cheers.) He did not say that this prostitution of justice was very often perpetrated; but in a few instances cases in point had not been wanting. (Hear, hear.) Under the new bill all that sort of wrong had been for ever, he hoped, swept away. (Hear, hear.) With regard to the Civil Service officers' pension regulations, a decided opportunity and need for improvement existed. The Government's recent offer of New South Wales troops for service in the Soudan, without previous Parliamentary sanction, he characterised as a grossly unconstitutional action. However, he admitted that it was an offer which had resulted from a generous inspiration, which only the broad, philanthropic, and patriotic heart of a William Bede Dalley could have conceived. (Loud cheers.) Judging that expedition by the cold light of reason, it might seem to have been a Quixotic venture; but judging it by all the warm impulses of one's heart, it was one of the highest proofs that the Australian was a true-hearted man, ready to stand up to the utmost of his ability for his country and for his Queen in any emergency. (Cheers.) With respect to local option: Doubtless every one in the colony was sensible of the need for grappling with the curse of drunkenness—(hear, hear)—and no one was more anxious to put down the evils of intemperance than were a majority of the publicans themselves. (Hear, hear.) But the teetotallers wanted to go about achieving this object in an altogether different way. (Hear, hear.) They wanted to shut up all the public-houses—a most ridiculous proposition. (Cheers.) If the local option vote were passed as it at present stood, it would undoubtedly prove to be a complete farce. (Hear, hear.) Far better would it be for rabid temperance agitators to calmly hand themselves together and to decide upon some general plan whereby the temperate habits of the colony would be improved. (Hear, hear.) With regard to free-trade, he satirically condemned what he looked upon as the altogether unprincipled "trimming" of several Parliamentary agitators when dealing with fiscal policies; and he pointed out that shopkeepers, clerks, professional men, business men, and others were not protected in the most infinitesimal degree, whereas for certain sections of the community it was sought to secure special advantages. Contrasting the conditions of Victoria with protection, and of New South Wales with free trade, it would be found, as a matter of fact, that, within a fraction, we had as many persons employed in manufacturing pursuits as in the sister colony—a colony whose every industry was merely standing upon props. (Hear, hear.) In short, our "poor ruined country" (as some pessimists would describe it), there were no fewer than 38,000 hands employed, in addition to which there were signs of a rapid increase—and that, too, without any sign of a burden being inflicted upon the community. (Cheers.) The candidate apologised for having abbreviated his remarks, but he undertook to speak more fully on another day. He felt that he had a very hard battle to fight—(voice: "Nothing of the sort; you are secured." Hear, hear)—but he would rely upon the efforts of his friends, if they thought him worthy, to place him again in the Assembly from which he had been, by a technicality, withdrawn. (Loud and hearty cheering.)

Upon the motion of Mr. Blackmore, seconded by Mr. C. W. Beal, a unanimous vote of confidence in the candidate was accorded with acclamation, and the meeting closed with three cheers for the Queen.

MR. BURDEKIN AT WEST'S ROOMS.

Mr. Burdekin addressed the electors of East Sydney at West's Rooms last evening. There was a very fair attendance, considering the inclement state of the weather. Mr. Walter Bradley occupied the chair, and on opening the proceedings he spoke at considerable length in opposition to the Soudan expedition and the Land Act.

Mr. Burdekin complimented the electors of East Sydney on the result of their action when they returned him to Parliament in opposition to Mr. Reid. There could be no doubt that that undoubted expression of public opposition to the taxation proposals of the Government forced them to withdraw them. The late Government was put into power by way of experiment. There was an opinion abroad that we had had about enough of Sir Henry Parkes and Sir John Robertson, as leaders of Government, and a trial was given to a new party, but the experiment had proved a total failure. The legislative Acts of the Government were ill-considered, and failed to attain the objects for which they were introduced. He need only instance the Land Act, the Civil service Act, and the Oyster Fisheries Act in support of this statement. The cause of the passing of improperly constructed measures was the fact that the Government had at their backs a powerful majority, who supported them whether they were in the right or the wrong. A large number of members having proved unfaithful to their trust, it behoved the electors to send them about their business. The greatest safeguard which the people had was a strong Opposition, and the last Parliament was distinguished by the circumstance that such a safeguard did not exist. Whether or not Mr. Dibbs secured a majority in favour of his Government, he (the speaker) hoped that the result of the elections would be that the new Parliament would have a properly organised Opposition. Referring to the land question, he said that the failure of the old Act was attributable to maladministration. It was much more a people's measure than the new Act. It was assumed that the reduction of the deposit on selections from 5s. to 2s. per acre was a great boon to the selectors, but such was not the case, as the fencing which they would have to erect within two years would cost nearly £2 per acre on small selections and 2s. per acre on homestead leases of 10,000 acres, whereas under the old law the value of the improvements which had to be made was fixed at 10s. per acre. When the bill was before the House it was contended that it would bring in a largely increased revenue from the pastoral lessees, but this contention had been proved to be utterly fallacious. The revenue from pastoral lessees would be less in 1886 than it was in 1883. The late Government were utterly reckless in their dealings with financial matters, they were outrageously extravagant, and in connection with the floating of loans Mr. Dibbs had shown that he was not possessed of the necessary ability to hold the position of Treasurer—to say nothing of his being Premier. By the reduction of the interest payable on our loans from 4 per cent. to 3½ per cent. we had lost £1,000,000. In addition to this, £60,000 had been lost to the country by Mr. Dibbs' act in entrusting the floating of the loans to the Bank of England, instead of to the Bank of New South Wales. The late Government spent large sums of money on railways, which would not return sufficient money to pay for the grease which would be required for the wheels of the trains. The people were led to believe that the Civil Service Bill would give justice to the Civil servants, and at the same time would not impose any extra burden on the people; but the civil servants were dissatisfied with it, and in the course of four years it would saddle the taxpayers with an extra expenditure of the enormous sum of £100,000. He expressed his absolute disapproval of the federation scheme to which the late Government committed themselves. The rejection of the proposal was one of the rare instances in which the late Parliament did its duty. The Soudan Contingent movement he regarded as contemptible from beginning to end. The only feature about it which was worthy of admiration was the spirit displayed by the men. When the late Government came into power it was said that we were to have purity of administration, but he was sorry to say that Ministers had been guilty of gross acts of political indecency in this respect. Indecency was the only word which could be applied to a Ministry who had associated themselves with paint, barb wire, carrying, and other trading companies having dealings with the Government. Mr. Wright had been guilty of a gross violation of the spirit of the Constitution Act, and he hoped that the electors of Redfern would reject him on that ground. Mr. Badgery, the new Minister for Works, was in no better position than Mr. Wright was, as he had large commercial transactions with the department over which he presided. If the Government secured a majority at the election, the effect of Mr. See occupying the position of Postmaster-General would be that the country would be saddled with the expenditure of £2,000,000 on a railway from Glen Innes to Grafton—a railway which would not return enough to pay the grease on the wheels. If he were elected he would be an uncompromising opponent of the new Government.

A motion of confidence in Mr. Burdekin was proposed by Mr. Bowker, and seconded by Mr. M'Bride, and no hand being held up against it, it was declared to be carried unanimously.

Mr. T. C. O'Hara then addressed the meeting. He announced that he had been chosen under distinguished auspices to contest the electorate. Subsequently the Hon. John Sutherland and Mr. O'Sullivan made short speeches.

WEST SYDNEY.

MR. D. O'CONNOR AT THE TOWN HALL.

Mr. D. O'Connor, one of the candidates for West Sydney, addressed a meeting of the electors of that constituency last night, at the Town Hall. The meeting was a large one. The Mayor of Sydney (Mr. Thos. Playfair) occupied the chair, and introduced the candidate in a speech in which he eulogised his merits, and hoped that they would overlook any small mistake he might have made. Mr. O'Connor had shown sufficient ability, perseverance, and public spirit in all he had undertaken to justify his return to the next Parliament.

Mr. O'Connor, on rising, was well received. He insisted on the electors using their fullest judgment on Friday next as to whether he was of any service to them, and he would be quite satisfied with their decision. They were now approaching a crisis in the history of this colony which demanded their earnest attention. At the end of the second last Parliament the people declared against the Parkes Government, and that party was broken up, and Mr. Stuart came into power under the most favourable circumstances that ever met any Ministry. It was a Parliament that fairly represented the generous and peaceful sentiments of the community. But that Ministry, with all its advantages, was not long in power before it manifested an almost appalling incapacity. He himself had done a fair share in supporting and bringing that Government into existence. The fiscal policy submitted by Mr. Dibbs showed such incapacity that his own party forced him to withdraw all his proposals. As to the Land Bill, which he held to be a question of vital importance to city electorates as well as to country constituencies, he stated that no bill ever passed through this or any other Parliament in a more corrupt manner. It only in theory remedied the evils which it professed to see and remedy in Sir John Robertson's bill. He had voted for the second reading of the bill in order that the House should have an opportunity of considering it; but having pointed out its glaring defects, he voted against the third reading. As the bill passed through the House, the Government betrayed their trust, they were unfaithful to the people, they changed the bill in the interests of the squatters and the monetary institutions as against the great masses of the people. An instance of political prodigacy in connection with this bill was the action of Mr. Lackey, who advocated it at the beginning, and then opposed it in committee; but after the changes had been made which suited him, he came in and voted for the third reading, and was rewarded by the Government with a seat in the Upper House. Instead of realising the highly coloured estimates of one and two millions of revenue to be derived from the lands under this Act, he had learned, from the best information, that the revenue neither this nor next year would hardly pay for the expenses of surveying. This Land Bill was such a trespass on the rights of the people that there was no real difference between it and the law that had been forced on Ireland at the point of the bayonet two centuries ago. It would be the imperative duty of the new Parliament to amend the glaring defects of this bill. Referring to the Civil Service Bill, he told them that this measure had already cost £100,000 of the people's earnings instead of £35,000, as the late Premier stated, or of £70,000, as Mr. Dalley had stated. If the Premier knew that he was saying what was not correct, this was a gross fraud. If he did not know, it betrayed gross ignorance on his part. He went on to condemn the vile action of the Government in connection with the Soudan campaign, referring to the violation of the Constitution in sending away troops without previous Parliamentary sanction, and to the iniquity of the war itself. He attributed the failure of the loan to the despatch of the Soudan contingent. He went on to criticise the recent appointment of Dr. Mackellar and others to the Legislative Council, although entertaining feelings of respect for those gentlemen personally. He mentioned with respect the name of Captain Charles, but considered him, like other members of that House, far too old. He would support a bill to make the Upper Chamber an elective one, and do away with a power which had been used, not for the public good, but for private and political ends. He narrated the history of the composition of the last Ministry, with the view of showing how Mr. Wright came to occupy the office of Minister for Works, and commented severely on Mr. Wright's having held that office. He had at first supported the Stuart Ministry consistently and thoroughly. The late Premier was Premier only in name; Mr. Dalley was the real leader. Sir Alexander Stuart had no backbone; Mr. Dibbs had a backbone, and nothing else; Mr. Abbott was made of good material; and, making some allowance for the Parliamentary experience of Mr. Farnell, he regarded that Ministry as exceedingly weak. Mr. Dalley, as second in command, should have taken the lead when Sir Alexander Stuart fell through illness, and saved the country from the danger of being handed over to one of the most reckless men—Mr. Dibbs—a man who had no culture, and none of the information a Premier ought to have, but was swayed by a most diabolical rashness. He would continue to try and waken the country to the danger of being led by a man who, even with Mr. Dalley, Mr. Darley, and five of the choicest intellects in Australia, would wreck the country. He was surprised that Sir Patrick Jennings should join a rag-tag and bobtail Ministry such as this, which would be stone dead in a month or less. He strongly condemned the inconsistency and bad conduct of Mr. Badgery in his attitude towards the late Government, and in his accepting the portfolio of the Works Office, a position even more indecent than that which Mr. Wright held. Mr. Dibbs, in his speech on Friday night, had given some of the information usually afforded to the public by a Premier at this stage of affairs, and they should demand to know the programme of the Government before he allowed them to take office. He charged Mr. Wright with having spent £40,000 in the purchase of dump cars which were useless and dangerous from an American firm, in the face of the advice of his efficient and highly-paid officers. A similar thing had been done in regard to Augustus Morris, one of the hangers-on of the Government; and the Ministry generally were up to their eyes in commercial transactions. He urged the formation of a new, free, vigorous, independent, and patriotic party; and pointed out that there was ample intellectual material to be found in the colony without falling back on a few shuttle-cock politicians. In answer to questions, the candidate stated that he would sturdily oppose any measure for the establishment of local option. He had been originally opposed to payment of members, but had come to the conclusion that, to be in harmony with the institutions of this country, and enable men who might have talents, but not money, to have a chance of going into Parliament and supporting the office with dignity, members should be paid, and he would support a bill having that object in view. During this stage of the proceedings a great deal of disturbance took place in consequence of some allusions to the Redmonds' visit.

Mr. O'Farrell then moved a vote of confidence in the candidate, and Mr. Walsh seconded it, amid considerable uproar and interruption. The motion was carried by an overwhelming majority, some five or six hands only being held up in opposition, and the meeting then broke up.

SOUTH SYDNEY.

Mr. J. B. OLLIFFE AT SOUTH SYDNEY.

Mr. J. B. Olliffe addressed a meeting of the electors of South Sydney at the Blue Lion Hotel, Elizabeth-street, last night. The inclemency of the weather interfered considerably with the attendance. The chair was occupied by Mr. Edward Punch.

Mr. Olliffe, who was received with applause, said he thanked them for the cordial reception they had given him. The amendment of the Constitution Act, which gave them Triennial Parliaments the better to catch tripping members, had once more brought him a suppliant before the electors of South Sydney. In the country districts, where the member was so frequently almost perfectly a stranger to his constituents, it was customary at certain times to call the latter together to afford them an opportunity of hearing what the former had to say about himself. Here in Sydney, being amongst the electors, known personally by most of them, watched carefully by all of them, they had from day to day such a record of their member's proceedings as did not necessitate his giving an account of his stewardship. He was their servant, always at hand, and on his conduct depended whether they retained him in their service or dispensed with his services. The term of his (Mr. Olliffe's) engagement with them as electors had expired. He sought a fresh engagement at their hands, and thought that his past conduct justified him in doing so. They must have observed during the period that had elapsed since he last appeared before them, and, he thought he was justified in saying, observed with regret that their interests, which were identical with the interests of the whole community, instead of being accepted as of paramount importance, had been made subservient to party exigencies and her Majesty's Obstruction—he should say Opposition—unable to grasp the reins of the coach of state, had continually snatched at first one and then the other, hoping thereby to upset the whole concern; their motto having evidently been "Down with everything if we cannot be the governing party." The Land Act that took so long passing through Parliament, but for this cause might have been dealt with in less than half the time that it took, and could then have been turned out a far more perfect measure. But for the same course Parliament might even now have been debating two most important matters—local self-government and a Public Health Bill. The former had been dangled before the eyes of the constituencies for a long time past; the latter was one of imperative necessity as they knew, when hourly they were threatened with visitations of endemics, epidemics, of contagious and of infectious diseases; but those the Opposition held of less importance, it appeared, than the overthrow of their adversaries. He had given a fair and consistent support to the Stuart Government, believing them to be the best possible under existing circumstances—(cheers)—and looking in vain amongst the ranks of the Opposition for men whom he could trust to replace them. They must not suppose for a moment that he had considered the Stuart Ministry as even an approach to perfection, and he regretted exceedingly to notice the terrible dearth that existed of men able and fitted to lead. There were many willing to try their 'prentice hands at governing; there were many who had already been tried, and were no longer trusted. But when things seemed at their darkest, when the clouds lowered over them menacingly—a rift was sure to open sooner or later, the sunshine once more gladdened the earth, the hour struck, and a man made his appearance. This would happen again, and as it was always the unexpected that happens, they might yet find themselves in a position to stand before the neighbouring colonies politically in a somewhat better attitude than they had lately presented. (Cheers.) It was too late now to blame the Stuart Ministry for what they had done, or for what they had left undone; but he must certainly give them credit for their action in endeavouring to provide them with a supply of good and wholesome water before the season should come round again when most required there should be least of it. In cases of emergency, expedition was of the first importance, and then security; both of these the Minister for Works obtained when he gave the contract for the extraordinary supply of water to the city to the only firm that, so far as he can hear, was in a position to carry it out. It was absurd to talk about such a proceeding being unconstitutional. There were times when men must act first and consider after. What applied to the Hudson Brothers' contract applied equally to the Soudan expedition—(cheers)—unconstitutional. Of course it was unconstitutional; but it appeared to him that the will of the people entirely overrode the Constitution—(cheers)—and as the Constitution was for the people, and not the people for the Constitution, he failed to see the heinousness of the crime with which some would charge the Ministry. (Cheers.) It was impossible to approach the consideration of the water supply question without connecting with it to the fullest extent the official who had rendered it necessary. To dissociate Mr. Moriarty from the Prospect Waterworks scheme would be analogous to producing "Hamlet" and omitting the part of the noble Dane. It could easily be conceived that against Mr. Moriarty as Mr. Moriarty he could have no possible animus. With Mr. Moriarty as Engineer-in-Chief for Harbours and Rivers he was far from satisfied, and it was in the latter capacity especially that he took objection to that office. (Cheers.) What in other respects he had done or left undone might be allowed to pass, in view of the series of stupendous blunders for which he was arraigned at the present moment by the long-suffering taxpayers of New South Wales. He thought it was high time that the country should come to an understanding with, if possible, the Engineer-in-Chief, Moriarty. (Cheers.) To him he was an enigma in that despite the many glaring mistakes he had made, the many thousand pounds he had caused to be squandered, and the little that remained to tell of his successes he still retained his position of virtual irresponsibility. One was really tempted to the belief that in days long past he must have displayed most marked ability—ability that must have set him far all time far above his would-be compeers. But inquiries such as he had been enabled to institute led him to the conclusion that until he first studied engineering under and at the expense of the Government of New South Wales, he never was an engineer at all, and that if then he displayed any aptitude for the profession it had since fallen from him absolutely. After referring at some length to the question of water supply, he said he was prepared to give his support to those who would direct their attention to, and that was the "Dil, dil, dil, come and be killed" measure that the colony of Victoria was so anxious that they should adopt; but before accepting the great Federation Enabling Act he was particularly anxious to know what it was that they should be entitled to do under that Act that they could not as well do without it, and what might be done that they would rather have left undone. He could understand how it might be desirable to federate for the better protection and defence of the colonies, in the event of war breaking out. He could also understand how such federation might be achieved without reference to this Act at all. He could also understand how letters of naturalisation granted in one colony could be made to run and be valid throughout the whole group without the authority of the Act. He could understand how defaulters and absconding debtors might be followed and arrested, and how hundreds of other things could be done which this Act professed to empower them to do, without any necessity for seeking its intervention. What then was the object of the Act? He confessed that he could not understand the grounds for Victoria's anxiety that they should adopt this Act. Victoria was avowedly protectionist; South Australia and Queensland had a decided itching to follow in her footsteps; Tasmania, a *quasi* province of Victoria, would probably do as she was bid by her powerful neighbour; New Zealand and Western Australia might be left out of the reckoning altogether. Was New South Wales to have her free trade done away with, or what was the object sought to be attained by fiscal federation? If they looked at it in another light it became apparent that should it at any time be deemed advisable by the federate powers to alter the boundaries of any particular colony, Victoria might extend to the northward, Queensland to the southward; and if so, at what colony's expense would this have to be done? The expense of New South Wales. They would rather, he should surmise, object to such pressing attentions. What he should like to know, but could not foresee, would be the consequence of adopting this Act as regards the powers and privileges of their present Parliament. To his mind, grave doubts presented themselves as to the ultimate development of the compound autocracy now proffered to them. In the matter of the defence of the colonies, which must be attended to if the strong man armed was to keep his house, he was prepared to accept the diets of military and naval experts, and to assist them in carrying their views into effect by voting for the payment of a by no means insignificant premium by way of policy of insurance; for it was no use abutting the stable door when the horse was stolen. As to rabbits, water supply, irrigation, and matters of detail of that description, being properly speaking departmental matters, he was content to simply watch the measures affecting them as they came before Parliament, with a view to their acceptance or their amelioration as the case might be. He also referred at great length to the question of local option. Should the minority rule the majority, and because there were six or seven hundred people in Darlinghurst who in their penitence pleaded drunkenness as an excuse for crime, that therefore the balance of a million people should drink neither wine, beer, nor spirits. He had grave doubts as to whether the leaders of the movement were really straightforward and honest in the manner of their approach, and whether the gloved hand they tendered was not simply the prelude to an encounter of a still more desperate character, and whether, in the event of their being successful in the first few rounds, they would not be prepared to use the naked fist. They had local option—that was to say, Constitutional local option—conferred upon them by the Constitution Act, inasmuch as that Act empowered them to deal with the licensing question in a locality known as New South Wales. They had that locality much divided by a recent Licensing Act. What was it that the local optionists now wanted? Was it more subdivision, under the impression that by dividing they may better govern? Or was it that the course they were now adopting was to be understood or to be regarded as merely a means to an end, and that end absolute prohibition, accompanied with wholesale spoliation? If this be so, he challenged them at once to openly declare themselves. (Cheers.) He contended that the liquor traffic could be properly regulated, but that it was impossible to do away with it altogether. They had local option enough at the ballot-boxes, and there they should let it rest. (Cheers.) In conclusion, he said he trusted he had given a full and satisfactory explanation of his views, and asked them to deal fairly with him, after having judged him upon his merits. (Cheers.)

The usual vote of confidence was moved by Mr. C. W. Richards and seconded by Mr. William Walter, and, on being put to the meeting by the chairman, was carried unanimously.

The proceedings terminated with cheers for the chairman and the Queen.

MR. WITHERS AT SOUTH SYDNEY.

Considering the state of the weather, a large number of electors assembled at the Comet Hotel last evening to hear Mr. George Withers express his views on the questions of the day.

Mr. Samuel Widdon, J.P., who occupied the chair, said he would have liked to have seen some more popular and greater advocate of politics presiding that evening; at the same time it gave him pleasure to occupy such a position when advocating the cause of an honest man like the candidate. After hearing the views of the candidate, he trusted they would, one and all, accord him their votes on Friday next. He then called upon

Mr. Withers, who rose amidst applause. He commenced by observing that the rain had somewhat damped the interest of the meeting, but it would do the country more good than it would injure the elections. In looking round the room he saw many faces he did not know, which he had seen at his meetings time after time, and he thought that that was a better omen than to have to run round the country to gain a seat. He could see many around him who for years had rallied round him. They were well aware that the last occasion he was before them was when the Government was defeated on their land policy. At that time he was a supporter of the Parkes-Robertson Government. At that time the lands of the country were drifting out of the hands of the people. He thought the new Land Bill was better than the old one, although, at the same time, it wanted amending. But what bill ever passed the Assembly that did not require amending? It did not matter whether the Government or the Opposition came into power, some of the clauses of the Land Bill would have to be amended. The Municipal Act also required amending, and so did the Building Act. He trusted he had carried out his pledges as made on the last occasion to a very fair extent. The Technical College, which he had pledged himself to assist in establishing, was a very important institution, and in a few years they would be able to realise the good effect it would have in the education of the working man. The Civil Service Bill was another measure which required amending. It was hurried through the House, and many of its clauses were defective. He wished them to clearly understand that he was not before them as an advocate of the Government. He generally took his seat on the cross-benches, and voted on questions as they came before him according to his conscience. He had no hesitation in saying that the members of the Government would compare favourably with any Government that had preceded them. He was satisfied that members would entertain amendments in the Civil Service Bill, whether the Government or the Opposition came into power, and on every occasion he would act as his conscience guided him. (Applause.) He referred to the £14,000,000 loan and the railway policy. Although he had supported the railway policy, he did not believe in the Grafton-Glen Innes line. He was in favour of the scheme of bringing the railway into the city. The Darling Harbour railway would be a big job that could not be carried out at once. He did not, as many people did, look upon the schemes for the extension of the railway into the city and for the Darling Harbour resumption as rivalling each other in any way. He Harbour resumption as rivalling each other in any way. He was in favour of both schemes. A city railway would relieve our streets, which were becoming over-crowded, and it they might yet find themselves in a position to stand before the neighbouring colonies politically in a somewhat better attitude than they had lately presented. (Cheers.) It was too late now to blame the Stuart Ministry for what they had done, or for what they had left undone; but he must certainly give them credit for their action in endeavouring to provide them with a supply of good and wholesome water before the season should come round again when most required there should be least of it. In cases of emergency, expedition was of the first importance, and then security; both of these the Minister for Works obtained when he gave the contract for the extraordinary supply of water to the city to the only firm that, so far as he can hear, was in a position to carry it out. It was absurd to talk about such a proceeding being unconstitutional. There were times when men must act first and consider after. What applied to the Hudson Brothers' contract applied equally to the Soudan expedition—(cheers)—unconstitutional. Of course it was unconstitutional; but it appeared to him that the will of the people entirely overrode the Constitution—(cheers)—and as the Constitution was for the people, and not the people for the Constitution, he failed to see the heinousness of the crime with which some would charge the Ministry. (Cheers.) It was impossible to approach the consideration of the water supply question without connecting with it to the fullest extent the official who had rendered it necessary. To dissociate Mr. Moriarty from the Prospect Waterworks scheme would be analogous to producing "Hamlet" and omitting the part of the noble Dane. It could easily be conceived that against Mr. Moriarty as Mr. Moriarty he could have no possible animus. With Mr. Moriarty as Engineer-in-Chief for Harbours and Rivers he was far from satisfied, and it was in the latter capacity especially that he took objection to that office. (Cheers.) What in other respects he had done or left undone might be allowed to pass, in view of the series of stupendous blunders for which he was arraigned at the present moment by the long-suffering taxpayers of New South Wales. He thought it was high time that the country should come to an understanding with, if possible, the Engineer-in-Chief, Moriarty. (Cheers.) To him he was an enigma in that despite the many glaring mistakes he had made, the many thousand pounds he had caused to be squandered, and the little that remained to tell of his successes he still retained his position of virtual irresponsibility. One was really tempted to the belief that in days long past he must have displayed most marked ability—ability that must have set him far all time far above his would-be compeers. But inquiries such as he had been enabled to institute led him to the conclusion that until he first studied engineering under and at the expense of the Government of New South Wales, he never was an engineer at all, and that if then he displayed any aptitude for the profession it had since fallen from him absolutely. After referring at some length to the question of water supply, he said he was prepared to give his support to those who would direct their attention to, and that was the "Dil, dil, dil, come and be killed" measure that the colony of Victoria was so anxious that they should adopt; but before accepting the great Federation Enabling Act he was particularly anxious to know what it was that they should be entitled to do under that Act that they could not as well do without it, and what might be done that they would rather have left undone. He could understand how it might be desirable to federate for the better protection and defence of the colonies, in the event of war breaking out. He could also understand how such federation might be achieved without reference to this Act at all. He could also understand how letters of naturalisation granted in one colony could be made to run and be valid throughout the whole group without the authority of the Act. He could understand how defaulters and abscon

occupy the honourable position of one of their representatives. (Loud applause.)

Mr. R. FLETCHER moved, and Mr. M'COY seconded, that Mr. Trickett was a fit and proper person to represent the electorate of Paddington in the Legislative Assembly.

This was carried unanimously, amid loud cheering, and Mr. Trickett having responded, the proceedings terminated.

MR. HELLMRICH AT RUSHCUTTER'S BAY.

A large meeting of the electors of Paddington was held at Scholes' Hotel, Rushcutter Bay, last evening. Mr. Hellmrich met with a very favourable reception, and the meeting was unanimous throughout. Alderman Thomas Scott occupied the chair.

Mr. HELLMRICH stated that he was not forcing himself upon the electors, but came out in response to the unanimous wish of a large and influential body of the electors. Being a native of the electorate, and having been so long connected with the municipal institution, he was well acquainted with the requirements of the electors. He was in favour of the present Education Act, which he considered one of the best ever passed; he would, however, advocate the abolition of all fees. He adverted in lengthy terms upon the Local Option Act, and strongly denounced the present agitation to close the publichouse without compensation. With regard to immigration, he was totally opposed to any extension of the system, and thought that it should be discountenanced in every way, seeing the facilities that were now given by the steam companies to reach these shores. The Local Government Bill met with his entire approval. He detailed the advantages that would accrue from the passing of such an Act, and said that his knowledge of municipalities would enable him to pass a discriminate judgement upon such a measure. He stated his adhesion to free trade, but would give every encouragement and promote in every legitimate way protection to native industries. He would tax jewellery, pianos, and luxuries of such a character. He was in favour of the city railway extension, and he argued that this extension would be the prelude to getting a railway to the eastern suburbs. The Land Act, he thought, should be fairly tried, and that if upon trial it was found faulty it should be amended. The system of payment of members he denounced, and thought it would be a sorry day for the colony when we could not find men patriotic enough to serve their country without payment. He was a staunch supporter of the eight-hour movement, and said he could say from experience that eight hours was sufficient for any man to work. He was an independent candidate, and was not linked with any one in the contest, nor did he pledge himself to support either the Government or the Opposition, but would vote for whatever measures he considered would be for the benefit of the colony, whether introduced by the Government or by the Opposition. He dealt lengthily with the criminal laws, which he considered required very extensive amendments. He would do all in his power to secure baths in Double Bay or any other locality.

Mr. MAHONEY proposed, and Mr. JOHN BROWN seconded, that Mr. Hellmrich was a fit person to represent the electorate. After being supported by Messrs. D. Brown and Aitken, the motion was unanimously carried.

A second meeting was held at Royall's Hotel, Mr. Alderman Brown occupying the chair. The candidate dwelt ably upon the several topics of the day, and on the motion of Mr. LOVETT, seconded by Mr. DALEY, a unanimous vote of confidence was passed in the candidate. There was a very large gathering at each of the meetings.

ST. LEONARDS.

MR. DIBBS AND MR. DALLEY AT MANLY.

The Hon. G. R. DIBBS addressed a meeting of the electors of St. Leonards, in the Floral Pavilion, at Manly, last night. There was a very good attendance, notwithstanding the circumstance that the rain fell continuously in torrents, and the meeting was very favourable to the Premier. Mr. Geo. W. Barker presided, and on the platform were Mr. W. B. Dalley, Q.C., Mr. Alfred Hilder, Mr. Adam Russell, Mr. R. M. Pitt, Mr. Aitchison, Mr. T. A. Strickland, and Mr. Bailey.

Mr. DIBBS, who was received with applause, said if it were expected of him by his friends and supporters that he should degrade himself, dishonour the country, and insult them by any public and unseemly altercation with the almost madly scurrilous person who was one of his opponents, he must disappoint that expectation. (Hear, hear.) He could not . his part carry on this contest as one of silly, unlimited abuse. (Applause.) He was unequal to it. On this ground he willingly yielded to his opponent, who might rave and swear and call names and indulge in what he supposed was humour, and for which, if he were not disposed to use dirty language by his candidature, he would be dealt with properly among the class of persons who were duly classified at the police office as drunk and disorderly. (Applause and laughter.) Not another word would he say of him. He had read in that day's paper the beautiful language of Bishop Barry at the Cathedral the day before—(hear, hear)—and he declared to them that he had felt ashamed all day at the circumstance that he had ever allowed himself to be insulted into indignation by language which should have only excited his pity and indignation, and a feeling of shame for the country. (Applause.) With regard to the chief actor in these scenes, he (Mr. Dibbs) for over 30 years, and his (Mr. Dibbs') life for over 30 years had been known to most people in the electorate. Their public and private acts were open to be judged by the electors, and he trusted that when that judgment was recorded at the ballot-box the electors would show that they would be no party to scurrilous attacks which in no way concerned the public, and which degraded our institutions. (Applause.) He came before them to-night as what might be called the leader of a new political party. The Government was a reconstruction of that which for nearly three years had ably performed its duties. (Applause.) It was of course a matter of regret that they had lost for the present the services of one who had done so much in the past; he need not say he meant Mr. Dalley—(cheers)—who for many years had been the brightest genius of Australia, and who at no . od of his life had done more for his native land than during the time he held office under the Stuart Administration. (Cheers.) Put with regard to the present Government, they were now before the country, and he had no doubt that when the ballot-box was closed the constituency would be found to have expressed the only verdict that was just and proper that the new Administration should have a fair trial. (Cheers.) They came before the country with a programme bristling with acts of legislation—acts which they drew from the reserves of the late Government, and which the present Government had adopted as a portion of their policy for the coming session. One of these measures was the Public Health Bill, and in no part of the colony was a bill of that kind required more than at Manly. But the bill affected also the whole colony. (Hear, hear.) They also proposed to introduce a Local Government Bill—a bill that had been in the land of promise during the existence of many Administrations for the last 20 years. The Stuart Administration had introduced that bill, and it had in the Lower House been read the first time. The present Government intended to go on with that bill—(hear, hear)—and he hoped that with the assistance of the young and vigorous members who would probably be returned to the new Parliament they would be able to give a good account of their stewardship, and enable the people to reap the benefit of a broad and sound system of local government. (Applause). At the present time the desire to secure the construction of local works was, to a very large extent, simply a scramble for public money. When the Local Government Bill came into operation that scramble would cease, and the people in the various electorates would take a higher and nobler view of the duties of representatives of the people. (Applause.) The Government had promised the people a new patent law; and that bill was one the value of which he need not describe, for it would enable the struggling inventor to protect himself from piracy on the part of the rich, and enable him also to hold his patent until he obtained the reward of his labour. (Hear, hear.) Then there was another matter, and that was the Noxious Trades Bill, which was intended to put the industries dealt with by the bill—which, though considered offensive, were useful and necessary—beyond the reach of the present population, and isolate them from any population growing around them. A matter which he had forgotten to mention at St. Leonards was that of endeavouring to retain on the soil of this great country, dry in many places, the copious rains which at various and irregular times fell upon it. (Applause.) The late Government had appointed a commission to inquire into the whole question of water conservation in the dry districts of the colony, and when the report of the commission was brought up it would be for the Government to bring forward a measure dealing with the whole question. If they could by the borrowing of money—even millions of money—make the land, which was now dry and parched, blossom as a rose, the money would be borrowed to the advantage of the people, and the Government would do more to advance the interests of the country as a whole than had ever been done before. (Applause.) He would not enumerate a number of minor measures which the Government would be prepared to submit; it was sufficient. he thought, that he should to-night mention the principal measures they intended to lay before the incoming Parliament. He had been twitted by many of the opponents of the Government with being reticent; but he thought he had been quite the other way. There were times when certain statements ought to be made, and though it would be unjust, he considered, for him to inflict upon this audience a financial statement, the electors had the right to know something of the financial condition of the country at the present moment. (Hear, hear.) He could not fully satisfy his opponents, and a large section of the press who in their desire for knowledge ought to live in the waistcoat pocket of a Minister, but he was perfectly prepared to admit that the revenue which he estimated in November last year would not be realised. Of course, people keenly opposed to the Government would say there would be a deficit of a million. He was, however, equally prepared to say there would be nothing of the kind. (Hear, hear.) But there would be a considerable shortcoming upon the estimate he made last November. It would be impossible to say what that deficit would be; he could but forecast it. But the most important thing that concerned the people of the country was, would there or would there not be any necessity for fresh taxation? (Hear, hear.) So far as the figures had been given to him, he must admit that the continued drought had affected the pastoral interest to an enormous extent, and the reduction in the number of our flocks and herds had materially reduced the quantity of wool carried, and, therefore, necessarily reduced the income from the railways; and therefore we were bound to have a considerable deficiency in the estimated railway receipts. Possibly the estimate he made in November last might not be reached by a sum of £200,000, but then on the other hand there would be against that a considerable saving in the working expenses of the railways, and deducting one from the other he would not be at all surprised, if the copious rain then falling at Manly fell over the country generally, to find that at the end of the year we should find ourselves landed in a net loss of £50,000. No human being could have foreshadowed the fact that the drought would have continued during this year. We had had two or three years of severe drought, and under ordinary circumstances the cycle of drought was then past, and we were in for a fair season. But the drought had continued, and it had contributed to the reduction of the income we might have had from our railways. Those who had watched the Land Bill passing through Parliament last session, and knew of the machinery that was necessary to bring the bill into operation, would be quite prepared to know that the estimate of the land revenue would not be so large as at first thought. The deficiency in the land revenue would be to a large extent increased by the drought, but to a still larger extent by the fact that the bill was not got fairly into operation until the 8th or 9th August this year. But though there would be a deficiency in the land revenue we were no poorer, as we had the land. (Hear, hear.) We had the land; and so far as the question of income was concerned, we would draw in the earlier part of next year the income from our land that we might have drawn this year. We were not like a mercantile company that had lost its capital, we had not lost the land from which we realised our income. (Hear, hear.) But from those two sources, the railways and the lands, there was bound to be a falling-off in the revenue. He could, however, see his way clearly to submit a financial statement to the House within six or seven weeks, by which there would be, so far as he could foreshadow now, no necessity to come upon the people for fresh taxation to the extent of a single shilling. (Applause.) Our Customs revenue still held good. It showed that our population was increasing; that the anticipations formed by the late Government when it took office were being realised. We had headed the whole of the Australasian group in population, and population meant wealth. Therefore he looked forward to a continuance of the satisfactory results from our Customs duties as showing the progress of the people, and that they were steadily increasing. (Applause.) He had, as Treasurer, in the Assembly, and Mr. Dalley had in the Upper House, been twitted by the assertion that the Government was a most recklessly extravagant Government. He would only admit that they had been a bold Government. He was not going to say one word about that great event which had brought New South Wales to the front more than anything else that had taken place in the colony. (Applause.) Some persons said it was a reckless, and others an unconstitutional act, but those best able to think, and who were not eaten alive with vanity, or were not possessed of biassed minds, regarded it as the most statesmanlike act ever performed in this colony. (Applause.) Of course, there were people who expected the crop before the seed was fairly in the ground, and there were people who said that "because you did a certain thing you ought to have been able to have sold your 5s per cent. debentures at par." He, however, said to those people, Wait. The seed had been sown, and the tree was steadily growing—that tree which would develop New South Wales into a nation, and bind her in silken cords and bonds of iron to the mother country. (Applause.) Night after night in Parliament it had been asked, "What did you do with our surplus?" The Parkes-Robertson Government left to the Stuart Government a cash balance of 2½ millions. Well, the late Government had spent it all. But that was not a vice; it was a virtue. That two millions of money had been taken out of the pockets of the people under the old Land Act—taken from the ordinary channels of industry—and the Government had simply restored it to the people by expending it on public works. Then they had been taunted with having borrowed excessively; but while they had increased the debt of the colony they had borrowed the money for important public works, the advantage of which would be enjoyed by those who followed the present generation; and as the last Government had kept the ball rolling in this respect, the new Government was determined to follow in the footsteps of their predecessors, and as long as they could borrow at 3½ per cent., and invest the money in reproductive works for the benefit of the people, they would go on borrowing. (Applause.) The present Government was launched upon a firm free-trade basis, and he could not too publicly avow this, because there were rumours that protection was bound some of these days to come to the front. ("Never.") He hoped not, and it would not be so if the people would take the trouble to think and to act when the ballot-box was before them. The present Government stood committed to free trade. With regard to the Education Act, those who administered the Government would stand hard and fast to the principles of that Act—principles which they and others had laboured years ago to bring into operation. With reference to local option, which was supposed to be one of the burning questions of the hour, the law sanctioned the business of a licensed victualler, and he never would be a party to destroy an industry which the State had created and which was protected by law. The property of a licensed victualler should be respected in common with that of every other citizen, and the law should be made to elevate instead of ruin the industry. But a law which punished not only the licensed victualler, but the owners of the property in which he carried on his business, ought not to be. (Hear hear.) Some of his opponents had spread a report that he was opposed to the maintenance of the naval brigade and naval volunteers. This was utterly untrue, for he had been and was a hearty supporter of any measure for promoting among the people a system of self-defence. He was not in favour of creating a large army, but of teaching the Australian youth that they had a home worth defending, and if there were a necessity for it—and we were able to do it—of assisting the mother-country to a larger extent than we had done in the past, that was if England ever needed help from abroad. (Applause.) He need not say that the Government would push on with the railways as fast as they could get labour to go on with them, and as fast as there was an opportunity for the railways paying. Notwithstanding the fact that the railway rates were lower than those in any of the other Australasian colonies, our railway extensions, taken as a whole, were paying something like 1 or 1½ per cent. in excess of what we were paying the English financial authorities for what we had borrowed from them. (Applause.) Our policy was to go on borrowing, for the purpose of opening up the land, not expecting, however, that any particular line would pay at the outset the full rate of interest we had to pay for the money borrowed to construct it, and in the end the railway income would be one of the largest portions of the revenue received for the government of the country. In the present contest in the electorate of St. Leonards there were three or four candidates, and one of these was Mr. Ives. That gentleman had showed himself worthy of another trial at the hands of the constituency, and he (Mr. Dibbs) hoped he would be elected. For his own part, if he studied his own interests, he would devote the remainder of his existence to the enjoyment of life, and for the purpose of accumulating money, but he had put his hand to the plough in politics, and he did not intend to look back—(hear, hear)—and he intended, as long as he could get the support of an electorate like St. Leonards, to stick to it. (Cheers.)

Mr. ALFRED HILDER moved, and Mr. ADAM RUSSELL seconded, a resolution affirming that Mr. Dibbs was a fit and proper person to represent the constituency in Parliament, and after some remarks in support of the motion from Mr. AITCHISON, the resolution was carried unanimously.

Loud calls being made for Mr. Dalley,

Mr. DALLEY said:—Gentlemen, I have only a very few words to say to you, and but for the peculiar circumstances surrounding this election I should have been altogether silent. My title to speak to you here is that I am an elector. (Hear, hear.) I am a resident, and I have as full a knowledge of the character, private and public, of the candidate who does you the honour to seek your suffrages as perhaps any person in the community. We have known each other as boys. He has been all my life my friend, and during three eventful years of our history, and of the history of the country, he has been my colleague in its Government. (Applause.) I have watched his career at all times with interest and sympathy. It has been a varied one, full of trials, and difficulties, and conflicts. He has tasted all varieties of fortune. He has been a rich man and a poor one, and one of the first uses of his good fortune was the payment of his old debts. (Cheers.) But whatever may have been his vicissitudes of fortune, he has always been a brave, a consistent, and an honest man. (Cheers.) And I am proud to-night to be here and see him crowned with the very highest honours that a man can wear in a free community. (Applause.) He fairly enough represents the courage, the strength, and capacity of good citizens. (Applause.) There are qualities which he has somewhat in excess, and there are others which he wants, and might with advantage possess. I speak of him to you as if he were not present. He would, for example, be perhaps more attractive if he were less absolutely certain that he is right on all occasions. (Laughter.) But this defect belongs to big men physically and intellectually—(hear, hear, and laughter)—and he can no more help it than he can his somewhat superfluous height. (Laughter.) He might be milder and gentler; but, perhaps, what he would gain in amiability he would lose in force. (Hear, hear.) It is better, after all, to take him just as he is, and that is precisely what I should advise you and the country to do. (Hear, hear.) There is one thing to which, as far I know, he has never condescended, and that is to unfairly disparage the character, or unnecessarily wound the feelings of an antagonist. (Hear hear.) No man in the colony has been attacked with so much bitterness, and has borne it with a nobler indifference. And to-day the party which seeks to defeat him is armed only with the weapons of slander and vulgar abuse. (Cheers.) He is, it would seem, to be swept out of office and out of public life altogether by a storm of calumny. I would ask you on this ground alone to stand by him with a devotion which, while manifesting your sympathy with him, will show your regard for the honour of the country. (Cheers.) You know that Parliament by overwhelming majorities has declared its absolute disbelief of the charges preferred against him and some of his colleagues, and which are now revived upon the hustings to our shame as a community. (Applause.) Of one thing you may be assured, that no injury that can be inflicted upon the country will be half so fatal to its prosperity as the practice of recklessly for base partisan purposes slandering the character of those who are charged with its government. (Cheers.) I think there is not a man in the colony who does not feel thoroughly ashamed of our Parliamentary proceedings during the past six weeks—(hear, hear)—who does not wish them, if that were possible, to be blotted out from the pages of our history. (Cheers.) Not alone the attacks upon men of public position and character, but the cruel, cowardly, shameful imputations upon persons helpless by their station and their absence have dishonoured us all. (Applause.) For the first time, as far as I remember, in our Parliamentary history a direct and most insolent personal attack was made on the Queen's representative—another brutal one upon the private character of his son. (Hear, hear.) And in the desire to soil an achievement of which the whole world is proud, a gallant officer was charged with disgraceful cowardice and could not compel a privileged libeller to give the name of the author of the slander. Gentlemen, the humblest working man in the country with his honourable spirit of fair play, would feel himself humiliated and disgraced if he were mixed up with such a discreditable transaction as this. (Applause.) Just think of this attack upon his Excellency the Governor. He brought to this colony an historical record of half a century of Imperial service in the highest functions. Every period of his life has been marked by some well-earned distinction conferred by his Sovereign. He has in this his latest service won the respect of everybody for his justice and his humanity. He is on the eve of returning to England, where he will undoubtedly receive fresh proofs of the confidence and gratitude of the Queen. He has been openly insulted in Parliament for communicating in the discharge of his duty the exact truth to the Imperial authorities. It is your duty to protest against your being identified with such proceedings as this, and you can only perform it by discouraging and rejecting those who are responsible for them. (Applause.) There is only one subject of consolation—that the most chivalrous old man in our political history, the real leader and only revered figure in the Opposition, Sir John Robertson—(cheers)—is saved from being bespattered with all this mud and filth by his absence, which on all other grounds we so deeply lament. Affliction, sickness, physical pain—these things, hard to bear, are sometimes blessings. And in his case it is better for us all that he should be on a bed of suffering than experience the sharper pangs of being mixed up with a party which aspires to make a general election turn upon unlimited and unqualified calumny. (Applause.) The candidate now before you—who is the Premier of the country—now appeals to you for support upon no cry of faction or sect. He has no dangerous, secret influences at work to palter with the political conscience of the electors. He is clear, outspoken, frank, and daring; and if you return him as your representative, you will have an able, a sensible, a brave, and, above all, an honest man. (Loud cheers.)

Some short speeches complimentary to Mr. Dibbs from Mr. T. A. Strickland and Mr. Bailey, and a vote of thanks to the chairman, brought the proceedings to a close.

REDFERN.

THE MINISTER FOR MINES AT THE TOWN HALL.

The Hon. F. A. WRIGHT, Minister for Mines, addressed a meeting of the electors of Redfern, at the local Town-hall, last night. The chair was occupied by Mr. G. W. Lander, the Mayor of the borough, and there was a large attendance. Amongst those on the platform were Messrs. Day, Stanley, Sharp, Hume, Berry, Farr, Watson, T. Alderson, E. Adam, A. Skinner, A. Rofe, C. Anderson, Patterson, J. Crow, F. Lee, Howe, M. Dalton, and J. Kettle.

The CHAIRMAN said that before he called upon Mr. Wright to address them he would ask them to give that gentleman a fair hearing. Charge after charge had been hurled against Mr. Wright, in and out of Parliament.

A Voice: He will know it presently. (Laughter.)

The CHAIRMAN: The representatives of the people had found the hon. gentleman not guilty—(Hear, hear)—and since that occasion they had moved for a new trial.

A Voice: He'll get it on Friday.

The CHAIRMAN: The judges were the people.

A Voice: He did not think so once.

The CHAIRMAN: Before they condemned Mr. Wright he hoped they would hear what he had to say in his defence. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. WRIGHT, who was favourably received, said he proposed to give them a few words as to the manner in which he intended to conduct his portion of the present contest. He did not intend to say a word against any one. ("Why did you not do that last week?") He had no remarks to say concerning any of the gentlemen who were seeking their suffrages. He was going to fight the election on his own merits. (Hear, hear.) He proposed simply to say to them now something about the late Government; then something about the present Government, its constitution and policy; and finally, something about the charges made against himself. The late Government went into office as constitutionally and as fairly as any Government ever went into office in the world. It had a defined policy, and was returned to Parliament by an overwhelming majority against the Government of Sir Henry Parkes. It was fairly placed in power by the people. It was pledged to several measures, the foremost of which was the Land Act, the others being the Civil Service Bill, the Criminal Amendment Bill, the Local Government Bill, and an amended Licensing Bill. It passed most of these, as well as a Fisheries Bill, and if it had been permitted it would have passed the Local Government Bill also. The Land Act, upon which the Government had been brought into power, was, he thought, the best measure of the kind they could have. The measure had been criticised in a ruthless manner, though many who criticised it had shown an utter ignorance of its character, especially in regard to its vital principles. Mr. Thomas Garrett, one of their leading authorities on the subject of land, had made some gross mistakes with regard to it. He had thought that it did not contain certain important provisions, but he admitted in the House that it did so when these were pointed out to him by the Minister for Lands. When they found gentlemen of so large an experience as Mr. Garrett, who had been a Minister for Lands himself, and was generally considered an eminent authority, admitting that he made such mistakes, it was no wonder that others of lesser eminence fell into a similar error, and condemned a thing they did not understand. It had been affirmed very strongly that the Act was not calculated to settle a yeomanry on the soil. Why, however, would it not do so? People had the same privilege now as ever. They could each take up from 40 to 640 acres, and they had to pay 2s., as against 5s. formerly; and land was still open in large quantities for them to take up. Under the old Act they could have a preference of three times their original area, but the holding was only a precarious one. They held it on sufferance only. And what had they now? Instead of this uncertain thing they could have a conditional lease for five years, and at the end of that period they could purchase it or re-lease it, and it could not be taken from them, as it might have been under the repealed Act. He believed, also, that there was plenty of land in the country for people to settle upon. A cry had been raised against the pastoralists having fixed leases, but why he could not understand. They had in the country 170 millions of acres of unalienated land, and he would like to know whether they wanted that quantity at present simply for the purposes of settlement and wheat-growing. What the Government had done was to preserve the lands for the people, and to prevent the squatters acquiring them in the manner they did under the old Act. The squatters could not now acquire a single acre on the leased portions of their runs. Their leases would all fall in in the course of 15 years, or less now, and the people would then have as much land as they could reasonably require for the purpose of settling on. The Act also contained another important proviso that seemed to be generally lost sight of. It was provided in the measure that the Minister for Lands for the time being could take a portion or the whole of a run, and cause it to be thrown open to selection. And if it were clearly shown at any time that the population in any district had advanced so rapidly in numbers that additional land was required for its accommodation, the Minister could cancel a squatter's lease, and cause the land held under it to be thrown open to selection. (Hear, hear.) The Stuart Ministry was sent by the people into Parliament for the purpose of effecting a reform in the land laws, and they had certainly attained that object, and, considering the short period during which the Act had been in existence, he asked the people to give it and the men who framed it a fair chance of proving its success. (Hear, hear.) When the measure was going through the Assembly Sir John Robertson, in his vigorous, manly, and straightforward way contended that it would be impossible to divide the runs so as to give the squatter a half on lease and to throw the other half open to selection. The Government had, however, divided the runs, and had thrown the halves of them open to the people for selection, and Sir John Robertson's contention, therefore, had fallen to the ground. It had also been urged against the Government that they were not getting sufficient revenue from the lands. The fact, however, was that they would, under the new law, obtain a larger revenue than ever from the land, as would be very plainly shown when the assessment of the runs took place. He urged upon them to take an active interest in the land question. It was all-important to them. They did not know the moment that some of them or some of their relations would desire to occupy land, and what interested men in the bush interested them also. They could not separate their interests from those of the great producers of the interior. He would leave the subject of the land now to deal with one of a different kind. In regard to the Civil Service Act, he held that though it was not perfect, it was a great improvement upon what they hitherto had. Experience would point out any defects in the measure, as well as in the Land Act; and, when these defects were pointed out to them, the present Government would deal with them in a fair and honest manner. The late Government, besides passing the large measures he had referred to, also passed a number of minor ones. Every pledge they had made they had fulfilled to the very letter. Everyone of the measures they were pledged to they had passed, with the exception of the Local Government Bill, and this they laid on the table of the House, and it was not their fault that it did not pass. It was the desire of the Parliament not to proceed with any business at all, and in view of that the Government deemed it inexpedient to proceed with a measure of such vast importance. Two votes of censure were defeated by them, and they were met by a third, and threatened with a fourth; and then the conclusion they arrived at was that the Parliament was tired and would do no work. The Government thought it wanted to go to the people, and they sent it to them, that the people generally might say whether they would be governed by the present Government or by members of the Opposition—("The Opposition")—who would have as their leaders Sir John Robertson, Sir Henry Parkes, and Mr. J. F. Burns. ("Three cheers for Parkes.") (Cheers.) The present Government was led by Mr. G. R. Dibbs, and he need not tell them who the members of that Government were. They were prepared, if returned by the people, to submit to Parliament measures which in their opinion would tend to advance the interests of this country (Cheers.) They would submit at the earliest possible moment a Local Government Bill—a bill of the utmost importance to the people. In the interior of the country, under the present system, every little village had to go to the Government to ask for their roads, while the electors of Redfern had to put their hands into their own pockets to make their roads. The Government proposed to ask the people of the interior to tax themselves to make their own roads. (Interruption.) The Local Government Bill gave to the people of the interior the power which the people of Redfern already possessed. That bill would compel the men in the bush, not to go to the Government to make roads for them, but to do as the people of Redfern did, to raise the money amongst themselves, and spend it in a better manner than the Government possibly could do. He looked upon this measure as one of the very greatest possible importance to the country. (Hear, hear.) It would tend to make the people of this country self-reliant. He would ask them if the money spent on the streets of Redfern would have been as well spent by the Government, and would it have produced the same results as when it was spent by the aldermen? (Cheers.) Then they must admit that the £700,000 spent by the Government on the roads of the colony would be better spent by local government than it possibly could be by the central government. (Cheers and interruption.) The next thing he had to speak about was a bill introduced by the Stuart Government, the Health Bill. That was a measure that came home to everybody: it meant the preservation of their health, and the health of their wives and children. Surely that was of the greatest importance to them. (Hear, hear.) That bill would compel people to respect the laws of sanitation, and without that we were drifting into a most undesirable state of things in New South Wales. (Hear, hear.) We were told that our neglect of these things was greater than was the case in older countries; and if an epidemic should come, it would sweep away thousands of persons, through their want of observing the laws of sanitation. There were people in the world who thought of nothing but themselves. (A voice: "You are one of them." Another voice: "Your secretary mixes paint." Laughter.) It was necessary, in the interests of the people, that they should be controlled in these matters, and the Health Bill was as necessary as the Criminal Law Amendment Bill. (Interruption.) The Health Bill, as laid before the late Parliament, was a wise measure. There might be provisions in it which the people did not like; but the people very often did not like the things that were for their good. Without health, their property was of no good to them. One of the first objects of the present Government would be to secure the preservation of the people's health, and the health of those belonging to them. (Cheers.) He would ask the electors to give their serious consideration to this question of the public health. (Cheers.) Then there was the Noxious Trades Bill, and the people of Botany, Waterloo, and Redfern would know the importance of this measure. They knew how certain gentlemen among them had built up their industries, and how they had been lately worried out. He need scarcely instance the case of Mr. Berry, who was worried away to Lane Cove River, and was now committed to take his trial for carrying on his lawful occupation there. The only remedy was to grant a spot for the noxious trades—some of which were not noxious at all—to be carried on upon, and the bill which the late Government had introduced, and which the present Government would go on with, would enable those gentlemen to follow those noxious trades with perfect security. Other people might go there if they liked, but they would not be allowed to come back and complain of the nuisance. (Cheers.) Another bill that the Government laid on the table of the House, was the bill to regulate the Patent laws of this colony. Men of intelligence and industry might invent something to improve their position, but they would have to pay a large sum of money before they could get their invention patented. In America, where there was more encouragement to ingenuity than perhaps there was anywhere else, this could be done for a very few pounds; but here you had to pay a couple of hundred pounds to pay the patent fee. Was that a desirable state of things? (Hear, hear.) In America a man got a patent for a trifle, and in that way inventive genius was encouraged. Let them apply the position to themselves. Suppose a working man of Redfern were to invent some small thing, he could not take out a patent for it unless he paid £200; but if they could take it out for a £5-note they could afford that, and could utilise their invention. If anything could help to make the artisans of this country studious and inventive, with a view to perfect the machinery with which they work, it would be the ability to obtain a patent for the product of their brains. (Hear, hear.) He would like to say a few words about the railways. (Hear, hear.) He supposed they were all prepared to admit that railways had done a great deal for New South Wales. (Cheers.) Without railways this colony would now be in a very poor position. (Hear, hear.) (A voice: They have done a great deal for you.) The present Government was prepared to push on railway construction as fast as they could, to all parts of the colony, wherever there was any prospect that they would pay. They were not singular in that respect. Other Governments had done the same, recognising that without opening up the country by railways it was no good to ask people to settle upon the soil. The late Government submitted a very extensive railway policy, and he believed one that was generally acceptable to the people. Amongst their proposals was a very important one—the extension of the railway through the city to the Circular Quay. (Hear, hear.) They had the plans laid on the table of the House, and in a few days more they would have had them passed by the House, had they not been compelled to dissolve. For many years the city and suburbs had cried out for this railway. The late Government had submitted a fair, honest proposal, which was by far the cheapest ever submitted for the consideration of Parliament, because going through lands principally belonging to the Crown, the whole cost for resumptions would be only about £50,000; whereas the scheme put forward by their predecessors for that one item alone, the resumption of land, would have cost at least half a million. He regretted that the plans for the city railway had not been passed, for this extension from Redfern to Fort Macquarie was but the first part of the programme. The plans were now being prepared for a line to go round Darling Harbour, and so on to the Circular Quay. One line would be for the passenger traffic, and would be easily worked; and the other would be for the goods traffic. (Cheers.) And if the Government were permitted to remain in office they would propose the extension of the railway round the foreshores of Darling Harbour; and further they would propose to increase the wharfage accommodation. (Cheers.) The present state of things in this respect was very unsatisfactory, and it was admitted on all hands that Sydney wanted more wharfage accommodation. One of the best things that could be would be to have a railway round the foreshores of Darling Harbour, and a broad scheme of wharfage accommodation carried out. (Cheers.) There was another matter that Sydney was vitally interested in. We had to the east and south of us a large number of suburbs that were growing in importance every day. The whole of those suburbs were without railway communication, and the present Government would propose a scheme to give the whole of those suburbs railway communication. (Cheers.) That was what they called the outer circle of railways, while the line to Circular Quay and round Darling Harbour formed the inner circle. He knew it would be said that Sydney had railways enough already, but he said that Sydney had not had anything like her fair share of railway expenditure. (Cheers.) Sydney and its suburbs were entitled to be brought into communication together by railway. The population was becoming enormous, and why should they be debarred from the benefits of railway communication. He was sure they would have the support of the people and the Parliament in this matter. There was another matter as important as any other matter. They had nearly completed a large and extensive system of sewerage for the city, but they had done nothing in this direction for the suburbs; and, as a matter of fact, the suburb in which they had now gathered suffered very severely from the want of proper connection with a good sewerage system. It was the intention of the Government, if they had the opportunity, to submit to Parliament a sewerage scheme for the whole of the suburbs. ("More taxation.") No, they would be no more taxed than they were at present. What they paid for the use of carts at the present time would, he believed, fully pay the interest on the construction of a sewer, and a sewer would be much more convenient for them than the present system of disposing of their refuse. They would have to pay something as a natural consequence, but they must remember that they paid for water, and would have to pay for any convenience they required. (Hear, hear.) There was also another matter of vital importance to the country which they must not lose sight of. They had a magnificent country, a fine climate, and a splendidly fertile soil. Frequently, however, the land languished under the influence of terrible droughts. For four years some districts had suffered dreadfully for the want of rain; gardens were dried up, and the fruit-growers in despair said that their fruit would not grow. In these circumstances the Government were determined to carry out an extensive scheme of water conservation, and there was nothing that they could do which would add so much to the wealth of the country as an abundant supply of water for every possible purpose. (Hear, hear.) He was sure that the people generally would support the Government if they pledged themselves to introduce a scheme of this kind. The Government would readily undertake such a scheme, and he was sure himself that it would cause the land to be twice as fertile as it was at present. He might speak to them of many other things; but he did not think they would appreciate his occupying much more of their time. The Government intended, as far as possible, to advance the common interests of the people. No matter what their opinions were with regard to him or his colleagues, these were one and indivisible, and the Government could not benefit one part of the community without benefiting the other parts, and the Government would, therefore, endeavour to advance the interests of the whole. With regard to the Soudan expedition, he would certainly like to say a few words. (Cheers and groans.) He was sorry there were men here so hardened against a proper regard for the interests of the country, and so regardless of feelings of patriotism that they would howl at the mention of the brave men who went to the Soudan. (Cheers.) Let them remember that the men who went away deserved their thanks, and not their groans and hisses. (Cheers and hisses.) Whatever they might think of the Government who sent the expedition away, do not let them blackguard or groan against these men. (Cheers.)

A Voice: What did you give them when they landed?

Mr. Wright: Those who acted in such a way were cowards in their hearts. (Hear, hear.) Speaking of himself, he might say "at few men had been so hounded and charged as he had been, and he asked them now for at least as much fair play as they would accord to a criminal in the dock. What were the charges against him? He had been as well slandered as any man in the world.

A Voice: You deserved it.

Another Voice: Go on, Bill Sykes.

Mr. Wright: A great number of accusations were made against him and his colleagues, but they were defeated by overwhelming majorities. It was admitted by the press, by a majority of members, and by a large majority of the people that the charges against him and his colleagues had been simply disproved. It was very easy to make charges, but it was proofs that he wanted. Mr. Garvan, who had raised the question concerning his seat, said that he did not raise any constitutional point. He said simply that it was not right for the Minister for Works to hold office while he was a member of a large firm trading with the Government. He would direct their attention, however, to the 100th clause of the Railway Act, and if they looked at that they would find that it was contrary to law for a Minister to alter the railway rates unless he so altered them that the alteration would affect the whole community. That was the law, and Mr. Garvan, the very gentleman who had introduced the motion against him, said he had not the slightest doubt as to his honour and integrity—(cheers)—but Mr. Garvan thought it indecent to put him in a position where there was temptation. But Mr. Garvan did not know when he spoke that there was no possibility of corruption, and that, in fact, there could not be corruption. (Cheers and interruption.) He (Mr. Wright) could not proceed to prove his innocence when he was not charged with any guilt. Every member in that House admitted that he had perfect confidence in him (Mr. Wright). He defied them to bring a charge against him. (Cheers.) He had been in office two and a half years, and if he had done wrong, surely they could have mentioned some small matter. (Cheers.) He maintained that if he was fit to have a seat in that House, he had a right to any position which that House could give him. (A Voice: Why did you resign?) He would tell them why. For months his health had been shattered, and when the late Government was dissolved he requested to be relieved from office, and he wished not only to leave office but Parliament also. He was tired and weary of listening to idle talk. (Hear, hear.) His reason for retiring was that his health was bad, and it was bad now. The labours of the Minister for Works were too much for any man to do and retain his health. He had to work night and day to get through it. They offered him office, but he said he had had enough of it, and he had knocked himself up. But he still maintained that he had the constitutional right to any office that Parliament could give him if he was entitled to a seat in Parliament at all. (Cheers, and interruption.) He asked no favour from them for himself; if they did not think him worthy he did not ask them to vote for him. If they believed him capable of doing good work for them in the future, as he had done in the past, then let them vote for him. He did not care for the office, nor for the seat, but he did care for the name he had spent 50 years in building up. (Cheers.) He was the son of an honest man, and he had worked for his living since he had been eleven years of age. (Cheers.) Everything he had had been made by straight honest industry. (Cheers.) There was no man living that could say he had ever done a dishonest action. (Cheers.) He did not pretend to great ability, but he did claim that he had served the people of Redfern faithfully and honestly. (Cheers.) He had done his duty as a Minister of the Crown faithfully and honestly. (Cheers.) He had not pleased everybody, but there was no Minister in the world could please everybody. He had done his best, and if they thought he had served them faithfully, and had filled his office with credit to himself and to them, then they should vote for him. (Cheers.)

The CHAIRMAN announced that the candidate was prepared to answer any questions.

Mr. WRIGHT, in reply to questions, said that Mr. Belli-sario fell over a railway bank, and broke both his knees, and he claimed from the Government £9000. The Government defended the action, and a verdict was given against them for £4000. He (Mr. Wright), as Minister for Works, having charge of this matter, refused to pay this £4000. He explained that he had dispensed with men engaged on a certain railway cutting because they had concluded the work, and their services were not further required. He could not give way to every demand made upon him. He had given the men longer holidays than other Ministers had, and had given his attention to every alleged act of injustice. He had never said that 6s. a day was enough for any man, and had raised the wages of the labourers from 7s. to 7s. 6d. a day. He would defy any one to say that he had not given the men every satisfaction in his power. He could not attend a certain meeting of the committee on dump cars, because he was nursing a dying child. In order that workmen should have an opportunity for exercising the franchise he would advocate an extension of the time for their voting. He thought the local optionists had under the present law all they were entitled to, and that local option should be exercised by the people rather than by the ratepayers. With regard to immigration, he did not think they could have too many good men and women in the country. He was in favour of the eight-hour principle, and only the other day he extended it to the men in the dredge service. He was not in favour of payment of members, and he was a freetrader. If they had to reply upon the Custom House for revenue at all, they should tax such articles only as

one who, knowing nothing about engineering other than the setting of a brick, or the building of a stone, vapours to the electors on great engineering works. He would at all times defend their interests, and not assume the virtue of silence when he had nothing to say. They would not have to send to *Hansard* for his speeches, and not find them when their interests were concerned, nor would he trade on virtues or abilities which he did not possess. He would lend himself to the serious business of the country, and should not, with that petty municipal instinct which was the only possession of some candidates, talk about what he had done when he was before the eyes of the public. On all occasions his vote would be right against might, even if he had to stand alone. In alluding to the Land Bill, Mr. Bailey said that that was a measure which would be found to be unsuitable to the conditions of the country. It was a measure to the interests of the squatters and the banks, whose interests were not by any means identical with the prosperity of the country. He characterised them (the banks) as gigantic pawnshops, which had laid under tribute the struggling selector and the unfortunate settler, and heaped up wealth enough to own a big portion of the country. He did not want any Soudan fizzles, which would be found to be a costly glory, and when the gastronomic Government, which was fast crumbling to pieces, would be scattered to the four winds, the people would have time to consider the extent of their liabilities. The late Government had formed a heavy debt that would hang about the neck, of succeeding Governments and cause recourse to oppressive taxation. He did not believe in such a property tax as was attempted to be imposed on the country by Mr Dibbs, but would favour a land tax and an absentee tax. He did no see why the people who chose to remain at home and develop the country should have to pay for people enjoying the luxuries of Europe, and laughing at the stupidity of those who had to pay for it. Land1 olders had become possessed of large tracts of this country, which is daily increasing in value at the expense of the people; those lands in great part were scarcely utilised in any way, but were held for the benefit of speculators abroad. (Hear, hear.) He was not in favour of immigration, and would oppose, if elected, the indiscriminate immigration that had been and was going on at present. He would favour the introduction of agricultural labourers. He was a fairtrader, and would oppose injudicious tariffs, whilst he would favour the encouragement of local manufactures, even to the extent of 15 per cent. duty. (Cheers.) He did not see to what we were going to put our children, unless we sent them into a pimpled Civil Service. The Civil Service of the curse of good men, for any independent spirit was altogether ignored, and independent action unknown: all was made subservient to the crawling temperament of encyclopædic politicians. He condemned the Civil Service Act—it was unworkable, and imposed a burthen on the country. Referring to mining industries, Mr. Bailey said that we ought to study our interests more intelligently in these matters. Lands were daily being illegally taken up by men who had no intention to work them, but who wished to use them for mere purposes of speculation. If the coal lands had been leased and not sold we should have no need of taxation; the oligarchy obtained all the coal lands. If elected, he would pledge himself to get these matters inquired into. He would do all in his power to aid the passing of a Local Government Bill, which would have the effect at any rate of diminishing the chances of those roads—and bridges—members, whose occupation of haunting the Government offices would be gone. He would support a bill of this kind, but did not think Mr. Dailey's rondeuous scheme would suit. He would, if elected, cause a searching inquiry to be made into the working of our trams and railways; he did not understand any Government department working at a loss, and especially the scandalous loss the trams were worked at. Corrupting influences were too easily worked, and it was owing to the prejudice and influence of hangers about the Government offices that Mr. Wearne, of the Glebe, one of the best manufacturers to the colonies, was unable to get any chance for his combination cars, which he thought would be adopted were they better known. He favoured payment of members, and would support a fair bill for that purpose. He considered the Circular Quay railway to be a great swindle, a gigantic fallacy—a railway at an enormous cost for the benefit of a few men who lived in the suburbs. The money expended on such a line in the city, where it was not wanted, would build 400 miles of light railways in the country. He quite agreed with the Education Act, but utterly condemned its administration, and would, if elected, ask that a Royal Commission be appointed to inquire into the whole administration. He threw himself upon the indulgence of the electors as a free and independent member, and one who would be satisfied with the honour of representing them without payment, even to the gold symbol which enabled needy and illiterate mortals to travel at the expense of the public that they may dummy land or float bogus companies.

Mr. KINGCOTT proposed, and Mr. HOWARD seconded, that Mr. Bailey was a "fit and proper person to represent them in the forthcoming Parliament." The resolution was put to the meeting and carried unanimously. A vote of thanks to the chairman concluded the proceedings.

Mr. Bailey addressed another large meeting at the Glebe last night.

DR. WILKINSON'S MEETING.

A meeting of the friends and supporters of Dr. W. C. Wilkinson was held last night at the Currency Lass Hotel, Glebe. Taking into consideration the very unfavourable state of the weather a fair number of electors were present. Mr. Hocking, the chairman, introduced the candidate in a few well-chosen words. Dr. Wilkinson, who was received with cheers, then addressed those present, and expressed his opinions in a most unmistakable manner upon the foremost political topics of the day, including the Education Act, Licensing Act, the Land question, Local Option, and Water Conservation. The candidate was accorded a very patient hearing, and, upon his resuming his seat, Mr. H. Daley proposed, and Mr. Barton seconded, a vote of confidence in the candidate, which was carried unanimously. In answer to questions, Dr. Wilkinson said he was in favour of the University being more accessible to the poorer classes. He was not a supporter of the present Ministry, and was pledged to no party. At a subsequent meeting at the Lady of the Lake Hotel Dr. Wilkinson was well and favourably received.

BALMAIN.

Mr. J. S. Hawthorne addressed a meeting of electors from the balcony of the Elswick Hotel, Parramatta-road, on Saturday evening. Alderman Moore occupied the chair. Mr. Hawthorne dwelt upon local wants, and entered fully into the political questions of the day. He was in favour of payment of members. The Local Government Bill should receive his earnest attention. He would place it in the hands of ratepayers to determine the amount of rate payable. A Health Bill was necessary, and those affected by its provision should have a voice in the constitution of the governing body. He deplored the unsatisfactory state of the patent laws, and pronounced himself to be a free or fair trader. He believed in fostering industries to a small degree, but would never be a party to putting a lock and key upon the portals of their city. He would stand by the present Education Act in its integrity, believing that ministers should teach the children of the existence of a Divine Being. The Land Bill required amendments, but that should not be undertaken in a hurry. An elective Upper House he thought desirable. The Civil Service Bill required repealing, or considerably altering, as all Government employes should be upon the same footing.

In reply to questions, the candidate stated that he was opposed to the present Government. He believed in assisting the wives and families of those who found their way here themselves, to immigrate. He was in favour of eight hours for all classes. He advocated an absentee tax.

Alderman NEAL proposed, Mr. LONG seconded, and Mr. FRED. WALSH supported the usual motion of confidence, which was declared carried.

NEWCASTLE.

MR. ELLIS' MEETING.

Mr. J. C. Ellis addressed the electors of Newcastle from the balcony of the Yacht Club Hotel, Hunter-street, on Saturday evening. The chair was taken by Alderman Britton.

Mr. Ellis was well received. He regretted he had not met them 12 months ago, when Parliament was prorogued, but, as his colleagues had not done so, he did not call them together. He would not address them on questions of Barbed-wire or Standard Paint. He was a supporter of the Government, and he took the onus of being one of their independent supporters. In fact, he had voted oftener against them than for them. (Cries of "No, no.") The Government had made nothing out of the actions referred to, but he was not going to defend them. He had been sent into Parliament for the purpose of defeating the Government then in power upon the land law. After referring to events which led to the downfall of the Parkes Ministry, and the formation of the Stuart Ministry, he said he had never even spoken to Mr. Stuart, therefore he could not be his personal friend. He had pledged himself to the opposition of the previous Ministry, and therefore was bound in honour to support them afterwards. The first act of the new Government was to stop the auction sales of land. That was one of the best things the Stuart Ministry had done, although it decreased the revenue to a certain extent. He gave Mr. Farnell credit for that; and when that gentleman announced the fact he received the cheers of both sides of the House. He then referred to the new Land Bill at considerable length, and denied that it was a squatter's bill. The squatters themselves condemned it. He referred to instances in which free selectors had approved of it, and he contended that it was not likely a measure which took 13 months to pass could be free from some anomalies. He believed there were men in the Assembly who knew more about the Land Act than either himself or his colleagues. (Laughter.) He defended the main principle of the bill amidst much disadvantage. He was, like his colleague, standing on his own merits, and if he went into the House again he should feel obliged to them for sending him there, but if not he should still thank the gentlemen who voted for him. (Cheers.) He wanted them to understand that he was there that night as the friend of James Squire Farnell, and was prepared to take up the cudgels on his behalf. (Cheers.) He referred to Mr. Dibbs' taxation proposals, some of which he declared were immoral. The independent supporters of the Government, including himself, compelled Mr. Dibbs to withdraw his proposals, but he would not put in a land tax. He thought there was no harm in an ad valorem tax, but Mr. Dibbs suddenly came down with a tobacco tax; but he (Mr. Ellis) would not vote for it. The property tax would have been fairer. He referred also to the loan of £14,000,000 for railways, which he supported uncompromisingly, as they would find if they took up *Hansard*. In reply to an attack about the P. O. portico, he blamed the aldermen for not stopping the affair when the foundations were being dug. He then discussed local matters, and concluded his remarks amidst much interruption, which seemed to come from opponents.

Alderman HUTTON proposed, and Mr. HALLERS seconded a resolution to the effect that Mr. J. C. Ellis was a fit and proper person to represent Newcastle.

The CHAIRMAN put the resolution, and declared it carried amidst great uproar and confusion.

MR. JAMES FLETCHER'S MEETING.

On Saturday night Mr. James Fletcher addressed a meeting of the electors at Newcastle from the Criterion Hotel, Hunter-street. There was a large attendance, and Mr. Reay occupied the chair.

Mr. FLETCHER, who was received with great applause, said he was glad of the opportunity afforded him of explaining his conduct as their representative. If they were not satisfied with his explanation he must cheerfully abide by the result. ("No fear.") In the first place he felt it his duty to inform them that he was there that night on his own merits. (Loud cheering.) He would either go in on his own merits, or remain where he was. If he could not get into Parliament unaided, he would not go in under the wing of another man. He would pursue the same course that he had done on all previous occasions, stand or fall by his own merits. ("Its all right, don't be frightened.") He was never frightened at any man in his life, and those who knew him the longest could say he was telling the truth. In the first place, he would say a few words to them upon the indecent haste in which the elections had been brought about. Never since the history of responsible government had such shameful hurry been experienced as on this occasion. (Hear, hear.) He believed that he was justified in saying that no one amongst that immense audience before him had that no one amongst that immense audience before him had since the advent of responsible government the elections of Newcastle and Northumberland to be upon one and the same day. ("Shame.") But there were reasons for all things. It was the policy of the present Government to keep all the old members who were supporters of theirs in the House if they possibly could, and they thought that by rushing the elections they would be able to get the same men back again. ("They'll all go out.") He could attribute this indecent haste to no other cause than to prevent the infusion of new blood in the Assembly. (Applause.) He would first refer to the great measure that had been passed, namely, the Land Bill. He felt it his duty upon the second reading to vote against it. (Loud applause.) He believed then, as he did now, that it was an unjustifiable and gigantic swindle, got up for the benefit of the banking institutions and the squatters of the colony. (Cheers.) When the Land Bill was first introduced they proposed to charge 4d., 3d., and 2d per acre per annum as rental. The 4d. was to be charged for what was known as the Eastern division, or the coast line of the colony; the 3d. was for the division extending still further west, and the 2d. for the far western districts of the colony. A caucus meeting of squatters was held, and determined that if that scale of rent was adhered to that they would oppose the measure. No sooner did the Ministry find that they were likely to lose the support of 37 squatters and their agents, than they reduced the rental by 1d. per acre in each division, with the right at the land boards to reduce the rent still lower, while they gave the squatters one-half of the runs for 15 years in the Northern district, with the right of renewal. (Interruption.) They also inserted a clause to enable the squatter to make improvements upon the other half of the run, and so deprive the free selector of settling upon it. A line was supposed to be drawn across the runs, giving one-half to the squatter, and leaving the other half open for free selection, but the squatter could hold the other half by what was called an occupation license, with liberty to improve it, and before the free selector could take any portion of it up he would have to repay the squatter for improvements he may have made upon it, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. extra. Where was the free selector that could afford to do this? (Applause.) There was another reason why he had objected to the bill. They had been promised that the bill would bring in a revenue of £2,000,000 per annum, but what were the facts? Under the altered circumstances they could not raise £550,000 per annum by it, much less £2,000,000. Now, he would ask his hearers whether they were prepared to lock up the lands of the country for a mere £550,000 per annum. In a word, would they part with their birthright of some hundreds of millions of acres of land for a paltry £550,000 per annum. ("No, no," and applause.) He then referred to one squatter alone who had 40 miles of river frontage. One would have supposed that at least a portion of this frontage might have been spared for the public, whatever else the squatter might claim. But no, they divided the run so as to give the squatter 40 miles of water frontage, instead of dividing it in a different direction so as to give the public a fair share of the frontage. Let them just imagine a squatter with a river frontage in the Hunter from Newcastle to Singleton! Yet this was what had been done. ("Shame," and interruption.) The bill had been manipulated in a thousand ways. Unfortunate selectors had their selections cancelled near Orange, and Dr. Rose, a fine, warm-hearted man, went to Sydney to plead for them, but Mr. Farnell, the Minister for Lands, told them that they had been cancelled, and it could not be altered. After that interview, two land agents in Sydney wrote up to the selectors and told them that if they would send them £50 cash they would get the cancellations revoked. These blood-sucking agents were the sons-in-law of Mr. Farnell, and, unfortunately for that gentleman, he did actually revoke these cancellations. (Uproar and groans.) This was only one instance of how the lands had been manipulated for the benefit of the few to the detriment of the whole colony. (Applause.) When the present Government came into power, the previous Government assert that they left £2,250,000 in the Treasury. Mr. Dibbs when he made his financial statement shortly after taking office, while congratulating his predecessors on the flourishing state of the country, said there was not £2,250,000 but only £1,950,000 left by them in the Treasury. Well, let them see how the finances of the country stand now. The present Ministry commenced with say £2,000,000 in hand. Since then they had borrowed first £4,500,000, then £5,000,000, and then £5,500,000, and criminally traded upon trust funds in their hand to the amount of nearly £4,000,000 more, making in all nearly £19,000,000 of money gone through in two years and nine months. (Uproar.) How long did that vast assemblage before him think that a colony with not quite 1,000,000 of inhabitants within its borders could go on like that. (Cheers.) He referred at some length to the question of taxation, pointing out that he opposed the proposals of Mr. Dibbs. As he was giving an account of his stewardship, they might pardon him for giving reasons for his vote upon the Contingent. (Cheers.) He opposed that movement. (Renewed applause, and cries of "Did you read Dailey's reply?" and, "Oh, hang Dailey!") In the debate on that question the country was told that it was a generous, a noble act, a patriotic act, a generous act on the part of the colony to send a contingent from New South Wales to fight the battles in the Soudan. He would ask them even to admit, in the first place, that it was all this and more if they liked. But would the act have been less gracious, less generous, less patriotic, or less noble if they had asked the public representatives to sanction it before it took place? (Cheers.) When the people returned members of Parliament what did they do? They handed over to their representatives the custody of their birthrights. All the electors could not go into Parliament to fight for their rights and privileges, and see that the constitution of the country was not trodden under foot, but they sent representatives who were pledged not to violate it, but to meet them again with the Constitution Act as pure and unsullied as when it was committed to their charge. (Applause.) If his political existence depended upon letting the Constitution Act be violated, he would rather at once be politically annihilated than suffer such an abominable wrong to be perpetrated if he could prevent it. (Applause.) But he would ask them was the action of sending the Contingent a glorious one? ("No, no.") Was it genuine? ("No, no.") Was it noble,—was it patriotic? ("No, no.") Let him remind them of what Frank Power, the war correspondent at Khartoum, had said in his letter to his mother, that if the Arabs put a lance into his body it would be no more than he deserved, as he hailed from the same country as those which were helping to enslave the Arabs who were a noble race, and fighting for their liberty and that only. (Applause.) He contended that the movement on foot to increase their standing army was another attempt to trample under foot the rights of the people. The Ministry had gone almost military mad of late. (Laughter.) The best force they could have, and one which they all appreciated was the volunteer force. Volunteers were equally as brave and equally as determined to defend their country as any paid soldiers that ever lived (cheers)—and they had this advantage, that they earned the bread they ate by the sweat of their brow and the people were not taxed to support them. (Cheers.) Another grievance he had against the Government was that of letting the contract for the temporary water supply without competition. He had not a word to say against the firm of Hudson Brothers. They deserved great credit for attaining the position they had by producing good articles at moderate charges. His remarks were not against them, but against the principle adopted by the Government as being so pernicious that no one could tell where it would end. (Interruption.) Before the contract had been given to Hudson Brothers, tenders should have been called. He maintained that the Minister had no right to become the gratuitous judge and dictator, and determine that no other firm in the colony could have done the work, but Hudson Brothers (Applause.) The Minister pleaded emergency. Well, they could all understand, especially people in this district, what a water famine was; but unfortunately for Mr. Wright's case, he told the House afterwards, in answer to Mr. Fletcher, that he kept Hudson Bros.' tenders for a fortnight in his office. If so, what becomes of the emergency plea? He could have ascertained in that time from all the other contractors what their terms of bringing the supply of water to Sydney would be. (Applause.) He would not say it was corruption, but unfortunately for Mr. Wright three of the directors of the Hudson Brothers Company were warm supporters of the Government. Of course this might be accidental, but it was certainly a most extraordinary coincidence. (Loud laughter.) He would ask them what they thought of letting contractors draw their own plans, specifications, &c., for work, and then paying them for it to the tune of £64,000. (Cries of shame.) Then there was another firm—that of Wright, Heaton, and Co., of which perhaps some of them had heard. (Laughter.) This was a most extraordinary company. Under the Constitution Act a joint stock company required to consist of seven members before any one of them could take a seat in Parliament, and a trading company required 21 members. Mr. Wright had gone into the House, and then found himself in a miserable fix. He went to Melbourne where one of the proprietors lived, and asked him if he had any objection to divide his third share, and this was how it was managed. The shares were taken up, and distributed amongst Mr. Wright's ten clerks, in order to make up the 21 members required by the Constitution. (Renewed laughter.) Mr. Jas. Garvan, who had conscientiously supported the Government, felt it to be his duty to call attention to this matter, and to have it put straight. He, therefore, brought forward a motion on the subject. (Hear, hear.) Let them now put the Government in the witness box, and ask them this question: If Mr. Wright was in the right in all that he did, why did they transfer him from the position he had been holding so long to another office? (Loud applause.) Either Mr. Wright should have remained where he was if he was in the right, or else his colleagues were cowards to desert him in order to retain their own cowardly positions. (Cheers and interruption.) He would next refer to the Barb Wire Company. This wire was simply made with jagged sides to prevent sheep or cattle from passing out. Questions were asked. Have any fences been put up with barbed wire? Have any tenders been called? What was the price per mile paid for it, and was the price as low as that offered by any other firm? These questions the Government refused to answer. Let them see who formed this Barbed Wire Company. First, Mr. Alexander Stuart, his own merits, or remain where he was. 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Instead of answering the questions put, Mr. Stuart got up and said the Government did not call for tenders, but they were not paying more than they should have paid, because in their opinion—that is, the opinion of the shareholders forming part of the Government—that the wire was better than that of anybody else. (Laughter.) Could the conceive a more ridiculous or more humiliating position than this for a Ministry to be placed in? (Applause.) Now let them look at the Standard Paint Company, and see who formed that company? Messrs. A. Stuart, G. R. Dibbs, John Dibbs, Thomas Dibbs—(laughter)—Henry Cohen and his brother, with Wright, Heaton, and Co. as sole agents. (Renewed laughter.) Well, gentlemen, a man named Stead, an honest man, one who wished to rise, sent in a tender for the Government painting for the year. Mr. Wright remarked on writing upon his tender, "This man should not get the contract because he failed in his other contracts." Mr. Barnet wrote back to say that he had never failed in any. (Applause.) Then another gentleman waited upon Mr. Stead to say that, if he would use the Standard paint, he had sufficient influence with the Government to get him the contract. Mr. Stead refused to bind himself to take any paint. Well, he did not get the contract, but the man who did promised to use the paint, and thus he got the contract. (Groans and laughter.) Could they imagine anything worse than the members of the Government uniting themselves into a joint stock company to rob the country. (Cries of "They ought to be hung.") Then, they were charged with pulling up miles of good fencing from Sydney to Parramatta, which, although in excellent order, they pretended was dilapidated, but if it had not been wanted to dispose of the barb wire fencing, the old fence would not have been found to have become dilapidated. If that had been so, why had it not been officially reported? (Applause.) In conclusion he referred to the reconstruction of the Government, and gave satisfactory replies to a number of questions asked by electors.

The usual vote of confidence was then carried on the motion of Mr. J. C. BONARIUS, seconded by Mr. J. R. RODGERS, after which the proceedings terminated.

MR. LLOYD'S MEETING.

Mr. G. A. LLOYD's friends and supporters held a very successful meeting at the Ship Inn, on Saturday night. Alderman Chapman occupied the chair. Alderman Graham proposed, and J. S. Ridges seconded the usual vote of confidence, which was carried unanimously.

NORTHUMBERLAND.

On Saturday night, at a meeting held at Wallsend, an amendment was carried almost unanimously against Mr. Luscombe's candidature.

Mr. Creer received a good reception at Wallsend, and a motion of confidence was carried by a large majority. At Lambton he had a unanimous vote.

Mr. George Perry was well received at Wallsend and Minmi.

Mr. J. A. Gorrick had a good reception at Wallsend, and the usual vote of confidence was carried.

Mr. N. Melville, at Lambton, received a vote of confidence, but by a bare majority.

Mr. Thomas Walker was favourably received at Wallsend.

GUNNEDAH.

THE MINISTER FOR LANDS AT QUIRINDI.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN REPORTER.)

QUIRINDI, MONDAY.

Mr. J. P. Abbott visited Quirindi to-night, and addressed the electors at Whittaker's Hall. Mr. T. S. Grehan occupied the chair, and there was a large attendance of electors, who were very turbulent and noisy. The chairman having briefly announced the object of the meeting, which he had some difficulty in inducing to listen to him,

Mr. ABBOTT rose to speak, and was received with cheers and uproar, and for some time what he said was inaudible even at the reporters' table. He said it was essential that all the candidates should have a fair hearing, and as far as he could control the electors his opponent should have one. (Cheers and groans.) He should fight that gentleman on fair grounds, and would take no advantage of his (Mr. Abbott's) position, and would not say one word against him during the election. (Continued uproar, during which the speaker's voice was drowned, and several fights took place at the lower end of the hall. The chairman appealed to the meeting to give the candidate a fair hearing without avail.) Mr. Abbott said it did not matter to him whether they gave him a fair hearing or not, as the reporters were present and he would deliver his speech to them. (Uproar.) It appeared to him that in a contest such as this everybody should have an opportunity of being fairly heard, and he would not say one unkind word of his opponent. It was his determination that in this contest there should be no unfair advantage taken of his opponent, as he had as much right to be heard as he (Mr. Abbott) had. It was now some five years since he was first elected to represent Gunnedah, namely, in November, 1880, and then his opponent took no unfair advantage, but afforded him every opportunity of being heard, and he endeavoured to do the same by him. (Uproar.) He defeated his opponent by some 200 votes. In 1882 he had again to contest the electorate, and was victorious by 484 votes, and now in October, 1885, he found himself again contesting the electorate, and anticipated that he would be returned by 600 votes. (Uproar.) During the time he had been in Parliament he had been an active member, and had taken a fair share in the legislative work of the country. (Uproar.) The first Act which he passed was an Act to amend the hospital Acts and enable the trustees to invest the funds of such hospitals; and he passed an Act to improve the administration of the law so far as regarded summary proceedings of justices of the peace. (The uproar here rose to such a pitch that the speaker's voice was completely drowned, and Mr. Clemeshaw, the Opposition candidate, felt constrained to appeal to the meeting on behalf of Mr. Abbott. It had little effect, however, and several flour bags were thrown from the body of the hall, striking some of those standing near the platform, and the last exploding fairly on the chairman's chest. A strong flavour of pepper also pervaded the hall, rendering things still more unpleasant. In spite of the police the disorder continued, and it was evident that the proceedings were occasionally varied by fights, Mr. Clemeshaw's supporters having invaded the building in a body. Mr. Abbott finally turned to the reporters' table, and continued.) He was also the means of introducing and passing a bill for the better recovery of judgment debts in the District Courts and Courts of Petty Sessions. That was before he became a Minister, and he also introduced other measures which did not become law. He accepted office on the 5th January, 1883, and from that time until a few days ago he administered the Department of Mines with, he believed, credit to himself and advantage to the country. He administered it in such a way that no person had been able to accuse him of having done an improper act, and no charge of corruption had been brought against him in reference to the administration of that department. He thought that augured well for the future. He had introduced and passed during that time seven public bills, and had also introduced others which were not passed into law. One, the earliest measure which he took in hand, was in reference to roads through Warah and Tate, and he had so far carried out his views that he had recently been enabled to enter into an arrangement with the manager of the company, by which the roads would be given to the public as required through that estate. Most of them knew that during the time he held office in the late Stuart Government he had not a bed of roses. They had to labour hard to maintain their position. Up to the time of the resignation of Sir Alexander Stuart owing to ill-health, their labours were of no light character. They had placed upon the statute book measures which would be of great advantage to the people now and hereafter. When Sir Alexander Stuart resigned his position as Premier his colleagues had to resign also, and as Mr. Dailey was too ill to undertake the formation of a new Ministry, Mr. Dibbs accepted the position, and had formed an Administration which he believed was deserving the confidence of Parliament and the country. He accepted the position of Minister for Lands, and although he was not enamoured of the position of Minister at all, owing to the laborious work which it entailed, still he felt it was his bounden duty, if he could be of any service, to accept the office so kindly offered to him. When he did so he issued an address to the electors of Gunnedah laying down the principles which he deemed of vital importance to the country. He informed the electors that during his administration he should so conduct its affairs that there should be no necessity for the employment of agents to transact business between the department and those interested in its administration, namely, the squatters and free selectors. He did not say, nor did he intend to say now, that agents were not necessary. He believed that they had many respectable and highly efficient agents, but he said if the department was vigorously administered there should be no necessity for these agents, and he hoped, if he retained the position, to carry out his determination. The words he used had been misconstrued, and he exceedingly regretted that, owing to such misconstruction, Mr. Farnell, a meritorious gentleman, who had done much good service to the colony during his administration of the Lands Department, and who for his labours during the long session of last year and his work generally, was entitled to a well-earned and well-merited rest, had considered it desirable to retire. In issuing his address he never for one moment sought to reflect on Mr. Farnell or his administration of the department. His loss to the Government must be very great, owing to his vast Parliamentary experience, and he could not too strongly bear his testimony to his worth as a colleague, and his determination to do what was right. (Cheers.) He might state that when the Stuart Government took office they were called upon to introduce a Land Bill. An appeal to the country had been made by Sir Henry Parkes, and when his Government were defeated on their Land Bill, Sir Alexander (then Mr.) Stuart put forward principles upon which he and the other members of the late Ministry were returned to Parliament. If the electors disapproved of the Ministry at that time, then was the time to say so. Sir Alexander Stuart's principles were introduced into the bill, which was now law, and he said unhesitatingly that these principles were approved by the electors at the general election in 1882. He would now give them some information in regard to that Act. The total area of the colony, being 196,882,000 acres, is divided thus:—Eastern divison, 60,452,000 acres; Central division, 55,480,000 acres; Western division, 79,970,000 acres: total, as above, 196,882,000 acres. The area alienated at that date may be estimated in round numbers as 37,000,000 acres; the relative proportion of the alienated to the gross area being in the Eastern division about one-third, in the Central between one-third and one-fourth, and in the Western division only a little more than one-fortieth. For the purpose of administration the colony is divided into a number of land districts, to which are allotted land agents, the duties of each of whom may extend over one district, or several adjoining districts, as may be directed. There are at present 95 such districts, with 89 land offices, at each of which latter a land agent presides. Many important stages in the land system are conducted through these officers. The policy of decentralisation has been brought into existence by the new law local courts, known as local land boards, each of which is comprised of not more than three nor less than two members, the chairman being a salaried officer, and the members, who are locally selected, being entitled to fees. Each board is ministerial or judicial, according to the nature of the proceeding to be dealt with. Several matters which have been commenced, but not concluded, under the repealed law, and some things which will require investigation under the existing law, may be referred to the board for appraisement, inquiry, or report. In those cases the board acts ministerially merely, and makes a report or recommendation to the Minister. In nearly all cases arising under the present law a board acts judicially. Its proceedings are conducted analogously to those of a court of petty sessions. Parties to causes before it may be heard by counsel, attorney, or agent, and failing, appeal to the Minister, in whom the appellate jurisdiction is vested, but who may in certain cases refer back to the court of the first instance, and who may, if he desires, state a case for the Supreme Court. Its decisions are final, and binding upon the parties, with power vested in its hands to compel the execution of its judgments. It may hear complaints, examine into cavcats, direct reports, and demand evidence, and while its powers are for the most part set in motion by removents, it retains an inquisitorial authority for the detection of illicit acts. The local land boards have their several districts, but for convenience the chairman is not

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—OCTOBER 12.

Tenterden (s.), 1339 tons, Captain J. J. Simpson, from Adelaide 7th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Mary, Miss M. A. Brown and 2 children, Mrs. Lawrence, Miss Lawrence, Master Lawrence, Messrs. Gooch, H. Oliver, and 57 in the steerage. A. S. N. Company, agents.

Eurimbla (s.), 1053 tons, Captain W. Cottier, from Rockhampton 7th instant, via ports. Passengers—Mrs. Sheridan, Mrs. Sullivan, Mrs. Kennold and 2 children, Mrs. Ives, Mrs. Selman, Mrs. Farmer, Mrs. Watson, Mrs. J. F. Badger, Mrs. Oatley, Mrs. Pears, Mrs. Prince, Mrs. Burton and child, Mrs. De Salis, Miss Ives, Miss Farrelly, Miss Mitchell, Miss Brown, Miss Prince, Miss Johns, Miss Hyson, Miss Watson, Miss Payne, Captain Hynes, Messrs. Phillips, Sheridan, F. Norton, E. K. Ogg, Sullivan, Davies, Hughes, Simons, Neal, Noyer, Duval, Cribb, W. V. Brown, Ives, Ross, T. Hutton, Gray, D. Keith, Doughty, R. A. Chapman, Mulholland, J. Wright, Trenthen, Shields, G. Browning, D. C. Tompkins, E. R. Edkins, W. E. Ebnell, Selman, Wood, Friend, Neil, Arnold, J. Wood, W. J. Harris, J. E. Paul, Goldsmith, G. Palmer, M'Loughlan, J. Gray, Pears, Burton, R. O. Tates, C. H. Creswell, W. H. Smith, Levitt, Rimstead, Tomlinson, M'Callan, F. A. Oatley, M'Sickfin, Master Turner, and 55 in the steerage. A. S. N. Company, agents.

Port Jackson, four-masted ship, 2132 tons, Captain R. Crombie, from London July 11. Passengers—Hon. Robert John Boyle, Rev. J. E. Ainger, Dr. W. A. Norry, Mrs. Norry, Mr. G. F. Hooper, Miss Kate Atkinson, and 4 in the steerage. Mason Brothers, Limited, agents.

Burrumbeet (s.), 2000 tons, Captain W. H. Emmerson, from Melbourne 10th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Boxshall and child, Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. Peters and child, Mrs. Henderson and child, Mrs. M'Burney and 3 children, Mrs. Way and child, Mrs. E. Crawford, Miss Wilson, Miss Dolan, Miss Carden, Miss Driscoll, Miss Schlesvergert, Miss Jago, Miss Jackson, Miss Delaminclow, Miss Kutley, Messrs. Wey, E. Crawford, Thomas Crosby, Edmondson, Clements, T. Robinson, P. Caraly, T. Brinsmead, J. T. Walker, Boon, G. R. Barley, Thomas S. Haslem, T. Mathews, J. Asher, Langton, Roberts, Larkins, and 65 in the steerage. Huddart, Parker, and Co., agents.

Fiona (s.), 630 tons, Captain W. A. Carphey, from Clarence River 11th instant. Colonial Sugar Refining Company, agents.

DEPARTURE.—OCTOBER 12.

Timor (s.), for Hongkong, via ports.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—OCTOBER 13.

Cintra (s.), Cheviot (s.), for Hongkong; Ly-ee-Moon (s.), Rodondo (s.), for Brisbane and Northern ports; Tomki (s.), for Richmond River; City of Grafton (s.), Australian (s.), for Grafton.

CLEARANCES.—OCTOBER 12.

Fiado (s.), 840 tons, Captain D. Doughton, for Adelaide, via Newcastle, with part of original cargo.

Timor (s.), 1421 tons, Captain G. Willis, for Hongkong, via Thursday Island and Queensland ports. Passengers—Dr. and Mrs. Talmage, Mr. Mormier, and 2 in the steerage, and 13 Chinese.

COASTERS INWARDS.—OCTOBER 12.

Enterprise, from Bateman's Bay, with 12,000 pickets, 80,000 laths, 40,000 feet timber; Annie C. Lynn, from Tomakin, with 6,000 feet timber; Illaroo (s.), from Bulli, with 307 tons coal; Mary Laurie, from Camden Haven, with 28,000 feet timber; Woonona, from Newcastle, with 78 tons coal; Amy, from Newcastle, with 320 tons coal; Glide, from Wollongong, with 175 tons coal; Shannon, from Cape Hawke, with 30,000 feet timber; Hawke, from Manning River, with 30,000 feet timber; Newcastle (s.), from Newcastle, with 48 bales hay, 33 bales wool, 27 bales skins, 7 bags rice, 50 bags pumpkins, 15 bags oysters, 60 cases soap, 2 cases clothing, 7 cases eggs, 90 hides, 10 casks wine, 6 casks tallow, 19 baskets prawns, 2 horses, and a quantity of sundries.

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IMPORTS.—OCTOBER 11.

[A special charge is made for consignees' notices in this column.]

Derwent (s.), from Brisbane: 136 bags tin ore, 319 hides, 5 bags horns, 7 bales wool, 23 bundles skins, 10 casks tallow, 2335 cases meats, 20 cases extract, 49 bags oysters, 144 bags bones, 26 cases fruit, 13 cases pines, 20 cases arrowroot, 15 packages bananas, 1 package drapery, 1 parcel gold, 1071 bags 75 packages sugar, 20 empty kits, 10 packages tea, and sundries.

Fiado (s.), from Adelaide: 334 empty bags, 4810 packages flour, 126 cases eggs, 9 packages hops, 20 rolls sheet lead, 180 bundles bags, 2 quarter-casks wine, 90 packages boring tools, 155 bags malt, 100 bags chaff, 4 cases preserved fruit, 31 packages sundries. For Newcastle: 965 bags chaff, 950 bags flour, 3 cases eggs.

Titus (s.), from Melbourne, 12th: 180 tons limestone, 400 tons bluestone.

OCTOBER 12.

Port Jackson, from London: 3170 casks cement, 34 rolls lead, 90 cases galvanised iron, 120 packages machinery, 180 bundles oakum, 3552 tubes, 330 packages oilstores, 4 packages marble, 8 packages earthenware, 4 packages hardware, a quantity of sulphur, 234 pieces and packages bridgework, 300 drums tar, 70 cases and pieces springs, 40,000 slates, 809 rails, 28 packages furniture, 125 cases preserves, 400 cases milk, 250 boxes candles, 66 packages drapery, 49 packages boots and shoes, 13 cases cottons, 22 cases perfumery, 300 cases starch, 20 packages twine, 126 packages bedsteads, 303 reels and 90 bales paper. 1000 cases dates, 10 quarter-casks 80 cases wine, 2 bins and 25 tanks malt, 40 quarter-casks brandy and wine, 1003 cases 100 quarter-casks 25 hogsheads brandy, 60 packages rum, 300 cases claret, 260 cases gin, 30 cases champagne, 1350 cases 12 hogsheads beer, 22 packages stationery, 3 zinc plates, 35 packages glassware, 12 cases pianos, and 14 520 packages merchandise, and sundries.

Eurimbla (s.), from Rockhampton: 113 bales wool, 250 hides, 10 bags oysters, 3 bales horns, 20 bags bones, 2 casks tallow, 10 cases sundries, 1 deer, 1 horse.

Ly-ee-Moon (s.), from Melbourne: 800 sacks and 400 quarter-sacks flour, 60 sacks oatmeal, 17 bags and 75 mats sugar, 50 cases currants, 32 cases tea, 8 bales leather, 7 doors, 42 coils rope, 12 cases marble, 23 kegs butter, 58 cases soap, 240 cases calcut medicine, 7 cases tins, 4 kegs lead, 3 drums oil, 14 cases muriatic acid, 1 crate vegetables, 78 cases and packages sundries; also, 200 tons for Queensland ports.

Tenterden (s.), from Adelaide: 1120 bags 100 half-bags 540 quarter-bags flour, 368 cases 47 casks wine, 12 cases sauce, 54 cases clothing, 7 cases eggs, 90 hides, 10 casks wine, 6 casks tallow, 19 baskets prawns, 2 horses, and a quantity of sundries.

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from John o' Groats to Land's End. It takes the mother-country some time to get ready for a general election, but for such an event we are always ready. Members who are on the floor of the House at the close of one week are ready for the hustings by the end of the next. It is said that the time allotted by the present Government is too short, but it is not shorter than the time allotted by other Governments, nor do we see that in the metropolis anything is required which cannot be as well done in a fortnight as in a month. There is certainly no lack of candidates. In the colony at large the seats to be filled number about a hundred and twenty, and already there are about two hundred men who are wanting to fill them. Much as people denounced Parliamentary institutions, there is no lack of persons who are prepared to identify themselves with them. The Government have been blamed for arranging for the holding of the whole of the elections for the metropolis on one day; and, if the arrangement has been made for mere party purposes, they deserve blame. No Government ought to be permitted to juggle the elections. But, whether the motive which has led to the arrangement is a pure one or not, there is little to be said against the arrangement itself. There are obvious objections to the holding of the whole of the elections of the colony on the same day, but there is no good reason why the whole of the elections in the metropolitan division should not be held on one day. Provided that no elector is denied the privilege of recording his vote, the sooner the elections are got out of hand the better. Under the new arrangement, the crowds at the nominations may not be so large, and the speeches may not be so long, but, under the old system, the crowds to which candidates addressed themselves did not always consist of voters, and the theory is that they do consist of voters only. The tendency hitherto has been to attach too much importance to electioneering speech days. On such days the chances are on the side of the best talkers rather than on that of the best men. It may be doubted whether the country would suffer very much if public nominations were dispensed with altogether. The best men may figure worst on such occasions.

The elections that will begin to-day and will end on Friday comprise well nigh one-third of the elections for the colony. Of the one hundred and twenty members who will compose the new House, about thirty-five will be returned by the metropolis, and for the thirty-five seats there are something like seventy candidates. A considerable section of the candidates appear to be committed to nothing in particular. Partly, no doubt, the reason of this is that there is nothing that can be called a definite issue before the country. Three years ago there was the question of land reform, and in regard to this every candidate was expected to take one side or another. But this year there is no burning question of any kind. There are, of course, such matters as local government and the public health; but, important as these may be, they do not furnish material for rallying cries. Nineteen candidates out of twenty are prepared to vote for a local Government bill. In England and in one or two of the neighbouring colonies, if there are no great principles to be fought for, there are party interests to be conserved. If a candidate is nothing else, he is a Liberal or a Conservative. But in this colony it would require a wise man to say who are the Liberals and who the Conservatives. These names, which mean so much elsewhere, have hardly turned up during the present campaign. Even the shortcomings of the Government, which have made a few of the leaders of the Opposition so furious, appear to have excited no feeling of repulsion in the great majority of the candidates. Usually at general elections, if candidates declare nothing else, they declare whether they are for the Government or against them; but this is more than a large number of the candidates now before the country have declared. In some of the speeches we have reported the Government is barely referred to. A considerable number of the candidates do not seem to have troubled themselves to ask whether there is a Government or not. We should say that fewer candidates have pronounced for the Government than for the Opposition; but, so far as we are able to gather, the great majority prefer to be considered 'independent. In regard to the stock issues that are always with us, there are very few definite expressions of opinion. The questions of Free Trade and Protection, and of the further reform of the Licensing laws, turn up at every general election. If there is nothing else, there are always these to fall back upon. But in respect to them no small number of the candidates have confined themselves to generalities. Many of them declare themselves to be freetraders, but while affirming their belief in free trade, they maintain that they would encourage native industries. Some of them do not appear to have any idea of what free trade and protection mean. One candidate believed in taxing goods which could be manufactured in the colony, and in admitting duty-free those which could not be manufactured here, and yet he denied that he was a protectionist. Nor has there been less mistification about local option than about free trade and protection. The prediction was that there would be a considerable accession to the ranks of both protectionists and local-optionists, but so far the prediction is not fulfilled. If the great majority of the candidates believe in what is called full local option, they have taken pains to conceal the fact. Even candidates who are known to be strong temperance men have announced their intention to respect the rights of individuals. On two or three subjects a considerable number of candidates have spoken definitely. One of these is payment of members. The belief that the country should give salaries to members of Parliament is evidently spreading. So far as the matter has been dealt with at all, the one subject on which the candidates appear to have given a certain sound is that of the Federal Enabling Act. In regard to this subject, we have been told the opinion of the people of this colony would not be found to be that of the press. So far, however, it does not appear that there are two opinions on the subject. On two or three great questions the bulk of the candidates are decided; but on many of the questions of the hour the disposition seems to be to avoid rashness, and not to go to extremes.

We have already had occasion to refer more than once to the indications that Sir HENRY PARKES is losing command of the ordinary language of decent controversy and debate, and falling towards that low level where vulgar abuse and recrimination are tolerated with comparative indifference, because the men who indulge in them know no better and are too coarse and callous to feel what their antagonists say. But the phenomenon is worthy of further consideration for this reason—that it has a bearing upon the character of our public life. Is this base example to be followed? Are men who pretend—not without some right—to be in the foremost rank, and who intend, if they can, to climb to the highest place, to throw aside the self-control and sense of dignity which their very claims should maintain unimpaired? If they forget themselves thus, what is to be expected from men who have nothing to forget? It is not desirable that there should be free fights upon the hustings, or that the revolver or the bowie-knife should appear amongst the paraphernalia of political conflict. But the continuance of this sort of thing may lead that way.

Sir HENRY PARKES is a man of the highest pretensions. It has been a question with some whether, after his last absence from the colony, he really returned from England or descended from some higher sphere. There have been symptoms about him of a consciousness, not too carefully concealed, that in this little world of ours he was as one looking over the heads of all men, unappreciated and misunderstood. There was a revelation of this in that famous letter to the electors of Tenterfield, wherein he shook off the dust from his feet on quitting the House to which he was so soon to return. Even then, however, there was a mixture of earthy elements with the ethereal contempt. To meet the intelligence of his late constituents, it may have seemed necessary to put the thing in a broadly offensive way. But what idea can he have formed of the intelligence, the taste, or the refinement of the general public he is now addressing when he relieves his mind by bandying vulgar abuse? It may well be offensive to the public that he should do so, but it can hardly fail to weaken illusions as to himself.

Sir HENRY PARKES told the electors of St. Leonards that "he did not aspire to be the leader of any Government." Nevertheless, "he was ambitious of one thing, and that was to be the leader of the country in this general election!" This is a curious paradox, for the ambition to lead the country in a general election can hardly be gratified without bringing as its consequences the leadership of the House elected by the country through the headship of the Government that is to possess the confidence of that House. This disavowal of aspiration may be pigeon-holed along with some old farewells to Parliament and political life which serve as illustrations of the use of language for the concealment of thought. We can only recognise in these remarkable sentences a characteristic method of declaring to the electors of St. Leonards, and through them to the country, the speaker's set determination to become—if by any means he can become—the leader of the Government that is to be formed when the present Ministry shall have fallen to pieces or been broken up.

Under these circumstances it may be asked whether this ambitious man—this eager aspirant, whose modesty leads him to repudiate his aspirations—is taking a course that should entitle him to the confidence of the country. The question applies not only to his unworthy and discreditable offensiveness. Is it decent that a candidate who bids ostentatiously for the leadership of the country, and casts contempt upon localism, should, in seeking election, put the baldest localism in the forefront of his address? "He was not enamoured of doing local jobs for a constituency," but "if he lived five years he would marry the city of Sydney with the fair bride of St. Leonards." When Sir HENRY PARKES was elected for Tenterfield, it was well understood that he was chosen in the belief that he would have greater influence than any mere local man in procuring the extension of the Northern railway to that town. If at that time he had made a prominent point of the North Shore Bridge, he might have received some credit for regarding it as a "great national question." But to the electors of St. Leonards the construction of the North Shore Bridge is pre-eminently a question of local interest. Will anyone be in doubt as to the reason why this bridge was almost the first thing mentioned? Whether the question was or was not a "great national question" in the mind of Sir HENRY PARKES, the promise given was the promise of all others the most likely to catch the support of localism, and the making of it, in such a way, was an appropriation of localism as a ladder by the man who would be the leader of the country.

It is a well understood fact that, whilst the taxation revenue of the colony is steadily increasing, the financial situation is unsatisfactory. The new Land Act has not yet come into effective operation as a revenue-producing measure, and as our expenditure has been heavy, there will be a deficit. Upon this assurance some of the hopes of Opposition candidates are built. Sir HENRY PARKES, one of the most sanguine of them, says there will be a deficit of a million; and in terms of something like exultation, he says that "his Government left in the Treasury a surplus of two-and-a-half millions." Further on he charges the Stuart Government with having in less than two years wasted this "noble surplus." We have been hearing a great deal about this noble surplus lately, not merely in the form of censure upon the Stuart Government for spending it, but in terms that clearly implied merit on the part of the preceding Government in saving it and leaving it. Has Sir HENRY PARKES forgotten that a few years ago, when he was in Opposition, and the Government of the day had accumulated a "noble surplus," he asked the House to declare by formal resolution that "the existence of a large cash surplus at the credit of the Government is unsound in principle and policy, and ought not to be continued?" So far as the principle set forth in that resolution is concerned, Sir HENRY PARKES, in proposing it, censured "his Government," and approved the action of the Stuart Government by anticipation. If Sir HENRY were leader of the country now, would he try to establish a "noble surplus," or candidly confess that the action to which he was a party in his last Government was "unsound in principle and policy?"

So much has been said lately about purity and corruption that political disinfectants are at a premium in the market. Sir HENRY PARKES said the other day "he was a poor man, and he had always been a poor man; but was not that splendid evidence that he had been pure in his public life?" Sir HENRY'S purity in public life is practically unchallenged, and we have neither intention, nor power, nor desire to challenge it; but it might have been in better taste had he left it to somebody else to talk about the "splendid evidence;" and it is to be remarked that in the abstract poverty and purity are not necessarily inseparable, and further, the poverty that follows a long period of fairly-paid public service may be evidence of a want of practical ability and other useful faculties the possession of which is desirable in the conduct of public affairs as well as in that of private ones. Sir HENRY told the electors that "he had once refused an office offered him of £800 a year, when on the same day he had to borrow £5 to buy bread for his family." What is the country to think of that? Will public confidence be strengthened or weakened by it? The evident unconsciousness that there are two sides to this question is one of the most remarkable disclosures in the speech. Does a man show a guarantee of independence by displaying willingness to go in debt?

By the death of Professor SMITH the colony has lost a wise and faithful man. He came to us thirty-three years ago full of vigour and hope, and at once made consecration of all his mental and moral powers to the service of his adopted country. Undemonstrative in manner, he was nevertheless an enthusiast, and he possessed great capacity for work. What manner of man he was is seen from the fact that one year after his arrival in the colony, when he was only 31 years of age, he was appointed by the Government a member of the Board of National Education. The position was almost as important as any in the country, and it was one which only a wise man could successfully fill. It may be doubted whether the thought ever occurred to the Government when t e name of Dr. SMITH was before them in connection with the appointment that he was a very young man. He had the gravity that is associated with wisdom, the maturity that results from long and successful study; and, therefore, the question as to the number of his years was probably never suggested to their minds. In developing the educational system of the colony, Dr. SMITH spent years of self-sacrificing toil, and he devoted time and energy to the work not only because it was congenial, but also because of its pre-eminently philanthropic character. It was the philanthropic sentiment also that induced him to seek a seat on the board of the Australian Mutual Provident Society. No one could read the speeches which he made at various meetings of the society without being convinced of this. The institution attracted him because of the good it was doing, and which it was calculated to do, in assuaging human sorrow, and relieving the pressure of poverty. There are some men who aspire to such offices partly for the sake of the emoluments attached thereto and partly for the social distinction they are supposed to confer. But men of this stamp, when they accomplish their ambition, seldom give more than ordinary attention to the performance of the duties of the office. But, as has been remarked, Dr. SMITH'S ambition was of a different nature, and the proof that he was not influenced by selfish considerations when he sought a seat on the board of the Mutual Provident Society is the fact that the services he rendered were worth large sums to the society. The characteristic of Dr. SMITH was conscientiousness. What he undertook he did thoroughly. In teaching his classes in the University he left nothing unexplained that needed to be explained, and he took special pains to make the students understand the subjects of their investigation. The same spirit of conscientiousness he carried into his duties in the office of the Council of Education, and on to the board of the Mutual Provident Society. He mastered the business in both these institutions. Now that he is dead, our consolation is that the country appreciated his merit whilst he was alive, and rewarded him with such honours as she had it in her power to confer.

The highest testimonial of merit our coming GOVERNOR has yet received is contained in a letter written by Mr. HENRY BROADHURST, M.P., of England, to Mr. T. SIMONS, of Sydney, and read at the fortnightly meeting of the Trades and Labour Council last week. We do not know and do not care to inquire into the history of the letter. It matters nothing how it came to be received, or what induced Mr. BROADHURST to write it. It is sufficient that it conveys the opinions of one of the clearest-headed men of England concerning a nobleman who before the close of the year will be Governor of this colony. Mr. BROADHURST may rightly be classed as the foremost working man of his nation, the one who by sheer industry and personal merit has lifted himself to a high intellectual and political position, and has still maintained his simplicity of character, his straightforward thoroughness of purpose, and the broad, liberal principles with which he commenced his public career. His speeches are invariably listened to with attention, and followed by applause, in that most critical assemblage, the British House of Commons. And he writes to a representative of labour in New South Wales, and states his opinion of Lord CARRINGTON. The letter is to be taken as a working man's opinion given to working men, and as such it possesses a close and a curious interest for the whole community. Mr. BROADHURST writes: "I thought you would like to know that Lord CARRINGTON . . . . is one whom you might regard as a good and faithful friend to the labour cause, so far as my experience of him has gone in connection with our Parliamentary efforts in this country. . . . . Speaking for myself, I shall greatly regret his absence from England for so lengthened a period as will be necessitated by the office which he has accepted . . . . I thought it might be of interest to you to know that he has always been a friend to us and a willing worker in any assistance he can at any time render. I ought to mention also that you will find Lady CARRINGTON equal to her husband in kindliness and courtesy." We were reasonably proud, perhaps, that one so well placed and well known as Lord CARRINGTON in the old world should have been willing to accept our Governorship, and were filled with a sort of pleasant wonderment when told of the marvellous establishment—the aides-de-camp, the chamberlains, the grooms of the chamber, and the rest—by whom he was to be surrounded; but a far livelier sense of satisfaction follows the perusal of this letter, which gives us reason to hope that his LORDSHIP may bring his high social influence to bear in quarters and in ways which have been too frequently ignored, and working as much by example as by direct effort, may help to bridge that gulf which divides classes in this colony to their common loss.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

MR. DIBBS addressed a meeting of his constituents at Manly last night, and made some reference to financial matters. He admitted that a considerable difference would be found between the estimate of the revenue made by him in November last and the actual revenue that would be received; but it would not be nearly so great as had been stated by some of those opposed to the Government; and he saw his way clear to submitting a financial statement within the next five or six weeks which would show that, notwithstanding a deficit, there was no necessity for additional taxation. The causes of the deficiency in the revenue, he said, were the drought from which the colony had suffered, and which had affected pastoral properties and reduced the quantity of wool carried on the railways; and the fact that much of the revenue expected to be derived from the Land Act would not be received before the early part of next year.

MR. WATSON, the Minister for Mines, addressed a large meeting of the electors of Redfern, at the Town Hall of that borough, yesterday evening. The Mayor of Redfern (Mr. G. W. Lander) occupied the chair. After the hon. gentleman had delivered his address, a vote of confidence was carried in his favour by a large majority.

SIR JOHN COODE, who arrived from Melbourne on Saturday, had a short interview with the Minister for Works (Hon. H. S. Badgery) yesterday morning, on the work which he has been requested by the Government to undertake in this colony, and for some time after the interview with the Minister he was engaged with Mr. E. O. Moriarty, Engineer-in-Chief for Harbours and Rivers.

IT will be gratifying to a number of our readers to learn that the construction of the railway from Pearce's-corner to St. Leonards is about to be proceeded with. From a reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that tenders for this work are advertised for, and will be received up till 11 o'clock on Tuesday, 1st December, and that full particulars can be obtained at the Engineer-in-Chief's office on and after the 3rd proximo. The length of line to be constructed is 14 miles and 52 chains.

THE Telegraph Department have received advices from Mozambique that the mails for Madagascar, Bourbon, and Mauritius, leave Mozambique early on the 13th instant.

AT a meeting held at Darlinghurst last evening, in connection with St. John's Branch of the Church Society, the Primate of Australia spoke at some length and in a very effective way on the aims of and the need for enlarging the objects of the Church Society. Dr. Barry also dwelt in unmistakable terms on the want of liberality manifested by some Churchmen.

A CABLEGRAM appeared in yesterday's issue stating that nine acres of reefs at the entrance of New York harbour had been removed by dynamite. The following particulars in regard to the work of carrying out this gigantic undertaking, which have appeared in the American papers, will no doubt be read with interest:—"The preparations for blowing up Flood Rock, a large and dangerous reef in the track of vessels entering New York harbour through Hell Gate, are being actively pushed forward, and it is expected that the mines will be ready to be fired early in the coming autumn. It will be remembered that the formidable reef known as Hallet's Point, also in Hell Gate, was blown up about 10 years ago, when 50,000lb. of dynamite was used. The present undertaking, however, is on a much larger scale. The section of rock then demolished was only three and a-half acres in extent, but this time nine acres of rock are to be blown up, and nearly 300,000lb. of dynamite, or rather of 'rackarock,' a new and more powerful explosive, will be used. The work on Flood Rock was commenced before the Hallett's Point ledge was destroyed, and it has been going on at intervals ever since, as the money was voted by Congress. One great difficulty experienced has been to keep the water out of the mine, and of late three steam pumps have been almost constantly at work pumping out the water which percolates from the river above. In all, 21,670 feet of galleries have been cut through the rock in various directions, and 13,700 holes, three inches in diameter, and of an average length of nine feet, have been bored upwards from these galleries. It is expected that the result of this gigantic explosion will be to completely clear the track through Hell Gate, and do away with all dangers to navigation."

AFTER much dry and sultry weather, rain began to fall on Sunday evening, but it was very intermittent until yesterday, when it set in steadily, and lasted throughout the day. The quantity that fell was small, but it will do much good to the gardens and orchards in and around the city. Up to 9 o'clock last night only 0.45in. had fallen in Sydney, and the rain, though very general, was nearly everywhere light. It extended, as will be seen from the meteorological reports, and the telegrams of our correspondents, inland as far as Walgett, Dubbo, Menindie, and Wentworth, but it did not reach Bourke or Wilcannia. The heaviest falls were on and near the coast. The rain was accompanied by an unusual fall in the temperature. In Sydney the weather was quite wintry, and at 9 o'clock yesterday morning snow was falling at Kiandra and other places. Along the coast a fresh to strong wind from S.W. to S. was blowing during the day, and from many of the stations last night the sea was reported as heavy.

YESTERDAY the delegates to the Intercolonial Trade Union Congress, which concluded its sittings on Saturday morning, had an excursion over the Blue Mountains. A special train, granted by the Government so that the visitors and those with whom they have for the last week been associated might have an opportunity of making themselves acquainted with some of the mountainous features of the colony, and occupied by about 100 excursionists, left Redfern at 7 o'clock a.m. On arrival at Eskbank, which was the destination of the train, the company proceeded to, and were courteously shown over, the Eskbank Ironworks, the employees of which were busily engaged in the very interesting work of converting old railway metals into new ones. The operations were watched with very keen interest. After a stay of about half-an-hour, the company repaired to an hotel, where luncheon was awaiting them. The return journey was entered upon at 2 o'clock, and a run of five hours brought the train to the Redfern station. Light showers fell at intervals throughout the day, but the atmosphere was at times sufficiently clear to enable very extended views of mountain scenery to be obtained, and a very enjoyable day was spent. Before the delegates separated at Redfern there were exchanges of compliments. Gratitude was expressed for the generosity of the Government in providing the steamer Thetis for a harbour excursion and the special train for the Zigzag trip, and Mr. Garrard, M.L.A., was requested to convey to the Ministry the thanks of the delegates for the kindliness manifested towards them.

THE hearing of appeals against magisterial decisions were continued yesterday at the Darlinghurst Courthouse, before Judge Murray. Several cases having been decided, the sittings of the Metropolitan Court of Quarter Sessions were brought to a close.

THE Hon. Robert John Boyle, son of the Earl of Cork, was a passenger by the ship Port Jackson, which arrived yesterday from London.

WE regret to announce the death, at his residence, Moncur Lodge, Potts Point, of Mr. William Wallis, an old and, in his day, prominent resident of Sydney. Mr. Wallis, who at the time of his death had reached his 74th year, was the possessor of a gallery of art works, some of which were of exceptional value, the deceased gentleman being widely known as a connoisseur and lover of art. He was steward in the art section of the first intercolonial exhibition held in the building at Alfred Park. He also took an active interest in agricultural matters, and was a most useful member of the Council of the Agricultural Society. Mr. Wallis' name will be associated with the history of the colony in connection with the first contract for the Parramatta railway, for which he was the contractor.

INFORMATION has been received from the North Head Quarantine Station to the effect that Miss Foreman, who is stewardess of the A. S. N. Co.'s steamer Gunga, has developed smallpox in a mild form. The patient has been transferred to the Faraway and placed under strict medical attention. Another person is under observation. The rest of the patients in the hospital are doing well. At a meeting of the Board of Health held on Saturday it was decided not to release any of the persons at present detained in quarantine, as they must have been to a certain extent in contact with the three patients who have developed variola within the last few days. It should be mentioned, however, that the persons suffering from smallpox were isolated directly they betrayed unfavourable symptoms. No further cases of smallpox have been discovered in the city.

A MEETING of the New South Wales Commission in connection with the Indian and Colonial Exhibition will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon in the Colonial Secretary's office, Macquarie-street.

THIS evening the Hon. Alexander Gordon, M.L.C., will deliver a lecture in the Protestant Hall, the subject of which will be "The Bible, the only Credible Explanation of what Man was, is, and will be." The lecture will be given in connection with the Christian Evidence Society, and the chair will be occupied by the Rev. Dr. Barry, Bishop of Sydney.

THE committee of the Local Option League met in their central committee rooms, Temperance Hall, yesterday, Mr. G. H. Wigley in the chair. The meeting was opened with prayer. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. Collections were paid in. It was resolved that all hon. secretaries of the branches of the league, and all executives of the various temperance organisations throughout the colony be requested to put the following question to all candidates for Parliament at the hustings of the several electorates:—"Are you prepared to apply the principle of local option to the renewal of licenses, and to extend the franchise to parliamentary voters?" The following resolutions were unanimously carried:—"That a final conference of the combined political council of the united temperance organisations of New South Wales and the Local Option League be convened for 3 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, the 14th instant;" and "That on Thursday, the 15th instant, at 4 p.m., a mass meeting of all temperance workers and friends of local option be called together, to meet at the local option committee-rooms, Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, for the purpose of making final arrangements for the city and suburban elections." The honorary secretary was instructed to advertise the same in all the daily papers, and to employ extra clerical assistance. Many important political matters were dealt with. It was determined to wait until after the nomination day before completing arrangements as to the names of the candidates to be recommended to the members of the league and the several temperance organisations for their support. The meeting adjourned until this afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

MR. JAMES BRAND RITCHIE ROBERTSON has been appointed as returning-officer for the electoral district of The Hunter, in the stead of Mr. John Lee. Mr. P. F. A. Kinna has been appointed in a similar capacity for Molong, in the place of Mr. H. S. M. Betts.

THE lectures in the University Engineering School, for the Michaelmas term commence to-day, and are as follow:—Applied mechanics, 4.30 to 5.30 on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, including the principles of thermodynamics and their application to heat engines; the construction of steam engines and boilers, gas engines, and dynamo electric machines. Civil engineering section I: 4.30 to 5.30 on Tuesdays and Thursdays. The subject will include the properties of materials as determined by means of the testing machine; the theory of structures, such as arches, abutments, retaining walls, reservoir dams. Civil engineering, section II: 12 to 1, Monday, Wednesday, and Fridays. This subject will include sanitary engineering, sewerage, and water supply. Architecture: Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, 4.30 to 5.30. Instruction will be given during the day in the design and preparation of working drawings of structures and machines.

THE dilapidated condition of the Post and Telegraph Office at Ballina was recently brought under the notice of the Postmaster-General, who referred the matter to the Colonial Architect. It appears that a contract for the erection of a new post-office at Ballina was obtained some three years since by a man named Burless, who has, it would seem, neglected to carry out the work. The partially completed building is said to be now crumbling to pieces. The building in which the business is carried on at present is described as a shanty, riddled with white ants and falling down. An eyewitness, who was standing near it during a recent storm, says the whole frame of the building was rocking 2½ inches to and fro. Our informant, Mr. Edmund Ross, who has taken a great deal of trouble in the matter, writes to complain of the present state of things, and to suggest that it is high time something was done.

AT the Marine Board meeting yesterday there were present—Captains Hixson (president), Broomfield (vice-president), M'Lean, Moodie, Robertson, and Jenkins, and Commander Lindeman (secretary). In the matter of David J. Christison, who was called upon to show cause why his license as pilot should not be revoked or suspended, by reason of the default on his part which was the cause of the Timor-Meeinderry collision, the Board decided to suspend his license for one month. In the next case Captain Robertson did not sit. Joseph Cooney, engine-driver, was charged by Mr. Thos. Summerbell, manager of the North Shore Steam Ferry Company, with being drunk while in charge of the engines of the steamer Cammeray on the 1st instant. Evidence in support of the charge was given, and the defendant was summoned to appear before the Board on the 26th instant, at 2 p.m., to show cause why his certificate as third engineer should not be suspended or cancelled.

THE members of the N. S. W. Typographical Association gave a picnic in honour of Mr. Robert Harris (president of the Melbourne Typographical Society) on Saturday. About 150 ladies and gentlemen assembled on board the s.s. Mermaid, including Mr. and Mrs. Harris, and Mr. Harris, jun. (the representative of the Queensland Typo. Society at the Trades Union Congress). After steaming around Middle Harbour a stoppage was made at one of the many points of interest, where the company went ashore and partook of refreshments. Mr. J. F. Ellis proposed the health of "Our Guest," which was responded to by Mr. Harris, who acknowledged the honour done him as a high compliment to the society which he represented. The health of Mr. Harris, jun., was then proposed, and acknowledged on behalf of the Queensland society. Several other toasts were honoured, after which the company returned to the steamer, and a start was made for Sydney. During the passage up the harbour the "fathers" of the various chapels were toasted, and, a very pleasant afternoon was spent by all who participated in the picnic. The quay was reached shortly after 6 o'clock.

A CORRESPONDENT calls attention to the disgraceful misuse of steam whistles at night-time in Sydney Harbour. He mentions an instance in which a steamer a few nights ago kept on whistling without a moment's cessation from half-past 1 till twenty-five minutes past 2 in the morning, practically an hour. This continuous screaming noise had a serious result in a case our correspondent mentions of a neighbour's wife, who was suffering from a dangerous illness, which had just reached the turning-point; and the intense nervous irritation caused by the monotonous whistling brought about a relapse.

THE proprietors of the Australasian Federal Directory of Commerce, Trades, Professions, &c., for 1886-7, a work now in course of preparation, have, as will be seen by reference to an advertisement in another column, offered a prize of 100 guineas for the best essay on the social and commercial development of the Australian colonies. The essay is to be incorporated in the book. A prize of 10 guineas is also offered for the best original artistic design representing the union of the Australian colonies, such design to be for the title page of the directory.

ONE of the seamen of the four-masted ship Port Jackson, which arrived yesterday from London, was lost overboard on August 27. His name was James Mandich. He was standing on the forward part of the top-gallant forecastle when the flying-jib was being set, and he was struck by the sheet and precipitated into the water. The vessel, which was going at the rate of about six or seven knots an hour, was immediately rounded to, life-buoys were thrown to the unfortunate fellow, and a boat was sent to rescue him. The vessel, also, tacked about in the vicinity, but, after four hours' search, the boat returned to the ship, which then kept away on her course. One of the buoys only was recovered. No trace of the other buoy or of Mandich could be found.

A CADMAN named Joseph Stafford, 44, residing at No. 49, Yurong-street, Woolloomooloo, was admitted to the Sydney Hospital, yesterday, suffering from severe injuries, which were caused through his having been thrown from the seat of his vehicle in Sussex-street. He fell to the ground with great force, and his head came in contact with the tire of one of the wheels, with the result that about three square inches of his scalp were torn off. He is suffering from general concussion. His injuries were attended to by Dr. J. Munro. Henry Nicholson, 20, labourer, residing at No. 455, Kent-street, was also received into the institution suffering from a fracture of the left thigh. The accident was caused by a stone falling on his leg at Mort's wool stores.

THE first sitting of the Land Board at Parramatta took place yesterday, Messrs. T. W. Harriett and H. Eagar presiding. Evidence was taken as to the fulfilment of conditions with respect to six conditional purchases, and the results of the inquiry will be forwarded to the Minister for Lands.

THE Parramatta Football Club held a very successful and enjoyable complimentary picnic at Tennyson on Saturday afternoon. The guests numbered 150, and were conveyed from the tram wharf, Duck River, to their destination in one of Mr. Jeanneret's steamers. Prior to the steamer starting, Mr. Hugh Taylor, M.P., president of the club, presented Mr. W. Neich with a very handsome gold trophy for his play in the match against the Our Boys Club at Bathurst on the 1st August last. The recipient returned thanks in a suitable manner, and as the steamer moved away from the wharf three hearty cheers were sent up for donor and winner. At Tennyson, dancing to the strains of the Star Band and various other amusements were indulged in. A programme of athletic sports was also gone through. The excursionists returned to town shortly after 7 o'clock, after a very pleasant outing.

AN eight days' mission in connection with All Saints Church, Parramatta North, commenced on Saturday evening last, and was well attended. The mission preacher is the Rev. A. A. Maclaren, incumbent of St. Paul's Church, West Maitland. On Sunday he conducted four services, commencing with an early celebration of the Holy Communion. This was followed by the ordinary service at 11 o'clock, a children's service in the afternoon, and even-song at 7, followed by a devotional meeting. Services are to be held every evening during the week, and there will also be a daily early celebration of the Holy Communion. Mr. Maclaren's addresses are characterised by much earnestness, and have created a favourable impression.

THE most important feature about the recent intercolonial trades congress is (says the *Argus*) that there was a congress, and that it was intercolonial. It would be unfair to criticise everything that was said at a gathering which was mainly a big demonstration. The most elaborate paper which was read came from the secretary to the Melbourne Trades Hall, and it is satisfactory to find that some practical and moderate suggestions came from Victoria also. It is no slur on the Sydney unionists to say that they are in many respects a generation behind their brethren in this colony. The working man in New South Wales still imagines that he is in the house of bondage, and that when he can "burst the fetters" in a political sense, it will be easy to "sit upon" capital to his heart's content. The Victorian working man has in a sense "been there." He has been familiar for years with the information that "all the woes of the working classes during the past, in the present, and in the future are "revealed in the one word—'capital.'" He has got case-hardened to rant of this sort, which is to be found in the inaugural address of the Sydney Trades Council. His practical conclusion is that the principal function of employers' and employees' unions is to settle disputes by arbitration, and that working men's earnings are much better invested in co-operative factories than in paying strike money. If "labour" had its own way for a few years in New South Wales, it would, no doubt, learn the same lessons.

THE following is the order of musical service at St. Andrew's Cathedral this afternoon:—Nunc Dimittis, Goss, in A; anthem, Mozart's "Out of the deep."

REPORT of the Sydney Hospital for week ended October 10:—Admitted, males, 32; females, 11; total, 43. Discharged, males, 29; females, 7; total, 36. Died, males, 2; female, 1; total, 3. Remaining, males, 143; females, 53; total, 196. Casualties treated but not admitted, 62.

THE following is the report of St. Vincent's Hospital for the week ending October 10:—Number of patients in Hospital last report: Males, 58; females, 30; total, 88. Since admitted: Males, 7; females, 6; total, 13. Discharged: Males, 11; females 4; total, 15. Died: 1 female. Remaining in hospital: Males, 54; females, 31; total, 85.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

THE QUEENSLAND SEPARATION QUESTION.

LONDON, OCT. 12.

The *Times*, in an article upon the Queensland separation question, contends that the separation of the colony will be premature so long as black labour is deemed essential in certain territory instead of free men.

MANIFESTO BY LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL.

LONDON, OCT. 12.

Lord Randolph Churchill, Secretary of State for India, has issued a manifesto at Birmingham, in which he practically urges federation for the defence of British commercial interests.

GERMANY AND SPAIN.

LONDON, OCT. 12.

Germany has reiterated her claims to the occupation of the Pelew and Caroline Islands.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

SIR HENRY WOLLF'S MISSION TO TURKEY AND EGYPT.

CONSTANTINOPLE, OCT. 12.

Sir Henry Wolff has arranged with Kiamil Pasha a basis of agreement for the settlement of the affairs of Egypt. Turkish commissioners have been appointed to accompany Sir Henry Wolff to Egypt, in order to reorganise the administration of that country. It is announced that the British troops will evacuate Egypt at the earliest possible date.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

[BY CABLE.]

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, OCT. 12.

Germany has proposed that the claims of Greece and Servia to be indemnified for any losses they may incur through the union of Bulgaria and Roumelia should be rejected, but that the claims of Bulgaria should be recognised. Great Britain, Russia, and Austria have approved of the proposals submitted.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, OCT. 12.

The representatives of the Great Powers at the Conference now being held in this city have expressed themselves opposed to the claims recently made by Greece and Servia, that they be indemnified any losses they may sustain in the event of the union of Bulgaria and Roumelia being upheld by the Conference.

The party which advocates a war with Bulgaria is now strongly in the ascendant here.

SERIOUS RIOT AT COORANBONG.

THE POLICE FIRE ON THEIR ASSAILANTS IN SELF-DEFENCE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

COORANBONG, MONDAY.

The navvies took possession of Cooranbong to-day, and attacked the police, who had to use their firearms for self-protection, as they were severely wounded. Several of the navvies were shot. Mr. Thos. Russell, the local magistrate, telegraphed to Inspector Thorpe at Newcastle to send out a party of police, and the inspector replies that a party of mounted men are now on their way to Cooranbong.

NEWCASTLE, MONDAY.

This evening at 6 o'clock Inspector Thorpe received a telegram from Mr. Mackenzie, stating that a riot had occurred, that the police had been mobbed by a gang of navvies at Cooranbong, that several of the men had been shot, and asking for assistance. Inspector Thorpe immediately sent three mounted police to the scene of the riot, under Sub-inspector Lynch, that number only being available, as all the rest were scattered through the district. The police had instructions to take with them a surgeon from Wallsend. Later particulars which have been received from Cooranbong state that the disturbance took place at Coulter's Hotel, through the police trying to arrest one of the men for drunkenness. His mates then interfered and rescued the prisoner. They tore the uniforms off the police and surrounded them, so that the police were compelled to fire their revolvers in self-defence. Three of the navies were shot, and one of them is seriously wounded. Both constables were severely maltreated. Three prisoners are now in the lockup, but the ringleaders of the riot have escaped to the bush. The affair has created great alarm near Cooranbong.

REMARKABLE DISAPPEARANCE.—Very remarkable disappearance of all dirt from everything by using Hudson's Dry Soap. Reward—purity, health, perfect satisfaction, by its regular daily use. N.B.—It is a pure dry soap in fine powder, and lathers freely in hot or cold water.—[ADVT.]

FEEBLE ladies, aged persons, weakly children, persons of sedentary habits, all need American Co.'s Iron Bitters daily. Believe.—[ADVT.]

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INTERCOLONIAL NEWS.

[By Telegraph.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

VICTORIA.

MELBOURNE, Monday.

John Evans, a young man, an employee of Mr. John Armstrong, news agent, Elizabeth-street, Melbourne, was to-day committed for trial at the City Police Court for stealing the sum of £399 in postage stamps. Nine months ago he took £60 for the purpose of helping a friend out of trouble in Sydney, and he then began betting, so as to win money to pay it back again, but he was unfortunate.

William Henry Wilkinson was committed for trial at Fitzroy, to-day, for making a false declaration that he was over age when he went through his marriage ceremony. The prisoner recently tried, unsuccessfully, to get a divorce, on the ground that the marriage was never intended by himself or his wife to be valid, and that he never made the usual declaration.

A German named Olfe, who was out of work, and recently arrived from Adelaide, where he has a wife and family, attempted to commit suicide to-day by bleeding himself to death. He was found sitting on the edge of a bath bleeding from the arms, the veins of which had been cut. He was almost dead when discovered.

The annual meeting of the Congregational Union Mission of Victoria was commenced to-day. The annual sermon was preached by the Rev. F. H. Browne, pastor of the Collins-street Independent Church, followed by a united communion service.

The West Melbourne electoral contest began to-day, when Councillor G. D. Carter, the late Mayor of Melbourne, and Councillor Pierce addressed the electors. The former approved of the present form of the Licensing Bill. He denied that he was an advocate of the interests of the liquor-selling classes. Mr. Simon Fraser, the late member for Rodney, is also in the field. He will be supported by the Government as against Mr. Carter. Sir Bryan O'Loghlen has decided not to come forward.

Victorian Share Report.—Sales: Federal Bank, 60s.; Commercial Bank, £7 9s., £7 10s.; Melbourne Tramway and Omnibus, 27s. 6d., 27s. 9d.; Barrier Ranges Silver M. A., 32s.; Day Dream S. M. Company, 24s., 24s. 3d.; Broken Hills, £14, £15 10s.; Hepburn Estate, 98s., 97s.; Long Tunnel, £107 to £108, cum div.; Long Tunnel Extended, £10; Lord Harry, 56s.; Star of the East, 5s. 6d.; United Devonshire, 35s., 31s.

Business in the breadstuffs market was quiet to-day. There was a moderate inquiry for flour at from £8 to £8 7s. 6d. But it was difficult to place large lines. There was not much doing in wheat, as holders were firm. Very little business was doing in feeding grains, but a few sales were carried through in oats at 3s., and for New Zealand 2s. 10d. to 2s. 11d. Maize was moving off at up to 3s. 11d. Sugars were in good request, and a line of 4476 bags and packets of Queensland were cleared at from £13 5s. to £14 5s. for rations, £15 to £16 5s. for browns, £17 to £19 for counters, up to £20 10s. for yellows, and £22 5s. for greys. Teas had moderate attention, and 4000 packages were taken up.

Arrivals: October 11, Australia (s.), from Tasmania; Taramung (s.), from Newcastle. October 12, Catterthun (s.), from Hongkong; R.M.S. John Elder, Corangamite (s.), Buninyong (s.), from Sydney; Adelaide (s.), from Adelaide; Eugene, from Hamburg; Rydalmere, from Sharpness; Leura (s.), from Sydney; Earn, from Dungeness. Departures: Wendouree (s.), for Sydney; Pateena (s.), for Launceston.

The Broken Hill proprietary company have exhibited 34,679 ounces of silver, which was smelted from 48 tons of ore. The exhibit was very fine, and created much excitement here.

QUEENSLAND.

BRISBANE, Monday.

Colonel Ike Austin, who recently cut his throat with a pocket-knife, at Bundaberg, inflicting a dangerous wound, was brought before the local bench to-day, and charged with attempted suicide. He was discharged.

The Commissioner of Police has received a telegram from Mackay, stating that a fight occurred amongst the Polynesians on the Pleystowe plantation yesterday evening, and one kanaka was killed and three severely wounded. The murderer is in custody.

The annual district meeting of the Wesleyan Methodist Church begins to-morrow.

A meeting of firms interested in direct trade with Germany and Belgium was called by the Acting German Consul to-day for the purpose of considering what inducements could be offered to the North German Lloyds to extend their steamship line to Brisbane and Northern ports. At the hour appointed, however, no one was present, and the meeting therefore did not take place.

The weather to-night is dull and cloudy.

Arrived: Barrabool (s.), from Sydney, and Wentworth (s.) in bay. The Ranelagh (s.), for Rockhampton, arrived at Maryborough yesterday, and sailed this morning. The Egmont (s.), Rockhampton for Sydney, arrived at Bundaberg this morning, and sailed. The Tinonee (s.), Mackay for Brisbane, arrived at Rockhampton. The Burwah (s.) arrived at Rockhampton this afternoon, from Sydney. The Moreton (s.), for Townsville, arrived at Flat Top early this morning, and sailed. The Warrego (s.) and Fitzroy (s.), Cooktown for Brisbane, arrived at Townsville yesterday, and sailed at midday to-day. The Alexandria (s.), for Normanton, via ports, arrived at Townsville this morning, and sailed. The Merkara, R.M.S., Brisbane for London, left Townsville yesterday afternoon. The Duke of Sutherland, R.M.S., London, for Brisbane, via ports, left Townsville early this morning. The Katoomba (s.), for Port Douglas, arrived at Cairns at noon yesterday. The Herald, schooner, left Port Douglas yesterday, for New Guinea. The Leichardt (s.) left Bundaberg this morning for Brisbane. The C. Walker, brigantine, arrived at Townsville this morning, from Sydney.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

ADELAIDE, Monday.

At a meeting of the Geographical Society of Australasia a letter was read from Mr. David Lindsay, who wrote offering to allow a naturalist to accompany his expedition. The society regretted that lack of funds alone would prevent them from equipping a special officer, but they advised Mr. Lindsay to make his offer to the Minister controlling the territory.

At a meeting of the Land Nationalisation Society to-night, the debate was continued on the motion in favour of an increase of the land tax, which was carried.

Arrivals: M.M.S. Salazie, from Sydney, via Melbourne; Aracan, from Sundsvaal. Sailed: M.M.S. Salazie, for Marseilles.

Cereal quotations were unchanged to-day. In sugars, Queensland yellows and Mauritius whites were placed at full rates, and tablets fetched £31 10s.

VISIT of the QUEEN of RARATONGA to NEW ZEALAND.

[By Telegraph.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AUCKLAND, Monday.

The Queen of Rarotonga, who is at present in Auckland, states that her visit is of a political character, but no particulars in connection with it have yet transpired, as she is very reticent on the subject. At a Cabinet Council to-day the Queen's mission was considered, but, pending the Governor's return to Wellington, nothing definite was done.

COUNTRY NEWS.

[By Telegraph.
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

COWRA, Monday.

Yesterday, Richard, the second son of Mr. George Roshyon, was riding, when the horse fell on him, and the young fellow died this morning from the injuries received.

GLEN INNES, Monday.

A terrible accident happened at Dundee on Saturday to two boys who were furiously driving in a cart, when the wheels turned over and both occupants were killed.

The sale of Turrocobed estate on the 28th October is creating considerable interest, and a number of buyers are expected from the neighbouring colonies.

GRAFTON, Monday.

At a meeting held at Lawrence on Saturday night, for the purpose of taking steps for the formation of a branch of the Farmers' Union, a resolution was carried that the action of the Government in forcing on the elections is unpatriotic, and practically deprives the rural population of the franchise. The meeting decided to form a local branch of the union, and appointed a committee to inaugurate the same.

Twelve candidates assembled to-day for the University examination, eight juniors and four seniors, besides four for Civil Service examinations; but the examination papers had not arrived, and consequently all to-day's work was lost.

The entries for the flower show exceed those of last year by 70.

An extensive fire occurred at Chatsworth Island this morning, at 2 o'clock, in the new hotel in course of erection for Mr. Josiah Moseley. Clare and Co.'s aerated water manufactory and two other wooden cottages were destroyed. The fire broke out in Moseley's place, which was within three weeks of completion. The Commercial Bank, adjacent, was saved with difficulty, and another cottage, occupied by Mrs. Palmer, in the line of the fire, also had a narrow escape. Clare and Co. are insured in the Norwich Union. The other places are believed to be uninsured. The circumstances of the fire lead to the suspicion of an act of incendiarism.

LISMORE, Monday.

Owing to the restrictive nature of some clauses of the Land Act, the locking up of land in reserves, the want of proper classification, and the dry weather, free selections here have dwindled down to one a week, and that generally is a conditional lease. The land boards, however, appear to give satisfaction, as much time and anxiety is saved in land matters by having them settled promply on the spot.

The new public bridge over Leicester Creek was opened last week without any ceremony. The new shed on the public wharf here was also opened, but it is much too small for shelter purposes in this climate.

At the inquest on the late fire at Mr. James' store, Wardell, the jury found that the fire had been caused by some means unknown.

The crops and grass are looking fairly well, considering the dry weather. Cane-cutting and sugar-making are proceeding vigorously in all directions. Much land is now being laid down in grass for dairy purposes.

WELLINGTON, Monday.

An alarm reached town yesterday morning that Matthews' mill was on fire, and a large number of townspeople hurried out, and found that a slab cottage at the back of the mill was in flames. It was completely destroyed; fortunately, the wind blew from the mill.

THE WEATHER IN THE COUNTRY.

[By Telegraph.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

BOMBALA, Monday.

A fall of snow took place here to-night, and several showers of rain fell to-day. There is every appearance of more rain.

BATHURST, Monday.

Some slight showers of rain fell here yesterday, and it is raining steadily to-night. The weather is bitterly cold, and snow has fallen at Milthorpe.

BROUGHTON CREEK, Monday.

Rain has been falling here during the last ten hours, and still continues. The weather is very cold.

BOURKE, Monday.

A slight shower fell here yesterday. The weather is now cool.

BRAIDWOOD, Monday.

A steady rain has been falling during the forenoon, and snow fell for half an hour. The weather is bitterly cold.

CARCOAR, Monday.

Half an inch of rain fell here during Saturday night, and there was a heavy fall again this morning. The country now looks grand.

COONAMBLE, Monday.

Some light rain fell here yesterday, giving 13 points in all. The weather has since cleared up and is now unusually cold for this season.

COOTAMUNDRA, Monday.

Splendid rain fell here on Saturday night. It was most opportune, as the weather had been unseasonably hot and dry.

The crops and pastures look splendid.

COWRA, Monday.

On last Saturday night 50 points of rain fell here. There were several showers to-day. Since sunset the sky is much overcast and a heavy downpour seems imminent.

DENMAN, Monday.

Rain commenced to fall here late last night, and has continued on and off all day. Altogether 75 points have been registered.

GLEN INNES, Monday.

It has been raining steadily here to-day.

GUNDAGAI, Monday.

A fall of rain occurred here on Saturday night, and 40 points were registered.

GUNNEDAH, Monday.

Forty points of rain fell here last night. The weather is now cooler, but much more rain is needed.

GRENFELL, Monday.

Some rain fell here on Saturday, and more is threatening.

HILLSTON, Monday.

The weather still continues cold and changeable. On Saturday 35 points of rain were registered. It is still cloudy.

KIAMA, Monday.

Rain commenced to fall here this forenoon about 10 o'clock, and still continues.

LISMORE, Monday.

The weather still keeps dry, with the thermometer ranging from 49° at night to 94° at noon. The sky to-day was cloudy, and like rain.

MORUYA, Monday.

Forty points of rain fell here last night, and there is every appearance of its continuance. The weather is cold.

MUDGEE, Monday.

Slight showers of rain fell here yesterday, and 10 points were registered.

NEWCASTLE, Monday.

It has been raining here all day, and still continues.

NOWRA, Monday.

Rain has been falling here throughout the day.

PARKES, Monday.

Some showers fell here on Saturday evening, and 52 points were registered. To-day the weather is exceedingly cold and threatening.

PORT MACQUARIE, Monday.

Some splendid showers of rain fell here to-day.

QUIRINDI, Monday.

Forty-two points of rain fell here last night. The weather is clearing up now.

WELLINGTON, Monday.

The weather turned very cold here in the evening, and rain fell on Saturday night. Present appearances are in favour of a further downpour.

WEST MAITLAND, Monday.

The weather is showery. Steady rain fell during the whole of last night.

YOUNG, Monday.

Rain fell here on Saturday and Sunday, and to-day there was a slight fall. The weather is very cold.

PASTORAL INTELLIGENCE.

[By Telegraph.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

BOURKE, Monday.

The following stock have passed here:—530 rams and 1000 shed ewes, from Cunnamulla to Lorne station, Lushall and Co. owners. The stations near Cunnamulla badly need rain.

COONAMBLE, Saturday.

The local stock movements are as follows:—3000 ewes, Messrs. Cox Bros. owners, from Ningear Creek Station to Mudgee, via Gilgandra, passed here on the 8th instant; 8000 ewes from Llanillo Station, Walgett, Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co. owners, going via Dubbo, passed Quambone on 7th instant.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE FEDERAL MINSTRELS.

Last evening, when the curtain rose at the Academy of Music and the familiar faces were seen in their accustomed seats—Mr. Sam Keenan again in his wonted place—there was a burst of applause which was sufficient to assure Mr. Hiscocks of the wisdom of his change. The singing had lost a little owing to the sudden absence of Mr. Amery, who had been called away by domestic bereavement; he will, however, resume his place in a few days. The programme was well selected, including amongst popular revivals the ever welcome French Conductor, and an enlarged edition of the lecture on the stars by Mr. Horace Bent, "The Royal Am-tronomer." A comic sketch "Am-u-let," "The Lights o' Sydney," and two good songs by Mr. E. C. Dunber, were the leading features, and the entertainment was thoroughly approved. Mr. La Feuillade had chosen a good orchestral selection, which was well played.

BENEFIT CONCERT.

Another of the many proofs of the charitable disposition of the compositors of Sydney was evidenced on Saturday evening, when a well-arranged concert was given in aid of the family of Mr. Davidson, a member of the craft resident in Brisbane, who has become nearly blind, and consequently unable to follow his employment. Nearly all the seats in Professor West's rooms, Castlereagh-street, were occupied. Notwithstanding the length of the programme, which contained 24 numbers, several encores were demanded, and among the most successful numbers were the duet "The moon hath raised her lamp," "The dream of home," and a pianoforte solo. The concert was organised by members of the *Sydney Morning Herald* composing staff, who were generously supported by others of the trade employed in the different printing offices of the city; and much credit is due to those who contributed towards the success of so deserving a cause. Mr. Maxted acted as accompanist.

WATCH'S Baking Powder obtained the only first-class award for highest degree of merit. Watch's Baking Powder is the best.—[ADVT.]

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

THE TURF.

The general settling over the late Sydney Turf Club Meeting took place yesterday, and passed off fairly well. The following are the latest scratchings:—Melbourne Cup, Dagobert and Commotion; Caulfield Cup, Brown and Rose, Warwick, Archie, Thakombau, Calma, Tissue, Eire, and I O U; Wagra Cup, Faugh-a-Ballagh, Astræa, Espiegle, Warwick, Privateer, and Burrilda; Grand Stand Handicap, Brown and Rose, Privateer, Warwick, and Faugh-a-Ballagh.

Non-acceptances for the Wellongong Handicap, Hurdle Race, and Town Plate must be made to-day.

Yesterday, Mr. E. E. Jones handed over something like £150 to the widow of the late Mr. Dicker Hamilton (Chut Cela), the result of a subscription raised on behalf of herself and children.

The final payment for the Caulfield Cup will fall due at 4 p.m. to-day.

We learn by telegraph from our local correspondent that at a meeting of Tattersall's Braidwood Turf Club, held on Saturday, the following programme was decided upon for two days' racing at Christmas:—First day—Flying Handicap, 15 sovs.; Hurry Scurry, 5 sovs.; Ladies' Purse, 10 sovs., with sweep of 10s.; Novel Race, 10 sovs., winner to be sold for £1; Christmas Box, 25 sovs., and sweep of 1 sov. Second day—Hurdle Race, 25 sovs., and sweep of 1 sov.; Ladies' Mile, 10 sovs.; Hack Race, 5 sovs.; Town Plate, 25 sovs., and a sweep of 1 sov.; Farewell Flutter, 7 sovs.

CANTERBURY PARK RACE CLUB.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17.

THE OPENING HANDICAP—6 furlongs.

	st lb		st lb
Eurocelydon	8 4	Ener	6 12
Morceau	8 2	Pearl Bay	6 12
Leumeah	7 12	Goldfinder	6 10
Polestar	7 12	Planet	6 10
Boori	7 10	Venus	6 8
Gretna	7 10	Thaumasite	6 6
Corday	7 7	Zareba	6 4
Sir Garnet	7 4	Vacy	6 2
College Boy	7 2	Agricola	6 0
Cestus	7 0		

THE OCTOBER HANDICAP—1¼ mile.

	st lb		st lb
Bonnie Bee	8 7	Boori	7 0
Wallangra	8 2	Magnifier	6 8
Phyllis	7 9	Cestus	6 6
Astræa	7 6	Ener	6 4
Friendship	7 6	Pearl Bay	6 4
Polestar	7 4	Venus	6 0
Morceau	7 2	Vacy	6 0
Leumeah	7 2		

THE WELTER HANDICAP—1 mile.

	st lb		st lb
Eurocelydon	10 7	Goldfinder	9 2
Hazard	10 3	Ivanhoe	9 0
Sir Garnet	9 12	Scobeloff	8 10
Junius	9 10	Vacy	8 7
Bulgoa	9 4		

[By Telegraph.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

VICTORIA RACING CLUB SPRING MEETING.

MELBOURNE, Monday.

The following are the general entries received to-day for the four days meeting at Flemington:—

FIRST DAY.—SATURDAY, OCT. 31.

MELBOURNE STAKES—1¼ mile.

Sheet Anchor	Uarah	Thunderbolt
Impulse	St. Odille	Liverpool
Honeydew	Ebony	Cyclops
The Pencil	Tom Brown	Trenton
Nordenfeldt	Mozart	Sardius
Ringmaster	Bosworth	Gratitude
Prince Imperial	Ragman	Coronet
Velocipede	Prometheus	Moonshee.
Blink Bonny	Welcome Jack	

WEIGHT-FOR-AGE HURDLE RACE—about 2 miles.

Insolvent	Ravensworth	The Agent
Blue Mountain	Hazard	Agitation
Gasalier	Molrow	Duration.
Royal Maid		

SECOND DAY—TUESDAY, NOV. 3.

RAILWAY STAKES—1¼ mile.

Honeydew	Ebony	Buttress
Gashurner	Oakleigh	Cyclops
Sparkle	Highland Chief	Perchance
Denmark	Wymerio	Moonshee
The Pencil	Ragman	Eagle Grange
First Prince	Parwar	First Chester
Ravensworth	Winchester	Isonomy
St. Odille	Baron Necker	

HURDLE RACE—about 3 miles.

Insolvent	Cockboat	Ruby
Bluemountain	Student	Tantalizer
Flamborough	Huntaman	Mistake
Gasalier	The Agent	Hunter
Royal Maid	Agitation	Brigand
Ravensworth	Duration	
Desperch	Sensation	

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5.

MAIDEN PLATE.

Parody	Metal	Parwan
Denmark	St. Odille	Winchester
The Pencil	Highland Chief	Baron Necker
Percussion	Wymerie	Cyclops
Waiting Maid	Ragman	Perchance.
E. D.		

ROYAL PARK STAKES.

The Pencil	Dunlop	Perchance
Ringmaster	Welcome Jack	Trenton
First Prince	Liverpool	Sardius
Off Colour	Winchester (late Manchester)	Coronet
Blink Bonny	Acolyte	Moonshee
Uarra	Remus	First Chester
Tom Brown		Isonomy

WEIGHT FOR AGE STEEPLECHASE—about 2½ miles.

Native	Trickett	Banker
Lady Ashton	Morrow	Meander
Denmark	Bob Cooper	

THE V. R. C. HANDICAP—1¼ miles.

Sheet Anchor	Metal	Thunderbolt
Britisher	Lesbia	Liverpool
Impulse	Prince Imperial	Winchester
Lord Exeter	Blink Bonny	Signor
Honey Dew	Doncaster	The Israelite
Comet	Stornaway	Black Diamond
Plausible	Minerva	St. Lawrence
Arsenal	Yellow Hammer	Acolyte
Kingship	Tom Brown	Ruby
Lord Wilton	St. John	Astronomer
The Pencil	Agitation	Anglesey
Portora Hope	Bosworth	Hunter
Despot	Lantern	Trenton
Coriolanus	Hobart	Lavington
Merman	Duration	Coronet
First Prince	Claptrap	Moonshee
Off Colour	Mentmore	Tarpeia
Lucky Hit	Prometheus	Warwick
Kit Nubbles	Welcome Jack	Wing
Hilltop	Genoa	Brown and Rose
Cerise and Blue.		

STEEPLECHASE—3 miles.

Native	Lady Ashton	Governor
Sailor	Denmark	Indian Queen II.
Colebrook	Ravensworth	Chester
Morven	Lisette	Bob Cooper
Fingal	Progress	Banker
Wymlet	Trickett	Pride
Marquis of Waterford	Retlent	Phenomenon
	Narrung	Merader

CANTERBURY PLATE—2½ miles.

Honeydew	Narah	Remus
The Pencil	Tom Brown	Cyclops
Nordenfeldt	Dunlop	Trenton
Coriolanus	Mozart	Sardius
Ringmaster	Bosworth	Coronet
Off Colour	Welcome Jack	Moonshee
Prince Imperial	Thunderbolt	First Chester
Velocipede	Liverpool	Isonomy
Blink Bonny	Acolyte	

VICTORIA AMATEUR TURF CLUB SPRING MEETING.

MELBOURNE, Monday.

The following handicaps were declared to-day for next Saturday's racing:—

NURSERY HANDICAP.

	st lb		st lb
Munywyrtina	8 10	King Tom	7 12
The Nun	8 8	Prophetess filly	7 12
Maddelina	8 7	Alpha	7 11
Edith	8 6	St. Paul	7 11
Anita	8 4	Repose	7 10
The Fobber	8 3	Inuendo	7 10
Claudian	8 2	Lara	7 10
Trojan	8 1	Pot Boille	7 8
Yule Cake	8 1	Manxman II.	7 8
Beelzebub	8 1	Kevie	7 8
Yellow Jacket	8 0	Tristan	7 7
Micawber	8 0	Master John	7 7
Telephone	8 0	Coonoop	7 6
Crossfire	7 13	Dancaster	7 6
Don Giovanni	7 13	Washington	7 3
Marchioness filly	7 13	Harmony	7 0
Lady of the Lake	7 13	General Gordon	6 13

SECOND HURDLE RACE.

Royal Maid	12 0	General Jackson	10 0
Duration	11 13	Despatch	9 10
Huntsman	11 6	Ravensworth	9 10
Student	11 0	Flamborough	9 7
Gasalier	10 12	Cockboat	9 5
Master Pinstop	10 10	Faultfinder	9 3
Agitation	10 9	Argus Girl	9 3
Mistake	10 7	Walter	9 3
Problem	10 5	Vanderbilt	9 3
Ruby	10 5	The Chief	9 0

WINDSOR HANDICAP.

Lantern	9 1	Evil	7 8
Stafford	9 1	Maritana	7 8
Chichester	9 0	Sirocco	7 8
The Ghost	8 10	Bellaral	7 7
Dirk Hatteraick	8 8	Denison	7 7
Bathurst	8 7	Glimmer	7 6
Anchorite	8 7	St. Albert	6 12
Ringmaster	8 2	St. Ellen	6 11
Economy	8 2	Lorelei	6 11
The Andes	7 13	Ambassadress	6 11
Too Too	7 12	Rebus	6 11
I. O. U.	7 11	Antonio	6 11
Bohemian	7 11	Louis	6 11
Jocular	7 10	Highland Chief	6 11
Land Ho!	7 10	Bonheur	6 11
Waverley	7 10	The Trawler	6 10
Fernlea	7 9	Meerschaum	6 10
Recall	7 8	Salvo	6 8
Hannibal	7 7	St. Odille	6 8
First Light	7 7	Reprieve	6 8
Anarchy	7 6	Parody	6 7
Scaramouche	7 5	Sedition	6 6
Kingship	7 5	Walhalla	6 6
Merman	7 4	Ruthless	6 4
Mentmore	7 3	Mrs. Jarley	6 2
The Chanter	7 3	Plympton	6 2
Honeycomb	7 3	Bonnie Bell	6 0
Warfield	7 3		

THE VICTORIAN TURF.

MELBOURNE, Monday.

The following scratchings were posted to-day:—Caulfield Cup: Calma, Tissue, I. O. U., Evie, Stornaway, Verey, Percussion, Jocular, and First Light. Nursery Handicap: St. Paul. V. R. C. Derby and Melbourne Cup: Cairo and Algerian. Melbourne Cup: Astræa, Espiegle, Happy Thought, Commotion, and Verey.

The heavy rain which fell on Saturday and Sunday, has completely put a stop to strong work on the training grounds, especially at Flemington, and it will be a day or two before the going is thoroughly safe.

MELBOURNE BETTING MARKET.

MELBOURNE, Monday.

The betting on the Caulfield Cup to-night was as under:—Winchester, 100 to 3, and subsequently 100 to 5 was accepted, at which figure the sum of £30,000 was secured. On Welcome Jack £15,000 was booked at 100 to 3 at first, and afterwards at 100 to 5, until the total reached £28,000. All the money in the market on Prince Imperial was taken at from 100 to 3 downwards till it touched 100 to 8. Blink Bonny was backed to win £10,000; Tom Brown, £15,000; and Lord Wilton, £6000—all at 100 to 5. At 100 to 3, £10,000 was procured about Madcap. Gratitude was in demand at 100 to 5; and St. Lawrence at 100 to 3, at which figure £10,000 was booked. For the V. R. C. Derby Nordenfeldt was the favourite, although the "Leviathan's" offer of £4000 to £1000 met with no response. Thunderbolt was backed to win £4000 at 8 to 1, and then 7 to 1 became the best offer. Liverpool and Trenton were equal favourites for the Melbourne Cup at 100 to 7, and 1000 to 45 was booked about Sheet Anchor.

CRICKET.

THE JUNIOR CUP.—The Ostome and Conservative Clubs commenced a contest for the M'Quade Cup on Saturday last, on the Agricultural Society's Ground, in the presence of a large number of spectators. The Osbornes, who went in first, occupied the wickets the whole of the afternoon, and when the stumps were drawn had compiled 147 runs for the loss of nine wickets. Brown 51, Williams 24, Noble 20, and Clayton 24 (not out), made their runs in good style. The fielding of the Conservatives was very creditable. Adams secured 4 wickets for 51, Aderson 2 for 26, and Spurway 1 for 32.

The match between the Parramatta Alfred and Warwick Clubs, for the Challenge Cup, was resumed on Saturday last, on the Association Cricket Ground. In accordance with the rules it was decided on the first innings, therefore Warwicks were the victors by 14 runs. The cricket shown on Saturday last was a great improvement on the display of the previous Saturday, the turf playing much truer, and the batsmen being in better practice. There was, however, a very meagre attendance, not fifty spectators being present. T. Docker, for the Alfreds, was in splendid batting form, and his innings for 37 runs was entirely without blemish, and marked by free and vigorous cricket; Mayburv also put his 31 (not out) together in taking style, while Boon was looking especially dangerous when D. Ogilvy dismissed him with a particularly fine catch off his own bowling. The other double figures scorers out of the total of 178 were Bennett with 16, Spears with 13, and Gand with 11. In the second innings of the Warwicks Biddleston played a faultless innings for 41 not out, and E. Seale contributed 17, also not out, in his usual painstaking style. When the stumps were drawn the Warwicks had lost one wicket for 75. D. Ogilvy bowled excellently for the victors, capturing five wickets for 61 runs.

A drawn match was played in the Domain on Saturday between the first elevens of the Carlton and Carlingford Clubs. The weather was oppressively close and muggy, and greatly militated against the fielding, which was of the most slovenly character. The game was much in favour of Carlton, for whom A. Bannerman, Marr, and Turner batted well for their several scores of 30 (not out), 35, and 21 (not out). Carlingford made 114, and Carlton had lost three wickets for 86 runs when time was called. On the part of Carlingford, M'Credie both bowled and batted well, but in the former department of the game he was but poorly supported. For Carlton, Turner bowled with excellent effect.

The two days' match between the Oriental and Carthona Clubs was brought to a conclusion on Saturday last, in Moore Park, in the presence of a good attendance. The game resulted in a draw, the Orientals requiring 27 runs and one wicket to fall in order to win when play ceased. Prior to resuming the game on Saturday the score stood:—Carthona, first innings, 207; Orientals, three wickets down for 12 runs. The Orientals kept possession of the wickets the whole of the afternoon, and when time was called they had lost nine wickets for 180 runs. Donnan played a fine not-out innings for 60, Meagher made 34, Luland 21, and Smith and Golding 12 each. The fielding and bowling of the Carthonas were excellent.

The Stanmore and Rugby Cricket Clubs met last Saturday to try conclusions at Norwood Park, on the grounds of the former club, resulting in a victory for Stanmore by 9 runs. The Rugby made 50 runs, of which R. M'Coy contributed 18 in good style. The Stanmore team scored 50 runs, Messrs. Thorne and Druce being the principal contributors with 16 and 11 runs respectively. For Stanmore, Messrs. Edgar and Henderson bowled well, the former securing 5 wickets for 22 runs, and the latter 5 wickets for 28. Messrs. Colbran and A. M'Coy filled a like office for the losers, gaining 6 and 4 wickets respectively.

A match was played last Saturday between the Ivanhoe and Eureka Cricket Clubs, on the former's ground. The latter won the toss, and sent the Ivanhoes in first to the wickets, who kept possession all the afternoon, and only lost 5 wickets for 163 runs. E. Kelly, who made 60, not out, on the previous Saturday, again played a splendid innings for 60 runs. He went in first, and was caught out after being in for over two hours. Also Birkenhead, 32; Curran, not out, 28; Charlton, 20, all showed excellent form. Macdonald, for the Eurekas, bowled well all through.

The first elevens of the Newington College and King's School met on Saturday last, King's School winning by four wickets and 258 runs. The respective scores were—King's School, first innings, 135; second innings, six wickets for 203. Newington College, first innings, 24; second innings, 56. The principal contributors were for the victors:—Thompson, 15 and 28 not out; J. H. Bettington, 12 and 43; H. E. Manchee, 3 and 58; J. Payten, 2 and 41; C. A. White, 35 and 4; J. R. Bettington, 23 and 2. For Newington, Wolstenholme did most damage with the ball, and made 7 and 21. The bowling honours for King's School were divided by J. B. Bettington, Biekemore, and J. H. Bettington.

The contest between the second elevens of the above was won by Newington College by 12 runs.

A mixed team of masters and boys from the Sydney Grammar School journeyed to Manly on Saturday and tried conclusions with the Manly Club. A closely contested game took place. The visitors who went in first on the matting contributed 94, out of which number Mr. Carter made 31, Mr. Nicholls 21, and M'Pherson, 12. When the stumps were drawn for the day, Manly had lost 9 wickets for 63, time saving their defeat. Hunter Smith, with 29 to his name, was the only double figure contributor. For the Grammar School Mr. Griffiths captured seven wickets at a very small cost, while T. Smith was the most successful bowler in the local team.

On Saturday last Wentworth Park was the scene of a struggle between the Corio and Railway clubs, and had time permitted the match being played out the Corios would have proved themselves the victors by wickets. Railway batted first and ran up 84; Beatty with 24 (not out), Hall 13, and Hoyle 10, being the double figures. Corios lost two wickets for 63; Cowper (not out), 30, M'Donald 19, Elliott 5, and Dunwett (not out) 5. Sullivan and Sweetnant bowled for Corios in good style, and the same may be said of Poole for the Railways.

The following matches were also played on Saturday:—Mansfield v. North Shore Clifton, ended in a draw. Verona v. Newtown Waratah, played at Moore Park, resulted in an easy win for the former club by 88 runs; the respective scores being Verona 109, Waratah 21; J. Southwell took seven wickets for 8 runs for the victors, for whom Holdsworth made 41 and Richardson 21. Standard Brewery and Glenmore ended in a draw; the scores being S. B. C. C. 186, Glenmore three wickets down for 24 runs. Emerald v. Iona ended in a draw in favour of the Emerald; scores, Emerald 77, Iona seven wickets for 16. The B. team of Oriental v. Ashfield Waratah resulted in a draw, the former team occupying the creases the whole afternoon, having lost seven wickets for 158 runs when time was called. The principal scores were—M'Crae 61, Scott 43, and Newmarch 23. Commercial v. Undaunted ended in an easy win for the former by six wickets. Clifton v. Marrickville was won by the former by four wickets and 67 runs. Scores: Marrickville, 58; Clifton, six wickets for 125; Baldock, 50, not out, and Trembarth with 34, being the principal contributors for the latter. Our Boys v. Kingston resulted in a draw greatly in favour of the former. Scores: Our Boys, 107; Kingston, seven wickets for 35. For Our Boys J. N. Stedman made 70, not out. Dean with 13 was the only double-figure scorer for Kingston. Gould and Phillips divided the bowling honours for Our Boys. Castle Hill United v. Coates C. C. ended in a win for the latter by 72 runs. Scores: C. H. United, 40; Coates C. C., 112.

The Leichhardt Victors met the Windsorville C. C. at Croydon on Saturday, and defeated them by 40 runs. The Windsorvilles went in first and scored 53, of which W. Graham was top score with 12. The Leichhardt Victors then went in and succeeded in passing their opponents' total with 5 wickets down, and when the last wicket fell had increased their score to 93, of which J. Hughes hit finely for his 28, H. Langley 18, and C. Parker 10. Clement and Seale bowled well for the winners, as did the brothers Graham for the losers.

The Devons on Saturday last met and defeated the Winchesters by 4 runs. Atkinson, Moore, and Eames showed splendid form on behalf of the Devons, while the same may be said of Heffernan (17) on behalf of the losers. In the bowling department Eames (5 for 12) was most successful on behalf of the Devons, being ably assisted by Baker and Smith. The scores were D. C. C. 63, Winchester C. C. 59.

FISHING.

The members of the Nimrod Fishing Club celebrated the close of their thirteenth year of existence with a picnic at the Sir Joseph Banks Recreation Ground on the 7th instant. There was about 300 present—the company being composed of the members and their families. The day was principally devoted to dancing in the spacious pavilion, but a portion of the time was spent in discussing an excellent banquet provided for the occasion by host Mr. Frank Smith. The pavilion was tastefully decorated with flags and devices symbolic of the piscatorial art. In the unavoidable absence of the Mayor of Sydney, Mr. D. O'Connor presided. The toast of the day, "Success to the Nimrod Fishing Club," was proposed in suitable terms by the chairman, who eulogised Mr. G. R. Eastway, the captain of the club, upon the manner in which he had piloted the outings of the members for past seasons. Many charitable institutions in the city, he said, had benefited by the distribution of fresh fish from the members which was always denied to many of our wealthy citizens. Mr. G. R. Eastway responded in appropriate terms, in the course of which he deplored the scarcity of fish both inside and outside the harbour, and expressed an opinion that in less than five years' time no schnapper would be caught along the coast. The prizes won during the past season were then presented by the chairman to the successful "hunters" of the finny tribe, after which Mr. Eastway, on behalf of the members, presented Mr. W. J. Clarke, the hon. treasurer, with a handsome silver cup, and testified to the general esteem in which that gentleman was held. Mrs. Clarke also received from the members a very pretty jewel cabinet. Mr. Clarke, who was quite taken by surprise, made a brief but feeling response.

MANLY BICYCLE CLUB.

On Friday the above club held its annual ball and supper at the Oddfellows' Hall, Manly. Dancing commenced at 9 o'clock, and was kept up till 5 o'clock next morning. Amongst the visitors were several city cyclists and lady friends. During an intermission of the d

THE GENERAL ELECTION (continued from Page 9).

spoke at considerable length, and was repeatedly applauded. He urged, in the first place, his claims as a local man, who had been 15 years resident in the town as manager of the Commercial Bank, a position which gave him a large insight into the wants and capabilities of the district. The Land Act he condemned, and held that the fencing clause was inimical to true settlement. He was in favour of a return of 10s. per acre for improvements, and that the land boards be elective, the appeals from them going into the law courts instead of being sent to the Minister. The re-opening of cases which should have been settled under the former Acts was monstrous. He was in favour of the runs in the Eastern and Central divisions being open for selection, but held that it was desirable to keep the Western division in leasehold, with the view of future settlement. He would support family selections, and would repeal the right of selection without residence. He held that the Public Schools Act was a grand measure, but he would advocate inspectorial control of all educational establishments, including denominational and private schools, in view of the children from all of them passing on to the High Schools, and subsequently to the University. He declared himself as a free trader, but he would support the encouragement of the manufacture of native raw material. He strongly advocated the passing of a measure for local self-government, to relieve the Treasury from local calls, and to raise the standard of Parliamentary representation. He would let local option extend its operation by having an elective licensing bench. He desired to see railway extension pushed on wherever there was a probability of a small return, and contended that railways were cheaper than roads, as the former would bring in a return for the capital expended, but in the formation of roads the money was absolutely sunk. He would enter the House independent of the existing parties, prepared to give a fair support to any Government whose views were in accord with his. At the conclusion of his address a vote of confidence was carried unanimously.

BATHURST, MONDAY.

Mr. T. T. Wilton, of Sydney, has decided to oppose Mr. F. B. Suttor, for Bathurst. Mr. John Meagher has been asked to come forward, and he will give an answer on Thursday.

BOURKE, MONDAY.

A large meeting of electors has been addressed by Mr. Sawers, a candidate for the representation of the Bourke electorate, at the Royal Hotel. He stated that he was in favour of the present Land Act, but that an allowance must be made to the lessees for their improvements at the end of the term. He spoke in favour of decentralisation and local government, and also advocated modified protection, postage on newspapers, and payment of members. The meeting was generally hostile to the candidate, and considerable interruption occurred. A vote of confidence was passed in the candidate.

CARCOAR, MONDAY.

Mr. C. L. Garland addressed a large meeting of the electors on Saturday night in the Academy of Music. Mr. J. B. Combes acted as chairman. The candidate was well received. He advocated the principles of payment of members, an elected Upper House, the establishment of a School of Mines, a Department and Minister of Agriculture, the establishment of model farms, and reduction of the railway rates on agricultural produce. He declared in favour of unrestricted trade, and denounced the action of the manufacturing capitalists in asking the taxpayer to subsidise their business. He pointed out that protection would be disastrous to the best interests of the farmers, whom he wished particularly to serve. He denounced the Land Act and the administration of the Stuart Government generally, including their foreign war policy. He severely criticised the purchase of the sham cars, Hudson's contract, the Standard paint, and other transactions in which the members of the Ministry were supposed to be interested. He approved of the principle of local self-government, and promised to endeavour to secure a fair share of the revenue for local expenditure. He advocated mining on church and school lands, and vote by miners' right. A vote of confidence was proposed by Mr. J. M. Callen, seconded by Mr. Hawkins, and carried unanimously amidst applause.

Afterwards Mr. F. B. Freehill also addressed a large meeting. He condemned the Land Act, but he favoured mining on church and school lands and the Soudan Expedition. A vote of thanks was accorded to him for his address, but no confidence motion was moved.

CASINO, MONDAY.

The election campaign opened here on Saturday night, when Messrs. T. Ewing and F. G. Crouch addressed a crowded meeting of electors. The former opposed the Land Bill in its entirety, and was favourable to the abolishment of the fencing clause, and a modification of the residence conditions and selection before survey. He would support the Education Act, but he was dissatisfied with its administration. He considered that good home-training was far more necessary than the study of Latin, Greek, and kindred subjects. He was in favour of technical education, but he considered that its advantages ought to be spread more widely through the country districts. He would support local option, female suffrage, and payment of members. He was in favour of theoretical free trade, but he would stand back and edge for the protection of the industries of the colony, and would prevent the free admittance of produce, &c., which affect the products of the colony. He would favour impounding off unfenced land, and held that the Impounding Act required to be amended, and also an amendment of the Insolvency Law, so as to punish dishonest men; but he would deal leniently with truly the unfortunate. He was opposed to coolie and Chinese immigration, and, if necessary, he would support a poll tax. He believed in non-residential selections.

Mr. Crouch's views agreed with Mr. Ewing's in the main. He also supported the Local Government Bill, but considered that the time had not arrived for the imposition of a land tax. He dwelt at great length on the improvement of the river entrance, as a most important work for the due development of the district. He considered that the Government had, to a great extent, betrayed the trust reposed in them by Parliament, in urging on the surveys of the railway lines adopted by a small majority of the House, while the Tweed River line, which was approved of almost without a dissenting voice, was allowed to remain in abeyance. He strongly supported the cancellation of large reserves, and throwing them open for selection. Although he had always been a free trader, he was prepared to modify his opinion, and was favourable to fair trade; so that, if the other colonies would not agree to a policy of reciprocity, then he would go in to protect agriculturists and other producers of this colony against the injury done by flooding the New South Wales markets with produce, &c. Both candidates spoke strongly against the overpowering influence of the metropolitan interest in Parliament; and they were loudly cheered when they stated that they considered the time had arrived for the country districts to try and stem the current of the curse of centralisation by returning local men whose interests were identical with theirs. Both candidates stated their intention of going in unpledged to any Government, believing in measures, not men. They both received a most enthusiastic reception before and after their addresses, and a vote declaring them fit and proper persons to represent the Richmond electorate was carried unanimously. In conclusion, large committees were appointed to secure their return.

COONAMBLE, MONDAY.

There are only three candidates as yet announced here for the Bogan, viz., Sir P. A. Jennings, Mr. Cass, and Mr. J. E. Kelly.

COONABARABRAN, MONDAY.

Mr. Collins reached here late on Saturday evening, and addressed a large meeting of the electors in the hall of the Mechanics' Institute. The candidate said that the first question of any political importance was the Land Bill, which he commented upon. He was in favour of several amendments, and a strict supervision in the administration of the Act. He was a strong advocate of a free secular system of education, with the establishment of technical colleges for the artisan classes. If elected he would support a system of local government. He considered that a national system of irrigation was urgently needed to provide for the conservation and divergence of the limited water supply in the interior of the colony. He was a strong advocate for railway extension, and was pledged to support the construction of the line to Walgett. He was opposed to the action of the late Government in sending the Contingent to the Soudan, and considered it a waste of money. He was an advocate for local option, but would be no party to any interference with existing rights. He favoured payment of members, and the registration of votes. At the conclusion of the address, which was well received, Mr. H. H. Smith moved, and Dr. Loughnan seconded, a vote of confidence, which was carried without a dissentient voice.

GLEN INNES, MONDAY.

Mr. Hutchison addressed a meeting of 400 electors at Glen Innes on Saturday evening, and was accorded a patient hearing. His discourse was mainly confined to the defence of a protection policy, and he made only a passing allusion to the other political questions. A vote of confidence was carried.

GOSFORD, MONDAY.

Mr. George Davies, of Windsor, one of the candidates for the Wollombi, addressed a number of people at the Royal Hotel, Gosford, on Saturday night. He condemned the Land Act, but he strongly favoured reciprocity. He pledged himself to support local option, but would give compensation where vested interests were interfered with. He would support the Education Act, and thought that if it were made compulsory it should also be free. He condemned the Civil Service Act.

GRAFTON, MONDAY.

Messrs. J. See, Purves, and Stevenson arrived here from Sydney to-day. Mr. See was received with cheers on his arrival at Grafton, and his re-election without opposition is looked upon as assured. Messrs. Purves and Stevenson commence their electioneering campaign to-morrow night, the former addressing the electors at Maclean and the latter at Ulmarra.

Mr. Allan Cameron, of Rocky Mouth, announces himself as a candidate for the Clarence.

GRENFELL, MONDAY.

Mr. Whelan addressed the electors here on Saturday night, and defended the main principles of the Land Bill, but thought it required certain amendments. He was opposed to local option, but advocated protection and the payment of members. He defended the Soudan Expedition.

GUNDAGAI, MONDAY.

Mr. J. H. Want arrived here this afternoon, and will address the electors to-night. Dr. Donovan has announced his candidature for Gundagai.

KIAMA, MONDAY.

Mr. P. R. Holdsworth, a candidate for the representation of this electorate, arrived at Kiama on Saturday evening, when he addressed a large meeting of electors at the Temperance Hall. He condemned the Land Act as a squatters' measure, and declared himself a local optionist to the widest and fullest sense. Dr. Tarrant, the late member for the district, is also in the field, and commences his election campaign to-night.

Great fault is found with the Government for hurrying the elections, the candidates not having time to hold meetings or advertise their addresses.

NEWCASTLE, MONDAY.

This evening Mr. C. F. Lloyd addressed the electors on behalf of Mr. G. A. Lloyd, from Rouse's Hotel, and had an excellent reception. The chair was taken by Alderman J. Chapman, J.P.; and, in spite of the wet weather, nearly 1000 people were present. Mr. Lloyd spoke for half-an-hour, principally recapitulating his father's political career. He reminded the electors that Mr. G. A. Lloyd had been the means since he represented Newcastle in 1869 of getting tonnage dues removed, of getting the Newcastle Custom-house built, and that he was the principal means of settling the disastrous miners' strike in 1880. He was the principal cause of abolishing the rates of postage on newspapers. He was in favour of the formation of a Harbour Trust, and would do his best to cause one to be established here. Mr. C. F. Lloyd said that his presence was merely to show that the nomination of his father would be a bona-fide one, and not an election ruse. (Applause.) Alderman Graham proposed and Mr. James Morrison seconded the vote of confidence, the proposer guaranteeing that Mr. G. A. Lloyd would sit on the Opposition benches.

Great indignation is manifested at changing without notice the nomination place for the county from Waratah, where it has been for years, to Lambton.

LISMORE, MONDAY.

Mr. P. Hogan, of Sydney, and Messrs. T. Ewing, of Lismore, and F. G. Crouch, of Casino, are candidates for the representation of this district in Parliament, and will commence to address the electors this week.

NOWRA, MONDAY.

There are three candidates announced for this electorate, namely, Messrs. F. T. Humphrey, W. F. Martin, and H. S. Bend, all of Sydney.

PARKES, MONDAY.

Messrs. Coonan and Stokes are announced as candidates for this electorate.

PORT MACQUARIE, MONDAY.

On Saturday night Mr. G. W. Tate, of Sydney, addressed about 200 of the electors of Port Macquarie, and was well received. Many of the clauses of the Land Act he looked upon as beneficial to the country, especially the residence clause, but he was against compulsory fencing. The railways, he thought, were a necessity to the furtherance of settlement, and the colony needed immigration, so as to get a population upon the present useless land. The North Coast railway line had his best wishes, and he would, if returned, strenuously advocate railway construction wherever a fair percentage could be secured upon the outlay for the construction of the lines and the working expenses. He was in favour of the Government policy of constructing railways. He would favour the deepening of the entrances to the northern rivers, so that they may act as feeders to the railway. He also advocated the throwing open to the operations of the timber-cutters the present forest reserves, such action being necessary, as millions of feet of good timber fit for the mill was being eaten up by the white ants. The timber regulations, he thought, were oppressive and required repealing. He was favourable to judicious expenditure on immigration suitable to the colony, and he looked upon fair trade as one of the secrets of the colony's prosperity. He would advocate the exchange of colonial produce, free of duty between the various Australian colonies. The Education Act had his warmest support, but the Civil Service Act had proved unjust to industrious persons, from whom it was unfair to deduct a percentage of their salaries to provide for a number of reckless debauchers in their old age. He would pay the Civil servants according to their classification, and then leave them to provide for themselves in their old age. He believed that the local optionists had accomplished much good, and consequently an extension of local option would be necessary, but he would not advocate full local option. He was not in favour of payment of members. Mr. John Hibbard proposed Mr. Tate as a fit and proper person to represent the electorate, and the motion was carried unanimously amidst cheers.

QUIRINDI, MONDAY.

The election excitement here is intense. Quirindi is situated in both Tamworth and Gunnedah electorates, and meetings in connection with both were held on Saturday night—Mr. Sampson for Tamworth and Mr. Doolan for Gunnedah. The former was orderly, but the latter was disorderly in the extreme, the chairman being forcibly dragged out of the chair and the furniture smashed. Mr. Doolan has resigned in favour of Mr. Clemisha, who has not yet appeared here. Messrs. Burke, Levien, Gill, M'Dowall, and Sampson are in the field for Tamworth.

SINGLETON, MONDAY.

Mr. A. J. Gould addressed the electors of Patrick's Plains at the Singleton Mechanics' Institute to-day, when a unanimous vote of confidence was passed in his candidature.

WAGGA WAGGA, MONDAY.

Mr. J. H. Douglas, of North Yanko, has accepted a requisition to contest the Murrumbidgee electorate. Mr. James Gormly addressed a large meeting here to-night. He spoke on the principal public questions, and was well received. A vote of confidence, proposed by Dr. Morgan O'Connor, and seconded by Alderman James Kerr, was carried unanimously.

WELLINGTON, MONDAY.

Mr. Crick addressed the electors from the balcony of the Royal Hotel on Saturday evening. He spoke principally in reference to the Land Act, and condemned the measure. He approved of giving aid to native industry, and declared himself in opposition to the Ministry. Mr. Bennett also addressed the electors, and went into a review of general legislation. Both candidates received great attention from a very numerous audience, and each met with an equal share of approval.

WEST MAITLAND, MONDAY.

Mr. H. E. Cohen has definitely decided not to contest West Maitland, although strong efforts have been made to induce him to do so. A deputation waited on Mr. R. A. Young again to-day when Mr. Cohen refused to allow himself to be nominated, and Mr. Young declined to come forward; but, Mr. R. W. Thomson, who contested the last election, announced himself as a candidate in opposition to Mr. Walter Edmunds. It is now understood that there will be only two candidates. Dr. R. J. Pierce is announced in opposition to Mr. Wisdom for Morpeth, and Mr. Burns will probably be returned unopposed for the Hunter.

WOLLONGONG, MONDAY.

Three candidates are in the field for this electorate—viz., Messrs. Woodward, Wiley, and Lysaght. The election campaign commenced with great activity. Meetings are being held in various parts of the district, and candidates generally are well received. Great dissatisfaction is expressed regarding the undue haste of the nomination date, also at the insufficient notice being given.

YASS, MONDAY.

Mr. Colonna-Close has been requisitioned, and has consented to contest the Yass Plains electorate with Mr. Heydon. The Yass Farmers' Union held a meeting to-day, and pledged themselves to support Mr. Heydon. Mr. A. C. Wood, the Mayor of Yass, was requisitioned, but he declined to accede to the wishes of his friends.

YOUNG, MONDAY.

Mr. W. J. Watson addressed meetings of electors on Saturday, at Blind Creek in the afternoon, Murrumburrah at 7.30, and Harden at 9.30 p.m. At each place there was a good attendance, he met with a most flattering reception, and votes of confidence were carried. In his addresses he condemned the Land Act, and the Civil Service Bill; he supported free trade, and advocated intercolonial free trade. He was opposed to any interference with the Licensing Act in the direction of full local option. He advocated an elective instead of a nominee Upper House; and although he was opposed to the principle of payment of members, he would be willing that members should be paid for the time occupied by the sitting of Parliament. He would prefer to see the railway management in the hands of a Commissioner instead of Ministers, and that promotion should be made on the basis of merit, and the length of the terms of service. He was opposed to the differential rates on the railways, and said that if the tax on stock going to Victoria were continued, it would be necessary to consider a retaliatory tax on wool.

TO-DAY'S NOMINATIONS.

The nominations for the first batch of elections will be made at noon to-day. The districts comprised in this batch include Sydney and the suburbs, and some of the country electorates. They are as follows:—

Electoral District.	Place of Nomination.
East Sydney	Hyde Park
South Sydney	Belmore Gardens
West Sydney	Town Hall Enclosure
St. Leonards	St. Leonards
Redfern	Redfern
Balmain	Balmain
The Glebe	Glebe
Newtown	Newtown
Paddington	Paddington
Parramatta	Parramatta
Albury	Albury
Canterbury	Ashfield
Glen Innes	Glen Innes
Hartley	Hartley
Illawarra	Wollongong
Inverell	Inverell
Kiama	Kiama
East Maitland	West Maitland
The Nepean	Penrith
Newcastle	Newcastle
Northumberland	Lambton
Yass Plains	Yass.

MEETINGS THIS EVENING.

Amongst this evening's meetings are the following:—

EAST SYDNEY.—Mr. E. Barton, at Foster's Hotel; Mr. G. H. Reid, Keary's Hotel, William-street; Alderman S. E. Lees, Rose and Crown Hotel, corner of William and Crown streets.

WEST SYDNEY.—Mr. A. Kethel, Keogh's Quarryman's Hotel, corner of Fyrmont Bridge-road and Harris-street. Mr. F. Abigail, Moore's Queensland Hotel. Mr. A. Cameron, Felton's Builder's Arms Hotel. Mr. G. Merriman, Quarryman's Arms, Fyrmont; and Lord Wolseley Hotel, Crown-road and Quarry-street, Ultimo. Alderman S. Burdekin, Ryan's Hotel, Oxford and Bourke streets.

SOUTH SYDNEY.—Mr. G. Withers, Goff's Cleveland Hotel, Buckingham and Belvoir streets; and Waldron's Hotel, Cleveland and Abercrombie streets. Mr. J. B. Olliffe, Native Rose Hotel, Cleveland-street.

CANDIDATES FOR THE ASSEMBLY.

The following list contains the names of the electorates, the number of members each electorate is entitled to send into the Assembly, and the names of the candidates who have announced themselves:—

Name of Electorate.	No. of Members to be Elected.	Candidates.
Albury	1	— Gulson
		George Day
Argyle	2	Colonel Holborow*
Balmain	3	Jacob Garrard*
		Henry Priestly
		Aaron Wheeler
		S. G. Davison
		W. M. Foote
		S. H. Hyam
		Albert Elkington
		M. A. H. Fitzhardinge
		J. S. Hawthorne—O.
		E. H. Buchanan
Balranald	2	— Cramsie
Bathurst	1	F. B. Suttor*
		T. T. Wilton
The Bogan	2	Sir Patrick Jennings*—G
		John E. Kelly
		— Cass
Burrowa	1	Thomas Slattery*—G.
		Argyle M'Callum
Bourke	2	A. J. O'Grady
		Russell Barton*
		William Sawers
Braidwood	1	
Camden	2	Thomas Garrett*—O.
		Henry S. Badgery*—G.
		John Kidd
		W. Webb
Canterbury	4	M. J. Hammond*—O.
		S. A. Stephen*
		William Henson*—O.
		W. G. Judd
		Alexander Hutchison
		Richard M'Coy
		A. J. Riley—I.
		Thomas Robertson—I.
Carcoar	2	E. A. Baker*
		— Garland
		— Freehill
		James Carroll
The Clarence	1	J. Purves*—G.
		Richard Stevenson
Central Cumberland	3	A. H. M'Culloch*—G.
		Varney Parkes*—O.
		N. G. Bull
		C. E. Fuller
		C. A. Scrivener
		Frank Farnell
		H. W. Stathan
Durham	1	William Johnstone
Eden	2	H. H. Brown
		Henry Walker
		H. Clarke*
		J. Garvan*—O.
Forbes	2	— Coonan
		— Stokes
The Glebe	2	Alderman Chapman*
		Alderman Meeks
		W. H. L. Bailey—O.
		Dr. W. C. Wilkinson
		Alderman M. Harris
Glen Innes	1	W. J. Fergusson*
Gloucester	1	R. H. D. White*
Goulburn	1	R. Teece
Grafton	1	John See*—G.
Grenfell	1	
Gundagai	1	Hon J. H. Want—G.
		James Watson*—O.
Gunnedah	1	Hon. Joseph P. Abbott*—G.
		— Doolan
The Gwydir	1	W. R. Campbell*
Hartley	1	W. S. Targett*—G.
		John Hurley
		Brisbane Doyle
The Hastings and Manning	2	J. H. Young*—O.
		C. J. Roberts*—O.
		G. W. Tait
		Hugh M'Kinnon
		William Jenkins
The Hawkesbury	1	George Wells
		Alexander Bowman
		H. M'Quade*—O.
The Hume	2	W. J. Lyne*—G.
		H. Kirkpatrick
		James Day*
The Hunter	1	J. F. Burns*
The Upper Hunter	2	R. G. D. Fitzgerald
		Robert Hungerford
Illawarra	1	William Wiley—G.
		Francis Woodward
		Andrew Lysaght
Inverell	1	S. M. Moore
Kiama	1	Dr. Tarrant*—G.
The Macleay	1	R. B. Smith*
		O. O. Dangar
East Macquarie	2	Sydney Smith* O.
		John Hughes
		— Shepherd
West Macquarie	1	Lewis Lloyd*—G.
East Maitland	1	J. H. Brunker*
West Maitland	1	Walter Edmunds
		H. E. Cohen
		Henry Mullens
		W. Relton
Molong	1	Andrew Ross*
Monaro	2	
Morpeth	1	R. Wisdom*—O.
		Dr. Pierce
Mudgee	3	T. F. De Courcy Brown
		A. G. Taylor*
		Sir John Robertson*
		— Bowers
		— Wilson
The Murray	2	R. Barbour*—G.
		— Chanter
The Murrumbidgee	3	J. H. Douglas
The Namoi	1	Charles Collins
		Thomas Dangar*—O.
The Nepean	1	T. R. Smith*
		T. J. Cross
Newcastle	2	James Fletcher*—O.
		J. C. Ellis*—O.
		G. A. Lloyd
New England	2	James Inglis—I.
Newtown	3	Joseph Mitchell*
		F. J. Gibbes*—O.
		N. Hawken—O.
		J. F. Smith—I.
		R. T. Bellemey—I.
		W. J. Foster
		William Elvy
Northumberland	2	Ninian Melville*—G.
		R. C. Luscombe*—G.
		Thomas Walker—O.
		David Buchanan*—O.
		Joseph Creer
Orange	2	William Clarke*
Paddington	3	W. J. Trickett*—G.
		C. S. Cansdell
		J. C. Neild
		Robert Butcher*
		Alfred Allen
		John M'Laughlin*—O.
		Charles Hellmrich
Parramatta	1	W. J. Ferris—O.
		Hugh Taylor*
Patrick's Plains	1	W. C. Browne
		A. J. Gould
Queanbeyan	1	
Redfern	3	F. A. Wright*—G
		John Sutherland*—O
		Dr. Renwick—O.
		Thomas M. Williamson
		John A. Martin
		W. Stephen—O.
The Richmond	2	T. Ewing
		Patrick Hogan
		F. G. Crouch
Shoalhaven	1	F. T. Humphery*—G.
St. Leonards	2	Hon. G. R. Dibbs*—G.
		J. E. Ives*—G.
		Edward M. Clark—I.
		Sir Henry Parkes*—O.
East Sydney	4	Edmund Barton*
		Henry Copeland*
		Sydney Burdekin*—O.
		George Reid
		S. E. Lees—I.
		T. M. Dalveen
		G. N. Griffiths*
West Sydney	4	George Brown
		George Merriman*—I.
		F. Abigail*—O.
		J. D. Young—I.
		W. Fraser Martin
		A. Kethel
		D. O'Connor*—O.
		Angus Cameron*—O.
South Sydney	4	J. B. Olliffe*—I.
		James Toohey—I.
		A. Forsyth—O.
		W. T. Poole*
		John Davies—O.
		William Richardson
		Geo. Withers—G.
		E. W. O'Sullivan—O.
Tamworth	2	W. S. Dowel
		M. Burke
		H. Levien*—G.
		A. H. Sampson
		— Gill
Tenterfield	1	
Tumut	1	N. Emanuel
		T. Jones
		J. Hoskins
Wellington	1	
Wentworth	2	Edward Quinn
		William M'Gregor
Wollombi	1	W. Snape
		Walter H. Vivian
		Lyall Scott
Yass Plains	1	L. F. Heydon*—O.
Young	2	

When an asterisk is attached to a name it signifies that the candidate was a member of the last Assembly. The letters G., O., and I., placed opposite some of the names, signify Government supporter, Oppositionist, and Independent candidate respectively.

THE DIOCESAN CHURCH SOCIETY.

ADDRESS BY THE PRIMATE.

The annual meeting of St. John's (Darlinghurst) Auxiliary to the Church Society was held in the school-room, Darlinghurst-road, last evening. The chair was occupied by the Primate of Australia. Amongst the other gentlemen present were the Rev. A. W. Pain, B.A. (incumbent), the Revs. S. S. Tovey, J. D. Langley, G. North Ash, and Messrs. H. E. A. Allan, and R. T. Hills.

Mr. H. E. A. ALLAN, hon. treasurer, reported that the total amount sent in by the branch to the parent society, as a free contribution for the year 1884, was £769 2s. 5d., as against £507 4s. 10d. for the year 1883, showing an increase of £261 17s. 5s. The lady collectors had doubled the amount of their collections since the year 1881, that in which they commenced their work.

The CHAIRMAN, who was received with much applause, said he was sure they would agree with him that their treasurer's statement, if it was short and simple, was yet exceedingly satisfactory and exceedingly to the point. It showed, as they would observe, in the past year a marked increase in all the various elements of their contributions, in church collections, in collections which were due to the lady collectors and also in the work which was done by their parish auxiliary. He need hardly say that that parish had always set the example of leadership in the matter of liberality of contribution, and he was thankful to know that it was not content with the leadership without trying to improve its contributions and do its very best. He earnestly trusted that in the year in which they were at the present moment more progress would be maintained, that the contributions would be increased, and that next year their treasurer might be able to make a more satisfactory report than that of that night. He had been asked to come down to take the chair on this occasion, as did at the last annual meeting, and he had had very great pleasure in doing so. It was always a pleasure to take part with those who were working earnestly in the cause they had so entirely at heart, and he had always thought that the measure of contribution to the Church Society, although it dealt only with that which was visible and material, was no bad indication of two important principles which bore upon Church life. The first was the spirit of individual sacrifice for the work of God; and secondly, there was the principle of Church unity binding all their elements in sympathy and care for the work of the Church, and this should not depend upon th's or that individual, or upon this or that parish, but upon the Church of Christ as a whole. The Church Society was a kind of reservoir of power. The richer localities poured in their treasure, and this treasure was drawn for the support of the poorer. They were gathered together that night with a view to maintain, and if possible, to increase, the progress which the Church Society had been making. Last year they took a very important step, by increasing the free fund of the society from £3500 to something like £5600 or £5700, making an advance, in fact, to the extent of £2000; and the question their auxiliaries and others had to answer was whether that advance should be maintained, and perhaps still further pushed forward. Now, he was bound to tell them that it was to be done they did need some special exertion in this year. As yet, from various causes, he learnt at the committee meeting held that day, the contributions during this part of the year had not been quite equal to those made during the corresponding period of last year. There was ample time to make up the deficiency, and there were reasons which made him hope the deficiency would be made up. It was quite clear that they must not rest upon their oars. During the conference of the Church Society workers, held some weeks ago, they learnt several things about the society. It seemed to him that they learned one thing very distinctly. That was, that the true progress of the society would depend not merely upon a central agency but far more upon the local auxiliaries. The strengthening of the local auxiliaries was the key to the prosperity of the future. He had learned with great satisfaction from the secretary that in all probability at the close of the time of taking the next collection there would not be one single church in the diocese which would have failed to respond to the appeal made for collections. At the conference an admirable paper was read by Canon Gunther, and he was convinced that, if the very wise and practical views expressed by the canon were adopted, they would have made a very considerable advance in the power and vitality of their auxiliaries. One thing which an auxiliary should aim at was the universality of contribution. He thought that there were very many in that parish who might afford to contribute, and who he believed would not be unwilling to contribute were it not for that apathy of human nature which influenced them. It only required that they should be stirred up, and have the duty of contributing properly placed before them. He thought that an auxiliary ought never to be satisfied until in some way it had reached all the professing churchmen belonging to the parish, and had given them an opportunity of knowing their duty and privilege. He himself valued very much the small contributions of the many. He believed they constantly implied as much self-denial and a real sense of duty as the larger contributions of the few. But, over and above these, they diffused far more widely an intelligent and thankful sympathy with the work of the Church. He mentioned an incident in the experience of Lord Cairns, who once met a poor boy who was in the habit of contributing to a certain beneficent purpose. The boy was on the way to a meeting which was about to be held in connection with the object to whose funds he had contributed, and having been asked why he troubled himself to go to the meeting, the boy replied,—"The fact is, sir, I have become a kind of partner in the concern, and, therefore, I want to know how the business is going on." That was the kind of spirit they wanted diffused with regard to the Church Society. They wanted all to feel that they were partners in a concern of the highest spiritual importance. They wanted the people to understand that the work of the Church was the work of the many and not of the few. He firmly believed that the more they interested through the society the masses of their people in the church, the more they would induce the spirit of vitality and power. He ventured to ask them not to be content with what they had done, but to endeavour to extend far more widely the scope of contributions in that respect. Of course, it was commonplace to remark that the standard contribution to the Church Society had been purposely fixed at so small a sum that hardly any adult member could fail to rise to the level of that contribution. They were, nevertheless, very far indeed from realising their ideal in that respect. It was upon the members of the Church generally that the welfare of the society depended, and upon the growing and flourishing of their auxiliaries that they must look for greater prosperity in the future. He had previously spoken of the need for the extension of the scope and area of that society. He himself should like to see it deserve its name. It should not be a mere stipend society, or a church building society, but in every sense of the word it should be a church society which should follow up by material contribution the work of the Church. If they carried out the programme he sketched out in that room last year, they must have large resources; but the augmentation need not be beyond their power. If they had £10,000 a year they could do all the things he spoke of, and do them more efficiently than the work of the society was now performed. And, after all, what was £10,000 a year to a community like their own? He ventured to say that it was absolutely nothing. He heard of "hard times," he was told that wool had gone down, that the stations were suffering from drought, and that money was in that condition which was known as a "tight money market," but he must confess that when he looked around he did not see any great signs of that contraction of expenditure which one might under those circumstances naturally expect. He heard every now and then of a ball which involved an expenditure of £500 or £600 for a simple evening's amusement. He heard of various forms of pleasure of that kind, he saw magnificent houses erected, and he saw money spent on the creation of beautiful grounds and gardens. He went here, there, and everywhere, but he found no signs of such diminution of prosperity as induced men to pinch themselves. Therefore he must confess he did not much listen to those excuses for carrying out retrenchment in regard to what men gave for the welfare of their brethren and the service of God. He hated to prophesy smooth things, and keep back what might seem rugged truths on an occasion like that. He would repeat once more that they had it in their power to do it. To-morrow they could collect such a fund as that mere £10,000 which would enable them to do most thoroughly what they were only imperfectly carrying out now—would enable them to extend their work in all useful and necessary directions. Well, now the question was, were they to have that fund, or were they not? Were they to have sufficient resources for the work pressing upon them, or were they to be withheld? That was the question for the laity of the Church of England to decide. There were a few—comparatively few—of the laity who were foremost in all works of beneficence connected with the Church; but there was a large mass of their lay people who gave the Church a certain perfunctory help every now and then by no means in proportion to the resources at their command. They had a very large amount of not exactly apathy, but of a perfunctory and languid way of doing duty, and it was that beyond all evils that the Church had to contend against. He dwelt upon the duty of Christians to exercise liberality to the Church, spoke eulogistically of the generosity displayed by the Roman Catholic communion, and by other Christian Churches, adverted to the power which the exercise of liberality generally brought, and glanced at the probability of the Church of England in this colony losing her prestige and influence if her members did not rise to their responsibilities and exercise a greater degree of liberality. (Applause.)

The Rev. J. D. LANGLEY moved, the Rev. A. W. PAIN seconded, and it was resolved,—"That this meeting recognises the paramount importance of the work of the Church Society, and resolves that renewed efforts shall be made to increase the number of subscribers in the parish."

On the motion of the Rev. S. S. TOVEY, seconded by Rev. G. NORTH ASH, the following officers and committee were appointed:—President, the Rev. Arthur W. Pain, B.A.; secretary and treasurer, Mr. H. Edward A. Allan; representatives, Dr. Kyngdon, Mr. W. L. Docker; Committee: Messrs. M. H. Stephen, Mr. F. H. Dangar, Robert Hills, J. Scroggie, F. E. Walker, J. F. Holle, R. Jones, J. R. Street, W. Speer, E. J. R. Knapp, S. Merrick, C. Delohery, M. Metcalfe, R. G. Higgins, W. L. Docker, J. F. King, H. E. A. Allan, Colonel Raymond, Drs. Rundle and Kyngdon.

LECTURE.

SPINSTER LIFE: BETROTHAL AND BRIDAL.

The Rev. James Jefferis, L.L.D., delivered at the Congregational Church, Pitt-street, on Sunday evening, the final lecture of a series on "Spinster Life," dealing particularly with "Betrothal and Bridal." The congregation was even more numerous than on any of the previous six Sunday evenings, and in order to accommodate them the aisles, the platform, the choir gallery, and the pulpit stairs were brought into use. Notwithstanding the efforts made by the deacons to furnish as much accommodation as possible, there were large numbers of people who came to the church doors and finding the building overcrowded went away.

Dr. JEFFERIS having introduced his subject in very eloquent terms, proceeded to say: But now let us fairly understand what betrothal means and implies. There is a union between man and woman according to nature and religion, a union that produces the greatest and purest joy, next to joy in God, which is known upon earth. We call it marriage. Listen to Jeremy Taylor—"Marriage was ordained by God, instituted in Paradise, and is the first blessing from the Lord. Marriage is a school and exercise of virtue. It hath in it the labour of love and the delicacies of friendship, the blessing of society and the union of hands and hearts. It is the mother of the world, and preserves kingdoms and fills cities and churches and Heaven itself." This union is or ought to be indissoluble. Of all earthly ties it is almost the only one permitting of no change but that of death, —"till death us do part." In entering upon it we bind ourselves for ever, we give up our freedom, we abnegate the right of change. We do that which can never be reversed. It is a solemn and awful hour, though we speak of it with such light-minded pleasantry, when they twain become one. A step so fraught with momentous consequences to our own and to other lives ought never to be taken without consideration and trial. There is accordingly a union somewhat less binding that may be dissolved by mutual consent, which serves as a period of probation. We call it betrothal, affiance, engagement. In all ages men have regarded it as involving a pledge of force and moment. Customs of a touching nature have been practised at its commencement. The law has lent its sanction to render it binding. Religion has often been called in to confer its consecrating power. Among the Jews of old, and even among our own people up to a recent period, it assumed the form of a contract before witnesses. But in our day, wisely or unwisely, nearly all this has gone. There is no especial form connects with the union. The old meaning, however, remains in the word itself, which signifies that each of the two has plighted troth with each other, and that meaning is sustained in all its ancient force. Let me say that since my subject is one of mutual relationship, the greater part of my remarks will be addressed to young men as well as young women. Too many young men are fickle and changeable. They recklessly and wantonly play with the affections of those to whom they are betrothed, and need to be counselled with strong and urgent words. I know of nothing in life more mean and dastardly in either sex than to win affection, and then, without mutual consent, to break the bond which love had forged. Let me speak first of all to those of you who have not yet entered into this engagement, made these vows of betrothal. I will not conceal the thought, nor should you be ashamed to listen to the expression, that God has certainly planted in our souls a strong yearning after the affection I have described. In the best minds, however, it is not a mere restless craving. It is seldom called forth with any degree of power until someone, God sent, it ought to be, stirs the depths of our being with mysterious, hidden sympathy. The weaker ones of both sexes are continually straining after this affection, often to their mortification and sorrow. Think, I pray you, that marriage is not the be-all and end-all of life. But, looking forward and anticipating that marriage may, one day, be yours, remember that what you want is to get a good husband, or none at all. Let me quote to you some words lately uttered by the Bishop of Melbourne. They were addressed to the members of the Girls' Friendly Society. "In order to secure a happy marriage, you must cultivate yourselves, because if you are idle, dreasy, noisy, and selfish young women, you will repel all the tenderer and better-hearted men, and attract only those who are shallow, conceited, selfish, and the consequence is likely to be a bad husband and a wretched home." And you are not to forget that there are some very practical and very material considerations to be entertained before an engagement should be thought of. No young man has a right to secure for himself a promise of love until the way of life is fairly open. No young woman has a right to bind herself without knowing something definite about ways and means. If there are no means and no present prospects, I counsel you to enter into no engagement. Life is a battle. Let the would-be knight win his spurs. I can conceive of a long,

COMMERCIAL.

PRODUCE MARKET.—MONDAY.

There was a good attendance of the trade at Darling Harbour sales this morning. Good supplies of wood and forage were offered. For forage there was no great disposition on the part of buyers to operate with any freedom, and consequently the sales lacked animation. Hay was weaker, whilst straw ruled a shade firmer, but chaff was unaltered. The wood market remains inactive. On the wharfs the usual Monday supplies were forward from the Northern and Southern rivers and Victoria. Business was moderately active. Lucerne hay was lower, but the other lines were unaltered in values. At Darling Harbour sales the following prices were realised:—

Wood.—Large market, and exhibited no improvement. Competition slack at per ton:—Billetwood, 9s to 12s; bundle, 11s to 13s; foot, 10s to 14s; bakers', 10s to 12s.

Hay.—Large supplies and prices weaker. Buyers' demands are entirely confined to prime qualities, whilst for other sorts sales were languid. Oaten, in bundles, 3s 9d to 5s per cwt.; bales, 4s 3d to 4s 9d; sheaves, 4s 5d; wheaten, in bundles, 3s 3d; oaten and wheaten, in bundles, 3s 10d to 4s 2d; oaten hay in bundles and oaten chaff in bags, 4s 3d.

Straw.—Moderate consignments to hand this morning. Demand improved and competition ruled a little more active than of late. Clean in bundles, 2s 3d to 2s 4d per cwt.; one extra prime lot of oaten realised 2s 6d.

Chaff.—Fair market and unaltered. Prime qualities continue to sell with freedom, whilst other descriptions are almost unsalable. Oaten in bags, 3s 9d to 4s 1d per cwt; inferior, 2s 6d to 2s 9d; straw in bags, 2s 6d.

On the wharfs the following are the wholesale quotations:—

Maize.—Stocks supplemented yesterday from the various Northern rivers. Export buyers are not operating so freely, and the market is steady at 3s 9d per bushel.

Oats.—2707 bags from New Zealand yesterday, and, with stocks on hand, buyers' requirements are amply met. The demand continues chiefly for best feed at to 2s 7d per bushel; and other sorts are slow of sale at from 2s 3d. Business for seed is restricted, and prices nominal.

Barley.—Nothing fresh to report under this head. Market quiet. Cape used nominally worth 3s to 3s 3d per bushel.

Bran.—A Victorian addition to stock last night. Working off at 1s to 1s 1½d per bushel.

Pollard.—Quiet sales at 1s per bushel.

Hay.—Fair arrivals from the Hunter River this morning. With stocks in excess of market requirements, prices were weaker. Trade was quiet. Prime lucerne, to £3 15s per ton; exceptional lots to £4; other qualities, from £2 5s.

Chaff.—3437 bags from Victoria last night. Moderate sales at £4 10s to £5 per ton.

Onions.—The balance of the previous week's shipments augmented by 330 bags from Victoria last night. Selling steadily, at £5 15s to £6 10s per ton, according to quality.

Potatoes.—Additions to stocks last night from Tasmania. Market fairly supplied, and both varieties are moving off at £4 15s to £5 per ton for Circular Head. New Zealand, £4.

Butter.—Stocks replenished yesterday from the Southern ports. No change. Standard quotations of Illawarra, in kegs, 1s 2d per lb.; roll, 1s 6d; intercolonial packed, to 1s.

Cheese.—650 from the Southern ports yesterday, being the largest number for some time past. Firm inquiry for colonial, at 5½d per lb.; New Zealand to 5d.

Bacon.—Stocks moving off with a little more freedom at 5½d per lb. for Hand-cured Southern; machine-cured to 7½d; heavy and rough from 6d; hams, 10d to 1s. 1d.

Lard.—Demand slack at 6d per lb. for finely rendered in bladders; in bulk from 6d.

Honey.—Good and clear at 4½d to 5d per lb; other sorts from 3½d.

Beeswax salable at 9d to 1s per lb., according to quality.

Eggs.—Additions to stocks received from the Northern and Southern rivers this morning. Selling at 1s per dozen.

Poultry.—Supplies received, principally from the Northern rivers. All varieties are in moderate request at the following rates per pair:—Fowls, 4s to 5s; ducks, to 7s; geese (scarce), quoted to 9s; cock turkeys, 10s to 14s; hen turkeys, 7s to 14s.

FAT STOCK MARKET.

At the Homebush Fat Stock sales to-day, 1280 head of cattle were yarded, principally from Queensland, for which prices were weaker, but prime fresh beasts ruled firm at late rates. The best lot of bullocks averaged £12 2s 9d; others, from £6 per head. Cows at proportionate rates. 17,162 sheep were penned. The market was easier, and prices declined 1s 6d per head on all lots offered. The best lot of merino wethers sold at 12s 3d per head; others from 7s 2d per head; crossbred wethers at 10s; lambs at 4s 3d to 10s per head. The following sales were reported:—By Messrs. Hill, Clark and Co.—128 bullocks, for W. Crouley, at £9 12s, 32 cows at £7 7s 3d; W. Richardson, 70 bullocks at £8 9s 6d, 22 cows at £7 7s 3d; Mrs. Perry's 853 wethers (in wool) at 9s 9d to 10s, 51 lambs at 4s 5d; Southern Agents 185 wethers at 9s 3d to 9s 10d; J. Jenkins 329 wethers at 9s 6d, 172 ewes at 7s 2d. By Messrs. Brown Bros. and Co.—Account Messrs. Parker and Sullivan: Cows and bullocks, £8 to £14, average £12 2s 9d. By Messrs. Pitt, Son and Badger:—2003 wethers (Wallalong Estate), 7s 10d to 8s 6d; 42 crossbreds (W. Crampton), 10s, 304 ewes tops at 10s 4d to 10s 5d, 430 ewes seconds at 9s 3d to 9s 6d, 118 wethers at 10s 1d to 10 6d, 68 lambs at 10s; 550 wethers (G. Davison), 7s 9d to 7s 11d; 93 ewes (J. Maroney), 10s 4d; 166 bullocks (Dangar Brothers) £8 6s 8d; 244 bullocks (Elder, Pegler, and Co.), £6, 16 cows at £5. By Messrs. Wilkinson, Graves, and Lavender: 320 shorn wethers for James Nelson, at from 7s 6d to 7s 7d; 446 mixed sheep for M. Connelly, ewes 7s 2d to 7s 7d. By Messrs. Treloar, Son, and Gair.—1891 wethers, for Messrs. Morse and Tourle, from 7s 4d to 7s 5d. By Mr. R. P. Simpson.—On account of Messrs. G. A. and D. Mein, 2183 shorn wethers, at 9s 5d. By Messrs. Harrison, Jones, and Devlin, Limited.—87 bullocks, on account of J. G. and A. Broad, to £11 2s, averaging £8 3s, 9 cows at £5 10s; 2100 shorn ewes (Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.), at 6s 2d; 35 shorn wethers (J. Williamson), at 9s 6d, 274 shorn ewes at 7s 11d, lambs 3s 3d to 10s 6d; 300 woolly wethers (A. S. Bureher), 34 shorn sheep (D. Munro), 9s 1d to 9s 6d, 71 mixed lambs at 9s 5d to 10s; 147 shorn hoggets (Southern agents), 6s 5d to 7s 2d, 118 shorn lambs 6s 5d; 93 woolly wethers (T. Woodbridge), 9s 5d to 9s 7d; 100 woolly wethers (G. Powell), to 11s 9d, 105 lambs at 7s 6d. By Messrs. Joseph Lands and Co.—293 cows (W. Sly), to £8 12s, averaging £6 10s 6d; 50 bullocks (Mrs. Kessiner), averaging £8 5s 6d. By Messrs. Brunker and Wolfe.—On account of Messrs. Buffin and Byrne, 80 bullocks, from £6 4s to £10 4s, averaged £9 5s 6d; cows, £7 3s. Account Fletcher and Lorrimer, 602 sheep, shorn, mixed, 3s 6d to 9s 10d; 129 seconds, at 7s 2d to 7s 4d. By Messrs. Dransfield Bros.—22 cattle (Messrs. Onus and Keys), to £10 10s, averaging £7 5s 9d; 900 sheep, shorn, and lambs (W. T. Quin), to 11s; 500 sheep (A. G. D. Huthwaite), at 9s 7d; 500 sheep (Messrs. Onus and Keys), to 10s 11d; 300 sheep (Messrs. Palmer and Oxley), at 12s 3d.

STOCK IN BONDED WAREHOUSES, SYDNEY.

Week ended October 2, 1885.

	Stock in bond Oct. 2, 1885.	Since imported.	Duty paid.	Exported.	Total issues during week.	Stock in bond, Oct. 9. 1885.
Rum, puncheons	16	...	1	...	1	15
Ditto, hogsheads	857	...	20	13	33	804
Ditto, quarters	2,522	...	85	21	106	2,416
Ditto, octaves	3	...	...	...	...	3
Ditto, cases	2,923	...	145	13	160	2,768
Brandy, hhds.	626	...	5	1	6	620
Ditto, quarters	7,702	10	135	36	171	7,541
Ditto, octaves	372	...	...	...	...	372
Ditto, cases	40,881	227	842	358	1230	39,878
Whisky, hhds.	116	...	2	...	2	114
Ditto, quarters	3,582	...	60	22	91	3,491
Ditto, octaves	544	10	10	1	11	543
Ditto, cases	42,213	188	765	357	1122	41,279
White Spirit, pun.	42	...	...	...	...	42
Ditto, hogsheads	78	...	...	...	...	78
Ditto, quarters	62	...	3	...	3	359
Ditto, octaves	1	10	...	...	...	11
All other Spirits, p.	17	...	...	...	...	17
Ditto, hogsheads	4	...	...	...	...	4
Ditto, quarters	5	...	...	...	...	5
Ditto, octaves	362	...	5	...	5	57
Ditto, cases	1,426	5	12	8	20	1,411
Genevra, ditto	17,434	93	569	39	608	16,919
Ditto, hogsheads	12	...	...	...	...	12
Schnappe, cases	16,832	197	484	188	672	16,357
Gin, ditto	7,232	...	160	...	160	7,072
Liqueurs, ditto	1,438	...	7	35	42	1,396
Still Wine, butts	33	2	...	...	...	35
Ditto, hogsheads	109	...	...	5	5	104
Ditto, quarters	1,392	6	73	21	94	1,304
Ditto, octaves	207	...	...	...	...	207
Ditto, cases	16,300	123	161	51	212	16,211
Sparkling Wine, do.	7,759	12	211	72	283	7,488
Chicory, ditto	247	...	...	...	...	247
Opium, ditto	89	...	10	1	11	78
Kerosene, ditto	14,118	63	884	153	1037	13,144
Tea, chests	394	...	25	51	74	320
Ditto, half-chests	39,039	10,707	1552	1259	2811	66,935
Ditto, boxes	21,163	2991	1249	50	1299	22,855
Ditto, packages	3,526	10	...	10	10	3,526
Sugar, loaves	517	15	10	23	33	499
Coffee, ditto	68	5	5	3	8	63
Tobacco, manf'fctd.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto, qr.-tierces	140	...	2	24	26	114
Ditto, boxes	197	...	1	3	4	193
Ditto, cases	708	3	19	44	63	648
Leaf Tobacco, hhds.	434	...	2	...	2	432
Ditto, tierces	179	...	...	...	...	179
Ditto, cases	78	...	...	...	...	78
Ditto, bales	75	...	...	...	...	75
Cigars, cases	1,551	157	15	14	29	1,479
Snuff, ditto	6	...	...	...	...	6
Rice, tons	2,057	...	37	87	124	1,933
Colonial Spirits—						
Rum, Customs., hds.	647	...	2	15	17	630
Ditto, ditto, qrs.	2	...	...	...	...	2

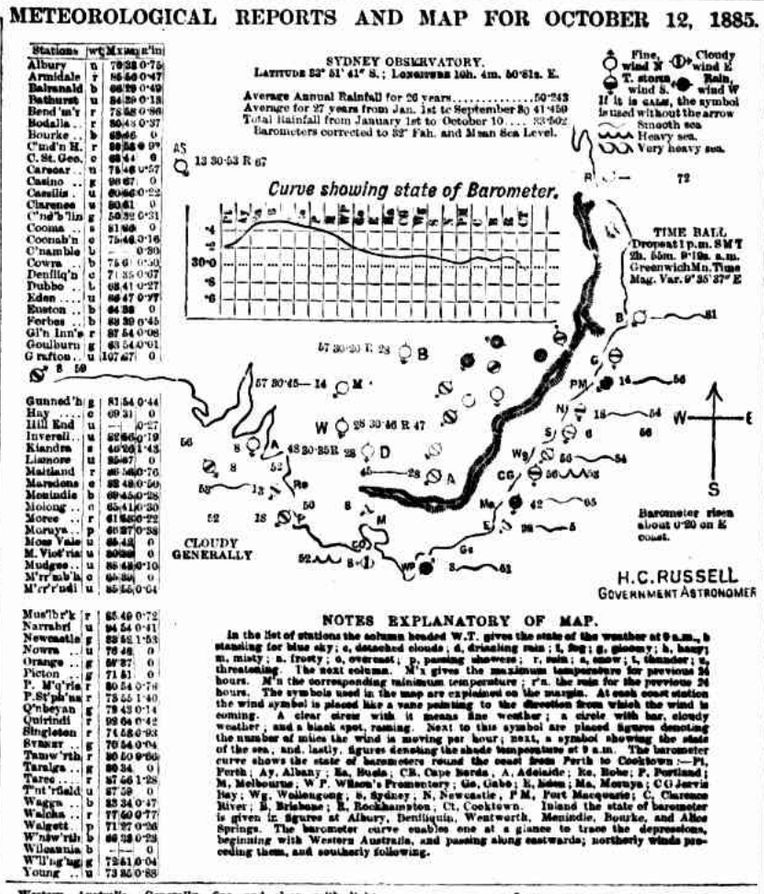
MR. DANIEL O'CONNOR
for
WEST SYDNEY.
MEETING
at
Mr. POUPART'S HOTEL,
George-street West.
Mr. O'CONNOR
will
ADDRESS
THE ELECTORS
from
Mr. POUPART'S HOTEL,
THIS EVENING,
at
8 o'clock.
GEO. HERBERT } Hon. Secs.
WM. O'BRIEN }

MR. DANIEL O'CONNOR
for
WEST SYDNEY.
MEETING
at
Mr. RICKARD'S
LIGHTHOUSE HOTEL,
BATHURST and SUSSEX STREETS.
Mr. O'CONNOR
will ADDRESS
the
ELECTORS
from the
LIGHTHOUSE HOTEL,
THIS EVENING,
at 9 o'clock.
GEO. HERBERT } Hon.
WM. O'BRIEN } Secs.

ARNCLIFFE.—Mansions are going up herein. Waiara Heights next SATURDAY. Richardson and Wrench.
EDWARD R. COLE has Removed to the BOOK ARCADE, 382, George-street.
SILVER WATER for the Working Man! Deep Water Frontages to the Clyde; £3 per lot deposit.
THE ECHO. THE ECHO.
SIXTEEN PAGES TO-DAY.
PRICE ONE PENNY.
In addition to the ordinary news of the day,
TO-DAY'S ECHO
will contain a variety
of
INTERESTING READING.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORTS AND MAP FOR OCTOBER 12, 1885.

Stations	wc	Maximum	Minimum
Albury	u	70·38	0·75
Armidale	r	85·56	0·47
Balranald	b	66·79	0·49
Bathurst	u	84·39	0·18
Bend 'm'y	r	73·58	0·66
Bodalla	r	80·48	0·37
Bourke	b	69·66	0
C'nd'n H.	r	80·56	0·97
C. St. Geo.	c	68·44	0
Carcoar	u	78·46	0·57
Casino	g	90·67	0
Casella	u	69·66	0·22
Clarence	u	80·61	0
C'ne'b'lin	g	59·32	0·31
Cooma	s	51·89	0
Coonah'n	c	75·46	0·16
C'namble	b	—	0·89
Cowra	b	75·6	0·50
Denilliq'n	c	71·35	0·07
Dubbo	t	68·41	0·27
Eden	u	66·47	0·77
Euston	b	64·36	0
Forbes	b	69·39	0·45
Gl'n Inn's	r	67·54	0·06
Goulburn	g	63·54	0·01
Grafton	u	107·67	0
Gunned'h	g	81·54	0·44
Hay	c	69·31	0
Hill End	u	—	0·27
Inverell	u	82·60	0·19
Kiandra	s	46·26	1·43
Lismore	u	85·67	0
Maitland	r	86·56	0·76
Marsdens	c	82·48	0·50
Moamdie	b	69·45	0·28
Molong	c	68·41	0·30
Moree	r	61·36	0·22
Moruya	p	60·37	0·38
Moss Vale	u	65·43	0
M. Vict'ria	u	80·60	0
Mudgee	u	88·48	0·10
M'rr'mb'h	c	69·36	0
M'rr'mdi	u	85·55	0·04
Mus'br'k	r	85·49	0·72
Narrabri	u	94·54	0·41
Newcastle	g	82·52	1·53
Nowra	u	72·46	0
Orange	g	69·37	0
Picton	g	71·51	0
P. M'q'rie	r	80·54	0·78
P.St'ph'n	r	73·55	1·40
Q'beyan	g	78·43	0·14
Quirindi	r	92·64	0·42
Singleton	r	74·58	0·93
Sydney	g	70·54	0·04
Tame'rth	r	90·59	0·66
Taralga	g	69·34	0
Taree	r	87·66	1·28
Tent'rfield	u	87·59	0
Wagga	b	68·34	0·47
Walcha	r	77·60	0·77
Walgett	p	71·37	0·26
Wa'w'rth	b	66·38	0·23
Wilcannia	b	—	0
Wi'l'g'bg	g	72·41	0·04
Young	u	73·45	0·88



NOTES EXPLANATORY OF MAP.

In the list of stations the column headed W.T. gives the state of the weather at 9 a.m., b standing for blue sky; c, detached clouds; d, drizzling rain; f, fog; g, gloomy; h, hazy; m, misty; n, frosty; o, overcast; p, passing showers; r, rain; s, snow; t, thunder; u, threatening. The next column, M'x gives the maximum temperature for previous 24 hours. M'n the corresponding minimum temperature; r'n, the rain for the previous 24 hours. The symbols used in the map are explained on the right hand. At each coast station the wind symbol is placed has a vane pointing to the direction from which the wind is coming. A clear circle with it means fine weather; a circle with bar, cloudy weather; and a black spot, raining. Next to this symbol are placed figures denoting the number of miles the wind is moving per hour; next, a symbol showing the state of the sea, and, lastly, figures denoting the shade temperature at 9 a.m. The barometer curve shows the state of barometric record the vessel from Perth to Cockburn:—Pt, Perth; Ay, Albany; Ks, Rocks; CB, Cape Borda; A, Adelaide; Ke, Robe; P, Portland; M, Melbourne; W P, Wilson's Promontory; Gi, Gabo; K, Eden; Ma, Moruya; C G Jervis Bay; Wg, Wollongong; S, Sydney; N, Newcastle; P M, Port Macquarie; C, Clarence River; B, Brisbane; R, Rockhampton; Ct, Cooktown. Inland the state of barometer is given. Figures at Albury, Deniliquin, Bourke, and Alice Springs. The barometer curve enables one at a glance to trace the depressions, beginning with Western Australia, and passing along eastwards; northerly winds preceding them, and southerly following.

Western Australia.—Generally fine and clear, with light easterly winds and calms, and smooth sea; no rain.

South Australia reports weather generally fine but cloudy, showery over Mount Lofty ranges, light rains recorded inland to Charlotte, heaviest 0·28 at Murroo and 0·24 at Strathalbyn; winds generally light and from S.W. to S.E.; smooth sea and rising barometer on coast; fine in Northern Territory. Rainfall—Eucla 0·01, Streaky Bay 0·06, Cape Borda 0·18, Adelaide 0·29, Robe 0·19 M'Dennell Bay 0·24.

Victoria.—Generally cloudy and dull, passing showers at Wilson's Promontory; slight sea, rising barometers, and light S.W. winds on coast; fine inland at Echuca, dull at Omeo. Rainfall—Melbourne 0·71, Portland 0·79, Cape Otway 0·06, Wilson's 0·54, Omeo 0·78.

Tasmania.—Fine and clear on N. coast, light N.N.W. wind.

New Zealand.—Russell, barometer 30·10, wind N.W., fine; Wellington, barometer 29·66, wind N.W., dull, fierce squalls in night; Hokitika, barometer 29·30, wind S.W., fine; West Coast, strong S.W. wind and showery.

New South Wales.—It will be seen from the map that a very general but light rain has fallen, extending inland as far as Walgett, Dubbo, Condobolin, Menindie, and Wentworth, but not at Bourke or Wilcannia—the heaviest falls being on and near the coast. At 9 a.m. snow was falling at both Kiandra and Cooma; and the wind generally was southerly. At 9 a.m. fine weather was reported in the S.W., at Wentworth, Deniliquin, and Menindie; and in the W. and N.W., at Dubbo, Forbes, Bourke, Walgett, Coonamble, and Coonabarabran; generally in districts east of the above localities cloudy weather prevails, accompanied in the coastal division by cold and rain. The barometers are rising, especially inland, and a strong southerly wind is reported (with rising seas) on the coast. Temora (not in map) reports weather dull. Rain, 0·42.

Queensland.—Fine and clear on E. coast, with light S.W. to S.E. winds, and moderate seas. No rain. Dull at Cooktown.

3 P.M. OBSERVATIONS.

Victoria.—Melbourne, E.N.E., 6, fine, but cloudy, temperature 55°; Cape Otway, W., 6, fine, but cloudy, moderate sea, temperature 60°; Portland, S.W., 28, fine, but cloudy, smooth sea, temperature 53°; Wilson's Promontory, W., 23, fine, but cloudy, moderate sea, temperature 55°.

New South Wales.—Albury, S.W., cloudy, temperature 58°; Cape St. George, S., 56, raining, heavy sea, temperature 50°; Clarence River, S.E., 38, dull, smooth sea, temperature 64°; Deniliquin, S., fine, temperature 57°; Dubbo, S.W., fine, temperature 62°; Eden, S.W., 14, cloudy, smooth sea, temperature 56°; Goulburn, S., showery, temperature 58°; Menindie, S.W., fine, temperature 59°; Moruya, S., 42, fresh gale, sea is rising, temperature 54°; Newcastle, S.W., 14, raining, moderate sea, temperature 52°; Port Macquarie, S.S.W., showery, smooth sea, temperature 64°; Sydney, S.S.W., 14, raining, smooth sea, temperature 58°; Wentworth, W., fine, temperature 56°.

The very low barometer of Saturday has been followed by a strong inrush of southerly wind, and some rain inland, where most wanted; it has nowhere reached one inch, and the telegrams indicate that the rain is over there, and moving eastward. Up to 9 p.m. 0·43 rain had fallen at Sydney.

STATE OF RIVERS.

Murrumbidgee: At Wagga, 4 feet 4 inches above summer level; at Hay, 7 feet 11 inches above summer level; at Balranald, 10 feet 2 inches above summer level. Murray: At Albury, 6 feet 7 inches above summer level; at Euston, 11 feet 6 inches above summer level. Darling: At Wentworth, 8 feet 8 inches above summer level; at Pooncarie, Menindie, Wilcannia, and Bourke, low.

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDA FOR OCTOBER 13.

Sun rises at 5.22, sets at 6.10; Moon, 8.58 a.m., 10.54 p.m; Mercury, 5.35 a.m., 6.1 p.m; Venus, 7.20 a.m., 6.27 p.m., Mars, 7.32 a.m., 1.0 p.m.; Jupiter, 4.16 a.m., 4.1 p.m.; Saturn, 12.8 a.m., 10.4 p.m. New moon, 8th; full moon, 24th.

High water at Fort Denison, 11.13 a.m., 11.32 p.m.

Medical, Chemicals, &c.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Are admitted by thousands to be worth above a Guinea a Box for Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. The first dose will give relief in 20 minutes. This is no fiction, for they have done it in thousands of cases. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one box of these pills, and they will be acknowledged to be

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For females of all ages these pills are invaluable, as a few doses of them carry off all humours, and bring about all that is required. No female should be without them. There is no medicine to be found to equal Beecham's Pills for removing any obstruction or irregularity of the system. If taken according to the directions given with each box they will soon restore females of all ages to sound and robust health.

For a weak stomach, impaired digestion, and all disorders of the liver, they act like "magic," and a few doses will be found to work wonders upon the most important organs of the human machine. They strengthen the whole muscular system, restore the lung-lost complexion, bring back the keen edge of appetite, and arouse into action, with a Rosebud of Health, the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, embracing all classes of society; and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is, Beecham's Pills have the largest sale of any patent medicine in the world.

Full directions are given with each box. Sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers throughout the colonies.

GREAT BODILY STRENGTH follows the use of PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC. By enriching the blood and strengthening the muscular system.

GREAT NERVE STRENGTH follows the use of PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC. It braces up the weakened nervous system. Each bottle contains 32 doses.

GREAT MENTAL STRENGTH follows the use of PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC. Repairs the ravages caused by overtaxing the brain power.

GREAT DIGESTIVE STRENGTH follows the use of PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC, as it strengthens the stomach, stopping sinking sensations, removes indigestion, heartburn, palpitation, &c. By its cordial bitter flavour Pepper's Tonic always increases the appetite; and by its use all necessity for beer, wine, or spirit is avoided. Bottles, containing 33 doses, sold by Chemists; but insist on having Pepper's Tonic, made at Bedford Laboratory, London.

PEPPER'S TARAXACUM and PODOPHYLLIN. A fluid combination for derangement of the liver, particularly when arising from slight congestion. By gently stimulating the action of the liver and slightly moving the bowels, the heavy drowsy feeling, headache, pain beneath the shoulders, at the chest after eating, unpleasant taste in the mouth, and manifold other indications of dyspepsia, are removed. Taraxacum and Podophyllin is much safer than calomel or blue pill. Bottles, 2s 9d and 4s 6d each. Sold by all chemists. Insist that Pepper's is supplied. Made only at Bedford Laboratory, London. It is a most valuable medicine for the colonies.

SKIN DISEASES CURED IN A FEW DAYS.—SULPHOLINE LOTION removes Eruptions, Pimples, Redness, Blotches, Scurf in a few days. Is highly successful in Eczema, Psoriasis, Prurigo, Tetter, &c. It totally destroys deep-seated, inveterate skin affections. Sold everywhere.

SULPHOLINE LOTION.—Any one, however deeply and apparently hopelessly afflicted with Skin Disease, should apply Sulpholine as quickly as possible. In two or three days the effect will become evident in a diminished appearance of the malady, a growing tendency to fade away, and complete obliteration of the eruption.

SULPHOLINE LOTION.—As a remedy for Pimples, Blotches, Redness, Rashes, Blemishes, Spots, Roughness, Discolouration, Eczema, Roses, Pityriasis, Scurf, and General Irritability of the skin, Sulpholine acts like a charm.

SULPHOLINE LOTION.—If desiring to have a clear, spotless skin, take care to try Sulpholine. Its beautiful fragrance and freedom from poisons commend it to all. Bottles 2s 9d. Sold by Chemists. Made by J. Pepper and Co., London.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR RESTORER is the safest and best. In a few days it gradually deepens grey or white hair to a perfectly natural shade. Lockyer's promotes the effect of costly washes. Never disappointing in effect. Guaranteed harmless. Large bottles, 1s 6d. Sold everywhere.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR RESTORER produces a perfectly natural colour. The gradual change by scarcely perceptible gradations is certain for removing scurf, beautifying and cleansing the hair, causing it to grow wherever thin and patchy, so ensuring a fine Head of Hair. Lockyer's is unrivalled. Made only in London.

KEATING'S BON-BONS OR WORM TABLETS, A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for children. Sold in tins by all chemists.

SARSAPARILLA.—Dr. S. P. TOWNSEND'S is now manufactured under the direction of Dr. James R. Chilton, of New York, whose certificate will be found in every wrapper of bottles of the genuine article.

H. J. NICHOLSON,
22, Bridge-street.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT and PILLS.—How happens it many children sink under dysentery, diarrhœa, and cholera? Because of extreme difficulty of administering internal medicine to them. Holloway's Ointment rubbed externally cures these complaints. Sold at 78, Oxford-street, W.C., London, and all druggists.

THE general cry, "Oh! my Corns," prevented by using Mitchell's certain CURE for Corns. 141, King-street.

PATENT MEDICINES and PERFUMERY.—The Cheapest Shop in Sydney is Mitchell's 141, King-street.

INSECT-DESTROYING POWDER.—Mitchell's is Superior to all others. Try it. 141, King-street, Sydney.

COCKROACHES. The only efficient way to destroy these insects is to to use—and be sure you get the right article—
MITCHELL'S INSECT POWDER.

ASTHMA.—Leigh's Anti-Asthmatic Tablets, a sure relief. All Chemists and Druggists.

ACCOUCHEMENT Belts, Waterp'f Sheeting, Nursing Stays, Aprons, Swaithes, Baby Linen. E. Way, Pitt-st.

ABRAHAM'S PILLS, prepared from Dandelion, have acquired the highest reputation for their uniform efficacy. They are an admirable corrective. In all BILIOUS ATTACKS, or Disordered STOMACH, inactive LIVER and KIDNEYS, pains in the head, limbs, Indigestion, rheumatism, and indeed in every ordinary ailment and indisposition, they will be always found invaluable. Prepared at the Laboratory,

434, GEORGE-STREET.

WATT'S Celebrated OXYMEL OF CARAGHEEN, or IRISH MOSS, is the only remedy which gives immediate relief; its action is marvellous. Over 200 gross of bottles of this valuable medicine are sold annually. 1s 6d, 2s 6d, and 4s 6d bottles. Sold by the proprietors and all chemists and storekeepers in the colony.

A. J. WATT, SON, and CO., Pharmacists,
528, George-street.

CARBOLIC JUJUBES, for hoarseness and sore throat, 1s box. A. J. Watt, Son, and Co., George-street.

ONE BOX of CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS is warranted to cure all ailments on the urinary organs in either sex (acquired or constitutional), great evil, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors. Sole proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

LIEBIG'S LIFE DROPS, the only safe and certain cure for indigestion. Elliott Bros., agents.

THE CHEAPEST LAND in the MARKET is at Auburn. Sale next Saturday. HARDIE and GORMAN.

EDROP ESTATE, Burwood.—Unreserved Clearance SALE THIS DAY at 11.30, at the Rooms. Every lot must be sold. 15 per cent. deposit; nearly three years' terms. BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

Businesses for Sale.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.
NEW ENGLAND BREWING AND MALTING COMPANY.

In consequence of Dissolution of Partnership by effluxion of time, the above properties, comprising the City Brewery, Armidale, and the Glen Innes Brewery and Malthouse, Glen Innes, are open for SALE by TENDER, together or separately.

Intending purchasers, on a proper introduction, can view premises and obtain particulars.

Tenders to close NOVEMBER 1, 1885.

Applications to be made to SIMPSON and CO., at Armidale or Glen Innes.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, Nymagee.—The License, Goodwill, Furniture, and long Lease of this well-known House for SALE. Apply to
DE LISSA and PHILLIPS,
Wine and Spirit Merchants,
3, Barrack-street, Sydney.

BENSON BROTHERS, Hotel Brokers, 123, Elizabeth-street, near Market-street, have for SALE HOTELS, city and suburbs, from £300 to £10,000, liberal assistance.

WINE LICENSE, Pastrycook and Confectionery. Tram Tickets, well-established business. 133, George-st. W.

CHEMISTS' BUSINESS, Bay-street, Port Melbourne.

Messrs. Felton, Grimwade, and Co., are instructed by the Curator of the Estates of Deceased Persons to invite TENDERS for the highly lucrative BUSINESS of the late DAVID FARQUHARSON, Chemist and Druggist, of Bay-street, Port Melbourne, with a first-class and well-assorted stock of drugs, patent and proprietary medicines, show cases, and fixtures.

The shop is favourably situated in the main thoroughfare, cabs and omnibuses to Melbourne constantly pass the door.

The rent of the premises is £100 a year, and the lease has five years to run, from 1st August last.

The takings of the deceased during the nine years he was in the business averaged £1842 16s per annum.

Stock sheets, and the monthly takings during the period mentioned, can be seen at this office; also conditions and forms of tender.

Terms.—Cash on acceptance of tender, and immediate possession.

Tenders will be received with cash or marked cheque for 10 per cent. of the purchase money at this office, 33, Flinders-lane West, Melbourne, endorsed "Tender for business of the late D. Farquharson," up to NOON on the 19th October instant.

FELTON, GRIMWADE, and CO., 33, Flinders-lane West, Melbourne.

T. M. DALVEEN, 313, George-st., has for SALE two HOTELS, freehold. Richmond River and Western district.

EIGHTY POUNDS will buy DAIRY, bringing £4 weekly net. Apply Strongman, auctioneer, Burwood.

W. I. COSGROVE, 103, Elizabeth-street, offers Hotel, North Shore. 10 years' lease; rent, £2; £500.

W. I. COSGROVE offers Hotel, Surry Hills; good lease, low rent; trade, £40 weekly; £700.

NEWS AGENCY, one of the best suburbs of Sydney; about £300 cash. Bona fide, Herald Office.

BAKING and GROCERY.—BUSINESS, in a rapidly improving township, 80 miles from Sydney, for SALE. Apply 26, Pitt-street.

CONDELL and CO., 256, Pitt-street, corner Park-street. HOTEL, good position, good lease, £700, half cash.

CONDELL and CO.—HOTEL, 64 years' lease; rent, £2, trade £40 weekly guaranteed, £700, half cash.

CONDELL and CO.—HOTEL, Redfern, 6 years' lease; rent, £3 10s. proof trade, £600, advance £300.

CONDELL and CO.—HOTEL, Surry Hills, 6 years' lease, trade 20 hogsheads monthly; £950; half cash.

CONDELL and CO. offer Boot and Shoe BUSINESS, central position and good connection, £55, cash.

FOR SALE, a first-class Fruiterer's and Confectioner's Refreshment Rooms, with lease, established 15 years, in George-street, near G. P. O. Apply box 455, General Post Office.

FOR SALE, a General Storekeeping BUSINESS, in Coast District. Capital required about £700 sterling. Satisfactory reasons for present proprietor relinquishing.
JAMES MACGREGOR, 348, George-street.

FOR SALE, on one of the Rivers, a General STORE-KEEPING BUSINESS, of about £3000 a year. Particulars with YOUNG and LARE.

J. F. HEALEY, 98, Elizabeth-st., has for Sale Hotels, City, Surry Hills, Newtown, Balmain, Woolloomooloo.

TOBACCONIST'S, George-street; easy rent; price, £50. General Agency Company, 119, King-street.

EFFICIENT and Confectioner's; suit elderly man or widow; cheap. General Agency Company, 119, King-street.

PRODUCE STORE, city; large premises; easy rent; long lease, thorough good plant; turnover, £600 monthly. The above is open for inspection for one week only. General Agency Company, 119, King-street.

FRUITERERS.—We have for private SALE, one of the best and most centrally situated Retail FRUIT SHOPS ever placed before the Sydney public; any trial given. General Agency Company, 119, King-street.

TAILORING BUSINESS; trade, £50 week; large and well returning order connection; low rent, good living accommodation; 5 years' lease; price, £150; stock at cost. General Agency Company,

Auction Sales.

HORSES, VEHICLES, HARNESS, &c.

T. R. SMITH and T. COSGROVE will sell by auction, at the Royal Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Vehicles, Harness, &c.; and at 12 o'clock, specially advertised lots.

Sales at Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown as advertised. Stabling charges moderate, and best fodder obtainable.

T. R. SMITH and T. COSGROVE, under instructions from owners, will sell at Bazaar, at 12 o'clock THIS DAY,

18 useful horses, consisting of draught, van, cab, buggy, and saddle horses.

BRUNKER and WOLFE will sell by auction, at Cohen's Wharf, THIS DAY, at 11 a.m., on account Hunter River Farmers' Association,

Lucerne and oaten hay, &c.

MESSRS. BRUNKER and WOLFE will sell by auction, at the Corporation Yards, THIS DAY, Tuesday, the 13th October, at 2.30,

Prime fat calves
Ditto ditto pigs

BRUNKER and WOLFE will sell by auction, at the Corporation Yards, THIS DAY, Tuesday, at half-past 2 o'clock,

Pigs and calves.

F. L. BARKER will sell by auction, at his Produce Store, at 10 o'clock, Leather.

WEEKLY LEATHER SALE.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, Limited, will sell by auction, at their new Wool Warehouse, Macquarie-place, THIS DAY, Tuesday, 13th instant, at 10 o'clock,

Sole, kip, calf, harness, yearling, &c.

Terms, cash.

BUTCHERS' GREEN SKINS. BUTCHERS' GREEN SKINS.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, Limited, will sell by auction, at their new Wool Warehouse, Macquarie-place, THIS DAY, Tuesday, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,

Butchers' green sheepskins.

Terms, cash.

Weekly Leather Sale.

HILL, CLARK, and CO. will sell by auction, at their Leather Saleroom, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Tuesday, at 10 o'clock prompt,

Bales leather.

BUTCHERS' GREEN SHEEPSKINS.

HILL, CLARK, and CO. will sell by auction, at their Wool Warehouse, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Tuesday, at 11 o'clock,

Butchers' green sheepskins.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at his Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, at 9.30,

Kangaroo, wallaby, and opossum skins

Leather, &c.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at the Corporation Yards, THIS DAY, at 2.30, Pigs and Calves.

MORT and CO., Limited, will sell by public auction, at their Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, at 10 a.m.,

Bales leather.

Terms, cash.

MARSUPIAL SKINS.

MORT and CO., Limited, will sell by public auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, at 10 a.m.,

Bales above.

Terms, cash.

MORT and CO., Limited, will sell by auction, at their Warehouses, Circular Quay, TO-MORROW, Wednesday, at 2.30 p.m.,

Sheepskins and
Sacks wool;

and at 3 o'clock,

2153 bales wool.

Terms, cash.

BUTCHERS' GREEN SHEEPSKINS.
Butchers' Green Sheepskins.

R. GOLDSBROUGH and CO., Limited, will offer by public auction (through their Auctioneer, Mr. George Maiden), at their warehouses, Ultimo, at half-past 12 o'clock sharp THIS DAY, the 12th instant,

Butchers' green sheepskins.

BUTTER. BUTTER.

THE NEW ZEALAND LOAN and MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY, Limited, will sell by auction, at their produce stores, 22, Erskine-street, on the arrival of the s.s. ROTOMAHANA (due THIS DAY),

50 cases PRIME FRESH BUTTER, in rolls.

Specially selected and suitable for the best town trade.

WELLS BROS. will sell by auction, daily, at Newtown, 7 o'clock,

Wood, posts, rails.

At Darling Harbour, 8 o'clock,

Wood, posts, rails.

At Darling Harbour, 9 o'clock,

Hay, chaff, straw.

BEEF and MUTTON by auction, THIS DAY, 11.30, Metropolitan Meat Market. H. M'Namara.

OATS. OATS. OATS.
From New Zealand, per Barrabool.

A. H. PRINCE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, on WEDNESDAY next, the 14th, at 12 noon, on Struth's Wharf, bottom of King-street,

800 bags prime bright heavy feed oats, in lots to suit purchasers.

No reserve.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

SEAFORTH PROCTER will sell by auction, THIS DAY,

At Newtown Station, at 7 o'clock, Wood, posts, rails, &c.

At Darling Harbour, at 8 o'clock, Wood, posts, rails, &c.

At his Mart, 727, George-street, at 2.30 p.m.,

Turkeys, geese, ducks, fowls, pigeons
20 cases prime roll butter, 100 cases eggs
Also, a large assortment of parrots.

PIGS, CALVES, LAMBS, COWS, &c.

CORPORATION YARDS.

GEORGE WELLS will sell by auction, at Corporation Yards, Market Wharf, THIS DAY, at half-past 2 o'clock, Pigs, calves, lambs, cows, &c.

THE SOUTH COAST and WEST CAMDEN CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY
will sell by auction,
at the
Corporation Saleyards,
THIS DAY,
at 11 a.m.,

Pigs and calves.

In lots to suit purchasers.

Ex S.S. COLLAROY.

THE HUNTER RIVER FARMERS AND CONSUMERS' CO-OP. A. COMPANY, LIMITED, will sell by auction, on the Grafton Wharf, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock sharp,

Bales of hay

And other produce.

To Boating Men, Builders, and Gentlemen requiring a first-class PLEASURE or RACING BOAT.

WPRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Circular Quay, opposite Mort's Wool Stores, on MONDAY next, 19th October, at half-past 11 o'clock, The well-known 22-footer

the ÆOLUS,

open sailing boat, with beam of 8ft. 3in., centreboard, with full racing suit and gear complete.

The Æolus has only once been raced, when she beat the well-known boat the St. Crispin.

Also,

1 cedar dingy.

No reserve. Terms at sale.

Sale THIS DAY, at 10 sharp. Under Distraint for Rent. On the Premises, 16, Shadforth-street, opposite Barracks, Paddington.

Furniture, Sewing-Machine.

S. S. JOEL will sell by auction, on the premises, as above.

Unredeemed Pledges.

H. L. DUNN and SON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 274, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, the unredeemed pledges pawned with Messrs. J. J. Burt and Co., of George-street West, consisting of

Books, opera glasses, and sundries, at 11 o'clock; and Diamond rings, gold and silver watches, alberts, brooches, &c., at 12 o'clock.

WM. CRANE, Jun., has received instructions to sell by auction, under warrant for rent, on the premises, 91, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 10 o'clock, Household furniture and effects.

WEDNESDAY, 14th instant, at 11 o'clock.

At the AUCTION MART, 142, KING-STREET EAST.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and Effects
PIANOFORTES, ORGANS
DRAWING-ROOM SUITES, Pier-glasses
Carpets, Pictures, Ornaments, Clocks
Hall Stands, Cheval Glass
PLATE-GLASS CHIFFONIER, Sideboards
TELESCOPE TABLES, Glassware, China
BEDROOM SUITES, Wardrobes
Dressing Suites, Chests Drawers
BEDSTEADS, Brass and Nickel Mounted
SPRING MATTRESSES, Bedding
COOKING STOVE, Utensils, &c.

OFFICE DESKS, Tables
COUNTERS, Fittings
Iron Safes, Grates, &c.

WM. CRANE, Jun., has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Rooms, As above. Terms, cash.

To Town and Country Drapers.

SUMMER GOODS.

Ex Yarra,
and Stock from BRAIDWOOD,

DRESS MATERIALS, MANCHESTER GOODS
LINEN and FURNISHING GOODS
CLOTHING, HATS, HOSIERY
MERCERY, SHIRTS, STRAW GOODS
TWEEDS, COATINGS, SERGES,
&c., &c.

On account of London Shippers.

KELLETT and ALFORD will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 14, Barrack-street, TO-DAY, TUESDAY, at 11 o'clock sharp,

FANCY SATEENS, CHECK GINGHAMS
FINE CAMBRIC PRINTS, LONGCLOTHS
SHEETINGS, TICK, CRETONNES
CAMBRIC, LAWN, and SILK HANDKERCHIEFS
DIAPERS, LINEN, and FLAX SHEETINGS
TWEEDS, SUITINGS, COATINGS
HATS in Straw and Felt
HOSIERY, LACES, MUSLIN GOODS
MEN'S TWEED and WORSTED SUITS
TWEED TROUSERS and VESTS,
&c., &c.

Without Reserve.

ENGLISH, American, and Colonial Magazines and Newspapers. Cole's Book Arcade, directly opposite the Queen Victoria Market.

WEDNESDAY, 14th OCTOBER, 1885, at 11 a.m.

WINES and SPIRITS.

To Close Consignments.

200 Cases Glendee WHISKY
30 Quarter-casks Ditto
18 Cases CHAMPAGNE
23 Ditto ORANGE BITTERS
10 Ditto BRANDY
24 Ditto RUM
4 Quarter-casks Ditto
25 Cases SHERRY
51 Cases BRANDY; *, **, ***.
All in Bond.

By order of the Consignees.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction the above.

Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, 14th OCTOBER.

At the CITY MART, at 3 o'clock.

TIMBER SALE.

Shipments of OREGON
KAURI
BALTIC LINING
BALTIC DEALS
SPRUCE DEALS
DOORS.

By Order of the Consignees.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction the above.

WEDNESDAY, 14th OCTOBER.

2220 BAGS QUEENSLAND SUGARS
1100 PACKETS and BAGS RIVER SUGARS
GROCERIES
OILMEN'S STORES
120 BOXES MELBOURNE HOUSEHOLD SOAP
PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

FRASER and CO. will sell the above by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, 14th October, at 11 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, 14th OCTOBER.

SPIRITS, BEERS, LIQUEURS, &c.

Under instructions from Mr. A. R. TROUP, Accountant (for the executors of the late Mr. B. O. Holtermann).

WITHOUT RESERVE.

Particulars in catalogues.

FRASER and CO. will sell the above on WEDNESDAY, 14th October, at 11 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14TH,
At the City Mart, at 3 o'clock.

OREGON LUMBER.

The ENTIRE CARGO of the Ship CAMBRIAN PRINCE, just arrived, and comprising
ONE MILLION FEET SUPER
Loaded at the well-known Tacoma Mills.

The Specification embraces a Choice Selection of Oregon Deals, Square timber, and full-cut 6 x 1 T and G Flooring Laths and Pickets.

This Cargo is now being rapidly discharged at DIBBS' WHARF, where Buyers are asked to inspect prior to Sale.

For ABSOLUTE SALE by Auction, without Reserve. By order of Messrs. LORIMER, ROME, and CO.

Catalogues now issued.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, as above, the ENTIRE CARGO of the CAMBRIAN PRINCE, loaded at Tacoma, Puget Sound.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14TH,
At the City Mart, at 3 o'clock.

Messrs. LORIMER, ROME, and CO.'S Shipments of ARCHITRAVES, MOULDINGS, DOORS, &c., ex CITY OF SYDNEY.

2916 PACKAGES.

Full Particulars in Catalogues.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction as above.

Insolvent Estate of HENRY A. WHITWELL, of Stanmore, Contractor.

A. VIDER has received instructions from the Official Assignee to sell by public auction, THIS DAY, Tuesday, 13th instant, on the Ground, Greendale, near Manly,

A kiln of bricks, just burnt, containing 85,000
The casing of the same, containing 25,000
Tools and sundries of a brickmaker.

Sale at noon. Terms, cash. Office—72, Hunter-street.

HURSTVILLE.—Waitara Park, on SATURDAY, October 24. Easiest terms. Richardson and Wrench.

WEDNESDAY, 14th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.

IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION
of a
BEAUTIFUL COLLECTION
of
HIGH ART PARISIAN MANUFACTURES,
ex H.M.S. Clyde, from London.

26 CASES ORNAMENTAL CLOCKS, &c.,
of the
MOST ELEGANT and ARTISTIC DESIGNS,
from the Celebrated Ateliers of
MESSIEURS PERRISSIN FILS ET CIE, PARIS,
comprising
SUPERB MANTEL CLOCKS IN GREAT VARIETY,
viz.:—

DRAWING-ROOM PENDULES, in ORMOLU, GILT, and BLEU DE ROI FAIENCE, with Enamelled Dials, richly-decorated Plaques, &c.
MAGNIFICENT BRONZE PILLARED CLOCKS, of elongated form, representing the "Madeleine" Paris, with Black and Gold Dials, Gong, &c.
LARGE SIZE BLACK and GOLD LEVANTINE MARBLE CLOCKS, with Gong, Visible Escapement, &c.
HIGH SQUARE MARBLE TIMEPIECES, Cylinder Escapement "Diana" Pendules, of most exquisite design
Fancy Gilt Clocks, "Louis XVI" style, with enrichments
DRUMHEAD BLACK and GOLD DIAL CLOCKS, with visible Escapement
Scrolled and Fluted Striking Clocks
DOME-TOP LARGE SIZE PENDULES, Fancy China Dials, &c.
Marble and Bronze Black and Gold Dials, Sunk Centre Gong
INCISED FANCY CLOCKS of novel construction
High Square Marble Ditto, Imperial style, enamelled dials, &c.
Parthenon Marble Pillar Ditto, Black and Gold Dials, &c.
DINING-ROOM CLOCKS, with CATHEDRAL GONGS, in highly-polished Levantine Marble enriched with gilt Scrolls, bronze and ormolu mounts, Malachite and Porphyry Embellishments
ARTISTIC PENDULES of FLORID GOTHIC DESIGN, with richly enamelled Dials, Elliptic and Front Panels, Side Columns, &c.
DOME TOP CLOCKS, of BYZANTINE DESIGN, elaborately finished throughout.
FRONTON DITTO, striking movement, and visible escapement.
LARGE FANCY MARBLE and BRONZE CLOCKS, Black and Gold Dials, Visible Escapements, striking quarters on Ting Tong Gongs,

&c., &c., &c.

To Jewellers, Watch and Clock Manufacturers, Fancy Repositories, Furniture Warehousemen, Connoisseurs, Ladies and Gentlemen, Shippers, Collectionists, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions from the Importers to SELL BY AUCTION on WEDNESDAY NEXT, 14th OCTOBER, at 11 o'clock, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT STREET.

THIS SUPERB SHIPMENT of PARIS CLOCKS, which embraces lines of UNUSUAL MERIT, in the CHOICEST and MOST ELEGANT PRODUCTIONS of MODERN HOROLOGERIE, all of the MOST PERFECT DESCRIPTION, and of PASSING BEAUTY.

The above will be fully displayed on view, TUESDAY, 13th OCTOBER.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES now ready.

NO RESERVE.

THURSDAY, 15th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

Ex Countess of Derby, from Liverpool.

110 Cases Iron Bedsteads, Cots, &c.,
comprising
HALF-TESTERS, ¼-inch, 6.6 x 3.6, assorted colours
Ditto, ¼-inch, 6.6 x 4.6, L.S., bar
Ditto, ¼-inch, 6.6 x 3, ditto, ditto
Ditto, 1 inch, 6.6 x 3, ditto, ditto
Ditto, 1 inch, 6.6 x 4.6, ditto, ditto
FOUR-POST, 1 inch, 6.6 x 3, ditto
Ditto, 1-inch, 6.6 x 4.6, ditto, L.S., bar
HALF-TESTER, 1 inch, 6.6 x 3, ornamented and gilt
Ditto, 1 inch, 6.6 x 4.6, ditto, L.S., bar
FOUR-POST, 1 inch, 6.6 x 3.6, ditto, 6.6 x 3, ditto
Ditto, 1 inch, 6.6 x 4.6, ditto
PILLAR and TUBULAR FOUR-POST, 2 inch, 6.6 x 4.6, ornamented and gilt, with L.S. bar and extended footrail
HALF-TESTER TUBULARS, 2 inch, 6.6 x 4.6, extended footrail, L.S., bar
Ditto, 2 inch, 6.6 x 4.6, not extended
SINGLE and DOUBLE COTS, in 4-post and half-tester, all colours, all sizes
STUMP BEDSTEADS, 3.6, &c.
FRENCH BEDSTEADS, 3 feet, &c., &c.
CHAIR BEDSTEADS, 6 x 2, 4 x 2.

The above are of the very newest designs and of the best quality, brass mounted, &c., &c.

To Furniture Warehousemen, Bedstead Manufacturers, Ladies and Gentlemen Furnishing, Commission Agents, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions to SELL the above BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET, on THURSDAY NEXT, at 11 o'clock.

NO RESERVE.
TERMS AT SALE.

THURSDAY, 15th October, at 11 a.m.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

Under Instructions from the Importers.

6 CASES Naylor Brothers and Quick's FINE PALE VARNISH
10 Ditto HARD DRY OAK Ditto
5 CASKS GENUINE WHITE ZINC PAINT
6 ditto PUTTY, in 5cwt. drums
10 Ditto James Storer and Sons' PAINTS, 28lb.
3 Crates SANITARY WARE, viz., Pans, Traps, Basins, &c.
80 DOZEN Japanned Brackets.

Also,

6 CASES BUTCHERS' KNIVES, RAZORS, &c.

To Painters, Plumbers, Ironmongers, Cutlers, Country Storekeepers, Shippers, Dealers.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the above BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, No. 199, PITT-STREET, on THURSDAY NEXT, at 11 o'clock.

NO RESERVE.
TERMS AT SALE.

THIS DAY, 13th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.
(On account of whom it may concern, with all faults).

4 TANKS CANARY SEED.

To Bird Fanciers, Grocers, Seedsmen, Storekeepers, Shippers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will SELL the above by AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

NO RESERVE.
TERMS, CASH.

THIS DAY, 13th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.

For sale by auction.

2,000 POCKETS COLONIAL SUGARS, various
800 BAGS QUEENSLAND SUGARS

To Wholesale Grocers, Confectioners, Jam Manufacturers, Country Storekeepers, Shippers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will SELL the above BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

NO RESERVE.
TERMS AT SALE.

THIS DAY, 13th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.

For sale by auction.

On account of the Importers.

200 Cases Hoffman's STARCH
200 ditto Heumann's ditto
400 Boxes Brandon's CANDLES
100 Casks CURRANTS
25 Cases ditto
100 ditto "Overall's" Hexagon PICKLES
250 boxes "Nicholson's" CANDIED LEMON PEEL
200 Tins CONFECTIONERY
70 Cases HOP BITTERS
25 ditto "Thompson's" SARSAPARILLA
30 Hhds. Molasses
4 Cases Queensland Arrowroot, 4lb. and 1lb.
10 CASES Day and Martin's Paste BLACKING
255 CASES Moir's GREEN PEAS, 1lb. tins.

Also,

275 CASES "Clan Ronald" WHISKY, 16.5 U.P., in bond.

To Wholesale Grocers, Chandlers, Confectioners, Storekeepers, Shippers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will SELL the above BY AUCTION at the NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

NO RESERVE.
TERMS AT SALE.

THURSDAY, 15th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

ONE ENGINEER'S SCREW-CUTTING LATHE, 5-inch centre and 6-feet bed, chuck and tools complete.

To Engineers, Machinists, Iron and Steel Workers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will SELL the above BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET, on THURSDAY NEXT, at 11 o'clock.

NO RESERVE.
TERMS AT SALE.

THE NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET.

FRIDAY, 16th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.

IMPORTANT and ATTRACTIVE
SALE BY AUCTION
of
VERY SUPERIOR EARTHENWARE
DECORATED CHINA
FANCY GLASSWARE
ORNAMENTAL VASES
&c., &c.

Under Instructions from
Messrs. MASON BROTHERS, Limited.

CLEARANCE SALE
previous to Removal from SPRING-STREET to their NEW STORES in KENT-STREET.

Embracing
DINNER SERVICES, Richly Gilt and Decorated Blue Eton Peach, Heron, Dove, Delaware, &c.
Ditto, Fancy patterns (Davenports), Enameled and Gilt
Ditto, Dove Fan, Gilt Java, Claret Brown, Eton, Peach, Orient, &c., &c.
HAND-PAINTED FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS.

TOILET SETS, Single and Double Helmet shape, Decorated and Gilt
Ditto, exquisitely Hand-painted French China
Ditto, Toronto Gold and Colours
Ditto, Fancy Gilt and Embossed Double Sets
Ditto, Cypress and other leading patterns (Davenports)
Ditto, Light and Dark Blue Seaweed and Shells, Fancy Sets.

BREAKFAST and TEA SETS, in Fine Porcelain, highly embellished in Gold and Colours
Ditto, delicately painted Toned Colours, French China Sets
Ditto, Finest Worcester China, in beautiful patterns—Apple Blossom, Forget-me-Nots, Roses, Violets, &c., &c.

Ditto Caxton Shape, Enamelled Views, Azalea, Blue Painted Views
Ditto the much-admired Minton Sets, in Blue Wreath, Pink Wreath, Brown Leaves, Maroon, Pink, Celeste Band and Gold Lines, &c., &c.

TEA SETS in Blue Teddesley pattern china.

FANCY DESSERT SERVICES, with hand-painted Flowers, Foliage, Birds, Figures, &c., profusely gilt.

ELEGANT VASES, Raised Flowers, &c.
DECORATED JARDINIERES FLOWER POTS, with landscapes, &c.
Charming TETE A TETE and DEJEUNER SETS, on trays
TERRA COTTA JET VASES, Toilet Requisites
ORNAMENTAL JUGS in Sets. Fancy Mounted Teapots
DOULTON FAIENCE. MAJOLICA WARE
Fancy Cheese Stands, Bread Dishes.

FINE CUT CRYSTAL and ENGRAVED GLASSWARE
ENGRAVED CENTRES and STANDS, Ferns, &c.
Rose du Barry and Turquoise LUSTRES
OPAL LUSTRES, Pink, White and Gold ditto
Gold Star, Best Engraved and Cut Tumblers
Suites of Glass Cut Crystal Dishes, &c.
CARAFFES and UPS, Engraved Ferns and other patterns
BOHEMIAN VASES, FLOWER TUBES, CELERY GLASSES and STANDS
Cut and Engraved Decanters, new designs in suites
Star Bottom Crystal Jugs, Fern Engraved Jugs
ORNAMENTAL FILTERS, DOULTON TABLE and BEDROOM FILTERS

&c., &c., &c.

To Ladies and Gentlemen Furnishing, Glass and China Warehousemen, Shippers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN beg to announce the receipt of instructions from Messrs. MASON BROTHERS, Limited (consequent on their Removal to their new stores in Kent-street), to arrange the above for OPEN and DISPLAYED SALE by AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, No. 199, PITT-STREET, on FRIDAY, 16th OCTOBER, at 11 o'clock.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES NOW READY.

ON VIEW, THURSDAY, 15th OCTOBER.

NO RESERVE.

Preliminary Announcement.

THE NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET.

Highly Attractive
and
EXTENSIVE UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION
of
56 CASES SPLENDID ART FURNITURE
Magnificent Overmantels and Mirrors
ELEGANT PIANOFORTES
Superior Bedroom Suites
&c., &c.

Just arrived per Illawarra, from London.

Under instructions from Mr. D. H. DAVIS.

*** The Auctioneers are PARTICULARLY DESIROUS of notifying to PRIVATE BUYERS that this shipment is of a FAR SUPERIOR CHARACTER to anything hitherto imported into these colonies.

SPECIAL ATTENTION IS DIRECTED to the HIGH-CLASS SUITES for DRAWING, DINING, and BED ROOMS, which for GENERAL EXCELLENCE in DESIGN and FINISH HAVE NEVER BEEN EQUALLED IN FORMER SELECTIONS.

To Furniture Warehousemen,
Ladies and Gentlemen Furnishing, Private Buyers generally, Commission Agents, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN are in receipt of instructions from Mr. D. H. DAVIS to arrange the above MAGNIFICENT SHIPMENT of SPLENDID ART FURNITURE, &c., for SALE by AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT STREET, on an EARLY DAY, of which due NOTICE WILL BE given.

Descriptive Catalogues are in course of preparation.

NO RESERVE.
THURSDAY, 15th October, at 11 a.m.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

Ex Dunkeld, from Hamburg.

30 CASES AUSTRIAN BENTWOOD CHAIRS, &c., Nos. 14, 14½, 15, 18, 20, and Shops, Folders, Rockers.

To Furniture Warehousemen, Chair Dealers, Country Storekeepers, Shippers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will SELL the ABOVE BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET, on THURSDAY next, at 11 o'clock.

NO RESERVE.
TERMS AT SALE.

THURSDAY, 15th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

On account of Whom it may Concern, with all Faults.

Ex Haddon Hall, from Liverpool.

24 CASES GALV. CORRUGATED IRON, 26 gauge, Crown Brand
3 Cases ditto ditto, 26 ditto, Orb Brand
1 Case Plain Iron, 26 ditto, Queen's Head Brand.

To Iron Merchants, Contractors, Builders, Shippers, Merchants' Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will SELL the above BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, No. 199, PITT-STREET, on THURSDAY NEXT, at 11 a.m.

NO RESERVE.
TERMS AT SALE.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13.

PADDINGTON. PADDINGTON.

To Parties Furnishing, Furniture Warehousemen, Commission Brokers, and Others.

ATTRACTIVE UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION
of
SUPERIOR HIGH-CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
comprising
MAGNIFICENT WALNUT TRICHORD PIANO
ELEGANT WALNUT DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, Upholstered in Figured Genoa Velvet
INLAID WALNUT LOO TABLE
ELEGANT INLAID WALNUT CHIFFONIER, Marble Top, Plate Glass Back
INLAID WALNUT CARD and COFFEE TABLES
MAGNIFICENT BLACK and GOLD ORNAMENTS
SET ORMOLU CHINA MANTEL ORNAMENTS
MASSIVE DINING-ROOM SUITE
GILT CHIMNEY GLASSES
PAIR HANDSOME GIRANDOLES, Mounted in Plush
VERY ELEGANT EARLY ENGLISH BEDROOM SUITE
HANDSOME EUGENIE COUCH
TUBULAR BEDSTEAD and BEDDING
ELEGANT MAROON and GOLD TOILET WARE
CHESTS DRAWERS, MAHOGANY TOILETS
GENT'S WARDROBES
OIL PAINTINGS, WATER COLOURS
OLEOGRAPHS, ORNAMENTS
PLATED WARE, CROCKERY
CUTLERY, GLASSWARE
LAUNDRY and KITCHEN UTENSILS, &c.

On the Premises, Bedford House, 184, Underwood-street, Paddington.

NATHAN COHEN and CO. have received instructions from Mr. A. Hayes to sell by auction, at Bedford House, 184, Underwood-street, Paddington, THIS DAY, October 13th, at 11 o'clock,

The whole of his
SUPERIOR HIGH CLASS FURNITURE, &c.,
MAGNIFICENT TRICHORD PIANO,
LAUNDRY and KITCHEN UTENSILS, &c.

Terms, Cash.
NO RESERVE.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14.

To Private Gentlemen Managers of Clubs, Hotelkeepers, Billiard Saloon Proprietors, and others.

IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION
of
SUPERIOR FIRST-CLASS BILLIARD TABLES,
and appointments complete,
comprising
MAGNIFICENT FULL-SIZE BILLIARD TABLE,
manufactured by J. Thomas, Melbourne.

Massive figured blackwood frame on eight turned legs, slate bed, French polished, and brass toes, and extra superfine cloth.

The appointments comprise
BILLIARD CUES, RACK, REVOLVING MARKING-BOARD, RESTS,
BILLIARD, PYRAMID, and POOL BALLS, BASKETS, &c,
1 12-LIGHT BILLIARD LAMP, on the most modern principle,
FIRST-PRIZE TABLE at the SYDNEY EXHIBITION.

SUPERIOR BILLIARD TABLE
by J. Thomas, Melbourne, 11ft. 6in. x 5ft. 9in, magnificent blackwood frame on eight massive turned legs French polished, brass toes, and extra superfine cloth
WITH EXTRAS.

HANDSOME BLACKWOOD BILLIARD TABLE,
9ft. 6in. x 4ft. 9in., by J. Thomas, Melbourne.
First prize Sydney Exhibition.

SUPERIOR SECONDHAND BILLIARD TABLE
by Hopkins and Stevens, London,
newly covered, and in first-class order,
with
CUES, MARKING-BOARD, BALLS, &c.

NATHAN COHEN and CO. have received instructions from Mr. J. Thomas, billiard table manufacturer (who is leaving for Victoria), to sell by auction, on the premises, Bathurst-street, on Wednesday, October 14, at 11 o'clock.

Ten very superior billiard tables, with appointments complete.

Terms cash. No reserve.

WEDNESDAY, October 14.

To Parties Furnishing, Furniture Warehousemen, Commission Brokers, and Others.

ATTRACTIVE UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION
of
SUPERIOR MODERN HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS,
on the Premises, Bathurst-street,
under instructions from Mr. J. Thomas, who is leaving for Victoria,
comprising
ELEGANT WALNUT TRICHORD PIANO, by Bord
WALNUT LOO and OCCASIONAL TABLES
DRESSING TABLES, CHAIRS
MIRRORS, WHATNOTS
COUCHES, PICTURES
BRONZES, ORNAMENTS
BEDSTEADS and BEDDING
WASHSTANDS, HOUSE LINEN
E. P. WARE, CROCKERY
GLASSWARE, CUTLERY
KITCHEN and LAUNDRY UTENSILS, &c.

NATHAN COHEN and CO. have received instructions from Mr. J. Thomas to sell by auction, at his residence, Bathurst-street, on WEDNESDAY, October 14, at 11 o'clock,

The whole of his
SUPERIOR MODERN HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.

WITHOUT RESERVE.
Terms, cash.

CONTINUATION SALE.

THIS DAY, TUESDAY, at 10 o'clock sharp.

ALEXANDER MOORE & CO. will sell by auction, on the premises adjoining Mr. L. Foley's Hotel, occupied by Mr. T. Carter, Confectioner, the surplus
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS,
PIANOFORTE, &c., &c.

THIS DAY, Tuesday, at 11 o'clock.

IMPORTANT and ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION.

In the yard at the rear of the Colonial Architect's Office, top of King-street.

To Builders, Contractors, Furniture Brokers, Dealers, &c.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. have received instructions from the COLONIAL ARCHITECT to sell by auction, THIS DAY, Tuesday, at the above yards, at 11 o'clock, in lots to suit purchasers,

CEDAR DOORS, SASHES, T. and G. TIMBER, SASH WEIGHTS
GALVANISED IRON, RIDGE CAPPING, PATENT WINDMILL
BOATS, DAVITS, office desks, tables and chairs
Leather-covered Dining-room suite, lace and silk curtains
Brussels and tapestry carpets, linoleums
Oilcloth, glass and china ware, dessert services
Large Kensington kitchen range, gas stoves
Portable coppers, quantity of sundries too particular to enumerate.

Terms, cash.

WEDNESDAY NEXT, at 3 p.m.

On the Premises, corner of Upper William and Victoria streets.

The WHOLE OF THE BUILDING and MATERIALS, consisting of
20,000 good Bricks (more or less), very superior 8-pan Ashlar Doors, Sashes and Windows, H. Wood Joists, T. and G. Flooring Boards
Galvanised Iron, Sundries, &c., &c.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, on WEDNESDAY next, at 3 p.m., at the above address,

The building and materials as now standing.

No reserve. Terms, cash.

UNRESERVED SALE by AUCTION,
at
ABBOTSFORD HOUSE, PRINCES-STREET,
between
Wesleyan Church and Fort-street Public School,
on
THURSDAY, 15th OCTOBER,
at 11 a.m.,
of
GLASS, CHINA, PLATE
DINING-ROOM SUITE, covered in leather
TELESCOPE DINING TABLE, BRUSSELS CARPETS, OILCLOTH
AUSTRIAN BENTWOOD CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS and BEDDING
WASHSTANDS and TOILET SETS, CHESTS DRAWERS
Kitchen Utensils, &c.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions to sell by public auction, at Abbotsford House, Princes-street, near Wesleyan Church, on THURSDAY, 15th October, at 11 a.m.,

The above.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

ATTRACTIVE SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION,
on
FRIDAY, 16th OCTOBER,
at 11 a.m.,
at the Premises,

No. 4, TAUNTON-TERRACE, BURWOOD-ROAD, BURWOOD, opposite Park, about three minutes' walk from station, north side of the line,
of
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
CHINA, GLASS, PLATE
SWEET-TONED PIANOFORTE, &c.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions to sell by auction, at the above address, on FRIDAY, 16th October, at 11 a.m.,
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.

The House to LET.

Catalogues in course of preparation.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15,
at 11 o'clock sharp.

FURNITURE. FURNITURE.

Drawing-room Suite, Austrian Suite
Elegant Bedroom Suite (ash)
Massive Cedar Wardrobe (plate-glass doors)
Fancy Tables, Whatnot, Hat-stand, Round Table
Chiffonier Safe, Children's Cots, Fenders and Fire-irons
Pictures, Ornaments, Cleek, Carpet, Hearthrug
Portable Boiler, Washing Machine, Kitchen Utensils, &c.

DB. HARRISON will sell by public auction, on the above date, at the residence of W. C. Webster, Esq., Glen-street, Ashfield, close to the School of Arts.

Terms, cash. No reserve.

ENGLISH, American, and Colonial Magazines and Newspapers. Cole's Book Arcade, 262, George-street.

SILVER WATER.—Apply early for lithographs and free steamer tickets for next Saturday.

ORDER OF AUCTION SALES
by
Messrs. CHAS. MOORE and CO.,
123, Pitt-street.

THIS DAY, 13th instant. Important Sale of BOOTS and SHOES in new and seasonable lines, from well-known factories, just landed ex steamer Austral.

TO-MORROW, 14th instant. Unreserved Sale of Gold and Silver Jewellery, Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, &c., just landed ex Austral.

THURSDAY NEXT, 15th instant. Important Unreserved Sale in an Assigned Estate of General Drapery, Hats, Woollens, Linens, Hosiery, &c., without any reserve.

FRIDAY NEXT, 16th instant. New Goods in Brackets, Mirrors, Bags, Reticules, Albums, Purses, Cutlery, E. P. Spoons and Forks, Playing Cards, &c., ex steamer Clyde.

THIS DAY, TUESDAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp.

TO THE BOOT and SHOE TRADE.

Usual Fortnightly Unreserved Sale
of
BOOTS and SHOES,
from the well-known Factories of
of
POLLAK and CO.
OTTO HERZ
FALK and CO.
SNOW and BENNETT
TURNER BROS., HEYDE, and CO.,
&c., &c.

Just Landed, ex steamer Austral.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. have been instructed by the shippers to sell

Auction Sales.

BATT, RODD, and PURVES will sell BY AUCTION,

THIS MORNING, TUESDAY, at 11.30 a.m.,
at
their ROOMS, 86, PITT-STREET.

HOMEBUSH. UNRESERVED SALE. — JUDD'S GROCERY and DRAPERY STORE, HOMEBUSH-ROAD, opposite the station. Stock at valuation, goodwill given in. A going concern in a rising neighbourhood. Title, Torrens' Act.

MARRICKVILLE. ADDISON-ROAD.—Three 5-roomed HOUSES, with bathroom and shed.
MIDDLE-STREET. — Detached 5-roomed COTTAGE, with man's room and coachhouse.
WARREN-ROAD.—SOUDAN COTTAGE, containing 5 rooms, kitchen, pantry, washhouse, man's room, verandah, coachhouse, &c. Land, 50 x 132, or 50 x 264. Title, TORRENS' ACT.

WAVERLEY. ESTATE of the late Mr. WM. CASS. By order of the EXECUTORS.—WILEY-STREET, 2 minutes of tram at Charing Cross, comfortable 5-roomed COTTAGE; land, 40 x 88. Title, FREEHOLD.

WOOLLAHRA. HOUSE, 47, JOHN-STREET, containing hall, 6 rooms, bathroom, washhouse, balcony, verandah, &c.; city WATER; land, 23 x 130. Title, FREEHOLD.

PETERSHAM. ROBERTO COTTAGE, corner TOOTHILL-STREET and DENISON-ROAD, containing 6 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, pantry, verandah, &c.; land, 138 x 147. Title, FREEHOLD.

BURWOOD. EDROP ESTATE.—UNRESERVED CLEARANCE SALE of the UNSOLD LOTS (about 20) fronting BURWOOD-ROAD, RIVERVIEW-TERRACE, PARK-AVENUE, and VICTORIA-STREET, adjoining the PUBLIC PARK, and only about 300 YARDS from the STATION. PLANS on application. See extended advertisement for further particulars.

NEWTOWN. MARIAN-STREET, 2 semi-detached HOUSES, each 5 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, city water, &c. Title, TORRENS' ACT.

BURWOOD. ANGELO-STREET, detached COTTAGE of 5 rooms, hall, kitchen, pantry, &c.; gas and FIRE-PLACE in EVERY ROOM. Title, TORRENS' ACT.

BURWOOD LANDSWHARF-ROAD, close to NEICH'S HOTEL, 4-roomed COTTAGE 23 feet square and 11 feet high, and LAND 60 x 264. Title, FREEHOLD.

FOR ABSOLUTE UNRESERVED SALE THIS DAY.

IN THE ESTATE
of the
LATE JAMES EDROP, Esq.

EDROP ESTATE, BURWOOD,
Only
A FEW YARDS FROM THE STATION.

ADJOINING AND OVERLOOKING
the
PUBLIC PARK.

21 VALUABLE BUILDING SITES,
fronting
BURWOOD-ROAD,
PARK-AVENUE,
RIVERVIEW-TERRACE,
and
VICTORIA-STREET.

UNRESERVED SALE of the UNSOLD LOTS.

FRONTAGES of 20 and 40 FEET.
DEPTHS of 100 and 125 FEET.

BATT, RODD, and PURVES have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 86, PITT-STREET, THIS MORNING, TUESDAY, 13th OCTOBER, at 11.30 o'clock,

The following
UNSOLD LOTS in the EDROP ESTATE,
BURWOOD,
ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT RESERVE—EVERY LOT MUST BE SOLD,

Lots 4 to 10, each 20 x 100 with 20 feet LANE at rear, fronting BURWOOD-ROAD.
Lots 12 to 18 and 18 to 20, each 40 x 124, fronting Park Avenue, opposite the PUBLIC PARK.
Lots 43 to 45 and 47 to 51, each 40 100 at rear, fronting VICTORIA-STREET.

TERMS—15 per cent. deposit, 10 per cent. in 3 months from 19th September last without interest, balance by 6 equal half-yearly instalments from same date. Interest at 6 per cent.

PLANS on application to the Auctioneers.

DOBROYDE ESTATE, ASHFIELD,
NEXT SATURDAY, at 3.

DOBROYDE ESTATE,
104 Elevated BLOCKS, mostly 60 x 171.

DOBROYDE ESTATE,
WIDE ROADS, DEEP LOTS, HIGH LAND.

DOBROYDE ESTATE,
The TITLE will be TORRENS' Act.

DOBROYDE ESTATE,
10 Per Cent. DEPOSIT, 7 YEARS' TERMS.

DOBROYDE ESTATE,
The PICK of ASHFIELD.

DOBROYDE ESTATE,
The LAND to BUY NEXT SATURDAY.

BATT, RODD, and PURVES,
AUCTIONEERS.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
24th OCTOBER,
at 3 o'clock.

MORE LAND! MORE LAND!

RURAL HOMES FOR THE PEOPLE.

28 Years' Credit.

TOONGABBEE ESTATE,
only 17 miles from Sydney,
9½ miles from Parramatta,
situate on the
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY LINE,
with
THE WENTWORTHVILLE PLATFORM,
and
THE TOONGABBEE PLATFORM
fronting the Estate,
and a road from the land for sale
to the
SEVEN HILLS RAILWAY STATION.

Messrs. Chatfield and Brown, Surveyors, have completed the subdivision of
THE FIRST PORTION
for
AUCTION SALE
into Blocks suitable for
COUNTRY HOMESTEADS,
ORCHARD FARMS,
DAIRY and POULTRY FARMS.

JOHN TAYLOR, Auctioneer, Church-street, Parramatta, under instructions of a very liberal character from F. Wentworth, Esq., will sell by public auction,
ON THE GROUND,
on
SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
24th October,
at
3 o'clock sharp,
THE FIRST PORTION
of the celebrated
TOONGABBEE ESTATE,
subdivided into blocks from
5 to 10 ACRES,
with
Frontages to roads a chain wide, affording convenient access to the above
RAILWAY PLATFORMS
and
STATION,
also to the
Government Road to Parramatta
by the
MAIN WESTERN-ROAD,
or through the
PARRAMATTA PARK.

Unprecedentedly Liberal Terms and Conditions.

Purchasers by public competition to have the option of securing
at
Time of Sale
ONE OR MORE BLOCKS,
either as a
FREEHOLD,
or paying the deposit at sale and balance of purchase money within
3 YEARS
from day of sale,
or a
LEASEHOLD
FOR 28 YEARS,
with the option of Purchasing the Freehold during that period.
the HEIGHTS OF TOONGABBEE
or
CONSTITUTION HILLS
means most Charming, Picturesque, and Elevated Sites,
and must be seen to be understood.

Lithographs will shortly be issued.

Intending purchasers are solicited to inspect the land before the day of sale.

N.B.—Mr. Watkins, overseer, will be in attendance at all times to show visitors the land for sale.

Further particulars at the Real Property Sale Rooms, Church-street, Parramatta.

JOHN TAYLOR,
Auctioneer.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.

Sheriff's Department, Sydney,
12th October, 1885.

CHANDLER v. KAISER.

ON THURSDAY next, 15th October instant, at 12 noon, on the Premises occupied by the Defendant, BURWOOD-ROAD, BURWOOD, unless this warrant is previously satisfied, the Sheriff will cause to be sold by public auction
A quantity of household furniture and effects.

Terms, prompt cash.

CHARLES COWPER,
Sheriff.

EDROP ESTATE, Burwood.—Unreserved Clearance SALE THIS DAY, Tuesday, at 11.30, at the Rooms. Every lot must be sold. 19 227 sold already; nearly three years' credit. BATT, RODD, and PURVES.

ORDER OF SALE.

THURSDAY, 15th October,
by
MILLS and PILE,
at their
SYDNEY AUCTION MART, 130, PITT-STREET,
at half-past 11 o'clock.

MARRICKVILLE. Choice Allotment of Land, corner of Sydenham-road and Holmesdale-street, 105 and 107, near tram line. Torrens' title.

LEICHHARDT, Flood-street. Two small Cottages, brick on stone, hall, 2 rooms, kitchen, and washhouse; land two frontages, 40 feet each by 124 feet.

SOUTH WATERLOO, King-street. Two small Cottages, nearly new, W.B., hall, 4 rooms; Land 50 x 132. Torrens' title; easy terms.

PARRAMATTA, Elizabeth Farm. Four good Allotments, 5, 6, 7, and 8 of sec. A of 1st Subdivision, each 66 feet frontage to Alice-street, by 361 to 381 feet in depth. Torrens' title.

PARRAMATTA, Elizabeth Farm. To Building and Investment Societies, Speculators, and Syndicates.—380 Acres of Land, close to Rosehill Township and Rosehill Racecourse.

PARRAMATTA TOWNSHIP. TWO LARGE W. B. HOUSES—one Shop and 8 rooms; and one of 8 rooms. Church and Boundary streets.
TWO WEATHERBOARD COTTAGES, Ada-street, close to Platform.

GRANVILLE. LARGE BLOCK OF BUILDINGS, brick on stone, containing large hall and corridor, 6 sitting-rooms, 9 bedrooms, &c., &c.
EIGHT BRICK COTTAGES, in pairs, each 4 rooms, &c.
TWO W. B. COTTAGES, each 4 rooms, close to station.

GRANVILLE. Two Allotments, near Hudsons' Works, 40 feet to Blaxcell-street and 40 feet to Markey and Eve streets, MUST BE SOLD.

GUILDFORD and MERRYLANDS. Grand Subdivision Block of Land, 36 acres, cleared, and ready for subdivision, two road frontages between Guildford and Merrylands. Torrens' Title.

Full particulars at the Rooms.

TO-MORROW.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
SYDNEY.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE and IMPORTANT SALE
of
VALUABLE CONTINENTAL CHINA
COSTLY TABLE SERVICES
OIL PAINTINGS
HANDSOME PLATE and PLATED ARTICLES
ARTICLES of VIRTU
ELEGANT ENGRAVED GLASS,
RECHERCHE TABLE APPOINTMENTS,
and
NUMEROUS EFFECTS.

ON VIEW THIS DAY.

MILLS and PILE are honoured with instructions from His Excellency Lord Augustus Loftus to sell by auction, upon the premises, at the Government House, Sydney, TO-MORROW, at 12 o'clock punctually,
A large assemblage of
COSTLY EFFECTS,
comprising—
Valuable Dresden, and Berlin china, in vases, brackets, cups and saucers, jardinieres, dishes, surtout de table, figures, groups, clocks, candelabra, mural brackets, with raised figures and flowers, bonbonières, potpourri jars, and card basket,
AND A FEW SPECIMENS
of
VALUABLE TEMPS DE L'EMPIRE SEVRES.

VALUABLE TABLE SERVICES, including an extensive crimson and gilt scroll pattern dinner service (450 pieces), a turquoise-edged breakfast and tea service, a white dessert service; a RECHERCHE DRESDEN DESSERT SERVICE, with centrepieces, ice pails, dishes, sweiters and plates, nearly 200 exquisitely painted Dresden plates, compotières, cake plates, old English and Worcester tea and coffee sets.

Also,
5 CHESTS of ELEGANT PLATED ARTICLES.
Table, dessert, fish, and fruit knives and forks; tea, salt, and egg spoons; soup and sauce ladles, fish carvers, gravy spoons, sugar tongs, dish covers, entrée and soufflée dishes, wine coolers, soup tureens, vegetable dishes.

A MAGNIFICENT
CENTRE PIECE and CANDLEABRA
on PLATEAUX.
Dessert dishes, dish covers, and a complete array of table appointments, all from the establishment of Messrs. Elkington, of Regent-street, London.
Also,
A FEW BRONZES,
A SMALL COLLECTION of PICTURES,
including a genuine Canaletti, a Lanret, and a Portrait by Sir Thomas Lawrence.
NUMEROUS ORNAMENTAL ITEMS.
Stuffed birds under glass shades, agate jewelled cups, glass épergnes, scent bottles, Fiji ware, Black Forest carvings, gun, pistols, clocks, Bohemian glass, an extensive blue glass toilet service.
and
A HANDSOME AUSTRIAN GLASS SERVICE,
All richly engraved, comprising decanters, claret jugs, liqueur bottles, water bottles, wine coolers, finger glasses, wine glasses, ice plates, custards, ice cups, tumblers, table decorators, goblets.
All of which are detailed in catalogues now ready, and may be had on application to the auctioneers.
ON VIEW THIS DAY FROM 11 to 4. Admission by catalogue only. Price, 6d each.

MILLS and PILE,
130, Pitt-street.

THURSDAY, 15th OCTOBER.

TOWN LAND.

280 (THREE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY) ACRES,

TO BE SOLD IN ONE LOT.

TO BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETIES, SPECULATORS, SYNDICATES,
or
PRIVATE INVESTORS.

ELIZABETH FARM LAND.

CLEARANCE SALE
of
THE BALANCE OF THIS VALUABLE ESTATE,
IN ONE LINE,

ON VERY EASY TERMS.

10 per cent. deposit, 10 per cent. in 6 months, and the balance for 5 years' credit at 5 per cent. interest.

TORRENS' TITLE.

RAILWAY FRONTAGE, TRAMWAY FRONTAGE,
and
LARGE RIVER FRONTAGE.

ALL AVAILABLE FOR SUBDIVISION

MILLS and PILE have been instructed by S. A. Stephen, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Sydney Auction Mart, 130, Pitt-street, on
THURSDAY, the 15th OCTOBER,
at half-past 11 o'clock,
The WHOLE of the EASTERN PORTION of the CELEBRATED ELIZABETH FARM ESTATE, in AREA about
380 ACRES,
BOUNDED ON THE NORTH by small frontage to the Parramatta River, the Parramatta Tramline (opposite the Australian Kerosene and Mineral Oil Company's purchase), the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP, and ROSEHILL RACECOURSE; on the WEST by a part of Ashton-street, alongside of which the branch railway line from Clyde to the Racecourse and Australian Kerosene Oil Works will run; on the SOUTH and EAST by the waters of Duck Creek and Duck River to its junction with the main river.
NEARLY THE WHOLE OF THIS GRAND BLOCK OF LAND IS READY PREPARED FOR SUBDIVISION.

AS THE BRANCH RAILWAY LINE from the trunk line is now only a question of about six months, there is a fine prospect for a large and legitimate profit to any purchaser of this estate, with the certainty of not having any risk of losing, but a sure and profitable gain.

A PLAN can be seen at the Rooms, where any further information can be obtained, and intending buyers will be taken over the estate.

The SUCCESSFUL ESTABLISHMENT of the ROSEHILL RACECOURSE and Recreation Grounds—A PARK of 160 ACRES
IN THE CENTRE OF THE ESTATE.

The COMMUNICATION by steamers and tram, and soon the branch railway, with the IMPORTANT WORKS and SHIPPING PORT of the Australian Kerosene Oil Company, puts this estate in a BETTER POSITION as to prospective value THAN ANY OTHER ESTATE IN THE COLONY.

Every assistance will be given by the vendor in connection with future subsales.

MILLS and PILE, AUCTIONEERS.
A. W. STEPHEN, Surveyor to the Estate.

LEICHHARDT, FLOOD-STREET,

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15.

TWO SMALL COTTAGES, built of brick, each containing hall, 2 rooms, kitchen, and washhouse; on land having 40 feet frontage to Flood-street, 40 feet to George-street, with 124 feet between, within 3 minutes of the tram. Freehold title. Easy terms.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions to sell by auction, in their Mart, 130, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, the 15th October, at 11.30 o'clock,
TWO SEMI-DETACHED COTTAGES,
as above.

HANDWICK.

KING-STREET,
Opposite Tramway Station.

THURSDAY, 22nd OCTOBER.

FINE CORNER BLOCK OF LAND,
having
A frontage of 144 feet 3 inches to King-street, and 131 feet to a Lane 20 feet wide, being Lots 4 and 5 Section 1 of the Derby Estate.

Torrens' Title.
Terms—Half Cash, balance at 6 months.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions to sell by public auction at their Mart, 130, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 22nd OCTOBER, at 11.30,
TWO ALLOTMENTS—A CORNER BLOCK, OPPOSITE TRAM TERMINUS.

THURSDAY, 15th October.

TO BUILDING SOCIETIES, SPECULATORS, and others.

GRAND SUBDIVISION BLOCK,
containing 36 Acres,
situate midway between
GUILDFORD and MERRYLANDS,
FRONTING the RAILWAY LINE.
TWO ROAD FRONTAGES.
ADJOINING the WOODSTOCK ESTATE.
CLEARED and READY for SUBDIVISION.
CLOSE to RAILWAY STATION.

TITLE, TORRENS' ACT.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions to sell by auction, in the Land Sale Rooms, 130, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 15th October, at 11.30 o'clock,
A grand subdivision BLOCK of 36 ACRES, situate midway between
GUILDFORD and MERRYLANDS,
having extensive frontages to two roads, and is immediately adjoining the well known
WOODSTOCK ESTATE.

The Auctioneers wish to draw the attention of BUILDING SOCIETIES, Speculators, and others to the sale of the above Block, it being so favourably situated, and would subdivide to advantage, giving the purchaser a large margin of profit.
There is a good deposit of blue metal on the property.
TITLE, TORRENS' ACT.

FIELD OF MARS COMMON.

WEDNESDAY, 21st OCTOBER,
Immediately after the Government Sale.

FINE 4-ACRE ORCHARD BLOCK,
Being Portion F X, No. 217.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions to sell by public auction at their Mart, 130, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st October, immediately after the Government land sale,
THE ABOVE ORCHARD BLOCK.

PRELIMINARY.

AUCTION SALE ON THE GROUND,
BLACKTOWN.

SATURDAY, 7th NOVEMBER.

FOUR HUNDRED and TWENTY ALLOTMENTS,
having frontages to
MAIN RICHMOND-ROAD, GOVERNMENT ROADS,
and
ROADS A CHAIN WIDE.

THE HIGHEST LAND BETWEEN SYDNEY and PENRITH.
NEAR THE RAILWAY STATION.
SPLENDID SOIL.

FREEHOLD TITLE. EASY TERMS.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions from the Proprietors to sell by auction ON THE GROUND, on SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, at 3 o'clock,
THE ABOVE ALLOTMENTS.

Free Trains, leaving Redfern at a quarter to 1 o'clock, calling at Petersham, Burwood, and Parramatta.
Luncheon on the Ground.

Lithos in course of Preparation.

THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE SALE.

The costly assemblage of
ELKINGTON'S PLATE, CONTINENTAL CHINA
TABLE APPOINTMENTS, AUSTRIAN GLASS
and
OIL PAINTINGS,
ON VIEW THIS DAY,
in the Ballroom, from 11 to 4.
Catalogues of admission, 6d each, of the Auctioneers,
MILLS and PILE,
130, Pitt-street, Sydney.

CROYDON. CROYDON.

CLOSE TO RAILWAY STATION.

TO PRIVATE GENTLEMEN, BUILDERS, INVESTORS, SPECULATORS, PUBLICANS, and OTHERS.

ELEVEN CHOICE BUILDING SITES,

THE PICK OF CROYDON,
surrounded by the magnificent mansions of
Messrs. DICKINSON, HOLBOROW, and OTHERS,
within one minute of
CROYDON RAILWAY STATION,
commanding good views.

Admirably adapted for an Hotel or other business premises or private residences, and having frontages to
EDWIN-STREET
THOMAS-STREET
HIGHBURY-STREET
PARK-ROAD,
and close to the Liverpool-road.

The finest Sites that have ever been offered in this rapidly-increasing suburb, which now adjoins Ashfield on the one side and Burwood on the other.

The main water supply to the city goes close to this property.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION,
on the GROUND,
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17th, 1885,
at 3.30 p.m.

The new Ministry are pledged to extend
THE RAILWAY INTO THE CITY,
plans of which are now ready,
and we believe same will be constructed within a
VERY SHORT TIME.

NOTE THE LIBERAL TERMS.
10 per cent. deposit; balance, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, and 24 months, with 6 per cent. interest added.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.

LITHOS. NOW READY,
and may be had on application.

COHEN and MACKENZIE,
Property Auctioneers,
134, Pitt-street.

SEND FOR OUR QUARTERLY REVIEW.

BONDI. BONDI.

GRAND BLOCK OF LAND
with
WATER FRONTAGE,
and
SUBSTANTIAL STONE and W.B. COTTAGE.
Containing 7 rooms, kitchen, stable and outhouses, about 3 minutes from tram, and close to the site on which the Public Baths are about to be erected.

THE LAND
Has a frontage of 66 feet to FLETCHER-STREET, and 200 feet to the OCEAN, and is one of the best sites now obtainable at this well-known waterside locality.

COHEN and MACKENZIE have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 134, Pitt-street,
on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1885,
at half-past 11 o'clock,
The above first-class property.

TITLE TORRENS'.

TERMS AT SALE.

SURRY HILLS. SURRY HILLS.

TWO 2-STORY HOUSES in UNION-STREET, close to LANSDOWNE-STREET, each containing 4 rooms and kitchen, good yard.

Also,
TWO-STORY DWELLING, built of brick on stone, containing 4 rooms and kitchen, situate in MARSHALL-STREET, near Moore Park.

COHEN and MACKENZIE have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 134, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, October 20, 1885, at half-past 11 a.m.,
The above property.

Further particulars in future issue.

BALMAIN. BALMAIN.

TO SPECULATORS, INVESTORS, AND OTHERS.

WELL-BUILT TERRACE of 7 HOUSES, situate in CONLON-STREET, BALMAIN, built of brick on stone, each containing 3 rooms and kitchen. City water. Returning annual rental of £145 12s.

THIS PROPERTY is situated in a rapidly increasing thoroughfare, and is within easy walking distance of the Ferry.

COHEN and MACKENZIE have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 134, PITT-STREET, on TUESDAY, October 20, 1885, at half-past 11 a.m.,
The above terrace.

Further particulars in future issue.

TORRENS' TITLE.

TERMS AT SALE.

TO SQUATTERS, PRIVATE GENTLEMEN, BUILDING SOCIETIES, SYNDICATES, SPECULATORS, INVESTORS, and Others.

MAGNIFICENT area of 940 ACRES of first-class available LAND, situate about 2 miles from CABRICK PLATFORM, 4 miles from TOWRANG Railway Station, and within 13 miles of the CITY of GOULBURN on the SYDNEY side.

This grand block of Land, which is divided into paddocks, and having a double frontage to the main GOULBURN-ROAD, which runs through the centre of the Estate, and a large frontage to the WOLLONDILLY RIVER of 1½ miles, is admirably adapted for
SMALL FARMS,
HOMESTEAD BLOCKS,
ORCHARDS,
and
PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

This property is worthy the attention of Squatters and Graziers as a resting station for fat stock travelling to market, being within easy reach of railway station, and having a NEVER FAILING SUPPLY of WATER in the Wollondilly River.
To Syndicates and Private Buyers, this offers an excellent opportunity of securing a first-class block of Land for subdivision, being capable of division into Building Sites, Orchard Blocks, Poultry Farms, &c., for which there is now a great demand.

To parties seeking Residence Sites in the SALUBRIOUS CLIMATE of Goulburn, this is an opportunity rarely met with, and the high prices now obtainable for lands in the townships of Bowral, Moss Vale, &c., is sufficient evidence of the public desire to obtain such properties, and this property being for absolute sale offers an inducement that should not be lost sight of.

COHEN and MACKENZIE have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 134, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 20th October, 1885, at 11.30 a.m.,
The above grand block of land, admirably adapted for subdivision, farming, &c.

TITLE, TORRENS'.

Terms at sale.

AUBURN. AUBURN.

TO BUILDING SOCIETIES, SYNDICATES, AND OTHERS.

GRAND BLOCK of LAND, facing Railway line, having 1618ft. 6in. to the North Parade, by depth of 395ft., being nearly 14a. in extent, situated between Auburn and Clyde Railway Stations, near the level crossing.

COHEN and MACKENZIE have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 134, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, October 20, 1885, at half-past 11 a.m.,
The above Grand BLOCK of LAND.

Title, Freehold.

TERMS (VERY EASY) AT SALE.

ORDER OF SALE
of
SUNDRY PROPERTIES,
to be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION,
at their ROOMS, 133, PITT-STREET,
on
11.30 o'clock on WEDNESDAY, 14th OCTOBER.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

CITY PROPERTY. BLOCK of LAND, having 34 feet 6 inches frontage to HARRINGTON-STREET, by a depth of about 60 feet.

CAMPERDOWN. ALLOTMENT of LAND, having 25 feet frontage to ROSE-STREET, by a depth of 80 feet. FOR UNRESERVED SALE.

MACDONALDTOWN. A TWO-STORY DWELLING-HOUSE, situate fronting EVE-STREET, off Macdonald-street.

BURWOOD. CAUFORD LODGE, a family residence, situate fronting BELGRAVE and MINNA STREETS.

BURWOOD. A FAMILY RESIDENCE, known as MUSCLIFF, situate fronting BELGRAVE-STREET.

BURWOOD. Emlyn Villas: two villa residences situate fronting NICHOLSON and BELGRAVE STREETS.

STANMORE. COTTAGE RESIDENCE, built of brick on stone, situate fronting EMILY-STREET and ALMA-LANE.

SUMMER HILL. A NEAT BRICK-BUILT RESIDENCE, known as HEATHFIELD, situate fronting BLAIRGOWRIE-STREET.

SUMMER HILL. BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE, situate fronting ABIGAIL-STREET.

MARRICKVILLE. BLOCK of LAND, having 40 feet frontage to HOLMSDALE-STREET.

AUSTRALIA-STREET, NEWTOWN.

SPLENDID CORNER BLOCK,
occupying a first-class position in this main thoroughfare from Camperdown, &c., to Newtown. Close to Rose' Glass-Works.

TORRENS' TITLE.
TERMS AT SALE.

WPRITCHARD will sell by auction, in the Rooms, on THURSDAY, October 15, at 11 o'clock,
All that allotment of land having a frontage of about 40 feet to Australia-street, by a side frontage along Eton-street of 90 feet, upon which is erected a small shop and dwelling unworthy of the site, and which should be replaced by two shops more worthy of the position.

This is a chance for an energetic tradesman or speculative builder.

TORRENS' TITLE. TERMS AT SALE.

Splendid ¼-acre Villa Site, Forest-road.

HEIGHTS OF ARNCLIFFE.

Overlooking Botany Bay, Scarborough, Cook's River, opposite Highbury Barn and the residence of F. J. Firth, Esq., and within 3 minutes' walk of the Railway Station.

One of the best sites in this popular suburb, and a most suitable area and position for a
FIRST-CLASS MANSION.

WPRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, in the Rooms, 289, George-street, on THURSDAY, October 15, 1885,
All that allotment of land, containing half an acre, having a frontage of 179 links to Forest-road, by a depth of 296 links.

Torrens' title. Terms, cash.

TO CLOSE ESTATE ACCOUNTS.

Unreserved Sale at risk of former Purchasers.

PENRITH VILLE ESTATE.

Cross-roads Siding, near Penrith.

WPRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, in the Rooms, on THURSDAY, October 15, at 11 o'clock,
At the risk and expense of former purchasers,
the following Blocks in the well-known
PENRITH VILLE ESTATE.
Cross-roads Siding, near Penrith:—
Section 1, Lot 9, having a frontage of 66ft. to Western-road by a depth of 165 feet.
Section 1, Lot 23, having a frontage of 66ft. to FIRST-AVENUE by 165ft. deep.
Section 2, Lot 8, having a frontage of 66ft. to Bringelly-road by a depth of 165ft.
Section 3, Lot 1, corner lot, having a frontage of 99ft. to First-street by a side frontage along First-avenue of 165ft.
Section 7, Lots 37 and 9, each 66ft. to Western-road by depth of 33ft.

This Estate is situated on the main Bringelly and Penrith roads, within a stone's throw of Cross-roads Platform and Siding, and a few minutes' drive of Penrith.

FREEHOLD TITLES.

TERMS AT SALE.

CITY PROPERTY,

SUITABLE FOR WORKSHOP or MANUFACTORY,
Yeend's-place, off George-street West, and adjoining
TOOTH'S BREWERY.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

WPRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, in the Rooms, 289, George-street, on THURSDAY, 15th October, at 11 o'clock,
All that allotment of land, having a frontage of 95 feet to Yeend's-place, by a depth of 36 feet, upon portion of which is erected of brick on stone foundation a house containing 8 rooms and large kitchen.
There is sufficient vacant ground for the erection of a large workshop or manufactory, which, from its central business position would always command a ready tenant at a good rental.

FREEHOLD TITLE.
Terms at sale.

TO SPECULATORS, BUILDING SOCIETIES, INVESTORS and OTHERS.

SEAVIEW HOUSE and GROUNDS,
LONG BAY-ROAD, COOGEE HEIGHTS.

Torrens' and Leasehold Titles.

WPRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, in the Rooms, 289, George-street, on THURSDAY, October 15, at 11 o'clock,
All that block of land, having frontages to Long Bay-road, Government-road, and Wood-street, and containing 3a. 2r. 16p., upon which is erected a
COMFORTABLE FAMILY RESIDENCE
known as
SEAVIEW HOUSE,
built substantially of stone, and containing rooms, with outoffices, stabling, &c.
The grounds are well laid out and planted with trees of about 20 years' growth.
The title is under Torrens' Act.

Also, opposite the above,
A block of land, containing 7a. 0r. 37p., having a frontage of 927 links to Long Bay-road by a depth of 1520 links through to Elphinstone-road, to which it has a frontage of 685 links, securely enclosed by a new and substantial three-rail fence.
Title leasehold, having about 94 years to run.
This property is well known, and occupies a first-class position adjoining the Coogee Park Estate and a Government reserve.

The Minister for Public Instruction a few weeks since reserved from sale the whole of the unsold balance of the Church and School Lands (of which this property forms a part) until completion of tramline or light railway, which has been permanently surveyed along Elphinstone-road, and which will ere long be an accomplished fact, when this property will immediately increase in value three or fourfold.

The views from "Seaview House" are extensive and most charming extending as they do over Coogee Bay, the Pacific Ocean, Botany Bay, and the surrounding districts, making this property in every respect one of the most desirable that have been placed on the market for some time.

Further particulars, and cards to view, may be obtained at the rooms of the auctioneer.
The above properties will be sold either together or separately.
MANLY WATER FRONTAGES, MANLY
MANLY WATER FRONTAGES, MANLY.
AUCTION SALE, SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
AUCTION SALE, SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
OCTOBER 17, OCTOBER 17,
OCTOBER 17, OCTOBER 17,
at 3.30 p.m., at 3.30 p.m.
at 3.30 p.m., at 3.30 p.m.

HTOWNSEND ROBEY has received POSITIVE INSTRUCTIONS to sell by AUCTION, on the Ground, at MANLY, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, October 17, at 3.30 p.m.,
12 MAGNIFICENT WATER FRONTAGE VILLA SITES,
with great depth and frontages to the BEAUTIFUL ADDISON-ROAD (the Potts Point of Manly), and surrounded by the mansions of Messrs. GRIFFIN, SMEDLEY, COOMBES, WEEKES, WATSON, and others.
These are the only WATER FRONTAGES for sale in Manly, and are within one minute of the PROPOSED NEW PIER, and within five minutes' walk of the ARCHBISHOP'S PALACE and buildings, on which £200,000 is to be expended.

NOTE THE DAY and HOUR.

DON'T LOSE THIS OPPORTUNITY.

Terms easy.

THE CHEAPEST LAND in the MARKET is at Auburn. Sale next Saturday. HARDIE and GORMAN.

CALL for PLAN and Ticket for OXFORD PARK Sale. HARDIE and GORMAN, 133, Pitt-street.

GRANVILLE.—Stimson's Subdivision, next Saturday. Free Tickets. No Interest. Richardson and Wrench.

LYNDHURST ESTATE, next Wentworth Park. 120 LOTS Next MONDAY. Richardson and Wrench.

HURSTVILLE.—Waitara Park, on SATURDAY, October 24. Easiest terms. Richardson and Wrench.

ARNCLIFFE.—Mansions are going up herein. Waitara Heights next SATURDAY. Richardson and Wrench.

STANMORE,
FRONTING STANMORE-ROAD, nearly opposite the WESLEYAN COLLEGE, handy to tram and train.

Two very neat RESIDENCES, each 5 rooms, bathroom, kitchen, washhouse, &c. The houses are built on land 40 x 97. Each house has back entrance. In one or two lots.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, the 16th October, at 11 o'clock,
The above choice property, in a healthy and very popular railway suburb. The houses are faithfully built, brick on stone, slated roofs, folding-doors, and marble mantelpieces in each.
Inspection invited. Title, Torrens.'

HARTLEY DISTRICT,
noted for its mineral wealth.

By order of the Administrator of the Estate of the late Mr. M. J. FINN.

Lot 1—274 ACRES of VALUABLE LAND, being five grants to the deceased, in the parish of Lett, county of Cook, about 3 miles from LITHGOW VALLEY, by the road from Lithgow through Brown's Gap to the Kerosene mines. On it is a brick HOUSE, containing 7 rooms, kitchen, 6-stall stable, and various outhouses. The Land attached is cultivated in way of Garden and Orchard, securely fenced.
Also,
11 ACRES and 30 PERCHES, fronting BLACKMAN'S CREEK just south of above.
, This block is occupied by Mr. Blackman at a nominal rent.
The Lithgow Company's seam runs through the northern portion of the estate.

Lot 2—Block of 157 ACRES 3 ROODS on LETT RIVER, east of lot 1, and close to the Kerosene Works.
, The Lithgow seam, also Shale seam, passes through this land.
It is reported that the Seam has been found on the adjoining Block.

TOWN of HARTLEY.
LOT 3.—Blocks 9, 10, and 11, fronting the old Sydney road to Bathurst, at the corner of WHITE-STREET, adjoining the Roman Catholic Church, and opposite Courthouse. This Land is about 1 hour's drive from Bowenfels or Mount Victoria Stations.

The area is 1 acre and 37 perches, and upon it are the following improvements:—House of 8 rooms and kitchen, large store-room, and outhouses (formerly the old general store and post office), house of 8 rooms (formerly two cottages), orchard, good supply of water.
, These dwellings are occupied by Messrs. Nelligan and Morris.
LOT 4.—PADDOCK of 33 ACRES, being portions of sections 26 27, 28, 29, 30, and 36. It is fenced, and adjoins the lands of Mrs. Greaves.
LOT 5.—Allotment in section 2, in area 3 roods 3 perches, fronting old Sydney-road and Victoria-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 16th October, at 11 o'clock,
The abovementioned very valuable improved and unimproved properties in Hartley and district.
They are well worth the attention of capitalists, speculators syndicates, and others.
Lots 1, 2, and 4 in the above are principally fit for cultivation.
Plans on application at the Rooms.
For particulars of title, apply to E. T. NEWELL, Esq., Solicitor, George-street.

IN THE ESTATE
of the
LATE J. R. TINDALE, Esq.

TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

IMPERATIVE SALE
of
A BLOCK OF LAND,
called
EAGLE HILL,
containing
200 ACRES, more or less,
situated at the
KURRAJONG.

This Block of Land is on the border of the parish of CURRENCY, about 3½ miles from RICHMOND BRIDGE (over the Hawkesbury River). It adjoins Mr. Wilshire's grant of 640 acres, and those of Messrs. Hornery, Flood, John, &c.; and is intersected by a road leading from Douglas Hill and Mount York to Wilberforce.
TITLE—Messrs. JNO. DAWSON and SON, of Pitt-street, are Solicitors to the Estate, from whom all particulars may be obtained.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on
FRIDAY, the 16th OCTOBER,
at 11 o'clock,
The above property, with the view of settling the affairs connected with the will of the late J. R. TINDALE, Esq.
PLAN ON VIEW. TERMS AT SALE.

LAND COMPANY OF AUSTRALASIA, LIMITED.

ABSTRACT OF AUCTION SALES.

SATURDAY, 17th OCTOBER.

SILVER WATER ESTATE.

Situated at the junction of the
CLYDE AND PARRAMATTA RIVERS.

CAMPBELL, MITCHELL, and COMPANY,
Auctioneers.

TERMS:—£3 per lot deposit, balance at 6, 7, or 7½ per cent. per annum, payable by easy instalments.

WAITARA PARK,
HURSTVILLE.

SECOND SUBDIVISION,
consisting of the
HIGHLANDS OF WAITARA PARK,
and being the nearest point to HURSTVILLE STATION.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH,
Auctioneers.

This subdivision will be sold at an upset price of from 25s per foot, and extra inducement and facility will be given to

Parliamentary Elections.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST SYDNEY.

PRESIDING OFFICERS and POLL CLERKS will please attend at Office, 88, Elizabeth-street, on WEDNESDAY MORNING, October 14 instant, at 11 o'clock, for appointment.

WILLIAM DAY,
Returning Officer.

October 12, 1885.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST SYDNEY.

DEPOSIT.

The Returning Officer will be at the Hustings, Hyde Park, THIS MORNING, at 11.45, to receive Deposits in cash before nomination.

WILLIAM DAY,
Returning Officer.

East Sydney, October 13, 1885.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—The recent dissolution of Parliament affords me a welcome opportunity of submitting my conduct to your judgment. In again addressing you, my pleasure is in proportion to the consideration which you have extended to me during nearly three years, a consideration which you will permit me to interpret as in perfect accord with the kindly confidence which at the last general election placed me in so honourable a position. Your good opinion of me was promptly endorsed by the then incoming Parliament, which on the day of its meeting conferred upon me the distinguished honour of the Speakership. I am not aware that this confirmation of your choice has in its consequences led to anything but a continuance of your esteem. Opinions may differ as to the degree of ability with which I have presided over the elected House. They cannot—if in all modesty I may say so—differ as to the impartiality with which I have so presided; and, if this assertion needs proof, I have no hesitation in invoking the testimony of the prominent members of all parties in that House. I now ask you to say by your votes that Parliament has been justified in its choice, and that to the best of my humble powers I have done my duty to my country and its highest institutions.

A member of the recently dissolved Parliament, disagreeing with me in opinion as to the propriety of my action upon a certain occasion, appealed to the distinguished leader of the great Liberal party in England. Mr. Gladstone, whose Parliamentary experience of over half a century gives peculiar value to his opinion, used the following language in his reply:—"A Speaker in no way renounces his political creed, or any of its articles; but he places the practical application of it largely in abeyance, on the principle, as I suppose, that he more effectively serves all portions of the nation, including his own party, by promoting in the chair the efficiency of the House of Commons in general, than by a purely personal action, more directly connected with his opinions, but lying within a narrower and lower sphere." Gentlemen, I hope I may claim with some confidence that my action as Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of this colony has been in entire accordance with the principle thus clearly formulated. I venture to believe that you will credit me with having done somewhat to "promote in the chair the efficiency of the House in general," and with having abstained from any "purely personal action," which might have lowered the dignity or dimmed the lustre of the high office given to my keeping. In the same letter Mr. Gladstone thus describes the relations which should subsist between a Speaker and his electorate during his tenure of office:—"The constituency of a Speaker is no doubt entitled to call upon him, as any other constituency is entitled to call upon any other member, in what pertains to his direct relations with them; but this power is commonly exercised with much consideration and reserve." It is with no meaningless words that I thank you, gentlemen, for your perfect appreciation of the delicate and arduous nature of my duties, and for the "consideration and reserve" which have prompted you to abstain from imposing tasks upon me which might have rendered the successful performance of those duties difficult if not impracticable.

Mr. Gladstone continues his letter in these words:—"I have never known a case of a Speaker rejected at the poll when seeking re-election to the Chair." If you on the one hand, and I on the other, have understood, and in our conduct illustrated, the principles which the great statesman has enunciated in words so impressive and so clear, then, gentlemen, I trust that you will have no hesitation in verifying his estimate of the right conduct of a constituency in such circumstances. And if in the course which, as he states, is sanctioned by the highest precedents, commends itself to your judgment, I decline to doubt your generosity, nor can I fear the result of the exercise of your suffrages.

Yours faithfully,
EDMUND BARTON.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

The following gentlemen constitute a COMMITTEE to secure the return of Mr. EDMUND BARTON:—

Alexander Dean	A. R. Butterworth
John Bros	George Pile
Michael Metcalfe	J. S. M'Evoy
John Newton	H. E. Cohen
William Laidley	W. H. Eldred
P. J. Weekes	T. T. Wilton
Walter Bradley	C. V. Adrain
Garrett Barry	F. P. Pines
Geo. Knox, M.A.	E. M. M'Namara
P. J. Clark	W. Barker
Daniel O'Connor	M. Corridan
W. Henderson	M. Fennelly
H. M. Faithfull	E. Fennelly
Alfred Chandler	G. Goddard
Walter Edmunds	C. Goddard
Robert T. Hills, J.P.	F. J. Sherwin
Thomas Butler	L. Uhde
E. B. Armstrong	Alderman Bemge
Richard Teece	F. D. Brown
J. G. M'Evenry	J. G. M. Wild
Frank Bennett	P. E. Quin
Sebastian Hodge	J. R. Dugnid
F. Curtiss	R. Scott Ross
J. J. Hayes	A. G. Mackenzie
William Clark	John Green
Edward Lee	C. A. Atchison
James T. Jones	W. H. Macnaughton
Sidney Cohen	John Ryan
F. Tidswell	D. Buttel
B. Gaffney	Jas. Loder
W. H. Palmer	J. J. Mulligan
Josiah Mason	Wm. Hawkins
W. M'Millan	F. Renny
J. G. O'Connor	S. A. Fullford
F. Bevill	Captain Rounding
John Keary	J. W. M'Donald
J. M'Laughlin	A. M. H. Levy
B. M'Bride	J. R. Carey
S. A. Stephen	Joseph Marshall
R. Watkins	F. W. Gibson
W. H. Jennings	E. C. Batt
W. E. Warren, M.D.	Frank M'Donald
C. M'Donald	F. Smyth
G. N. Griffiths	B. B. Nicoll
S. Punch	R. A. M. Rosenfeld
T. J. Murray	Alfred De Lissa
F. J. Gibbes	J. Atkins
Evan Jones	W. H. M'Conville
John See	T. Bate
John M'Elhone	R. W. Crook
A. J. Brady	E. W. O'Sullivan
R. A. Watson	D. Fehnburg
T. F. Thompson	C. E. Boyton
T. C. Mara	R. Pratt
Thomas Keary	E. F. Wright
James Keary	John Driscoll
M. J. Clune, M.D.	A. Ashdown
A. Aarons	Patrick Mooney
F. Gannon	P. Mooney
George Adams	Fred. Walsh
C. A. Lawrence	John Hardie
J. A. Roberts	R. Tremain
G. F. Want	W. L. Fowler
W. P. Manning	T. H. Mayne
Benjamin Backhouse	N. Dowling
H. M. M'Girr	James M'Namara
W. Pritchard, J.P.	D. Hamilton
R. T. Kirby	D. Kerridge
C. W. Beal	D. F. Eames
Captain R. B. Armstrong, R.N.	C. Moore
M. Quinlan	W. D. Nunn
	J. T. Willshire

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Mr. EDMUND BARTON
will
ADDRESS the ELECTORS
on WEDNESDAY EVENING,
at
S. PUNCH'S SWAN WITH TWO NECKS,
at 8 o'clock.

G. E. RUSSELL JONES,
A. J. BRADY } Hon. Secs.
H. P. MOSTYN,

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION

G. H. REID'S COMMITTEE.

W. G. Murray	Hon. Dr. Mackellar
Richard Jones	Dr. H. Tarrant
A. C. Garrick	F. Thompson
G. N. Griffiths	F. Bevill
Jas. Hunt	Dr. Harper Crewe
Dr. Belgrave	C. H. Hayes
A. Bilder	J. Tait, jun.
Thos. Keary	W. M'Millan
Samuel Baylis	H. E. Cohen
B. B. Nicoll	C. Beale
James Cullen	R. E. A. Little
Frank M'Donald	Alderman Evan Jones
A. M'Kinley	R. M'Clintock
J. S. Jamieson	S. Cohen
E. Prosser	S. P. Walker
J. D. Young	J. Swadling
A. J. Riley	Laurence Foley
J. Cohen	A. Shaw
F. Schroder	J. W. F. M'Donald
W. J. Fowler	J. G. O'Ryan
C. E. R. Jones	T. Punch
Edward Blackmore	H. Daly
J. Starkey	J. W. M'Donald
F. M'Mahon	F. Riley
C. M'Donald	J. King
M. Quinlan	A. Cartaar
Dr. W. H. Goode	A. J. Brady
Sir Edward Strickland	W. C. Wills
E. E. Jones	W. J. G. Mann
Samuel Levey	Kenneth Stuart
W. Cleary	Edward Digby
A. R. Butterworth	C. Moore
George Knox	J. Murphy
E. R. Cole	J. G. Herbert
M. Herbert	Frank Smyth
F. W. Gibson	A. Friedman
J. T. Wilshire	M. Herbert
Philip Hunt	J. C. Rounding
Richard Jones, jun.	J. Wilshire
John Tait	Patrick Mooney
R. A. M. Rosenfeld	P. Kerby
J. F. Horn	Daniel O'Connell
William Bishop	Charles Keiley
G. Delamore	Arthur Dowling
F. G. Brown	T. T. Gray
M. de Lisle	

SAMUEL BAYLIS
A. J. RILEY
J. SWADLING } Joint Hon. Secs.
C. W. BEAL

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

G. H. REID.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS,
HUNT'S
OXFORD HOTEL.

The Committee will Meet Every Evening at 8 o'clock.

The Secretary will be in attendance daily, from 10 a.m. to 8 p.m.

SAMUEL BAYLIS
A. J. RILEY
J. SWADLING } Joint
C. W. BEAL } Hon. Secs.

G. H. REID FOR EAST SYDNEY.

Mr. REID WILL ADDRESS
the
ELECTORS
at
KEARY'S Woolloomooloo Hotel, William-street,
on
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, 13th instant,
at 8 o'clock.

On
WEDNESDAY EVENING,
at half-past 7 o'clock,
at
CLEARY'S President Lincoln Hotel,
Forbes and Woolloomooloo streets;
also at
RYAN'S Hotel, Oxford-street,
at 9 o'clock.

And at
MEADURN'S Gaiety Hotel,
Bathurst and Castlereagh streets,
on
THURSDAY EVENING,
at 8 o'clock.

SAMUEL BAYLIS
A. J. RILEY
J. SWADLING } Joint Hon. Secs.
C. W. BEAL

Committee-room, Oxford Hotel.

G. H. REID FOR EAST SYDNEY.

Mr. REID
will ADDRESS the Electors
at
KEARY'S WOOLLOOMOOLOO HOTEL,
William-street,
THIS EVENING, 13th instant,
at 8 o'clock.

SAMUEL BAYLIS
A. J. RILEY
J. SWADLING } Joint Hon. Secs.
C. W. BEAL

Committee Rooms, Oxford Hotel.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—At the request of a number of the electors of East Sydney, I have determined to become a candidate for your suffrages at the ensuing General Election.

As a former representative of the constituency, I have had many opportunities of stating to you my views on public questions, and I hope to address you fully again upon all the important topics of the day, in various parts of the Electorate, before the polling.

Your faithful servant,
G. H. REID.

Wentworth-court, 8th October, 1885.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

The following gentlemen have been enrolled as a Committee to secure the Election of
ALDERMAN S. E. LEES,
for EAST SYDNEY.

Alderman Evan Jones	Mr. T. W. Craven
Mr. Arthur Walker	Mr. J. L. Berghoeffer
Mr. W. W. Carpenter	Mr. W. Robson
Mr. John West	Mr. J. Canterill
Mr. G. H. Wigley	Mr. F. Manning
Mr. H. Breakwell	Mr. Henry Parr
Mr. C. Benson	Mr. F. Maxwell
Mr. John Mulligan	Mr. B. Phillips
Mr. Walter Stewart	Mr. John Craig
Mr. R. Tremain	Mr. J. H. Blake
Mr. Clement Lewis	Mr. J. R. Talbot
Mr. R. Marshall	Mr. J. J. Bolan
Mr. W. Bootle	Mr. R. Cottier
Mr. Thomas Aiken	Mr. W. Cottier
Mr. G. R. Cumming	Mr. G. Pate
Mr. T. Lutton	Mr. A. J. Casson
Mr. J. Dean	Mr. C. A. Casson
Mr. R. Balls	Mr. F. West
Mr. W. R. Goodwin	Mr. J. J. West
Mr. W. H. R. Bailey	Mr. A. Tremain
Mr. R. Mayne	Mr. W. Tremain
Mr. C. Bruce	Mr. A. Wright
Mr. J. Wright	Mr. James Steedman
Mr. H. Chapman	Mr. John Wilson
Mr. F. Smyth	Mr. W. Mellitchie
Mr. Sidney Smith	Mr. J. Wheeler
Mr. Henry French	Mr. W. Wyatt
Mr. D. Peters	Mr. D. C. Bell
Mr. J. MeLachlan	Mr. A. E. Bemi
Mr. T. S. Huntley	Mr. R. Callaway
Mr. C. A. Atchison	Mr. S. H. Jones
Mr. C. P. Mortlock	Mr. Hector Ross.

N. J. MACKENZIE
W. S. LLOYD } Hon. Secs.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

The Friends and Supporters
of
Alderman S. E. LEES
will please MEET at the Committee Rooms, Smart's Hotel, corner of Pitt and Market streets, THIS MORNING, at 11 o'clock, to accompany the Candidate to the Hustings.

N. J. MACKENZIE, } Hon.
W. S. LLOYD, } Secs.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Alderman S. E. LEES
will address the
ELECTORS of EAST SYDNEY
THIS EVENING, Tuesday,
at Mr. Frost's Rose and Crown Hotel,
corner of
William and Crown streets,
at half-past 7.

ELECTORS, rally round your
TRUE FRIEND.

N. J. MACKENZIE, } Hon.
W. S. LLOYD, } Secs.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTORS.

VOTE for Alderman S. E. LEES, you can trust him.

VOTE for Alderman S. E. LEES, and Native Worth.

Vote for Alderman S. E. LEES, 40 years a resident in the electorate.

N. J. MACKENZIE, } Hon.
W. S. LLOYD, } Secs.

EAST SYDNEY.

G. N. GRIFFITHS' COMMITTEE.

John Mathews	John Walsh
Dr. J. C. Cox	W. E. Mort
F. Macdonald	D. Keary
W. A. Long	W. Hume
W. B. Walford	M. O'Neill
Alderman F. M'Mahon	E. J. Wehlow
J. T. M'Mahon	J. Cotter
J. E. Myers	S. Farrell
M. Quinlan	H. Foley
S. Punch	F. Penny
A. Lamb	J. Smyth
W. H. M'Carthy	E. Palmer
R. Hardie	J. Ryan
H. Gorman	W. W. Richardson
G. Hardie	C. Billyard
T. Keary	G. F. Want
G. Stenning	Ed. M'Namara
W. B. Caddell	Joseph W. M'Donald
T. W. Crawley	P. F. M'Conville
J. Wells	M. Baar
J. Owen	J. L. Holmes
J. G. Beeble	P. Kirby
B. Byrnes	Edward Palmer
J. C. Beare	C. Griffiths
W. Bradley	Horbury Hunt
E. M'Conville	T. C. Sandon
E. H. M'Conville	Ian. Stacoly
F. Allerding	Ald. Beare
J. Allerding	Rollo Cape
T. Robertson	H. E. A. Allen
J. Loveday	C. Moore
F. G. Weaver	Capt. Summerbell
D. Lloyd	R. T. Carter
Thos. Littlejohn	E. M. Stephen
J. W. Johnson	R. J. Browning
S. Want	E. F. Stephen
C. H. Mitchell	Sam Congdon
H. Austin	J. A. Wilkinson
George Pile	F. Coveny
T. Peters	H. Roberts.

Any Gentleman desirous of having his name added to the above List will kindly forward samess soon as convenient.

F. WEBSTER,
Hon. Secretary.

Committee Rooms,
TATTERSALL'S-BUILDINGS,
Hunter-street.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Mr. H. COPELAND
will
ADDRESS THE ELECTORS
at
Ryan's Hotel, top of Oxford-street,
on
WEDNESDAY, 14th, at 8 o'clock.

WORKING-MEN,—ROLL UP,
and support your old
Friend,
H. COPELAND.

VOTE for H. COPELAND,
a Constistent Liberal—a man to be trusted in the present crisis.

M. QUINLAN,
Hon. Secretary.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

SYDNEY BURDEKIN
for
EAST SYDNEY.

Committee Rooms, Punch's Hotel, Market-street.
The Hon. Secretaries will be in attendance daily from 10 a.m. to 11 p.m., to enrol gentlemen on the Committee.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.
ATTEND
ATTEND
ATTEND
SYDNEY BURDEKIN'S MEETING
TO-NIGHT
TO-NIGHT
TO-NIGHT,
at Ryan's Hotel, Oxford and Bourke streets, at 8 o'clock.

SYDNEY BURDEKIN'S MEETING, TO-NIGHT,
SYDNEY BURDEKIN'S MEETING, TO-NIGHT,
at Ryan's Hotel, Bourke and Oxford streets.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Vote for
SYDNEY BURDEKIN,
the working man's friend.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE FOR SYDNEY BURDEKIN,
the Independent Candidate.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Vote for
SYDNEY BURDEKIN.

W. COCHRAN } Hon.
T. J. O'[illegible] } Secs.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—I shall, at the forthcoming General Election, again seek the honour of being returned as one of your four representatives. Since the 1882 election I have steadily studied and advocated the interests of the colony generally and our electorate.

As a business man, and recognising the necessity for good and prompt legislation, I have, on principle, abstained from impeding business by either long speeches or factious opposition.

Sitting on the cross benches, I have voted fearlessly for all good measures and without regard to party politics. Should you again do me the honour to return me I shall adopt the same course.

I deeply regret that the Stuart Ministry, previous to proroguing did not press on the adoption of the City Railway plans which had lain on the table of the Assembly the due time. I advocate this proposed line as the only one at present possible, in view of the restricted area of the business portion of this city, and the enormous cost, owing to necessary resumptions, of any other scheme.

I heartily applauded the Hon. W. B. Dailey's patriotic action in sending the Contingent to Egypt, in proof of our recognition of the claims of the mother country to our help in any time of need, and as an assertion of our right to be considered an integral portion of the British Empire. If we disassociate ourselves from England before a powerful federation of the Australian States is established, occupying and able to defend the whole seaboard of Australia, England would not be called upon to engage in hostilities with any nation which may see fit to found (perhaps convict) settlements on the at present uninhabited lands to the north and north-west of this vast island continent.

Much as we rightly deplore the great nations of Europe founding convict colonies in Polynesia, the seizure by a foreign Power of any portion of the territory of this Australian island would be of incalculably greater damage to us, and is a calamity we, with our limited means and population, would be powerless to resist if we were without England's aid and protection.

At last election I expressed strong views in favour of a revision of the then existing Land Laws—indicating on what lines such revision should proceed. When the Stuart-Farnell Land Bill was brought forward in the late Parliament I voted, after much hesitation, for its second reading; but when I found that, after passing through Committee, the Bill, notwithstanding all efforts to amend it, still contained so many glaring and radical defects I felt it to be my conscientious duty to vote against it on the third reading.

When the Licensing Amendment Act was under discussion in April-May, 1883, I opposed those arbitrary clauses which prevent the citizens of large towns obtaining necessary refreshment on Sundays. Here, as in other countries, there must be special legislation to regulate the liquor traffic, but this legislation, whilst aiming to promote the sobriety of the public, must not harshly interfere with the legitimate trade of respectable citizens.

If elected, the Local Government Bill and the Health Bill shall have my hearty support. Without committing myself to approval of all the details of such elaborate measures, I say I desire to see our Statute Book enriched by Acts calculated to provide efficiently for the local management and construction of roads, bridges, and other works necessary to the development of our great inland districts. The Shires' Act in Victoria, and the Divisional Boards Act in Queensland, have shown us how local self-government is both possible and advantageous to the general community.

The condition of sewerage and drainage in our great city and suburbs, and the deaths and illnesses clearly attributable to want of proper sanitary legislation, render the consideration of the Health Bill by Parliament a subject of first consideration, having prior claims to any other measure.

The anomalies and injustices which are now found to exist so soon as the recently passed Civil Service Act has been brought into operation need rectification, and the claims of those Civil servants who are unfairly treated shall have my earnest attention and advocacy.

When Mr. Dibbs brought forward the "Railway Loan" I opposed and voted against those which could not be clearly shown to be for the general advantage of the colony. I have nothing to regret in what I then did, and I shall offer strenuous opposition to all railway lines which cannot be proved capable, either at once or in the near future, of paying some fair return on the capital after deducting cost of maintenance and working expenses.

The long recess has so delayed public business that after attention to the Financial Statement, the next session is likely to be fully occupied in consideration of above matters; but I am fully alive to the necessity for amending the Bankruptcy Act and to the great questions of City Water Supply, Wharfage Improvements, Public Parks, Abattoirs, Settlement of Noxious Trades Question, &c., &c., on which matters I shall address you personally.

The "personnel" of the new Ministry is, to my mind, no fit subject for inclusion in the address of one who seeks election as an independent member. The Ministry shall have my support in passing good and useful measures and in the despatch of public business. As attempts are being made to introduce a policy of protection into New South Wales, I must again avow myself a pronounced and sincere believer in free trade doctrines.

Your obedient servant,
G. N. GRIFFITHS.

Richmond Villa,
October 8th, 1885.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

G. N. GRIFFITHS will address the Electors as follows:—
WEDNESDAY, 8,p.m.—Deeble's Hotel, Pitt-street.
THURSDAY, at 8 p.m.—The Bella Hotel, Woolloomooloo Bay.

F. WEBSTER, Hon. Sec.

ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—The Parliament being on the eve of dissolution, I take this early opportunity of announcing to you that I shall again be a CANDIDATE for your suffrages. Your faithful servant,
SYDNEY BURDEKIN.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST SYDNEY.

DEPOSIT.

The Returning Officer will be at the Hustings, Town Hall enclosure, THIS MORNING, at 11.45, to receive deposits in cash before nomination.

W. H. SIMPSON,
Returning Officer.

West Sydney, October 13, 1885.

TO THE ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—At the request of a large circle of friends I have consented to become a candidate for one of the seats now vacant in the representation of West Sydney in the Parliament of the colony. In doing so, I do not desire to pose as that heaven-born politician who is to solve the political problems of the day, but rather as one who, from a long residence in the colony, has gained a knowledge of its requirements.

I have already served you for a period of six years in the City Council, and have always endeavoured to do my duty honestly and fearlessly, regardless of consequences to myself.

I do not propose to enter into detail in reference to the action that I have taken in what I conceived to be the true interest of the citizens, but shall at once lay before you a summary of the political programme which I shall base my candidature on, which I shall enlarge at the various meetings called on my behalf previous to the election.

In reference to land reform, I am opposed to the wholesale alienation of the public estate, and believe the creation of large landed properties a mistake. The present Land Act, although not favourable to the whole of its principles, I am in favour of giving a fair trial.

I am strongly opposed to the present Licensing Act, as it is oppressive and tyrannical in its operation, and opposed to the true spirit of liberty.

I am in favour of a fiscal policy that will give encouragement to the investment of capital and the introduction of machinery in the development of the resources and industries of the colony.

I am in favour of extending the municipal franchise to the householders, the extension of railways, and the conservation of water, and shall always be prepared to give an energetic support to any Government who will firmly deal with the questions local Government and the public health.

I shall stand as an independent candidate, pledged to no party; and should you honour me by electing me as one of your representatives, I shall always be found supporting such measures as will be conducive to the best interests of the colony.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,
Yours, &c.,
J. D. YOUNG.

J. D. YOUNG FOR WEST SYDNEY.

The Central Committee will meet
EVERY EVENING
at the
COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL, Erskine and Clarence-streets
at 8 p.m.

Electors desirous of assisting to secure the return of J. D. Young for West Sydney can have their names enrolled on the Committee-list, which will shortly be published.

CHAS. BARNETT } Gen. Secs.
THOS. WHITE }

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

J. D. YOUNG
will
ADDRESS the ELECTORS
of
WEST SYDNEY
on
WEDNESDAY EVENING,
October 14,
at
ROBINSON'S TARRAGON HOTEL,
King and Sussex streets,
at half-past 7.

Alderman Palmer will take the chair.

And at
CAREY'S AMERICAN HOTEL,
Ultimo-street and Athlone-place,
SAME EVENING,
at 8.45.

Alderman Bryen will take the chair.

CHAS. BARNETT } Hon.
THOS. WHITE } Secs.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

J. D. YOUNG Pyrmont and Ultimo Committees will Meet EVERY EVENING at Keogh's Quarryman's Hotel, Harris-street and Bridge-road, Pyrmont, at 7.30.

F. REID, Local Sec.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

J. D. YOUNG will Address
the Electors of West Sydney
at Paton's Forth and Clyde Hotel, Princes-street,
on
THURSDAY EVENING, October 15,
at 8 o'clock.

Alderman Hart will take the chair.

CHAS. BARNETT } Hon.
THOS. WHITE } Secs.

CAMERON FOR WEST SYDNEY.

Mr. ANGUS CAMERON
will
ADDRESS
the
ELECTORS
of
WEST SYDNEY
on
TUESDAY EVENING,
13th instant,
at 7.30,
at
FELTON'S BUILDERS' ARMS HOTEL.

ELECTORS,
RALLY ROUND
your
Well-Tried
REPRESENTATIVE
and
RECORD
ONE VOTE
in
HIS FAVOUR
on
FRIDAY NEXT.

H. J. WINDON,
J. LAND
C. WOODS } Hon.
J. M. BLANCHARD } Secs.

TO THE ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY.

Mr. ANGUS CAMERON is again a CANDIDATE, and solicits your vote and interest.

CAMERON FOR WEST SYDNEY.
GIVE HIM A VOTE.

CAMERON FOR WEST SYDNEY.

Central Committee Rooms, Swan with Two Necks Hotel, George and Park streets.

H. J. WINDON, J. LAND, } Hon.
G. WOODS, J. M. BLANCHARD } Secretaries.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Mr. A. KETHEL
will
ADDRESS A MEETING
of the
ELECTORS
ON TUESDAY,
at
KEOGH'S QUARRYMAN'S HOTEL,
corner Pyrmont Bridge-road and Harris-street,
at 8 p.m.

ON WEDNESDAY,
at
H. VINE HALL'S TURIN INN,
corner George-street and Harris-street,
at 8 p.m.

Also, at
JAMES TANCRAD'S HAND AND HEART HOTEL,
Athlone-place, Parramatta-street,
at 9 p.m.

ON THURSDAY,
at
FRANK SMITH'S BURRANGONG HOTEL,
corner Hay and George streets,
at 8 p.m.

J. H. SEAMER } Hon.
ROBT. WALKER } Secs.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

The following gentlemen have formed themselves into a COMMITTEE to secure the return of A. KETHEL, J.P.:—

John See, M.L.A.	W. M'Millan, Esq.
Henry Clarke, M.L.A.	John M'Leod, Esq.
G. W. Tate, J.P.	J. Noble, Esq.
J. Graham, J.P.	E. T. Romeril, Esq.
Chas. Field, J.P.	J. Johnson, Esq.
George Wells, J.P.	A. C. Dent, Esq.
Alderman Hart, J.P.	Chas. Walsh, Esq.
Robert Grant, Esq.	Fred. Cameraux, Esq.
John Booth, J.P.	W. M'Ritchie, Esq.
A. Howlison, Esq.	Thos. Dinan, Esq.
Alderman Kippax, J.P.	F. M'Donald, Esq.
J. J. Earl, Esq.	James Black, Esq.
Donald Campbell, Esq.	E. M'Grath, Esq.
George Lance, Esq.	Ludovik Blackwood, Esq.
Francis Fleetwood, Esq.	Chas. Ricketts, Esq.
Richd. Faltam, Esq.	I. Jacobs, Esq.
James Hinks, Esq.	Thos. Claydon, Esq.
Thos. M'Credie, sen., Esq.	Geo. Boasley, Esq.
Thos. M'Credie, jun., Esq.	F. H. Walker, Esq.
Alex. M'Credie, Esq.	H. Bonner, Esq.
Andrew M'Credie, Esq.	S. Cole, Esq.
George M'Credie, Esq.	Chs. Jones, Esq.
A. L. M'Credie, Esq.	G. Moorley, Esq.
William M'Credie, Esq.	J. Lang, Esq.
David M'Credie, Esq.	Joseph Ritchie, Esq.
H. Field, Esq.	J. Ritchie, Esq.
Thomas Allen, Esq.	D. Ravells, Esq.
Thomas Gullan, Esq.	Geo. Dickman, Esq.
Joseph Parker, Esq.	R. Corry, Esq.
W. Pateon, Esq.	J. Wallace, Esq.
E. Johnston, Esq.	B. J. Mullins, Esq.
John Gelding, Esq.	T. Parsons, Esq.
Wm. Gelding, Esq.	J. Benson, Esq.
S. Gelding, Esq.	J. Simpson, Esq.
John White, Esq.	H. M'Intosh, Esq.
H. G. Newton, Esq.	John Bateman, Esq.
Jas. Hunter, Esq.	Elias Deeper, Esq.
John Dykes, Esq.	Harry Deeper, Esq.
J. Black, Esq.	John Meloy, Esq.
H. Orr, Esq.	M. Crealy, Esq.
Andrew Allen, Esq.	Allen M'Innis, Esq.
John Tate, Esq.	Thos. Heyland, Esq.
John T. Fraser, Esq.	W. Lloyd, Esq.
H. Bonner, Esq.	Robt. Stedwell, Esq.
John Edginton, Esq.	Alf. Robinson, Esq.
Alf. Edginton, Esq.	H. Ramsay, Esq.
Thos. Irons, Esq.	D. Moland, Esq.
G. Munro, Esq.	D. Ward, Esq.
S. H. Hyam, J.P.	R. Edmiston, Esq.
A. H. Prince, J.P.	Dan. Jewers, Esq.
John Booth, J.P.	Chs. Henson, Esq.
P. Hogen, J.P.	W. Walker, Esq.
B. B. Nicoll, J.P.	Allen M'Dougall, Esq.
Wm. Moseman, Esq.	Js. Anderson, Esq.
T. J. Cremen, Esq.	John Moyes, Esq.
A. W. Cormack, Esq.	Thos. Cowland, Esq.
John Kane, Esq.	W. Newell, sen., Esq.
Patrick Kane, Esq.	Geo. Cromack, Esq.
Samuel Toms, Esq.	J. Sugden, Esq.
J. Smith, Esq.	H. Lavender, Esq.
C. Duberly, Esq.	John Finn, Esq.
H. G. Duberly, Esq.	J. Welling, Esq.,
A. H. M'Lachlan, Esq.	Jerh. Murphy, Esq.
W. T. Henson, Esq.	Fred. Jones, Esq.
Geo. Bruce, Esq.	Josp. Belshaw, Esq.
John Morrison, Esq.	Robt. Simm, Esq.
Michael Malone, Esq.	Jas. Kirkpatrick, Esq.
Chas. Kelsey, Esq.	Geo. Wales, Esq.
Robt. Forster, Esq.	John M'Clurkin, Esq.
John Miller, Esq.	Wm. Harkins, Esq.
W. Campbell, Esq.	C. Yule, Esq.
W. Shaw, Esq.	John Bros, Esq.
F. Sullivan, Esq.	J. Young, Esq.
J. Souter, Esq.	Captain John Vine Hall
C. P. Saldern, Esq.	Walter Buzzcott, J.P.
Vincent J. Zahel	Wm. Short, sen., J.P.
William White, Esq.	Robert Chadwick, J.P.
Ned Appleton, Esq.	Captain Broomfield, J.P.
John Jones, Esq.	G. M. Pitt, J.P.
John Magner, Esq.	R. M. Pitt, J.P.
James M'Donald, Esq.	J. A. Curtis, Esq.
William Furlong, Esq.	Alex. Martin, Esq.
W. Lavender, Esq.	J. W. Clarke, Esq.
Robt. Kelly, Esq.	H. Farnsworth, Esq.
J. A. Webb, Esq.	A. W. Farnsworth, Esq.
W. C. Webb, Esq.	F. J. Gibbins, Esq.
W. M'Gill, sen., Esq.	Robert Sutherland, Esq.
Hector M'Leod, Esq.	John Daley, Esq.
M. J. M'Gill, jun., Esq.	John Lewis, Esq.
Frank M'Leod	Calder Wood, Esq.
Jas. M'Leod, M.D.	W. Cable, Esq.
Walter Claydon, Esq.	A. Scott, Esq.
Wm. Meadows, Esq.	T. Longford, Esq.
H. C. Bell, Esq.	D. Dunlop, Esq.
H. Tarlton, Esq.	J. Tuppin, Esq.
J. H. Goodlet, J.P.	

With power to add to their number.

J. H. SEAMER } Hon.
ROBT. WALKER } Secretaries.

KETHEL FOR WEST SYDNEY.

COMMITTEE
Meets
EVERY EVENING,
at
Central Committee Rooms, Freemason's Hotel, York-street.

J. H. SEAMER } Hon.
ROBERT WALKER } Secs.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Mr. A. KETHEL
will Address a MEETING
of the
ELECTORS,
at
KEOGH'S QUARRYMAN'S HOTEL,
corner Pyrmont Bridge-road and Harris-street,
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING,
at 8 o'clock.

A four-horse 'bus will leave the Committee Rooms, Freemason's Hotel, York-street, at 7.30 p.m.

John M'Leod, Esq., will preside.

ON WEDNESDAY,
at
H. VINE HALL'S TURON INN,
corner George-street and Harris-street, at 8 p.m.
Also at
JAMES TANCRAD'S HAND AND HEART HOTEL,
Athlone-place, Parramatta-street,
at 9 p.m.

ON THURSDAY,
at
FRANK SMITH'S BURRANGONG HOTEL,
corner Hay and George streets,
at 8 p.m.

J. H. SEAMER } Hon.
ROBERT WALKER } Secs.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

GEORGE MERRIMAN
WILL ADDRESS THE ELECTORS
of
WEST SYDNEY
at
HOLLAND'S QUARRYMAN'S ARMS, PYRMONT,
at 7.30 o'clock,
THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING.

HUGH SHAW, Esq.,
will
PRESIDE.

And at the
LORD WOLSELEY HOTEL, CROWN-ROAD and QUARRY-STREET, ULTIMO,
at 8.30 o'clock.

FRANK BLAIR,
THOMAS HUNTLEY, } Hon.
H. H. BROWNE, } Secs.

MERRIMAN FOR WEST SYDNEY.

GEORGE MERRIMAN
is a
CANDIDATE
for
RE-ELECTION,
and
RESPECTFULLY SOLICITS
your
VOTES and INTEREST.

ELECTORS OF WEST SYDNEY.

GEORGE MERRIMAN
is a
CANDIDATE
for
RE-ELECTION.

VOTE FOR HIM.

MERRIMAN FOR WEST SYDNEY.

THE GENERAL SECRETARIES
will be
IN ATTENDANCE
at the
CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS,
LESTER'S QUEENSLAND HOTEL,
Erskine and Kent streets,
EVERY EVENING.

Electors desirous of assisting to secure the return of Mr. MERRIMAN can have their names enrolled on the Committee.

FRANK BLAIR,
THOS. HUNTLEY } Hon.
H. H. BROWNE } Secretaries.

WEST SYDNEY ELECTION.

The following gentlemen have formed themselves into a COMMITTEE to secure the return of A. KETHEL, J.P.:—

John See, M.L.A.	W. M'Millan, Esq.
Henry Clarke, M.L.A.	John M'Leod, Esq.
G. W. Tate, J.P.	J. Noble, Esq.
J. Graham, J.P.	E. T. Romeril, Esq.
Chas. Field, J.P.	J. Johnson, Esq.
George Wells, J.P.	A. C

Parliamentary Elections.

SOUTH SYDNEY ELECTION.

The following gentlemen constitute a COMMITTEE to secure the return of Mr. ARCHIBALD FORSYTH:—

R. Fletcher
Alderman Kippax
S. Hume
Jas. Hume
B. Rhodes
J. Stubbs
W. M. Jackson
D. C. Hollander
J. Lawrence
S. Smith
H. S. Bird
Geo. Fehrenbach
W. Armitage
J. F. Murphy
T. Armstrong
F. E. Maclean
S. Kippax
A. Young
Jas. Kelly
C. W. Lynch
J. Lennox
T. Bint
W. Lukey
W. G. Armitage
J. Johnson
R. Luscombe
F. Eccles
W. Thornton
G. Hopkins
W. Wilson
G. Adams
R. Miles, jun.
G. Baker
J. Fay
T. Roberts
H. Robertson
— Crane
W. Brewer
J. Hunter
J. Pillon
T. J. Jones
W. Smith
J. Newland
A. Mason
E. W. O'Sullivan
J. Forsyth
James Gordon
J. E. Spragg
L. Iredale
W. Richards
W. J. M'Mullen
J. Calbert
O. Perkins
C. Anderson
J. Harper
G. Paeten
D. Gallagher
W. Goose
H. M'Mullen
J. M'Gufficke
J. H. Clayton
G. Twiss
R. Dickson
C. Hennesy
W. Miles
J. Manning, sen.
G. Moss
E. Clarke
R. Golding
— Watson
— Copeland
G. Peyton
A. H. Ridley
—Eccles
C. Hollander
W. Muir
T. Buchanan
R. Pearson
William Dymock
J. W. Wiley
A. C. Forsyth
W. Rourke
W. Magovney
C. W. Richards
R. Wetsen
D. Shoosmith
H. T. Perkins
R. Edinborough
J. Jacobs
J. Watt
G. Watt
J. Teagle
W. Auld
G. Hopkins
G. Cripps
M. M'Farlane
T. Carrol
H. Meats
H. Cox
J. Manning, jun
F. Morton
M. Guest
J. G. Wilson
— Watson
P. J. Wiley
J. Beagle
— Farquharson
M. M'Lilan
G. T. Field
A. Francis
J. M'Lean
R. Engbert
C. Sheppard
L. Kirwin
— Howes
T. Bass
E. Kelly
R. Perkins
J. Butterfield
P. Munday
D. Saltwell
T. Cooper
W. House
T. Pyne
E. G. Moss
F. W. Gallishsh
J. A. Smith
W. M'Culloch
J. Doherty
M. Hourigan
N. Brennan
D. Ireland
P. M'Namara
J. Smith
— Elliott
J. Elliston
J. Entwistle
— Begbie
W. Howes
— Smith
W. F. Anderson
H. Ross
T. Mackey
T. Smith, sen.
C. Drehow
W. Watson
T. Kirwan
J. Kelso
R. Pearson
C. Curtis
G. Shaw, sen.
J. Mullins
P. Rudwald
J. Shying
W. Connell
P. Belfield
H. Holterman
J. W. Paterson
J. M'Erneny
C. Schroder
C. Rhodes, jun.
C. Tweed
J. Brown
T. Davis
J. Bourke
C. Harrison
B. Quinton
T. Smith
J. Elliott
T. Elliston
M. Enright
— O'Connor
— Gray
— Toose
J. Rowell
M. Lambert
W. Cavanagh
T. Smith, jun.
M. Anderson
J. M. Golding
W. Kirwin
J. H. Smith
J. Holland
G. Shaw, jun.
F. Fogarty
J. J. Bennett
J. Thenher
J. M'Farland
J. Gallagher
W. Walters
W. Connell
M. M'Inerny
Jas. M'Farlan
T. Wilmott
H. R. C. Cox
T. Smith
J. Curtis
J. Bailey
R. Cummings
G. Lyon
— Atkinson
J. Elliott, jun.
J. Kenwright
J. Erwin
J. Downey
— Davis
J. Kearney
P. Fagan
J. Shoppel
J. Morgan
R. Hogben
J. Johnson
R. Maloney
J. A. Newton
F. Hurlbatt
T. Hudson
R. Flanagan
M. Smith
H. H. Vincent
J. M'Keown
F. Walther
T. White
W. Craddock
C. Francis
M. E. M'Cleary
A. Larkins
J. Badger
J. Urquart
W. Williams
R. Hamilton
C. A. Salmon
J. Cornwell
F. Stevenson
F. Newton
C. Davison
T. Mellon
G. Bevel
C. B. Krieganson
J. Doherty

Parliamentary Elections.

TO THE ELECTORS OF MUDGEE.

Gentlemen,—Parliament is dissolved, and viewing the peculiarities of the political situation I feel it to be my imperative duty, at whatever inconvenience and at whatever sacrifice, to offer you my services once more.

When I first addressed you, more than 30 years ago, I said that if elected I would to the best of my ability assist to "guard and advance the rights and liberties and the general welfare of the people of this colony." You elected me, and from that time to this have never rejected me. I have done my duty, and have no fear of your now refusing me a renewal of your confidence.

Fortunately, until the existence of the last Parliament, there was little or no necessity to guard rights once created, because no Parliament had been hardy enough, or unfaithful enough, to assail them.

The Liberal party had meanwhile, *during* much struggling, practically established the principles of vote by ballot, manhood suffrage, equal electoral districts, and had swept away the old outrageous Masters and Servants Act, and had obtained the principle that when selling our country lands the man who covenanted to reside on it and improve it, and thus specially aid in the development of the resources of the colony, should select a suitable site for his operations from what was available, including all the land that might be let or relet for pastoral purposes after January, 1862. He was permitted to take possession on payment of 5s per acre, without competition and without delay (even for survey), with preference over all other purchasers, and on the easiest terms of credit for the balance commensurate with the fair rights of the public. On the other hand those who purchased, covenanting to give money and nothing but money for their land, could purchase only such as the Government offered for sale, subject to *competition* in the open mart, and with a minimum cash price of one pound sterling per acre: these provisions obtaining in the interests of the whole people, that on every alienation of land the rights of the public Treasury should be protected.

Towards the close of the year 1882 that portion of the pastoral tenants that Mr. Robert Lowe, when in our Legislative Council, designated "cormorant squatters" and their followers, having, without the observation or suspicion of the public, got into the Legislative Assembly in great numbers on such sham cries as the abolition of the free selectors' interest, &c., appeared to think it a good opportunity to obtain a majority against the Government. The policy of the movement was "all things to all men." Whisperings and promises went secretly round, so as to catch the votes of members on grounds the most antagonistic. Each approachable member was told that which would best suit the peculiarity of his position. They succeeded in putting the Ministry into a minority, and Parliament was dissolved.

The cormorants got the sympathy of the press—for the most part at any rate—and scandalously deceived the country as to the great axe of their own which they intended to grind, under cover of the sham cries I have alluded to. Trying to check this torrent of wrong, I, on the 24th November, 1882, issued an address to you, which was published in every newspaper in the colony. The following are extracts from it:—

* * * * * * *

"It was not denied by my opponents that the bill was well and ably prepared; but as it did not provide for giving the squatters new powers and privileges at the expense of the rest of the community, it was rejected at the second reading. The duty of immediate and important action was then cast upon the Government of Sir Henry Parkes.

"We could resign our offices, relieve ourselves from trouble and responsibility, and leave the rights of the people at the mercy of gentlemen the leading objects of whom are retrogressive in the extreme; or, we could advise his Excellency the Governor to dissolve Parliament. You are doubtless already aware that we took the latter course, and that his Excellency accepted our advice.

"Thus, all that has been won for the people by their representatives during the period of responsible government, and now in jeopardy, is faithfully remitted, without tamper or restriction, to you and to the other electors of the country!"

* * * * * * *

"They condemn certain abuses which have arisen under the present law, yet for the lands they would leave open to free selection they propose nothing preventive that is not in the rejected bill; but, as Mr. Stuart puts it, his opposition is to what he calls 'unrestricted free selection.'

"The great body of the squatters have ever viewed with jealous greed the undoubted right of the people to select for themselves land upon which to expend their labour. In 1861 an arguable proposition in favour of classification of land, and restriction of selectors from all but so-called 'agricultural areas,' was submitted to the constituencies and rejected, with a unanimity which never occurred before or since in this country, and the present thoroughgoing right of choice was enforced. It has been maintained by the people at the ballot-boxes at every general election from that time to this.

"But if the people have hitherto declined to listen to any such proposition as that proposed by my opponents in 1861 in favour of the squatters, what shall be said of the present rule of thumb proposal to shut out from them *one-half* of every run in the colony without discrimination or classification?

"It is simply to take from the people the rights of selection which they now possess and to hand over holus bolus exclusively to the squatters all the lands, approaching 100,000,000 acres, with regard to which the new theorists desire to make a change.

"The flimsy reason put forward to justify this extraordinary proposition is that there have been quarrellings, &c., between squatters and free selectors, as if the history of contention for the possession of land is not coeval with that of man. A notable mode of conciliation our present opponents would take. It would be first to strengthen the squatters in the so-called strife, they being already too strong for the selectors and the would-be selectors; and then, when the squatters are safely lodged on one-half of their immense holdings of public lands, leave them with all the powers it is alleged they have so much abused to work the selectors and would-be selectors out of the other half.

"It has been suggested that the change would give more rent from the squatter for that portion of his run which it is proposed to shut out from settlement, but no other means of raising rent has been suggested than that fixed by my Bill. Increased rent is not what the squatters mean. The promise given by my opponents, and rejected by me, of compensation for the resumption of leased lands doubtless gave the great preponderance of fifteen to six of the squatters in the Assembly to the opponents of the Government. All honour to the minority; it proves it proof were necessary that there are squatters who care more for the country than for their own pockets.

"Compensations have already become odious to the public. This locking up the land hitherto open, and compensation from the Crown for resumption, if permitted, call forth such shoals of demands upon our Treasury as will more than swamp all our income from Crown lands.

* * * * * * *

"Restriction of selection by the people, and long leases up to 20 years, with fixity of tenure, is put forward by our opponents at a time of progress when success-ful efforts everywhere abound for the discovery of water in abundance in vast and fertile districts hitherto waterless; and put forward notwithstanding the fact that many large towns have been established and tens of thousands of people prosperously settled on the land which the dissolution of Parliament of 1861 resulted in preventing from being closed from selection.

"Advantages have abounded in every walk of life under the present law. The workman who depends on the labour of his hands is better paid. Our colony stands pre-eminent among the Australias—our pastoral, agricultural, and all other interests are more prosperous than ever they were—and such of our people as desire to possess land to make homes for themselves are not restricted in their choice as the opponents of the Government would restrict them.

"During 20 years and more some selectors—very many—have sold their land, and that is put forward as a reason for restricting all others in their wish to become selectors. I do not know whether the electors desire that kind of thing, but I will give it my most determined and uncompromising opposition. So *far as I* am concerned, I know I shall not be charged by any fair man with ever willingly doing an injustice in my public position to either squatter, free selector, or to the public whose land I administer, and I will continue to do, so long as I have power, what I believe to be right and within the law, without regard to consequences."

However, the cormorants came back to Parliament with a majority, and after thirteen months' struggling with a minority who thought with me, and who pointed out all the faults and rascality that have already cropped up under the new law, and more, as "Hansard" will show, they passed a land law after their own hearts.

It provides that about one-third of our whole territory, being that in the West, shall be preserved for large holders; no selector may go there!

It provides that one-half of every run in the remainder of our colony shall also be kept clear of free selectors, the whole having been under the old law open to them.

It provides that any selection—and they can reach 2560 acres—must be fenced, and that no other improvement will be allowed for; so that a bona-fide settler who goes on the land with his family must fence it in before he erects a house to cover them; these provisions clearly showing that all that is intended is to make the so-called free selection suitable for a squatter's dummy, and that a farmer's improvements are treated as not worth consideration, and they are not considered in making a sale to him. Half-a-million of acres are being alienated to individuals monthly, on a principle of payment that will take more than four years to recoup the survey charges for the same. Mr. Dibbs will, I fear, find these terms of alienation of our public lands anything but beneficial financially; indeed, that so far as our land operations, springing from the Act of 1884, are alone concerned, the cost will be more than the income.

Then, again, the new mode of providing only one appraisement of a run during 15 years will be found very unprofitable, as compared with the old mode of appraisement every five years. Almost every time a reappraisement has taken place for many years, the rent has been largely increased; but now, in a period of almost unexampled depression, one appraisement made under such adverse circumstances is considered sufficient for some 15 years.

The bunglings that have occurred in not bringing the law into operation for many months after the time intended, and in dividing the runs by the rule of thumb, are the laughing-stock of the neighbouring colonies, and are such as have never occurred before in Australasia.

It is difficult, however, to know what to do in the almost inexplicable confusion. Engagements have been made between our Government and individuals involving enormous considerations. I should be sorry if we followed the example of Victoria, and repudiated any State engagement. The subject must be honestly and fairly grappled with. I hoped to have been present at the opening of Parliament, and that such opening had been months earlier, when I would have made one more effort to stay the disastrous waste of public property that has occurred and is occurring, whilst the cry goes forth, "Give the law a fair trial."

Half a million of acres have gone each month, and half a million of acres are each month going into private hands for half nothing, yet the idiotic cry prevails, "Give the law a fair trial."

In the midst of all this the two Ministers who were the most active in favour of, and most responsible for the new land law, have quietly taken themselves off to the nominated Chamber, and thus got clear of the claws of their constituents, while the new Minister for Lands practically promises that there shall be no more jobbery or corruption in the department over which he is to rule.

I have alluded sufficiently to the retrograde action of the Government with regard to the land question. But not satisfied with their iniquitous designs on that matter, they have made it apparent that the people's cherished rights would soon all be gone if their party remained in office. As a proof of this they got up what they called a Convention, placed three of our Ministers in it, who joined themselves with so-called delegates from the other colonies, and behind the back of the people and the press, drew up a bill which they called the Federal Enabling Bill, which was to enable the federation of the colonies by the mother-country, and their being placed under the control of some dozen federal councillors, these councillors having the power to snatch from us one-half of the rights and liberties which we obtained through the efforts of the enlightened men who drew our Constitution Act, and to overbear to a like extent the liberties which the people have gained since we obtained responsible government. This precious bill would have placed us under the control of the enlightened representatives of Fiji and Western Australia, and the disinterested Governments of Victoria, &c., &c.

Our Government, at that time led by Mr. Dibbs, actually had the audacity practically to move the adoption of this bill by our Parliament. The first stage of their action was to move that the House go into committee to consider the bill, upon which, I moved and carried the previous question, which was equivalent to saying: "We won't even consider it," and we heard no more of it until the Governor's speech of the other day, when it transpired that our much respected Governor had had put into his mouth by his injudicious advisers to say the following insulting words to our Parliament:—

"With the conviction that the Federal Council Bill, recently passed by the Imperial Legislature, would not have proved, in the form in which it was submitted, acceptable to the people of this colony, my advisers did not join in supporting that measure. The nature of the amendments which, to secure co-operation, it would have been necessary to make in the bill, were communicated to the Secretary of State for the Colonies. Had the suggestions proposed by my advisers been accepted, a compromise might have been effected, by means of which both this colony and that of New Zealand might have been included in the Council."

I should like to know who authorised our Ministers to make any suggestion or take any action which could possibly, with ordinary decency, on any terms, include this colony in the Federal Enabling Bill, when they knew that the only time that it came before our Parliament it was refused consideration even?

Unless the people look to it, we shall have Government alone by the Executive Council, and the chamber of their representatives will become as nothing. Indeed, a new power seems likely to smother all, including the Governor and all the Ministers but the Premier. A council of premiers has been established, and our Ministers chose Mr. Service as "boss" Federal Enabling Premier, and he, nothing loath, issues his mandates from "the Premier's office, Melbourne," practically for and on behalf of Australasia. It is thus that the Imperial Parliament were humbugged into believing that the colonies wanted the Federal Enabling Bill.

The idea of any such authority existing amongst the Premiers without the Cabinet and without the sanction of Parliament must be put down.

Ministers boast of having passed a great number of laws; it would be better if they could point to one that is workable. The fact is they have put their hands pretty well on everything, and left each worse and more difficult to deal with than it was before they touched it.

Two points for consideration have lately been revived. Payment of members, and protection. I confess that I have always been in favour of payment of members, and have often voted for it; but I never thought it of sufficient importance to justify the breaking up of a party, *nor do* I think so now.

As to protection, I believe I am the most thorough-going protectionist, properly understood, that has ever been in our Parliament, because I would protect every man in his right to engage in that honest industry that *will bring* him the most means, with perfect right to expend his money in the way that will bring to his household the greatest amount of comfort, without attempting to restrict him as to from whom he shall purchase. Hence I am a free trader.

I think it will be admitted that up to the period of my recent accident I have attended pretty well to your local wants. I supported the Government in their proposition to carry a railway line to Coonamble from Mudgee, via Gulgong. The main railway line via Colo Creek has not yet been ripe for Parliamentary discussion. Both lines have always had my warm support, and shall continue to have it.

Your faithful servant,
JOHN ROBERTSON.

P.S.—I shall visit your electorate before the day of nomination. Due notice will be given of my movements. J. R.

THE ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF HARTLEY.

A PUBLIC MEETING
of the
ELECTORS
of the abovenamed Electorate will be held at noon, at the
COURT-HOUSE, HARTLEY,
on the
13th DAY of OCTOBER, 1885,
for the
NOMINATION AND ELECTION OF A MEMBER
to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the Electoral District of Hartley.

In the event of more than one candidate being proposed, and a Poll demanded, the Polling will take place on the 16th day of OCTOBER, 1885, at the following places:—

HARTLEY
LOWTHER
MOUNT VICTORIA
TARANA
PORTER'S RETREAT
OBERON
WALLERAWANG
BEN BULLEN
RYDAL
LITHGOW
SYDNEY
KATOOMBA,
and
HARTLEY VALE
SYDNEY (Central Police Office).

The polling will commence at 8 a.m., and close at 4 p.m. of the same day.

RICHARD FRYER, J.P.,
Returning Officer,
Mount Victoria.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE HUNTER.

Gentlemen,—Parliament having been dissolved in consequence of the inability of Stuart Ministry to refute charges of maladministration, or to defend the violation of their pledge to enter upon the session proper for the year early in May, in virtue of which pledge the House granted them the Estimates for 1885, without division or amendment, I have the honor once more to offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages.

The session of last month was manifestly never intended, by the Ministry, for more than empty show other than the possible realisation of a hope that the majority which had supported them throughout, in consideration of their bad policy, would stand by them in their constitutional demand, on the eve of the dissolution, for the passing of the Estimates for 1886, though supplies had already been voted by Parliament for the full term of its legal existence.

Notwithstanding that, when the Stuart Ministry acceded to office, there was, according to the admission of its Treasurer, a cash balance to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue of £13,467,386, "free and clear of all claims and liabilities," and that, immediately after delivering his Financial Statement, the hon. gentleman expended £1305 19s 2d in telegrams for the English press on the splendid state of the finances, there is too much reason for apprehending that there is at the present time a large deficit, and that, if the profuse and reckless expenditure inaugurated by the Stuart Ministry is allowed to proceed unchecked, we shall soon be compelled to submit to new and oppressive taxation.

The Ministry formed since the prorogation by Mr. Dibbs affords no guarantee of a better state of affairs.

My opinions on the Land Question, Free Trade, Education, Immigration, Federation, and other leading questions of the time are well known to you and remain unchanged.

I intend, however, to address you at the nomination, and to hold *as many meetings in different parts* of the electorate as may be practicable for the purpose of more fully explaining my views on the political circumstances and prospects of the colony.

I am, gentlemen,
yours faithfully,
J. F. BURNS.

Sydney, October 10.

THE ELECTORATE OF EAST MACQUARIE.

To JOHN SHEPHERD, Esq.,
of
Yetholme and Sydney.

Dear Sir,—Understanding that a vacancy in the representation of the Electorate will occur, consequent upon the absence from the colony of New South Wales of Edward Coombes, Esq., C.M.G., we request that you will allow yourself to be nominated as a Candidate for the Electorate, and will do our best to secure your return.

We remain,
Yours respectfully,
AMBROSE JOHNSON, J.P.
(And here follow 620 other signatures).

To Ambrose Johnson, Esq., J.P., and the others signing the Requisition.

Gentlemen,—In response to your largely signed Requisition, I beg to announce to my fellow-electors that I am a Candidate for one of the seats now vacant in the Electorate of East Macquarie.

The election is an important one, involving issues of the general character affecting the very foundations of responsible Government. It is for the electors to decide if Mr. Wright and other Ministers are to hold office in defiance of the true spirit of our Constitution.

Lately honest administration ceased, and it is now the imperative duty of every colonist to take part in bringing to a termination the reign of corruption and gigantic log-rolling. The indecent haste and unfairness with which some of the elections have been fixed, while others have been postponed, must arouse a suspicion in the minds of the electors that an attempt is being made to gag discussion.

The last Parliament was elected to deal with a much-needed Land Reform; but, unfortunately, the power of large monetary institutions, and other influences inimical to the welfare of the people, dominated—to the effect that the present law is worse than the last. Settlement is debarred, and oppression is a leading principle of the Act. The true interest of the colony demands that the Land Act of the Government be without delay amended. The reckless squandering tendencies of the Government have resulted in reducing a large surplus to a deficit of probably more than a million, and the failure to secure sufficient revenue from the land will necessitate a scheme of taxation, but I am totally opposed to the late impracticable and unjust proposals of the Colonial Treasurer.

I have always been opposed to a nominee Upper House, and the nominations made by the late Government should strikingly convince the electors that a system of elective representation should be adopted. The absolute regardlessness of some of the members of the late Parliament to the right of the majority of the people—their subservience to the Ministry—the species of logrolling which took place over the Land Bill—the extraordinary railway votes—and the now notorious division against Mr. Garran's motion, lead me to believe that a reform is necessary, whereby members should be paid for their attendance in Parliament. A Department of Agriculture should be established with a responsible Minister at its head, so that those interested in agricultural pursuits would be afforded some better means of demanding and obtaining their rights. The mining laws require codification and material amendment—simplification of those laws and the regulations thereunder would tend to develop the great resources of this most important electorate—schools of mines should be established similar to those at Ballarat and Sandhurst, in Victoria, and facilities afforded to test by assay the discoveries of bona fide prospectors and miners.

I have for many years been actively identified with the development of this district. My connection with it, as a miner and agriculturalist, will lead me to an intimate and practical knowledge of our many requirements.

Upon the above heads, and other matters affecting the political situation, I will address you personally at various parts of the electorate. If elected, you will find me sufficiently firm and independent to carry out the trust reposed in me.

I am,
yours faithfully,
JOHN SHEPHERD.

Brooklands,
Yetholme,
10th October, 1885.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST MACQUARIE.

LEWIS SAMPSON is a CANDIDATE, and solicits YOUR VOTE and INTEREST.

LEWIS SAMPSON,
Belmore Park, Sydney.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF THE NEPEAN.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the above-named Electorate will be held at noon on TUESDAY, the 13th day of OCTOBER instant, for the nomination of one member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the said electoral district.

In the event of more than one candidate being proposed and a poll demanded, the polling will take place on FRIDAY, the 16th day of OCTOBER, at the following places:—

PENRITH
EMU PLAINS
CASTLEREAGH
SPRINGWOOD
CUDDENHAM
ST. MARY'S
EASTERN CREEK
SYDNEY.

J. KING LETHBRIDGE,
Returning Officer.

Penrith, October 10, 1885.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NEWTOWN.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of Newtown will be held at the Hustings, Newtown, at noon on TUESDAY, the 13th day of October instant, for the nomination and election of three members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the said electoral district.

In the event of more candidates being proposed than the number of members required, and a poll demanded, the polling will take place on FRIDAY, the 16th of October instant, at the following places:—Newtown, Camperdown, Macdonaldtown, Darlington, and the Central Police Court, Sydney.

WILLIAM BAILEY,
Returning Officer.

Pendower, Cambridge-street, Stanmore.

TO THE ELECTORS of NEWTOWN.

Gentlemen,—I beg to inform you that it is my intention to seek re-election at the forthcoming election, and respectfully solicit your votes and interests.

Yours faithfully,
H. S. MITCHELL.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

Mr. J. MITCHELL
will
ADDRESS
the
ELECTORS
as
follows:
THIS, TUESDAY, EVENING,
13th,
LION ARCADE,
King-street, Newtown,
7.30 p.m.

WRIGHT'S IMPERIAL HOTEL,
M'Donaldtown,
8.30 p.m.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

VOTE for W. J. FOSTER, a worthy successor of the late S. C. Brown.

VOTE for FOSTER, the framer of the Employers' Liability Act, which protects the working man from the carelessness of his employer.

VOTE for FOSTER, who is not afraid to give expression to his opinions.

VOTE for FOSTER, whose private and public character are beyond reproach.

ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

Your VOTES and INFLUENCE are respectfully solicited in favour of N. HAWKEN.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE.

J. F. SMITH,
Mayor of Newtown,
will meet and address the Electors as follows:—
TO-NIGHT, Monster Meeting at the Town Hall, Newtown, at 8 o'clock.
WEDNESDAY, at Curtis's Hotel, Cook's River-road and Alice-street, at half-past 7 o'clock; and Smith's Duke of Edinburgh Hotel, Enmore-road, at 9 o'clock.
THURSDAY.—General Committee Meeting at Town Hall, Newtown, at half-past 7 o'clock.

C. T. PEIRCE, Hon. Sec.

NEWTOWN ELECTORATE.

Mr. FREDERICK JAMISON GIBBES
will
ADDRESS the ELECTORS at the following Places:—
MACDONALD TOWN:
THIS EVENING, 13th October, Wright's Hotel, at 7.30 o'clock.
COOK'S RIVER-ROAD:
THIS EVENING, 13th October, M'Connell's Hotel, at 9 o'clock.
CAMPERDOWN:
WEDNESDAY, 14th October, Town Hall, at 7.30 p.m.
MISSENDEN-ROAD:
WEDNESDAY, 14th October, Rochester Hotel, at 9 p.m.
NOMINATION THIS DAY, Tuesday, 13th October, 12 noon, at the POLICE COURT, Newtown.

ROBERT HANNAN } Hon.
ROBERT HASTINGS } Secs.

NEWTOWN PARLIAMENTARY ELECTION.

ALDERMAN R. T. BELLEMEY
will
ADDRESS THE ELECTORS
as follows:
THIS DAY, TUESDAY, October 13th.—At Watson's Johnston's Hotel, Cleveland-street, at 7.30 p.m.; Marsden's Kingston Hotel, at 9 p.m.
WEDNESDAY, October 14th.—At May's Hotel, Missenden-road, at 7.30 p.m.; O'Connell Hotel, Cook's River-road, at 9 p.m.
THURSDAY, October 15th.—At Town Hall, Newtown, at 8 p.m.

J. ROBB } Hon.
T. DUNCAN } Secs.

TO THE ELECTORS OF NEWTOWN.

Gentlemen,—In consequence of unforeseen circumstances over which I have no control, I have deemed it advisable to withdraw myself as a Candidate at the present election. I thank those gentlemen who have interested themselves on my behalf, and those who have promised me their support. Should you on some future occasion have the same confidence in me as you have on the present, I shall have much pleasure in coming forward to represent your interests.

I am, gentlemen,
Yours respectfully,
WILLIAM ELVY.

Darlington, October 12, 1885.

NORTHUMBERLAND.

ELECTORS, VOTE FOR Mr. R. C. LUSCOMBE, the man above all others who has ROUSED the whole country to consider the importance of the interests of New South Wales Workmen, Agriculture, and Manufacture. Alliances, Leagues, and Chambers of Manufacture forming everywhere.

Voters, remember the leader in this work,
MR. R. C. LUSCOMBE.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF PADDINGTON.

GENERAL ELECTION.

A Public MEETING of the Electors of the Electoral District of Paddington will be held at the Hustings, Paddington, at noon on TUESDAY, the 13th day of October instant, for the Nomination and Election of three Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the said Electoral District.

In the event of more candidates being proposed than the number of members required, and a poll demanded, the polling will take place on FRIDAY, the 16th day of October, at the following places:—

DOUBLE BAY
PADDINGTON
WAVERLEY
RANDWICK
WATSON'S BAY
SYDNEY.
LOWER PADDINGTON.

Before nomination it *is* required that a *cash deposit of £40* (forty pounds) be paid to the Returning Officer.

JOHN MACPHERSON,
Returning Officer.

Chesterfield, Waverley, October 8, 1885.

PADDINGTON ELECTION.

The following gentlemen have formed themselves into a COMMITTEE to secure the return of JOHN M'LAUGHLIN:—

W. Henderson
J. A. Roberts
J. N. Harte
E. Bellisario
Samuel Brown
Hampton C. Gleeson
Percy Simpson
Walter Bradley
Henry Thorpe
Daniel Sheehy
W. H. Jennings
E. M'Carty
Thomas Heslett
Thomas J. Chapman
R. M'Clintock
M. Hagerty
O. Lewis
G. Gough
A. J. Brady
J. R. Hill
J. Rochester
John Tait, jun.
J. S. Robertson
E. Prosser
J. Dykes
G. J. Waterhouse
J. F. Morgan
John Sutherland.

Other gentlemen wishing to join the committee will please send their names to the undersigned.

GEORGE HILL
WM. HENDERSON } Hon. Secs.
M. L. ZOLLNER

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

Mr. M'LAUGHLIN'S LOCAL COMMITTEE,
WAVERLEY:—
Messrs. Edward Armstrong
G. Huenerbein
F. Guest
James Fulford
G. R. Watkins
H. M'Guire
J. A. Roberts
William Henderson
D. Fletcher
William Thomas
W. J. Cotton
— Galbraith
E. Davis
J. Haywood
J. Broughton
E. Pugh
A. H. Melville
H. Moore
John Logue
Michael Lardner.

MEETING EVERY NIGHT at 8 o'clock at Underwood's Royal Surry Hotel, Waverley.

W. T. BALL,
Hon. Sec.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

Mr. JOHN M'LAUGHLIN
will Address the Electors
THIS EVENING.
At Mortimer's Hotel, Double Bay, 7.15 p.m. Also, at Strange's Hotel, Watson's Bay, 9 p.m.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.
At the Town Hall, Randwick, 8 p.m.

THURSDAY EVENING.
At Duffy's Coachman's Arms Hotel, Oxford-street, Paddington, 7.30 p.m.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

To CHARLES STUART CANSDELL, Esq., Barrister-at-law, and lately Judge of the Western District Courts.

Sir,—Recognising your experience and ability as a professional man, and the broad and liberal views you entertain in reference to public affairs, we, the undersigned, would be glad to see you returned as one of our three representatives, and undertake to give you our support should you consent to be put in nomination.

REPLY:

To Robert Chadwick, J.P.; Charles Gerber, W. J. Weston, Thomas Knox, R. G. Reading, J.P.; Rev. W. J. Hillyer, Rev. A. Burdett, Rev. J. P. Sunderland, Edward Reading, Thomas Rowe, J.P.; Augustus Hill, G. Norton Russell, J.P.; Henry Ralfe, Leonard Gibson, H. Banks Smith, Herbert Raymond, W. W. Birkmyre, C. J. Burns, F. W. Stoddart, J. C. Fry, Caleb Soul, J. K. Macnish, Francis Blake, Robert Buist, W. J. Barkes, John Cordingly, W. G. P. Caswell, John A. Edwards, John Dennis, J. M. M'Guanne, A. Maclean, John Purcell, F.S. Pascoe, G. Stevens, A. J. Souter, John Scholes, and 308 other gentlemen.

Gentlemen,—I do myself the honour of accepting your requisition, and though you ask me for no pledges, I shall afford the electors many opportunities of hearing my views upon the public questions of the day, and, if elected, will endeavour to promote the interests of all by faithful services on the broadest lines of representation. I have the honour to be, gentlemen, your very obedient servant,

C. STUART CANSDELL.

Chambers, 9th October.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

CANSDELL and Free Trade.
CANSDELL and Development of Colonial Industries.
CANSDELL and Law Reform.
CANSDELL and Tram Reform.
CANSDELL and No Extension of Local Option without Compensation.
CANSDELL and Reform of the Upper House.
CANSDELL and Electoral Reform and no Ministerial Contract Jobberies.
CANSDELL and the City and Suburban Railways.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

Mr. CANSDELL will Address the Electors as under:—
TUESDAY—Bennett's Tea Gardens Hotel, Waverley.
WEDNESDAY—St. Matthias' Hall, Paddington.
THOMAS ROWE, Esq., J.P., will preside.

Chair at 8 o'clock precisely.

J. C. NEILD for PADDINGTON.

PADDINGTON AND WOOLLAHRA COMMITTEE.

W. Hezlet, J.P.	Thomas Blair
Alderman M'Intyre	Arthur Walker
M. C. Machardy	W. Knust
A. W. Gillies	J. G. M'Elveney
Neville Dowling	W. Nixon
Henry Thomas Broughton	J. Miller
George Fletcher	H. R. Reynolds
John Pope	C. B. Bond, J.P.
Wm. Petre	P. Bowes
S. Jamieson	T. Alcock
Wm. Thomas	W. Buchanan
C. T. Anderson	Alexander Shaw
Alderman White	John Pace
G. P. Jones	T. E. Saunders
T. George	W. J. Weston
H. Quartermain	J. S. Jamieson, J.P.
J. Borton	G. Norton Russell, J.P.
T. Lutton	Thomas Davies
G. Berg	E. H. Bristowe
S. Elliott	E. J. Abel
W. G. Roberts	Wm. Taylor, J.P.
J. Seabrook	John Burton
A. Pickering	J. Cordingly
A. Clark	W. Rush
W. J. Radford	E. A. Dunrich
H. Foster	John Macintosh, jun.
G. Mortimore	Alexander Urquhart
M. Ibrahant	R. C. Dawson
W. R. Nash	Vincent Farren
W. Duncan	Thos. Bray
E. Leves	James M'Elveney
C. H. Jolly	M. Bayfield
C. E. Ford	G. Edmondson, jun.
T. Proud	Eugene Arnold
W. Treble	W. B. Anderson
Thomas Watson	F. Hoare
J. S. Robertson	W. Hamilton
J. P. Smith	J. Cordingly
R. Chadwick, J.P.	Jas. M'Coy
Thos. Nott, M.D.	R. W. Nisbet
J. Lees	G. Hamilton
Clement Lewis	F. W. Curnow
George Bishop	M. C. Cowlishaw
James Macintosh	W. C. Locke
Thomas Ridley	Louis Cohen
Michael Hegarty	Chas. Artlett
Sidney Matthews	E. H. Daniel
John Winning	C. Berry
Alderman J. Robinson	C. Shard
J. S. M'Elveney	Jas. Burns, J.P.
H. Brian	Alderman J. Maclean
A. Barry	Alderman J. Johns
W. J. Stanton	John E. Begg
Thomas Cowlishaw	R. C. Winn
H. Watsford	F. Webster
G. P. Fiske	J. S. Mailler
J. Strugnell	D. E. Stewart
H. Harris	Andrew Steel
J. Scarbrooke	John Sherwin
G. Preston	Z. C. Barry
H. Quartermain	J. H. Robinson
W. J. Donaldson	Thos. Smith
F. S. Pascoe	Z. C. Barry
C. E. Ford	W. Foskett
W. Duncan, jun.	W. James
J. Barraclough	M. Dymock
H. Sanders	S. Elliott
W. C. Cains	G. Edmondson
G. Jones	G. Pakes
G. Mison	G. Coleman
J. Pecker	Charles W. Oakes.

R. H. BAYNES } Joint
W. DUNCAN, Jun. } Hon.
COLLIS BARRY } Secretaries.

J. C. NEILD FOR PADDINGTON.

RANDWICK COMMITTEE.

Walter Bradley	Alderman John Wilson
George Wall	H. S. Gibson
T. J. Stutchbury	W. G. Whiting
R. R. Harris	William Patrick
William Carson	John Francis
James Towers Hunt	Frederick Fewings
G. Downie	Thomas Edwards
J. Bardon	W. Bradley, jun.
T. Hezlet	G. Cale
W. Taylor	Frederick Howe
J. Service	J. Wright
A. Kemberly	W. Walton
J. M'Guire	James Robinson
J. Roarty	H. S. Stutchbury
James Armstrong	W. Banks
H. Hasge	Saml. Robinson

A. ASHTON SHORTER, Hon. Sec.

J. C. NEILD FOR PADDINGTON.

WAVERLEY COMMITTEE.

Robert Sands	William Thomas
J. Monnocott	George Fletcher
H. C. Emanson	William Braddow
Benjamin Martin	David Price
M. Stephens	Edward Thomas
S. R. Richardson	Wm. Bagshaw
Alex. Urquhart	J. Coopman
J. R. Watkins	John M'Donald
A. Barbarovich	E. W. Cook, jun.

JOHN JAMES, Hon. Sec.

TO THE ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON.

Gentlemen,—I have the honour to submit myself for re-election. Having been favoured with your confidence during the last two Parliaments, I am not aware of having done anything to forfeit my claim to your suffrages. I have accepted the position of Minister of Public Instruction in the new Government, and I trust that my past administration of that large and important office will lead you to endorse my re-acceptance of the same.

I shall have the pleasure of addressing you personally on the various topics of the day.

Your faithfully,
W. J. TRICKETT.

Fairlight, Edgecliff-road.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

Mr. W. J. TRICKETT
will ADDRESS the Electors
at the following times and places:—
TUESDAY, 7.30 p.m.—Randwick Council-chambers.
WEDNESDAY, 8 p.m.—Woollahra Council-chambers.
THURSDAY, 8 p.m.—Waverley Oddfellows' Hall.

ELECTORATE OF PADDINGTON.

ROBERT BUTCHER
will
ADDRESS THE ELECTORS,

TUESDAY, RANDWICK, Town Hall.
WEDNESDAY, PADDINGTON, Town Hall.
THURSDAY, WOOLLAHRA, Town Hall.

Chair at 8 o'clock.

ELECTORS BE EARLY AT THE POLL

on
FRIDAY, 16th,
and
VOTE FOR
BUTCHER.

ELECTORS,—A little apathy sometimes loses an election,

MAKE A POINT OF VOTING,
AND VOTE
for
BUTCHER.

PADDINGTON.

ELECTORS—STAND BY YOUR PROVED FRIEND
ALLEN.

PADDINGTON.

ALFRED ALLEN
Is our Man—Bold, Honest, and Able.

PADDINGTON ELECTORS.

You have THREE LAWYERS in the field looking for pickings—fair promises.

You have already been sold.

BEWARE! BEWARE!

Law and Grog go hand-in-hand.

AN ELECTOR.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

ALFRED ALLEN
at
WINDSOR CASTLE,
Windsor-street,
PADDINGTON,
TO-NIGHT,
8 o'clock.

COME AND HEAR A MAN
who can
REPRESENT THE ELECTORATE.

ALFRED ALLEN'S COMMITTEE
will meet
AT TEA GARDENS
TO-MORROW NIGHT,
7 o'clock.

W. W. FARMER, Sec.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

ALFRED ALLEN will ADDRESS the Electors
at the Windsor Castle Hotel,
Windsor-street,
THIS (Tuesday) NIGHT, at 8 o'clock.

ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON.

Do not Forget ALFRED ALLEN on
FRIDAY NEXT.
Give ONE VOTE for Sterling Character and
Proven Ability.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

Mr. J. C. NEILD
will
ADDRESS THE ELECTORS
at the
ODDFELLOWS' HALL, WAVERLEY.
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING.
W. Thomas, Esq., will preside.

WEDNESDAY, WINDSOR CASTLE HOTEL,
and at
DARLING POINT.

THURSDAY, WATSON'S BAY,
and
TOWN HALL, PADDINGTON.

PADDINGTON ELECTORATE.

Mr, J. C. NEILD'S COMMITTEE
meets
EVERY EVENING,
at
CORDINGLY'S HOTEL, Queen-street, Woollahra.

R. B. BAYNES } Hon. Secs.
WM. DUNCAN }
COLLIS BARRY }

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF ST. LEONARDS.

PRESIDING OFFICERS and POLL CLERKS will please attend at 11 o'clock on WEDNESDAY MORNING, 14th October instant, at 88, Elizabeth-street, for appointment.

BENJAMIN JENKINS,
Returning Officer.

St. Leonards, *October* 12, 1885.

ELECTORATE OF ST. LEONARDS.

CANDIDATURE
of
Honorable G. R. DIBBS,
for
RE-ELECTION
for
THE ELECTORATE
of
ST. LEONARDS.

The undermentioned, with power to add to their number, have formed themselves into a Comittee to use their utmost endeavours to secure the Re-election of the abovenamed Gentleman.

Francis Lord	Alfred Hilder
Edward Ridge	W. H. Tulloh
W. R. Roach	W. J. M'Leod
T. C. Haylock	C. H. Hayes
T. A. Dibbs	J. W. Cliff
J. A. Brown	G. R. Whiting
William Wiley	R. M. Pitt
A. Armstrong	C. C. Bullock
H. A. Jones	John Crawford
H. T. Robey	Colin Crawford
J. J. Lough	S. B. Bail

Funerals.

MASONIC.—Brethren of the English Constitution are requested to attend the Funeral of our late Brother, THOMAS PARKINSON, St. John's Lodge, Mudgee, 1451, E.C.; to move from his son's residence, 154, Pitt-street, Redfern, THIS DAY, Tuesday, at half-past 3 o'clock, for the Necropolis.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. THOMAS PARKINSON are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his son's residence, 154, Pitt-street, Redfern, THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, at half-past 8 o'clock, for the Necropolis. CHARLES BOOTS, Undertaker, 168, King-street, Newtown.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. ARTHUR W. PARKINSON are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved BROTHER, Mr. Thomas Parkinson; to move from his son's residence, 154, Pitt-street, Redfern, THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, at half-past 8 o'clock, for the Necropolis. CHARLES BOOTS, Undertaker, 168, King-street, Newtown.

THE FRIENDS of Messrs. HENRY and ARTHUR PARKINSON are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved FATHER, Mr. Thomas Parkinson; to move from his son's residence, 154, Pitt-street, Redfern, THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, at half-past 8 o'clock, for the Necropolis. CHARLES BOOTS, Undertaker, 168, King-street, Newtown.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. J. COLE, of Enmore-road, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late STEPFATHER, Mr. Thomas Parkinson; to move from his son's residence, 154, Pitt-street, Redfern, THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, at half-past 8 o'clock, for the Necropolis. CHARLES BOOTS, Undertaker, 168, King-street, Newtown.

THE FRIENDS of the deceased Mr. ALBERT JOHN ASHDOWN are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, Clarendon House, No. 82, Cumberland-street, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 1 o'clock, to Necropolis. REUBEN W. THOMAS (late Mrs. J. Thomas and Son), Undertaker, 44, Yorkshire-street (only).

THE FRIENDS of Mr. ISAAC TESTOR are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved WIFE, Elizabeth; to move from his residence, Rose Valley, Botany, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 1 o'clock, for Waverley Cemetery. ROBERT F. WOOD and CO., Undertakers, 807, George-street South, and Darling-street, Balmain.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. JANE ANN M'KENZIE are respectfully invited to attend her Funeral; to move from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Philip Roberts, 16, Alma-street, Darlington, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at quarter to 3 o'clock, to Necropolis. CHARLES KINSELA, 116, Oxford-street, near Crown-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. THOMAS M'KENZIE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his beloved MOTHER; to move from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Philip Roberts, No. 16, Alma-street, Darlington, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at quarter to 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. CHARLES KINSELA, Undertaker, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Messrs. WILLIAM and DAVID M'KENZIE are invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved MOTHER; to move from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Philip Roberts, No. 16, Alma-street, Darlington, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. CHARLES KINSELA, Oxford and Green's roads.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JAMES M'INTOSH are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved SISTER, Mrs. Jane Ann M'Kenzie; to move from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Philip Roberts, 16, Alma-street, Darlington, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA, 116, Oxford-street, near Crown-st.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. PHILIP ROBERTS are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved MOTHER-IN-LAW, Mrs. Jane Ann M'Kenzie; to move from his residence, 16, Alma-street, Darlington, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. CHARLES KINSELA, 116, Oxford-street, near Crown-st.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. HENRY VAUGHAN are requested to attend the Funeral of his late beloved MOTHER-IN-LAW, Mrs. Jane Ann M'Kenzie, late of Burwood-street, Redfern; to move from the residence of her son-in-law, 16, Alma-street, Darlington, THIS AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock.

THE FRIENDS of Mrs. HAMBLETON are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of her beloved and esteemed FRIEND, Mrs. Jane Ann M'Kenzie; to move from her son-in-law's residence, 16, Alma-street, Darlington, THIS AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock.

THE FUNERAL of the late Mr. ALEXANDER FORSYTH FLACK will move from the residence of his Son-in-law, Mr. Cotton, 204, King-street, Newtown, next Post-office, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at 2, for the Waverley Cemetery. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker, Bathurst-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mrs. DAVID MOON are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of her late beloved DAUGHTER, Ann; to move from her residence, No. 8, George-street, Waterloo, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. JOSEPH MEDCALF, Jun., Undertaker, Regent-street, Redfern.

THE FRIENDS of the deceased ANN MOON are respectfully invited to attend her Funeral; to move from her late residence, No. 8, George-street, Waterloo, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock for the Necropolis. JOSEPH MEDCALF, Jun., Undertaker, Regent-street, Redfern.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. and Mrs. LINDSAY HOLMAN are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved DAUGHTER, Beatrice Louisa; to move from her parents' residence, No. 39, Glebe-road, at 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. MICHAEL O'CONNOR are invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, 37, Sophia-street, Surry Hills, TO-MORROW (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. CHARLES KINSELA, Undertaker, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Messrs. JAMES and MICHAEL O'CONNOR are invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved FATHER; to move from his late residence, 37, Sophia-street, Surry Hills, TO-MORROW (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. CHARLES KINSELA, Oxford-st. and Green-road, Paddington, and 116, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. THOMAS MAHER are invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved BROTHER-IN-LAW, Mr. MICHAEL O'CONNOR; to move from his late residence, 37, Sophia-street, Surry Hills, TO-MORROW (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. CHARLES KINSELA, 116, Oxford-street, near Crown-street.

THE FRIENDS of Messrs. MAHER are invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved UNCLE, Mr. Michael O'Connor; to move from his late residence, 37, Sophia-street, Surry Hills, TO-MORROW (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. CHARLES KINSELA, Undertaker, 116, Oxford-st., near Ann-st.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JAMES JAMIESON are invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved BROTHER-IN-LAW, Mr. Michael O'Connor; to move from his late residence, 37, Sophia-street, Surry Hills, TO-MORROW (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. CHAS. KINSELA, Undertaker, Oxford-st., and Green's-rd., Paddington.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. MICHAEL CASEY, of Burwood are invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved BROTHER-IN-LAW, Mr. Michael O'Connor; to move from his late residence, 37, Sophia-street, Surry Hills, TO-MORROW (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. CHARLES KINSELA, Undertaker, 116, Oxford-st., near Crown-st.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. GILES SMITH, of North Shore, are invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved NEPHEW, Mr. O'Connor; to move from his late residence, 37, Sophia-street, Surry Hills, TO-MORROW (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. CHARLES KINSELA, 116, Oxford-street, near Crown-street.

A. H. C. GUILD.—The Members of the A. H. C. Guild are requested to attend the Funeral of their late Brother, MICHAEL O'CONNOR; to move from his late residence, Sophia-street, Surry Hills, on WEDNESDAY next, at a quarter to 2 p.m., to the Necropolis.

JAMES SHEEHAN, Secretary.

THE REMAINS of WILLIAM WALLIS, Esq., will leave his late residence, Moncur-lodge, Potts Point, TO-MORROW (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter before 2 o'clock, punctual, for the family vault, Necropolis. P. KIRBY, Undertaker, 66 and 84, Hunter-street, and 117, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. WILLIAM SWAFFIELD are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral, to move from his late residence, No. 68, Kellick-street, Waterloo, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter before 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. P. KIRBY, Undertaker, 66 and 84, Hunter-street, and 117, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. GEORGE R. NICOLL are invited to the Funeral of his beloved SON, David; to move from 3, Alfred-terrace, Forbes-street, Newtown, near Deaf and Dumb Institution, on WEDNESDAY, at 2, for the Mortuary Station, Redfern, thence to Presbyterian Cemetery, Rookwood. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker, Bathurst-street.

Lectures.

CHRISTIAN EVIDENCE SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

LECTURE

THIS DAY, October 13, in Protestant Hall, by the Hon. ALEXANDER GORDON, M.L.C. Subject: "The Bible the only credible explanation of what man was, is, and will be."

Chair to be taken at 8 p.m. by the Most Rev. the Lord Bishop of Sydney.

BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

The following FREE LECTURES will be delivered in the Technical College Hall, Pitt-street:—

Maternity Lectures (to women only)—"The Health of the Mother," by Miss L. Costello, THIS DAY, TUESDAY, 13th October, at 8 p.m.

Physiography.—"The Sea," by Mr. S. H. Cox, F.G.S., on WEDNESDAY, 14th October, at 8 p.m.

Physiology.—"Nerve Centres," by Dr E. von Leudenfeld, on THURSDAY, 15th October, at 8 p.m.

"Alloys," by Mr. E. W. Harris, on FRIDAY, 16th October, at 8 p.m.

EDWARD DOWLING, Secretary.

Educational.

A CARD.—Strictly private Lessons in Writing, &c. Letters written. Mrs. Norris, 80, Botany-st., nr Oxford-st.

A LESSON in Writing or Bookkeeping, any hour. Norris, writing-master, 80, Elizabeth-st., near Hunter-st.

EDUCATIONAL.—Dr. Chs. H. HORN, Visiting Tutor, has some hours disengaged. Over 55, Castlereagh-st.

LUSTRINE Painting Taught perfectly for 7s 6d; also, Oil Painting Taught. Address Madame, 106, Devonshire-st.

SHORTHAND.—Mr. JOHNSON, Pitman's certificated Teacher, 81, Glebe-rd. Thorough instruction, 10 lessons, 24s.

SINGING, Italian Method.—Mrs. ATKINSON is now prepared to take a limited number of Pupils. For terms, &c., apply Messrs. Paling and Co., or 5, Liverpool-street, Glenmore-road, Paddington.

THE SCHOOL, Mount Victoria.—Vacancies for Boarders. Special attention paid to Spelling, Composition, and Arithmetic. Regular Evening Lessons. Special class for junior and backward pupils. Splendid climate; careful supervision. Terms, 10 guineas a quarter. For references, &c., apply for circulars, H. G. REEVES, Principal.

WANTED, Beginners for the Pianoforte; terms moderate. Apply 66, Oxford-street.

Horticultural, Farming, &c.

SEEDS and PLANTS.—ANDERSON and CO., Seed Merchants, 216 and 218, Pitt-street.

Lost and Found.

FIFTEEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—LOST last Monday, Oxford-street, Paddington, near Hereford-street, Lady's UMBRELLA, white ivory handle. Apply T. McCreery, 114, Oxford-street, Paddington.

LOST, Gold and Silver Brooch PIN, set with stones. Reward, 222, Macquarie-street South.

LOST, in Newtown, Railway PASS between Croydon and Sydney. Reward, 354, George-street.

LOST, near Bond-street, 3 PHOTOS. of elderly gentleman. Please return to 164, Bond-street.

LOST, Gold and Hair BRACELET, Waverley. Finder rewarded by leaving at Woolley's tram terminus, Waverley.

LOST from 137, Victoria-street, a Rosella PARROT. Liberal reward if returned to above address.

LOST by a poor glazier, a Glazier's DIAMOND. Reward, 291, George-street.

LOST, between Newtown and Petersham, a Gold EARRING; reward. F. Westhoff, 231, King-street, Newtown.

LOST at Croydon Station, Scotch Terrier SLUT, black and tan, ears and tail cropped. Anyone returning her to Mr. John Reilly, Lang-street, Croydon, will be rewarded.

LOST, between Cromwell-street, Ashfield, and Enfield, Lady's HANDBAG. Finder will be rewarded on returning same to Mrs. Yates, Cromwell-street, South Ashfield.

LOST, between 74 and 76, King-street, and Farmer's, Pitt-street, a Gold BRACELET, with "good luck" in raised letters on it. Reward, Hy. W. Webb, 74 and 76, King-street.

LOST, Brown-and-White Milch COW; 10s reward on returning her. Any person found detaining same will be prosecuted. F. A. Mackenzie, Bondi.

LOST, Sunday, in Double Bay, large Cameo BROOCH. Reward. W. Manning, accountant Branch, G. P. O.; or Mrs. F. Orr, Double Bay.

LOST, on the 5th instant, between Botany-street and top of William-street, gent's gold Signet Ring, A. H. H. on stone. Reward at Flavelle Bros. and Robert's, George-street.

LOST, small Gold Tasselled BROOCH, between Leichhardt and Manly Beach. Reward on returning to C. H. Lever, 4, O'Connell-street, Sydney.

LOST, last week, either in Sydney or Newtown, a white-handled POCKET-KNIFE, with name on. R. Freeman. Anyone bringing the same to 37, Church-street, Newtown, will receive 10s reward.

RED-CHEQUERED Antwerp PIGEON LOST. Reward on return to R. W. Sidey, Thompson-st., Marrickville.

REWARD.—LOST, Black Merino JACKET, between Redfern and Darlington. Mrs. Merton, 123, Redfern.

STOLEN, Saturday, 10th instant, from 27, Wellington-st., Kingston, 2 ALBUMS. Reward on conviction. J. Gates.

STRAYED, from Newtown Steam Brickworks—One Black HORSE, branded Y near shoulder, white blaze. One Bay MARE, branded B off shoulder, like 884 near shoulder. Light Bay HORSE, string halter, scar on rump. Reward on returning same to above. Address Goodsell Bros.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.—LOST, at Sandringham, a Gold WATCH and TRINKETS. Apply to Mr. Yeo, stationer, Pitt-street, Sydney.

THE Person seen carrying a Black and Tan Fox Terrier DOG had better return it at once to save further trouble. Sophia Villa, Neville-street, Marrickville.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.—LOST, September, Fox-terrier SLUT (in pup), evenly marked, black-and-tan head. Anyone returning to 34, O'Connell-street, will receive above reward.

TWO POUNDS REWARD.—LOST, a Brown MARE, aged 4 years, stands 14-1, branded Z in circle on shoulder, hind feet white. Anyone detaining the same after this notice will be prosecuted. T. Daniels, Yurong-street, Woolloomooloo.

CAB Driver who Dropped COAT on Saturday last, call 283, George-street, with descriptions.

FOUND, Terrier SLUT. Owner can obtain it by paying expenses. D. Souter, 313, George-street.

FOUND, Italian Greyhound SLUT. Apply Officers' Mess, Victoria Barracks.

FOUND, a GREYHOUND and Retriever DOG; owner can have them by paying expenses. Apply 4, Reynolds-street, North Shore.

Military Notices.

FIRST REGIMENT, INFANTRY.

PAY for past Quarter will be issued as follows:—

No. 1 Co., Victoria Barracks; No. 2 Co., Orderly Room, Bridge-street, TO-NIGHT, 7.30 o'clock.

No. 3 Co., Victoria Barracks; No. 4 Co., Orderly Room, Bridge-street, TO-MORROW, Wednesday, at 7.30 o'clock.

Band, Victoria Barracks, THURSDAY, 7.30 p.m.

By order,

C. F. BARTLETT,
Captain and Adjutant.

Business Cards.

AA.—The International Patent and Trade Marks Office of Ed. Waters. Fred Walsh, manager, 51, Hunter-st.

A CARD.—SIMS and PARKES, Wholesale and Retail Herbalists, treat all diseases. 240, George-street North.

ADVICE and Medicine, 2s.—A physician attends from 10 to 1 and 6 to 9, at S. H. Prov. Dispensary, 379, Riley-st.

A GRAND IDEA.—Ladies' and gents.' Dress, Curtains, Gloves, Feathers cleaned and dyed. Vincent, 17, Botany-st.

ALL kinds of Cooking STOVES repaired by experienced workmen. J. Ward, 414, Crown-street.

A CARD.—Cheapest House for PORTMANTEAUS, BOXES, and BAGS. Locks and keys fitted. Repairs done, and Cabin Trunks made. LANCASHIRE and CO., 226, Pitt-street, and 148, Oxford-street.

A. COX, Silk, Woollen, and Cotton Dyer, Scourer, and Hot-presser, 61, William-street, Woolloomooloo; 855, Railway Bridge; and 50, Hunter-street. Gentlemen's apparel secured and properly pressed daily. Mourning dyed on the shortest notice.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, from a single tooth to a complete set; material and fit guaranteed. Mr. GEO. E. CARTER, Dentist, removed to 247, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park, near Liverpool-street.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—Avoid the many cheap amateur dentists now practising. Visit MURTON and PARTNERS. Two of the members of the firm hold diplomas from London and Paris. Two teeth, 15s; full set, £6. Fit, beauty, durability, and mastication guaranteed, or money returned. The best is the cheapest. 502, George-street.

A CARD.—The FIRST PRIZE and Highest Award for Mechanical Dentistry at the SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, the N. S. W. Agricultural Exhibition Medal for 3 years successively, the London International Medal, and the Philadelphia Centennial Medal for Artificial Teeth, have been gained by Mr. John Spencer against all competitors.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION by the aid of Nitrous Oxide Gas. Mr. JOHN SPENCER,
44, Wynyard-square North.

BABY Linen Establishment.—Cheapest in Sydney, plain figure prices. Mrs. Hinchcliffe, 121 and 123, Oxford-street.

BIRTHDAY CARDS, in great variety, at all prices. Cole's Book Arcade, 382, George-street.

BRITISH Plate and Sheet GLASS, silvered plate, paints, oils, colours, &c. J. Sandy and Co., 271, George-st.

CLAIRVOYANCE.—Mrs. MASON may be consulted on health, business, &c., 59, 141, Bowling-st., nr. Wm.-st.

CLAIRVOYANT HEALING (Electric Magnetic), 22, Castlereagh-st., past Exhibition, Eastern. Madame Chalk.

C. W. GOODCHAP, Quantity Surveyor, Contractor's Agent, Tattersall's-chambers, Hunter and Castlereagh sts.

DR. BOWKER, Senior, will not be much in attendance at 17, Clarence-street, for the next day or two.

DRESSMAKING.—Baby Linen and Underclothing, cheapest in Sydney, at Mrs. S. Coe's, 107, Oxford-street.

DRESSMAKING.—Baby Linen and Underclothing, cheapest in Sydney, at Mrs. S. Coe's, 107, Oxford-street.

DENTAL PRACTICE of the late Mr. J. E. Carter is continued by E. M. A. CARTER and an efficient practitioner, from London, on latest English principles, at 32, College-street, Hyde Park. Consultations free.

DISEASES of WOMEN and CHILDREN.—Miss CURLING, from the Ladies' Medical College, London, can be consulted daily at George-street, Parramatta, near railway and tram.

DAVID JONES AND COMPANY.

Premier Carpet, Floorcloth, and Linoleum Warehouse.

Best Brussels Carpets, registered patterns, in new Styles, and Colourings, from the Kensington School of Designs.
Best quality Tapestries, for Drawing, Dining, and Bed Rooms, in new and select patterns.
Floorcloths and Linoleums, thoroughly well seasoned and guaranteed qualities.
Carpets reconstructed and furniture re-covered.
368, GEORGE-STREET,
next to the English and Scottish Bank,
late 103, York-street.
DAVID JONES and COMPANY.

F. L. BARNES,
LIVE STOCK SALESMAN,
STOCK and STATION AGENT,
WOOL and PRODUCE AUCTIONEER.
Stores: Circular Quay.
Offices: 86, Pitt-street.

GAS STOVE, Paragon Roasting, Baking, Grilling, Toasting To-day, 11 till 1. Raleigh, 253, Elizabeth-street.

GUILFOYLE and PARSONS, Surveyors, Draughtsmen, Landscape Designers, House, Land, and General Agents. Labour engaged for stations, plantations, or farms. 15, Temple-court, King-street.

HENRY HART, Undertaker, 195, Devonshire-street, Surry Hills, near Riley-st. Cheap Funeral Establishment.

INEXPENSIVE MOURNING.—Black French Cashmere, to 8d to 4s 11d; Black Canvas Crepe Cloths, double width, 10½d to 14d yard; Indian Cashmeres, 45 inches wide, 1s 3½d; Canvas Cloths, 9½d to 8s 6d. At E. Way's, 213, Pitt-street.

KINLOCH AND HARRIS,
ESTATE and LAND AGENTS,
SURVEYORS and DRAFTSMEN,
Temporary Offices: Temple-court, King-street, and Commercial Union Chambers, Pitt-street.

Articled PUPILS, to be thoroughly educated in theory and practice, will be received.

LEFT-OFF Clothing and old Gold Jewellery wanted; large or small quantities. Lawson, 135, Bathurst-street E.

LEFT-OFF Wearing APPAREL bought, ladies' or gent's. Mrs. White, 362, Pitt-st. Letters attended to.

MISS GAILEY, Fashionable Dressmaker; good cut and fit guaranteed. Elsmore Cottage, Alfred-st., N. Shore.

ROBERT BONE, Commercial, Legal, and General Printer. Highest testimonials. Bond-street.

SILVER WATER and your choice of terms next Saturday, the 17th. Campbell, Mitchell, and Co.

SUITES of Furniture Re-covered, £3 3s. Edmund Courtney, upholsterer, Palace-st., Petersham, near station.

SILVERTON.

PELL and MACCABE,
Civil Engineers, Surveyors, Share Brokers, Land, Mining, and General Agents, Silverton.
Mines reported on, and all information re silver field given.

THE Highest Prices given for Left-off Clothing; letters attended to. Mrs. A. Barnett, 335, Castlereagh-street.

THE CHEAPEST LAND in the MARKET is at Auburn. Sale next Saturday. HARDIE and GORMAN.

WILL Ladies, with bad Teeth, call upon Aubrey Davis, Royal Arcade. Great reduction in prices.

WOSTENHOLM'S I.X.L. CUTLERY is the best.

Tenders.

BOROUGH OF VICTORIA.

TENDERS will be received until MONDAY, October 19th, For the Lease of Lot No. 1, Section 1, and Lots 1, 2, and 3, Section 2, Blue's Point Wharf, for a term of one year.

Particulars and conditions can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

The Council does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender.

WALTER G. WILLINGTON,
Council Clerk.

Council-chambers, Blue's Point-road,
October 10th, 1885.

QUEENSLAND STEAM SHIPPING COMPANY, Limited.

TENDERS are invited from persons willing to supply Meat, Provisions, Poultry, &c., to the steamers for a period of twelve months.

All particulars will be furnished on application to
BURNS PHILP and CO., Limited, Agents,
10, Bridge-street.

TENDERS invited for the Purchase of the STOCK-IN-TRADE, GOODWILL, and FIXTURES in the Estate of the late EDWIN CURTIS, Watchmaker and Jeweller, Bathurst. The BUSINESS, which has been ESTABLISHED OVER THIRTY YEARS, is acknowledged to be one of the BEST and MOST EXTENSIVE in the line IN THE COLONY, either in or out of Sydney. Full particulars on application to Mrs. Edwin Curtis, Howick-street, Bathurst. Tenders to be sent in under cover to Mr. A. G. THOMPSON, Solicitor, Russell-street, Bathurst, not later than November 30. Inner envelope to be sealed, and endorsed "Tender for the Purchase of the late E. Curtis' Stock, &c." No tender will be opened till December 1st. Terms, cash. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS are invited for the erection of WORKMEN'S DWELLINGS, Darling Harbour, for the Trustees of the late Henry Bell.

Plans and all particulars can be obtained at the office of the undersigned, to whom tenders are to be sent in not later than WEDNESDAY, October 21st.

R. CLARENCE BACKHOUSE,
Architect,
317, George-street.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of a WESLEYAN SABBATH SCHOOL, Liverpool-road, Ashfield. Plans and specifications may be obtained upon application to the undersigned, where tenders are to be delivered on or before THURSDAY, 22nd October.

HENRY A. WILSHIRE,
Architect.
Fitz-Evan-Chambers, 56, Castlereagh-street.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS will be received up to one o'clock p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 21st instant, for additional STORY and other Works to "Glenara," Montague-street, Balmain, for Dr. Carruthers. Plans, &c., at my offices.

W. R. H. CREBER, Architect.
Clement's-chambers, 88, Pitt-street.

TENDERS.—TO BUILDERS and CONTRACTORS.

FOR SALE.—New 8-Ton STEAM TRAVELLING CRANE. Two 16-ewt. STEAM HOISTING ENGINES, Steel Rails.

Apply
D. and W. ROBERTSON,
York-street.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS invited until October 26, for the Erection of Villa at Manly Beach, for J. H. Stone, Esq.

For plans, specifications, and particulars apply to
HARRY C. KENT,
Architect.
Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of the following Works:—

Villa Residence, Waverley; Five Houses, Enmore.

Plans, specifications, and form of tender on application at my offices, 171, York-street.

A. THORNLEY, Architect.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS invited to the 23rd instant for Erection of Billiard Room, at Waverley.

Plans and all particulars at the office of
HERBERT S. THOMPSON,
Architect,
Eldon-chambers, 92, Pitt-street.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS (in one sum) are invited till MONDAY, 19th instant, for House at Woolloomooloo.

Any Tender not necessarily accepted.

Plans, &c., at the offices of
PERCY CAMPBELL, Architect.
79, Arcade, King-street.

TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of Villa Residence at Kogarah.

Plans and Specifications to be seen upon application to the undersigned, to whom endorsed tenders are to be delivered on or before FRIDAY, 16th October, not later than noon.

C. H. E. BLACKMANN, Architect,
375, George-street.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS wanted, for all trades, except Brickwork, for a Hall at Ultimo.

Plans and specifications may be seen on application, 3, Yarralla-street, Newtown. EDWARD SAUNDERS.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS wanted, for two Houses at Manly Beach for F. K. Oliver, Esq.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application, 3, Yarralla-street, Newtown. EDWARD SAUNDERS.

TO BRICKMAKERS.

TENDERS required for making and burning about 100,000 BRICKS at Broughton Creek, all found.

W. A. ISLEY, Contractor,
Braidwood.

TO BUILDERS.

Messrs. MARTIN and RUSSELL request Tenders for the Erection of a Church and Schoolroom at Bondi. Also, for Alterations and Additions to Business Premises in George-street. Plans, &c., may be seen at their offices No. 99, Pitt-street.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of Villa RESIDENCE, on Temple Estate. Plans and specification may be obtained at the office of the architect, to whom tenders are to be delivered on or before the 26th instant.

DAVID ELPHINSTONE, Architect, 65, Market-street.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited up to the 22nd instant, for Extensive ALTERATIONS and ADDITIONS to RESIDENCE, Smith-street, Summer Hill. Plans, &c., to be seen at the Offices of the Architects,

ELLIS and SLATYER,
96 Pitt-street.

TENDERS FOR BLAIKIE'S CHEAP SLATING.—TENDERS for the sole right of using Blaikie's Cheap Slating in New South Wales for two, three, four, or five years, to be sent to the office of BRADY BROS., Tattersall's-chambers, on or before the 17th instant.

TO CARPENTERS, &c.—Tenders invited for Fencing around the Baptist Church, Church-street, Newtown. For specifications and particulars apply to J. ASHTON, Grocer, Hom. Secretary, 339, King-street, Newtown.

TO PLASTERERS.—Wanted, TENDERS for Plastering and Cementing 5 houses, labour and materials, or labour only. Plans and particulars to be had on the job, Ridge-street, off Bourke and Cleveland streets.

TENDERS, 40 perches Footings and Base, labour only, church at Waverley. Grant, builder, John-street, Ashfield.

TENDERS to Lay 40,000 Sandstocks, per 1000. J. Allen, 540, King-street South, Newtown.

TENDERS, Painting and Plumbing W. B. Cottage, J. Coghlan, Friendship Inn, Goulburn and Sussex streets.

TENDERS for small job of Painting. Swan with Two Necks, George and Park streets.

TENDERS.—Mason work of Shop at Redmyre, and Sinking Tank. See plans, Ethell-street, Burwood.

TENDERS wanted for Plastering Cottage. W. H. Short, Rosebv-street, Warren Estate, Marrickville.

TENDERS for Painting and Shutting 13 Venetian BLINDS. Apply George Hotel, Elizabeth-st., Waterloo.

TENDERS wanted, for Painting Shop and Dwelling. Apply to W. THEW, Parramatta-road, Burwood.

TENDERS wanted for PLUMBING Work and Plastering. Apply Kilgariff, on job, Buckingham-street, Redfern.

TENDERS wanted, Brickwork and Carpenter work of 4-roomed Cottage. J. Smith, Frederick-street, St. Peters.

TENDERS required for FENCING 60 acres at Manly with barbed wire. J. Graham, 543, George-street.

TENDERS wanted, for the Plumbing and Plastering of two Cottages; labour only. D. J. Keary, Hurstville.

TO Rubble Masons.—TENDERS are invited for Rubble Foundations at Balmain. Knowles & Bown, 136, Pitt-st.

WANTED, TENDERS for paving and drainage of stables. Apply on job, Bennett-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, TENDERS from Stonemasons for laying foundation and basecourse. Plans, &c., 105, William-st.

TENDERS GIVEN FOR GENUINE ASPHALT used for

SIDE WALKS,
DAMP COURSE,
CONCRETE ROOFS
UNDERGROUND TANKS
FANCY TILES
and Blocks for Sidewalks and Stables. Everlasting Wear.
ASPHALT PAINT—no more Damp Walls.
PATENT ASPHALTUM COMPANY, Limited. Store and Office 313, KENT-STREET.

KIAMA BLUE METAL, all gauges, screenings, and cubes. Campbell, Synnott, and Co., 255, George-street.

CALL for PLAN and Ticket for OXFORD PARK Sale. HARDIE and GORMAN, 133, Pitt-street.

LYNDHURST ESTATE, next Wentworth Park. 120 LOTS Next MONDAY. Richardson and Wrench.

ARNCLIFFE.—GREAT LAND SALE next SATURDAY. Free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

GRANVILLE.—Stinson's Subdivision, next Saturday. Free Tickets. No Interest. Richardson and Wrench.

SILVER WATER.—The Safest and Best Investment of All. Sale, NEXT SATURDAY, the 17th.

Apartments, Board and Residence.

A COMFORTABLE Furnished BEDROOM, suit respectable single man, mod., central. 5, Pelican-street.

A LARGE Balcony ROOM, unfurnished, use of kitchen; single Rooms, 250, Elizabeth-street, Belmore Park.

ALPINE HOUSE, 207, Brougham-terrace, Victoria-st. N., suite of apartments vacant. Vacancies for gentlemen.

APARTMENTS.—Front Rooms vacant. Mrs. Martyn, No. 11, Richmond-terrace, in the Domain.

A SINGLE BEDROOM Vacant at 223, Macquarie-street North.

AT 215, William-street, next Post-office.—Vacancies for married couple. Board and Residence,

A LADY in Ashfield, with more rooms than she requires, wishes to BOARD two gentlemen friends; a comfortable home is offered. For terms, Hardman Brothers, drapers, Strawberry Hills.

A VACANCY at MASCOTTE HOUSE, 85, Phillip-street, near Bent-street.

A SHFIELD, best business part, close station, back ROOM, with use of front parlour; good position for visiting dentist or music teacher. Mrs. Drescher, York Villa, Liverpool-road.

A GENTLEMAN, having a well furnished suburban RESIDENCE larger than he requires, would like to meet with a gentleman, or lady and gentleman, to share home; private rooms, attendance, &c.; stables if required; nice garden, every comfort and convenience; bath, gas, references, cards. T. L. Baker and Co., estate agents, 472, George-street.

A CHANGE OF AIR.

ELM-COURT, MOSS VALE
(Near the country seat of the Governor.)

This ELEGANT and COMMODIOUS MANSION is now OPEN for the RECEPTION of VISITORS during the ensuing season.

First-class BOARD and RESIDENCE at moderate rates, with Superior Comforts and Attractions.

The HOUSE is within 3 minutes' walk of the Railway Station, and has a never-failing supply of the purest water, with HOT and COLD BATHS; LAWN TENNIS COURT; GYMNASTICS for ladies and children; 20 acres of ornamental grounds divided into Gardens, Shrubberies, Plantations, Ponds, Walks, and Paddocks. CARRIAGES and quiet RIDING HORSES are supplied for visiting the Belmore and Fitzroy WATER FALLS, the Macquarie PASS, and other picturesque scenery accessible by good roads from Moss Vale. For rooms apply to Mrs. Riley, Elm-Court. GEORGE T. RILEY, Lessee (late of Rowe's Hill, Mittagong).

BALCONY and Single ROOMS for gentlemen; piano, bath, late dinner, washing included, 21s. 158, Forbes-st.

BLACKHEATH, Blue Mountain Villa, acknowledged by all who have visited it to be a most comfortable boarding establishment. Piano. Terms moderate. Vacancies. Mrs. Butts.

CARRINGTON HALL, 3, Rockwall-st., Potts' Point, splendid accommodation. Vacancies; terms moderate.

COMFORTABLE ROOM in social family, for 2 young men; gas, piano. 193, William-street.

COMFORTABLE HOME in private family; bath, latchkey, washing, late dinner, 21s. 142, Crown-street.

COMFORTABLE BOARD and Residence for respectable Men; convenient. 40, Cleveland-st., Darlington.

COMFORTABLE HOME, with or without board, for 1 or 2 gents; bath, latchkey. 57, Glebe-road.

COMFORTABLE HOME, 2 gents. 6, Allen's-terrace, Ebley-street, Waverley. 1 minute tram; references.

COMFORTABLE HOME for lady and gentleman, or 2 friends, private family; refs. Croft, 95, William-street.

COMFORTABLE HOME for 1 or 2 gentlemen, in quiet family; bath; no children. 311, Cleveland-street, Redfern.

COUSINS' STEYNE HOTEL, opposite the ocean beach, Manly, is replete with every convenience for the ACCOMMODATION of families and gentlemen. Wines, spirits, and beers of the best brands. No weatherboard bedrooms.

J. G. COUSINS (late Mount Victoria),
Proprietor.

COLONIALS VISITING LONDON, and requiring Houses, Apartments, Offices, and Warehouses, Furnished or unfurnished English Country Residences, Hunting or Shooting Quarters, may obtain information of same through the medium of THE ENGLISH and AUSTRALIAN ESTATE AGENCY, 2, Storey's Gate, London, and 243, Pitt-street, Sydney.

This Agency is established for the convenience of Australian visitors to England, and is controlled in London by an old firm of Estate Agents, having extensive connections in the City, West End, and Suburbs.

THE MONTHLY LIST OF PROPERTIES, WANTED, or to LET, may be obtained at the Sydney Office, where advertisements may be received for the List, or for insertion in the London papers.

INTENDING VISITORS may forward particulars of their requirements in advance, and on their arrival depend on finding a selection of desirable properties for inspection.

Address:
THE ENGLISH and AUSTRALIAN ESTATE AGENCY, 243, Pitt-street, Sydney.

ELLERSLIE HOUSE, 20, Wentworth-square.—V